



Office of the Washington State Auditor
Pat McCarthy

Financial Statements Audit Report

City of Clyde Hill

King County

For the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015

Published February 23, 2017

Report No. 1018643





Office of the Washington State Auditor
Pat McCarthy

February 23, 2017

Mayor and City Council
City of Clyde Hill
Clyde Hill, Washington

Report on Financial Statements

Please find attached our report on the City of Clyde Hill's financial statements.

We are issuing this report in order to provide information on the City's financial condition.

Sincerely,

Pat McCarthy
State Auditor
Olympia, WA

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	4
Independent Auditor's Report On Financial Statements	7
Financial Section.....	10
About The State Auditor's Office.....	23

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND
OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

**City of Clyde Hill
King County
January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015**

Mayor and City Council
City of Clyde Hill
Clyde Hill, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the City of Clyde Hill, King County, Washington, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2017.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the City's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. We issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because the financial statements are prepared by the City using accounting practices prescribed by Washington State statutes and the State Auditor's *Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System* (BARS) manual described in Note 1, which is a basis of accounting other than GAAP. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However,

this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Pat McCarthy". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Pat McCarthy

State Auditor

Olympia, WA

February 14, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Clyde Hill King County January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015

Mayor and City Council
City of Clyde Hill
Clyde Hill, Washington

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the City of Clyde Hill, King County, Washington, for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's financial statements, as listed on page 10.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Washington State statutes and the *Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System* (BARS) manual prescribed by the State Auditor described in Note 1. This includes determining that the basis of accounting is acceptable for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor

considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting (BARS Manual)

As described in Note 1, the City of Clyde Hill has prepared these financial statements to meet the financial reporting requirements of Washington State statutes using accounting practices prescribed by the State Auditor's *Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System* (BARS) manual. Those accounting practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The differences in these accounting practices are also described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and results of operations of the City of Clyde Hill, for the year ended December 31, 2015, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

Auditing standards issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) require auditors to formally acknowledge when governments do not prepare their financial statements, intended for general use, in accordance with GAAP. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between GAAP and the accounting practices the City used, as described in Note 1, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material. As a result, we are required to issue an adverse opinion on whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with GAAP.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

The financial statements referred to above were not intended to, and in our opinion they do not, present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City of Clyde Hill, as of December 31, 2015, or the changes in financial position or cash flows for the year then ended, due to the significance of the matter discussed in the above "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP" paragraph.

Other Matters

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Liabilities is presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the prescribed BARS manual. This schedule is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 14, 2017 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Pat McCarthy

State Auditor

Olympia, WA

February 14, 2017

FINANCIAL SECTION

**City of Clyde Hill
King County
January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund Resources and Uses Arising from Cash Transactions – 2015
Fiduciary Fund Resources and Uses Arising from Cash Transactions – 2015
Notes to the Financial Statements – 2015

SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Schedule of Liabilities – 2015

City of Clyde Hill
Fund Resources and Uses Arising from Cash Transactions
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Total for All Funds (Memo Only)	001 General Fund	301 Capital Projects Fund
Beginning Cash and Investments				
30810	Reserved	2,470,329	-	2,470,329
30880	Unreserved	4,122,422	4,122,422	-
388 & 588	Prior Period Adjustments, Net	-	-	-
Operating Revenues				
310	Taxes	2,840,921	1,942,578	898,343
320	Licenses and Permits	897,246	897,246	-
330	Intergovernmental Revenues	367,871	132,092	235,779
340	Charges for Goods and Services	717,907	717,907	-
350	Fines and Penalties	238,271	238,271	-
360	Miscellaneous Revenues	325,958	325,958	-
Total Operating Revenues:		5,388,174	4,254,052	1,134,122
Operating Expenditures				
510	General Government	874,236	874,236	-
520	Public Safety	2,064,281	2,064,281	-
530	Utilities	-	-	-
540	Transportation	627,548	613,860	13,688
550	Natural and Economic Environment	70,854	70,854	-
560	Social Services	689	689	-
570	Culture and Recreation	19,796	19,796	-
598	Miscellaneous Expenses	-	-	-
Total Operating Expenditures:		3,657,405	3,643,717	13,688
Net Operating Increase (Decrease):		1,730,770	610,336	1,120,434
Nonoperating Revenues				
370-380, 395 & 398	Other Financing Sources	-	-	-
391-393	Debt Proceeds	-	-	-
397	Transfers-In	-	-	-
Total Nonoperating Revenues:		-	-	-
Nonoperating Expenditures				
580, 596 & 599	Other Financing Uses	-	-	-
591-593	Debt Service	-	-	-
594-595	Capital Expenditures	441,357	100,959	340,398
597	Transfers-Out	-	-	-
Total Nonoperating Expenditures:		441,357	100,959	340,398
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments:		1,289,413	509,377	780,036
Ending Cash and Investments				
5081000	Reserved	3,250,365	-	3,250,365
5088000	Unreserved	4,631,799	4,631,799	-
Total Ending Cash and Investments		7,882,164	4,631,799	3,250,365

