

Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit Report

Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404

Kittitas County

For the period September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016

Published March 27, 2017 Report No. 1018815





Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

March 27, 2017

Board of Directors Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404 Cle Elum, Washington

Report on Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit

Please find attached our report on Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404's financial statements and compliance with federal laws and regulations.

We are issuing this report in order to provide information on the District's financial condition.

Sincerely,

Pat McCarthy

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State Auditor

Olympia, WA

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404 Kittitas County September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

The results of our audit of Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404 are summarized below in accordance with Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

Financial Statements

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the District's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. Separately, we issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation of all funds with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because the financial statements are prepared using a basis of accounting other than GAAP.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

- Significant Deficiencies: We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We noted no instances of noncompliance that were material to the financial statements of the District.

Federal Awards

Internal Control over Major Programs:

• Significant Deficiencies: We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over major federal programs that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

• *Material Weaknesses:* We identified deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the District's compliance with requirements applicable to each of its major federal programs.

We reported findings that are required to be disclosed in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

Identification of Major Federal Programs:

The following programs were selected as major programs in our audit of compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

<u>CFDA No.</u>	Program or Cluster Title
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies
84.027	Special Education Cluster – Grants to States
84.173	Special Education Cluster – Preschool Grants

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs, as prescribed by the Uniform Guidance, was \$750,000.

The District qualified as a low-risk auditee under the Uniform Guidance.

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

See finding 2016-001.

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404 Kittitas County September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016

2016-001 Cle Elum-Roslyn School District did not have adequate internal controls to ensure compliance with time and effort requirements.

CFDA Number and Title: 84.027 – Special Education Grants to

States

84.172 – Special Education Preschool

Grants

Federal Grantor Name: U.S. Department of Education

Federal Award/Contract Number: NA

Pass-through Entity Name: Office of Superintendent of Public

Instruction

Pass-through Award/Contract

Number: 305355, 363358

Ouestioned Cost Amount: \$0

Description of Condition

In fiscal year 2016, the District spent \$195,745 in federal funding through its Special Education program. Of this amount, \$185,263 was used to pay salaries and benefits.

We reviewed payroll transactions to determine whether the District retained adequate time and effort documentation for salaries and benefits charged to federal grants, as required by the granting agency. Depending on the number and type of activities an employee works on, documentation can be a semi-annual certification or monthly personnel activity report, such as a timesheet.

Our audit found that the District did not design an effective process to monitor employees whose positions were funded with federal grant funds to ensure all required time and effort documentation were completed and retained.

We consider this deficiency in internal controls to be a material weakness.

Cause of Condition

The Grant Director responsible for time and effort documents left the District in January 2017. The District cannot find the time and effort documentation to support time worked on the program.

Effect of Condition and Questioned Costs

Without proper time and effort documentation, federal grantors cannot be assured salaries and benefits charged to their programs are accurate and valid. The District's noncompliance with grant requirements can jeopardize future federal funding and may require it to return federal funds to the grantor.

Our audit found that the District was unable to provide required time and effort documentation for six employees who were fully funded through this program. The District charged \$151,841 to the grant for these employees.

We verified that these employees worked entirely on the Special Education program; therefore, we are not questioning costs.

Recommendation

We recommend the District improve its monitoring process to ensure all employees paid through federal grants submit required documentation to support time worked

District's Response

The District concurs with the finding. Our new Special Ed Director has designed and implemented procedures that will ensure that all special education employees paid through federal grants submit required documentation to support time worked in compliance with Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction Bulletin 051-11, Attachment A, Standards for Charging Employee Compensation to Federal Grants.

Auditor's Remarks

We appreciate the District's commitment to resolving the issue. We will review the condition during our next audit.

Applicable Laws and Regulations

Title 2 Code of Federal Regulations, Section § 200.303 – Internal controls, states in part:

The non-Federal entity must:

- (a) Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).
- (b) Comply with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal awards.