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

City of Clyde Hill
Fiduciary Fund Resources and Uses Arising from Cash Transactions
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Total for All Funds (Memo Only)	631 Agency Funds
308	Beginning Cash and Investments	309,155	309,155
388 & 588	Prior Period Adjustments, Net	-	-
310-360	Revenues	-	-
380-390	Other Increases and Financing Sources	267,010	267,010
510-570	Expenditures	-	-
580-590	Other Decreases and Financing Uses	274,984	274,984
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments:	(7,974)	(7,974)
508	Ending Cash and Investments	301,181	301,181

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

City of Clyde Hill
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended December 31, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Clyde Hill was incorporated on March 31, 1953 and operates under the laws of the state of Washington applicable to a non-charter Code City with a strong mayor city council type of government structure. The City of Clyde Hill is a general purpose local government and provides police, fire, public works and general government services.

The City of Clyde Hill reports financial activity in accordance with the *Cash Basis Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System* (BARS) Manual prescribed by the State Auditor's Office under the authority of Washington State law, Chapter 43.09 RCW. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

- Financial transactions are recognized on a cash basis of accounting as described below.
- Component units are required to be disclosed, but are not included in the financial statements.
- Government-wide statements, as defined in GAAP, are not presented.
- All funds are presented, rather than a focus on major funds.
- The *Schedule of Liabilities* is required to be presented with the financial statements as supplementary information.
- Supplementary information required by GAAP is not presented.
- Ending balances are not presented using the classifications defined in GAAP.

A. Fund Accounting

Financial transactions of the government are reported in individual funds. Each fund uses a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its cash and investments, revenues and expenditures. The government's resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds depending on their intended purpose. Each fund is reported as a separate column in the financial statements. The following fund types are used:

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES:

General Fund

This fund is the primary operating fund of the government. It accounts for all financial resources except those required or elected to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes of the government.

Debt Service Funds

These funds account for the financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt.

Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for financial resources which are restricted, committed, or assigned for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or other capital assets.

Permanent Funds

These funds account for financial resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support programs for the benefit of the government or its citizenry.

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES:

Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that provide goods or services to the general public and are supported primarily through user charges.

Internal Service Funds

These funds account for operations that provide goods or services to other departments or funds of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES:

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds

These funds report all trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Agency Funds

These funds are used to account assets that the government holds on behalf of others in a custodial capacity.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting and measurement focus. Revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures are recognized when paid.

In accordance with state law, the City of Clyde Hill also recognizes expenditures paid during 20 days after the close of the fiscal year for claims incurred during the previous period.

C. Budgets

The City of Clyde Hill adopts annual appropriated budgets for two funds. These budgets are appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Annual appropriations for these funds lapse at the fiscal year end.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted on the same basis of accounting as used for financial reporting.

The appropriated and actual expenditures for the legally adopted budgets were as follow:

Fund/Department	Final Appropriated Amounts	Actual Expenditures	Variance
Total General Fund	\$3,926,525	\$3,744,702	\$181,823
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$530,000	\$354,086	\$175,914

Budgeted amounts are authorized to be transferred between departments within any fund/object classes within departments; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a fund, or that affect the number of authorized employee positions, salary ranges, hours, or other conditions of employment must be approved by the City of Clyde Hill legislative body.

D. Cash and Investments

See Note 3, *Deposits and Investments*.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets are assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets and inventory are recorded as capital expenditures when purchased.