Title 2 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 200.516 – Audit findings, states in part:

- (a) Audit findings reported. The auditor must report the following as audit findings in a schedule of findings and questioned costs:
 - (1) Significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over major programs and significant instances of abuse relating to major programs. The auditor's determination of whether a deficiency in internal control is a significant deficiency or material weakness for the purpose of reporting an audit finding is in relation to a type of compliance requirement for a major program identified in the Compliance Supplement.
 - (2) Material noncompliance with the provisions of Federal statutes, regulations, or the terms and conditions of Federal awards related to a major program. The auditor's determination of whether a noncompliance with the provisions of Federal statutes, regulations, or the terms and conditions of Federal awards is material for the purpose of reporting an audit finding is in relation to a type of

compliance requirement for a major program identified in the compliance supplement

The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants defines significant deficiencies and material weakness in its *Codification of Statements on Auditing Standards*, section 935, as follows:

.11 For purposes of adapting GAAS to a compliance audit, the following:

Deficiency in internal control over compliance. A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A deficiency in design exists when (a) a control necessary to meet the control objective is missing, or (b) an existing control is not properly designed so that, even if the control operates as designed, the control objective would not be met. A deficiency in operation exist when a properly designed control does not operate as designed or the person performing the control does not possess the necessary authority or competence to perform the control effectively.

Material weakness in internal control over compliance.

A deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. In this section a reasonable possibility exists when the likelihood of the event is either reasonably possible or probable as defined as follows:

Reasonably possible. The chance of the future event or events occurring is more than remote but less than likely.

Remote. The chance of the future event or events occurring is slight

Probable. The future event or events are likely to occur.

Significant deficiency in internal control over compliance. A deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction Bulletin 051-11, Attachment A Standards for Charging Employee Compensation to Federal Grants, states in part:

Documentation Standards

There are two types of time and effort reports: one that documents a single cost objective/activity and one that documents multiple cost objectives/activities. Employees who work on a *single cost objective/activity* of a federal program may report time and effort using semi-annual certifications. These certifications must be completed at least every six months and state that the employee worked solely on the activities of that cost objective. Employees expected to work on *multiple cost objectives/activities* must prepare and sign a personnel activity report (PAR) or equivalent documentation at least monthly. Semi-annual certifications and Personnel Activity Reports (PARs) or equivalent documentation, such as timesheets, should meet the following standards:

- **Semi-Annual Certifications** may only be used for a single cost objective/activity and must:
 - State that the employee worked solely on activities related to a particular cost objective for a specified period of time, identify the cost objective, and specify the reporting period covered.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404 **Kittitas County** September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016

This schedule presents the status of federal findings reported in prior audit periods. The status listed below is the representation of Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404. The State Auditor's Office has reviewed the status as presented by the District.

	•	•	
Audit Period:	Report Ref. No.:	Finding Ref.	CFDA Number(s):
September 1, 2014 to	1016662	No.:	84.010
August 31, 2015		2015-001	
Federal Program Nat	me and Granting Agency:	Pass-Through A	gency Name:
Title I Grants to Local	Education Agencies/U.S.	Office of Superin	tendent of Public
Department of Education	ion	Instruction	
Finding Caption:			
Cle Elum-Roslyn Scho	ool District did not have ac	lequate internal contr	ols to ensure compliance
with time and effort re	quirements.		
Background:			
Our audit found the	District did not design a	an effective process	to monitor and review
employees whose posi	itions were funded, in whol	e or in part, with fede	eral grant funds to ensure
	ions or monthly personne	l activity reports we	ere completed and were
reconciled to the budge	eted distributions timely.		
O .	salaries and benefits to	1 0	•
	allocation. Although empl	• • •	•
-	ual costs to budgeted distril		•
• •	Year-end adjustments of	•	1 0
•	n to the actual distribution	•	
• • •	erson and did not have ac as this reconciliation was	1 11 0	
	es charged to the grant did n	•	
Status of Corrective			
	Partially	Пп	Finding is considered no
•	Corrected	Corrected	longer valid
			Toligor vallu
Corrective Action Ta		D : 14	1 .1 D 11 .CC
· ·	r meets monthly with the	•	• ••
verijy that employees	' time worked is appropria	tety cnargea The (rant manager compares

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and signs off on monthly time and effort (or semi-annual if applicable) prior to submitting to payroll. Any variances between actual time worked and charges are corrected monthly after review by the grant manager, the Business Manager and all journal vouchers are reviewed and signed off by the Superintendent each month.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404 Kittitas County September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016

Board of Directors Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404 Cle Elum, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404, Kittitas County, Washington, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 21, 2017.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the District's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. We issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because the financial statements are prepared by the District using accounting practices prescribed by Washington State statutes and the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* (Accounting Manual) described in Note 1, which is a basis of accounting other than GAAP. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's

internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other

purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Pat McCarthy

Tat Macky

State Auditor

Olympia, WA

March 21, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404 Kittitas County September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016

Board of Directors Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404 Cle Elum, Washington

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

We have audited the compliance of Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404, Kittitas County, Washington, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. *Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2016. The District's major federal programs are identified in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance

requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2016.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements, which is required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2016-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Audit Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the

Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2016-001 to be a material weakness.