F. Compensated Absences

Vacation leave may be accumulated within certain limits that are different for different types of employees and the amount under the limit is payable upon separation or retirement.

Sick leave may be accumulated indefinitely for non-union employees. Police officers have a buy-back provision in their collective bargaining agreement after 60 days of accumulated sick leave. The buy rate is 25%. Upon separation or retirement non-union employees do not receive payment for unused sick leave. Payments are recognized as expenditures when paid.

G. Long-Term Debt

See Note 4, *Debt Service Requirements*.

H. Other Financing Sources or Uses

None in 2015

I. Risk Management

The City of Clyde Hill is a member of the Washington Cities Insurance Authority (WCIA).

Utilizing Chapter 48.62 RCW (self-insurance regulation) and Chapter 39.34 RCW (Interlocal Cooperation Act), nine cities originally formed WCIA on January 1, 1981. WCIA was created for the purpose of providing a pooling mechanism for jointly purchasing insurance, jointly self-insuring, and / or jointly contracting for risk management services. WCIA has a total of 179 Members.

New members initially contract for a three-year term, and thereafter automatically renew on an annual basis. A one-year withdrawal notice is required before membership can be terminated. Termination does not relieve a former member from its unresolved loss history incurred during membership.

Liability coverage is written on an occurrence basis, without deductibles. Coverage includes general, automobile, police, public officials' errors or omissions, stop gap, and employee benefits liability. Limits are \$4 million per occurrence self insured layer, and \$16 million per occurrence in the re-insured excess layer. The excess layer is insured by the purchase of reinsurance and insurance and is subject to aggregate limits. Total limits are \$20 million per occurrence subject to aggregate sublimits in the excess layers. The Board of Directors determines the limits and terms of coverage annually.

Insurance coverage for property, automobile physical damage, fidelity, inland marine, and boiler and machinery are purchased on a group basis. Various deductibles apply by type of coverage. Property insurance and auto physical damage are self-funded from the members' deductible to \$750,000, for all perils other than flood and earthquake, and insured above that amount by the purchase of insurance.

In-house services include risk management consultation, loss control field services, claims and litigation administration, and loss analyses. WCIA contracts for the claims investigation consultants for personnel issues and land use problems, insurance brokerage, and lobbyist services.

WCIA is fully funded by its members, who make annual assessments on a prospectively rated basis, as determined by an outside, independent actuary. The assessment covers loss, loss adjustment, and administrative expenses. As outlined in the interlocal, WCIA retains the right to additionally assess the membership for any funding shortfall.

An investment committee, using investment brokers, produces additional revenue by investment of WCIA's assets in financial instruments which comply with all State guidelines.

A Board of Directors governs WCIA, which is comprised of one designated representative from each member. The Board elects an Executive Committee and appoints a Treasurer to provide general policy direction for the organization. The WCIA Executive Director reports to the Executive Committee and is responsible for conducting the day to day operations of WCIA.

J. Reserved Portion of Ending Cash and Investments

The City of Clyde Hill has no legally required internal restrictions on the City's two fund balances. There is one external restriction on the fund balance in the City's Capital Projects Fund in the form of Real Estate Excise Tax (REET). At December 31, 2015, \$3,250,365 of Real Estate Excise Tax (REET) money was classified as "Reserved" for capital projects only.

Note 2 - Property Tax

The county treasurer acts as an agent to collect property tax levied in the county for all taxing authorities. Collections are distributed at various time throughout each month.

Property tax revenues are recognized when cash is received by the City of Clyde Hill. Delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible because a lien affixes to the property after tax is levied.

The City of Clyde Hill's regular levy for the year 2015 was \$0.51932 per \$1,000 on an assessed valuation of \$1,945,238,643 for a total regular levy of \$1,010,286.

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

It is the City of Clyde Hill's policy to invest all temporary cash surpluses. Per Policy Statement #9: Continue to consolidate and allocate all interest income earned on surplus City funds in the General Fund to better streamline the City's financial operations and further simplify the accounting system.

All deposits and certificates of deposit are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and/or the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission. All investments are insured, registered or held by the City of Clyde Hill or its agent in the government's name.