District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other

purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Pat McCarthy

Tat Macky

State Auditor

Olympia, WA

March 21, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404 Kittitas County September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016

Board of Directors Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404 Cle Elum, Washington

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404, Kittitas County, Washington, for the year ended August 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, as listed on page 24.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Washington State statutes and the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* (Accounting Manual) described in Note 1. This includes determining that the basis of accounting is acceptable for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's

judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting (Accounting Manual)

As described in Note 1, Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404 has prepared these financial statements to meet the financial reporting requirements of Washington State statutes using accounting practices prescribed by the Accounting Manual. Those accounting practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The differences in these accounting practices are also described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and results of operations of Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404, for the year ended August 31, 2016, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

Auditing standards issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) require auditors to formally acknowledge when governments do not prepare their financial statements, intended for general use, in accordance with GAAP. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between GAAP and the accounting practices the District used, as described in Note 1, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material. As a result, we are required to issue an adverse opinion on whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with GAAP.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

The financial statements referred to above were not intended to, and in our opinion they do not, present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404, as of August 31, 2016, or the changes in financial position or cash flows for the year then ended, due to the significance of the matter discussed in the above "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP" paragraph.

Other Matters

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). The accompanying Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is also presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the prescribed Accounting Manual. These schedules are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 21, 2017 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report

is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pat McCarthy

Tat Macky

State Auditor

Olympia, WA

March 21, 2017

FINANCIAL SECTION

Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404 Kittitas County September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds – 2016

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds – 2016 Notes to Financial Statements – 2016

SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities -2016Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards -2016Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards -2016

Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2016

	General	ASB	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Transportation Vehicle	Permanent	[a + C E
		1	Dim 4	Diiin 4	7		! ! !
REVENUES:							
Local	2,619,858.12	114,404.22	128.14	2,114,881.04	212.37		4,849,483.89
State	6,668,326.18		00.00	00.00	58,707.51		6,727,033.69
Federal	810,687.49		00.00	00.00	00.00		810,687.49
Federal Stimulus	00.0						00.00
Other	1,943.87			00.00	00.00	00.00	1,943.87
TOTAL REVENUES	10,100,815.66	114,404.22	128.14	2,114,881.04	58,919.88	00.0	12,389,148.94
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT:							
Regular Instruction	5,580,436.50						5,580,436.50
Federal Stimulus	00.0						00.00
Special Education	1,056,485.58						1,056,485.58
Vocational Education	388,617.64						388,617.64
Skill Center	00.0						00.00
Compensatory Programs	506,280.09						506,280.09
Other Instructional Programs	12,975.40						12,975.40
Community Services	45,000.00						45,000.00
Support Services	2,408,145.88						2,408,145.88
Student Activities/Other		104,096.97				00.00	104,096.97
CAPITAL OUTLAY:							
Sites				74,047.73			74,047.73
Building				1,667,244.98			1,667,244.98
Equipment				140,101.23			140,101.23
Instructional Technology				35,866.91			35,866.91
Energy				00.00			00.00
Transportation Equipment					00.0		00.00
Sales and Lease				00.00			00.00
Other	56,156.15						56,156.15
DEBT SERVICE:							
Principal	00.0		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.0
Interest and Other Charges	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
Bond/Levy Issuance				00.00	00.00		00.00
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	10,054,097.24	104,096.97	00.0	1,917,260.85	00.0	00.00	12,075,455.06

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2016

	General	ASB	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Transportation Vehicle	Permanent -	E E
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	TOCA
DEBT SERVICE:							
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	46,718.42 313,693.88	10,307.25	128.14	197,620.19	58,919.88	0.00	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Bond Sales & Refunding Bond Sales	0.00		00.00	00.00	00.00		
Long-Term Financing	00.0			00.00	00.00		
Transfers In	0.00		00.00	00.0	00.00		
Transfers Out (GL 536)	0.00		00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	
Other Financing Uses (GL 535)	0.00		00.00	00.00	00.00		
Other	0.00		00.00	00.0	00.00		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	00.0		00.00	00.0	00.0	00.0	
EXCESS OF REVENUES/OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	46,718.42 313,693.88	10,307.25	128.14	197,620.19	58,919.88	00.0	
BEGINNING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	2,437,769.38 5,217,697.14	120,129.61	396,399.56	2,190,731.17	72,667.42	00.0	
Prior Year(s) Corrections or Restatements	7,911.60 7,911.60	00.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	
ENDING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	2,492,399.40 5,539,302.62	130,436.86	396,527.70	2,388,351.36	131,587.30	00.0	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds

For the Yea	For the Year Ended August 31, 20	2016
ADDITIONS: Contributions:	Private Purpose Trust	Other
Private Donations	7,700.00	00.0
Employer		00.00
Members		00.00
Other	1,065.00	00.00
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS	8,765.00	00.0
Investment Income:		
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value	00.00	00.00
Interest and Dividends	98.73	00.00
Less Investment Expenses	00.00	00.00
Net Investment Income	98.73	00.00
Other Additions:		
Rent or Lease Revenue	00.00	00.00
Total Other Additions	00.00	00.00
TOTAL ADDITIONS	8,863.73	00.0
DEDUCTIONS:		
Benefits		00.00
Refund of Contributions	00.00	00.00
Administrative Expenses	00.00	00.00
Scholarships	1,100.00	
Other	380.62	00.00
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	1,480.62	00.0
	1	c c
Net Increase (Decrease)	/,383.11	00.0
Net PositionPrior Year August Beginning	29,698.45	00.00
Prior Year F-196 Manual Revision	00.00	00.00
Net Position - Total	29,698.45	00.00
Prior Year(s) Corrections or Restatements	00.00	0.00
NET POSITIONENDING	37,081.56	00.0

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CLE ELUM-ROSLYN SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Financial Statements September 1, 2015 Through August 31, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Cle Elum-Roslyn School District (District) is a municipal corporation organized pursuant to Title 28A of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) for the purposes of providing public school services to students in grades K–12. Oversight responsibility for the District's operations is vested with the independently elected board of directors. Management of the District is appointed by and is accountable to the board of directors. Fiscal responsibility, including budget authority and the power to set fees, levy property taxes, and issue debt consistent with provisions of state statutes, also rests with the board of directors.

The District presents governmental fund financial statements and related notes on the cash basis of accounting, except for the Debt Service Fund which is reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, in accordance with the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington*, issued jointly by the State Auditor's Office and the Superintendent of Public Instruction by the authority of RCW 43.09.200, RCW 28A.505.140, RCW 28A.505.010(1), and RCW 28A.505.020. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

- (1) Financial transactions are recognized on a cash basis of accounting as described below.
- (2) Districtwide statements, as defined in GAAP, are not presented.
- (3) A Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is presented as supplementary information.
- (4) Supplementary information required by GAAP is not presented.

Fund Accounting

Financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds. Each fund uses a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures as appropriate. All funds are considered major funds. The various funds in the report are grouped into governmental (and fiduciary) funds as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

This fund is used to account for all expendable financial resources, except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the principle of having as few funds as are necessary, activities such as food services, maintenance, data processing, printing, and student transportation are included in the General Fund.

Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for financial resources that are to be used for the construction or acquisition of major capital assets. There are two funds that are considered to be of the capital projects fund type: the Capital Projects Fund and the Transportation Vehicle Fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for resources set aside for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets such as land and buildings.

<u>Transportation Vehicle Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for the purchase, major repair, rebuilding, and debt service expenditures that relate to pupil transportation equipment.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of matured general long-term debt principal and interest.

Special Revenue Fund

In Washington state, the only allowable special revenue fund for school districts is the Associated Student Body (ASB) Fund. This fund is accounted for in the District's financial statements as the financial resources legally belong to the District. As a special revenue fund, amounts within the ASB Fund may only be used for those purposes that relate to the operation of the Associated Student Body of the District.

Permanent Funds

These funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted such that only earnings, and not principal, may be expended. Amounts in the Permanent Fund may only be spent in support of the District's programs and may not be used to the benefit of any individual.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include pension and other employee benefit trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds, and are used to account for assets that are held in trust by the District in a trustee and agency capacity.