Investments are reported at original cost. Investments by type at December 31, 2015 are as follows:

<u>Type of Investment</u>	City of Clyde Hill's own investments	Investments held by City of Clyde Hill as an agent for other local governments, individuals or private organizations.	Total
L.G.I.P.	\$6,859,031	\$0	\$6,859,031
U.S. Government Securities	\$0	\$0	\$0
Other:			
Certificates of Deposit (1)	\$250,000	\$0	\$250,000
Public Money Market	\$503,292	\$0	\$503,292
Total	<u>\$ 7,612,323</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 7,612,323</u>

Note 4 – Debt Service Requirements

The accompanying Schedule of Liabilities (09) provides more details of the outstanding debt and other liabilities of the City of Clyde Hill. The City had no formal, written financing agreement type debt in 2015. The City's other liabilities reported on Schedule 9 as of 12/31/15 include: 1) Compensated Absences \$90,727, 2) Department of Retirement Systems Pension Liability \$635,736 & 3) Bellevue Fire Contract LEOFF I Liability \$386,675. The total calculated for other liabilities and reported on the Schedule of Liabilities (09) is \$1,113,137 at the end of 2015.

Special Note: The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requires the disclosure of the State Department of Retirement Systems Pension Liability of \$635,736 on the City of Clyde Hill's Schedule of Liabilities (09). This is an estimated accounting accrued liability using information supplied by the State Department of Retirement Systems. The City of Clyde Hill **has no funding liability** for any pension plans administered by the State Department of Retirement Systems. The City of Clyde Hill is current with all budgeted payment obligations to the State Department of Retirement Systems.

Note 5 - Interfund Loans

There were no interfund loans outstanding during 2015.

Note 6 – Pension Plans

A. State Sponsored Pension Plans

Substantially all City of Clyde Hill's full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in the following statewide retirement systems administered by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), under cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans.

The State Legislature establishes, and amends, laws pertaining to the creation and administration of all public retirement systems.

The Department of Retirement Systems, a department within the primary government of the State of Washington, issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each plan. The DRS CAFR may be obtained by writing to:

Department of Retirement Systems
Communications Unit
P.O. Box 48380
Olympia, WA 98540-8380

Also, the DRS CAFR may be downloaded from the DRS website at www.drs.wa.gov.

At June 30, 2015, the City of Clyde Hill proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities, as reported on the Schedule 09, was as follows:

	Allocation %	Liability (Asset)
PERS 1	0.005590%	\$377,726
PERS 2/3	0.007221%	\$258,010
	Subtotal	\$635,736
LEOFF 1	0.005014%	(\$60,430)
LEOFF 2	0.024508%	(\$251,893)

Special Note: The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requires the disclosure of the State Department of Retirement Systems Pension Liability of \$635,736 on the City of Clyde Hill's Schedule of Liabilities (09). This is an estimated accounting accrued liability using

information supplied by the State Department of Retirement Systems. The City of Clyde Hill has no funding liability for any pension plans administered by the State Department of Retirement Systems. The City of Clyde Hill is current with all budgeted payment obligations to the State Department of Retirement Systems.

LEOFF Plan 1

The City of Clyde Hill also participates in LEOFF Plan 1. The LEOFF Plan 1 is fully funded and no further employer contributions have been required since June 2000. If the plan becomes underfunded, funding of the remaining liability will require new legislation. Starting on July 1, 2000, employers and employees contribute zero percent.

LEOFF Plan 2

The City of Clyde Hill also participates in the LEOFF Plan 2. The Legislature, by means of a special funding arrangement, appropriates money from the state general fund to supplement the current service liability and fund the prior service costs of Plan 2 in accordance with the recommendations of the Pension Funding Council and the LEOFF Plan 2 Retirement Board. This special funding situation is not mandated by the state constitution and could be changed by statute.

B. Local Government Pension Plans

None in 2015.

Note 7 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The City of Clyde Hill has a commitment to pay for post-employment benefits for retired employees that belong to the LEOFF I retirement plan. These benefits include medical, vision and long term care. Three Police Department retirees received benefits during 2015 and \$40,124 was paid out for those benefits during the year.

The City's proportionate share of Fire Department retirees is included in contractual payments to the City of Bellevue. The 2015 amount for LEOFF I Fire retirees was \$19,820.

Note 8 – Health & Welfare

The City of Clyde Hill is a member of the Association of Washington Cities Employee Benefit Trust Health Care Program (AWC Trust HCP). Chapter 48.62 RCW provides that two or more local government entities may, by Interlocal agreement under Chapter 39.34 RCW, form together or join a pool or organization for the joint purchasing of insurance, and/or joint self-insurance, to the same extent that they may individually purchase insurance, or self-insure.

An agreement to form a pooling arrangement was made pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 39.34 RCW, the Interlocal Cooperation Act. The AWC Trust HCP was formed on January 1, 2014 when participating cities, towns, and non-city entities of the AWC Employee Benefit Trust in the State of Washington joined together by signing an Interlocal Governmental Agreement to jointly self-insure certain health benefit plans and programs for participating employees, their covered dependents and other beneficiaries through a designated account within the Trust.

As of December 31, 2015, 261 cities/towns/non-city entities participate in the AWC Trust HCP.

The AWC Trust HCP allows members to establish a program of joint insurance and provides health and welfare services to all participating members. The AWC Trust HCP pools claims without regard to individual member experience. The pool is actuarially rated each year with the assumption of projected claims run-out for all current members. The AWC Trust HCP includes medical insurance through Group Health, Regence BlueShield and Asuris Northwest Health, dental insurance through Delta Dental of Washington, and vision insurance through Vision Service Plan. Eligible members are cities and towns within the state of Washington. Non-City Entities (public agency, public corporation, intergovernmental agency, or political subdivision within the state of Washington) are eligible to apply for coverage into the AWC Trust HCP, submitting application to the Board of Trustees for review as required in the Trust Agreement.

Participating employers pay monthly premiums to the AWC Trust HCP. The AWC Trust HCP is responsible for payment of all covered claims. The AWC Trust HCP purchases stop loss insurance for Regence/Asuris plans at an Individual Stop Loss (ISL) of \$1.5 million through Life Map, and Group Health ISL at \$750,000 through Sun Life. The aggregate policy is for 200% of expected medical claims.

Participating employers contract to remain in the AWC HCP for a minimum of three years. Participating employers with over 250 employees must provide written notice of termination of all coverage a minimum of 12 months in advance of the termination date, and participating employers with under 250 employees must provide written notice of termination of all coverage a minimum of 6 months in advance of termination date. When all coverage is being terminated, termination will only occur on December 31. Participating employers terminating a group or line of coverage must notify the HCP a minimum of 60 days prior to termination. A participating employer's termination will not obligate that member to past debts, or further contributions to the HCP. Similarly, the terminating member forfeits all rights and interest to the HCP Account.

The operations of the Health Care Program are managed by the Board of Trustees or its delegates. The Board of Trustees is comprised of four regionally elected officials from Trust member cities or towns, the Employee Benefit Advisory Committee Chair and Vice Chair, and two appointed individuals from the AWC Board of Directors, who are from Trust member cities or towns. The Trustees or its appointed delegates review and analyze Health Care Program related matters and make operational decisions regarding premium contributions, reserves, plan options and benefits in compliance with Chapter 48.62 RCW.

The Board of Trustees has decision authority consistent with the Trust Agreement, Health Care Program policies, Chapter 48.62 RCW and Chapter 200-110-WAC.

The accounting records of the Trust HCP are maintained in accordance with methods prescribed by the State Auditor's office under the authority of Chapter 43.09 RCW. The Trust HCP also follows applicable accounting standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). Year-end financial reporting is done on an accrual basis and submitted to the Office of the State Auditor as required by Chapter 200-110 WAC. The audit report for the AWC Trust HCP is available from the Washington State Auditor's office.

Note 9 – Bellevue Fire Contract – LEOFF I Pension Liability

The City of Clyde Hill contracts with the City of Bellevue Fire Department for fire and emergency services. The contract includes allocation of the actuarial estimate of the LEOFF I pension payments to each of the contracting cities. For Clyde Hill, the total estimated liability is \$529,060. The City has

banked \$142,385 towards payment of this liability. For reporting, the City has netted the liability against the amount banked for a reportable liability of \$386,675.

Note 10 – Joint Ventures

ARCH – Housing Coalition

A Regional Coalition for Housing (ARCH) was created in 1992 through an interlocal agreement of several suburban governments in Eastside King County. ARCH helps establish a teamwork approach to solving local housing issues. ARCH is comprised of 15 Eastside cities & King County. The City of Clyde Hill became a member of ARCH in 1999.