Private-Purpose Trust Fund

This fund is used to account for resources that are legally held in trust by the District. The trust agreement details whether principal and interest may both be spent, or whether only interest may be spent. Money from a Private-Purpose Trust Fund may not be used to support the District's programs, and may be used to benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Fund

This fund is used to account for resources to be held for the members and beneficiaries of a pension plan or other employee benefit plans.

Agency Funds

These funds are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of other agencies in a purely custodial capacity.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting and fund financial statement presentation.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the cash basis of accounting and measurement focus. Revenues are recognized when they are received in cash and expenditures are recognized when warrants are issued. Purchases of capital assets are expensed during the year of acquisition.

Budgets

Chapter 28A.505 RCW and Chapter 392-123 Washington Administrative Code (WAC) mandate school district budget policies and procedures. The board adopts annual appropriated budgets for all governmental funds. These budgets are appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.

Budgets are adopted on the same cash basis as used for financial reporting, except for the Debt Service Fund which is accounted for on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fund balance is budgeted as available resources and, under statute, may not be negative, unless the District enters into binding conditions with state oversight pursuant to RCW 28A.505.110.

The government's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

The District receives state funding for specific categorical education-related programs. Amounts that are received for these programs that are not used in the current fiscal year may be carried forward into the subsequent fiscal year, where they may be used only for the same purpose as they were originally received. When the District has such carryover, those funds are expended before any amounts received in the current year are expended.

Additionally, the District has other restrictions placed on its financial resources. When expenditures are recorded for purposes for which a restriction or commitment of fund balance is available, those funds that are restricted or committed to that purpose are considered first before any unrestricted or unassigned amounts are expended.

The government's fund balance classifications policies and procedures.

The District classifies ending fund balance for its governmental funds into five categories.

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u>. The amounts reported as Nonspendable are resources of the District that are not in spendable format. They are either non-liquid resources such as inventory or prepaid items, or the resources are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Restricted are those resources of the District that have had a legal restriction placed on their use either from statute, WAC, or other legal requirements that are beyond the control of the board of directors. Restricted fund balance includes anticipated recovery of revenues that have been received but are restricted as to their usage.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Committed are those resources of the District that have had a limitation placed upon their usage by formal action of the District's board of directors. Commitments are made either through a formal adopted board resolution or are related to a school board policy. Commitments may only be changed when the resources are used for the intended purpose or the limitation is removed by a subsequent formal action of the board of directors.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u>. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Assigned are those resources that the District has set aside for specific purposes. These accounts reflect tentative management plans for future financial resource use such as the replacement of equipment or the assignment of resources for contingencies. Assignments reduce the amount reported as Unassigned Fund Balance, but may not reduce that balance below zero.

In other governmental funds, Assigned fund balance represents a positive ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered. These resources are only available for expenditure in that fund and may not be used in any other fund without formal action by the District's board of directors and as allowed by statute.

The Superintendent is the only person (persons) who have the authority to create Assignments of fund balance.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Unassigned are those net spendable resources of the District that are not otherwise Restricted, Committed, or Assigned, and may be used for any purpose within the General Fund.

In other governmental funds, Unassigned fund balance represents a deficit ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered.

A negative Unassigned fund balance means that the legal restrictions and formal commitments of the District exceed its currently available resources.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All of the District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Kittitas County Treasurer is the *ex officio* treasurer for the District and holds all accounts of the District. The District directs the County Treasurer to invest those financial resources of the District that the District has determined are not needed to meet the current financial obligations of the District.

The district's deposits and certificates of deposit are entirely covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC).

All of the District's investments during the year and at year-end were insured or registered and held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

Washington State statutes authorize the district to invest in the following types of securities:

- Certificates, notes, or bonds of the United States, its agencies, or any corporation wholly owned by the government of the United States,
- Obligations of government-sponsored corporations which are eligible as collateral for advances to member banks as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System,
- Bankers' acceptances purchased on the secondary market,
- Repurchase agreements for securities listed in the three items above, provided that the transaction is structured so that the public treasurer obtains control over the underlying securities.
- Investment deposits with qualified public depositories,
- Washington State Local Government Investment Pool, and
- County Treasurer Investment Pools.