ARCH is governed by an Executive Board composed of the chief executive officer from each agency. The Executive Board is responsible for review and approval of all budgetary, financial, policy, and contractual matters. The Board is assisted by an administrative staff and a Citizen Advisory Board.

Each member city is responsible for contributing operating revenues as determined from the ARCH annual budget. Contributions from the member cities are based on each member's population. In 2015, the City of Clyde Hill paid \$3,760 to ARCH for operations and contributed \$15,000 to ARCH for low income housing here on the Eastside.

Members withdrawing from the agreement relinquish all rights to any reserve funds, equipment, or material purchased. Upon dissolution, the agreement, as amended, provides for distribution of net position among the members based on percentage of the total annual contributions during the period of the Agreement paid by each member. The City's share of the net position is deemed immaterial and thus is not reflected in the financial statement.

Budget monitoring information can be obtained from ARCH, c/o Art Sullivan, 16625 NE 87th Street, Redmond, WA 98052 (e-mail: asullivan@bellevuewa.gov or call: (425) 861-3677).

NORCOM

In November of 2007, the City of Clyde Hill, with the cities of Bellevue, Kirkland, Bothell, Medina, Mercer Island and Snoqualmie, along with Eastside Fire and Rescue, King County Fire Protection Districts 27 and 45, King and Kittitas Fire Protection District 51, Northshore Fire Department, Shoreline Fire Department, and Woodinville Fire and Life Safety District entered into an interlocal agreement to establish and maintain a consolidated emergency service communications center. In 2008, the City of Redmond joined as a subscriber. Prior to the interlocal agreement, the formation efforts were carried out under a Joint Powers Agreement originally approved in 2005 and amended in 2006 and 2007. On July 1, 2009, the separate dispatch operations of the cities of Bellevue and Kirkland were combined and began operating as the North East King County Regional Public Safety Communications Agency (NORCOM). NORCOM includes 911 telephone answering, computer aided dispatch of fire, police and EMS resources, public safety field technology and a records management system.

Operating revenues are provided by user fees charged to each member based on average call volume. For 2015, the City of Clyde Hill's share of these fees was \$64,138.

Additional financial information can be obtained from NORCOM, c/o Finance Manager, PO Box 50911, Bellevue, WA 98015.

City of Clyde Hill
Schedule of Liabilities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

<u>ID. No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Due Date</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Revenue and Other (non G.O.) Debt/Liabilities						
259.12	Compensated Absences		99,592	-	8,865	90,727
264.30	DRS Pension Liability		-	635,736	-	635,736
263.99	Bellevue Fire Contract - LEOFF I		-	386,675	-	386,675
Total Revenue and Other (non G.O.) Debt/Liabilities:			99,592	1,022,411	8,865	1,113,138
Total Liabilities:			99,592	1,022,411	8,865	1,113,138

ABOUT THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

The State Auditor's Office is established in the state's Constitution and is part of the executive branch of state government. The State Auditor is elected by the citizens of Washington and serves four-year terms.

We work with our audit clients and citizens to achieve our vision of government that works for citizens, by helping governments work better, cost less, deliver higher value, and earn greater public trust.

In fulfilling our mission to hold state and local governments accountable for the use of public resources, we also hold ourselves accountable by continually improving our audit quality and operational efficiency and developing highly engaged and committed employees.

As an elected agency, the State Auditor's Office has the independence necessary to objectively perform audits and investigations. Our audits are designed to comply with professional standards as well as to satisfy the requirements of federal, state, and local laws.

Our audits look at financial information and compliance with state, federal and local laws on the part of all local governments, including schools, and all state agencies, including institutions of higher education. In addition, we conduct performance audits of state agencies and local governments as well as [fraud](#), state [whistleblower](#) and [citizen hotline](#) investigations.

The results of our work are widely distributed through a variety of reports, which are available on our [website](#) and through our free, electronic [subscription](#) service.

We take our role as partners in accountability seriously, and provide training and technical assistance to governments, and have an extensive quality assurance program.

Contact information for the State Auditor's Office	
Public Records requests	PublicRecords@sao.wa.gov
Main telephone	(360) 902-0370
Toll-free Citizen Hotline	(866) 902-3900
Website	www.sao.wa.gov