The District's investments as of August 31, 2016, are as follows:

		Investments held by	
	(District's) own	(district) as an agent for	
Type of Investment	investments	other organizations	Total
State Treasurer's	\$5,462,219.31	\$ 31,657.74	\$5,493,875.49
Investment Pool			
Total	\$5,462,219.31	\$ 31,657.74	\$5,493,875.49

The Washington State Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is operated by the Washington State Treasurer and is managed in a manner generally consistent with SEC regulated Rule 2a-7 money market funds. Participation in the pool is voluntary and the pool is not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO). Fair value of the district's investment in the pool is measured using a net asset value (NAV) calculation based on the amortized cost of all securities held such that the securities will be valued at their acquisition cost, plus accrued income, amortized daily. The pool maintains a Weighted Average Maturity (WAM) of 60 days or shorter.

NOTE 3: PENSION PLANS

General Information

The Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the state of Washington, prepares a stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each pension plan. The pension plan's basic financial statement is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The measurement date of the pension plans is June 30. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The school district is reporting the net pension liability in the notes and on the Schedule of Longterm Liabilities calculated as the district's proportionate allocation percentage multiplied by the total plan collective net pension liability.

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS CAFR. Copies of the report may be obtained by contacting the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, P.O. Box 48380, Olympia, WA 98504-8380; or online at http://www.drs.wa.gov./administrations/annual-report.

Membership Participation

Substantially all school district full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following three contributory, multi-employer, cost-sharing statewide retirement systems managed by DRS: Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and School Employees' Retirement System (SERS).

Membership participation by retirement plan as of June 30, 2016, was as follows:

Plan	Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	Active Plan Members
PERS 1	49,417	827	3,230
SERS 2	7,391	5,704	26,127
SERS 3	6,715	7,899	32,409
TRS 1	34,859	223	962
TRS 2	4,700	2,443	17,612
TRS 3	8,866	8,373	53,417

Membership & Plan Benefits

Certificated employees are members of TRS. Classified employees are members of PERS (if Plan 1) or SERS. Plan 1 under the TRS and PERS programs are defined benefit pension plans whose members joined the system on or before September 30, 1977. TRS 1 and PERS 1 are closed to new entrants.

TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of three separate plans for membership purposes: Plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans and Plan 3 is a defined

benefit plan with a defined contribution component. TRS eligibility for membership requires service as a certificated public school employee working in an instructional, administrative or supervisory capacity.

TRS is comprised of three separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 1, Plan 2/3, and Plan 3. Plan 1 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 1 members. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of the plan. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

TRS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. TRS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC), for each year of service credit, up to a maximum of 60 percent, divided by twelve. The AFC is the total earnable compensation for the two consecutive highest-paid fiscal years, divided by two. Members are eligible for retirement at any age after 30 years of service, or at the age of 60 with five years of service, or at the age of 55 with 25 years of service. Other benefits include temporary and permanent disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

TRS Plan 2/3 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC) per year of service for Plan 2 members and one percent of AFC for Plan 3 members. The AFC is the monthly average of the 60 consecutive highest-paid service credit months. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for normal retirement at the age of 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. TRS Plan 2/3 members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. TRS Plan 2/3 members who have 30 or more years of service credit, were hired prior to May 1, 2013, and are at least 55 years old, can retire under one of two provisions: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

TRS Plan 2/3 members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. TRS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit.

Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

PERS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. PERS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. The AFC is the average of the member's 24 highest consecutive service months. Members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or at age 60 with at least five years of service.

Members retiring from inactive status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits. PERS Plan 1 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

SERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of two separate plans for membership purposes. SERS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan and SERS Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. SERS members include classified employees of school districts and educational service districts.

SERS is reported as two separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 2/3 and Plan 3. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members.

Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

SERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service for Plan 2 and one percent of AFC for Plan 3. The AFC is the monthly average of the member's 60 highest-paid consecutive service months before retirement, termination or death. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. SERS members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. SERS members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions, if hired prior to May 2, 2013: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

SERS members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only

to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. SERS retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost- of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

Plan Contributions

The employer contribution rates for PERS, TRS, and SERS (Plans 1, 2, and 3) and the TRS and SERS Plan 2 employee contribution rates are established by the Pension Funding Council based upon the rates set by the Legislature. The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under chapters 41.40, 41.32, and 41.35 RCW for PERS, TRS and SERS respectively. Employers do not contribute to the defined contribution portions of TRS Plan 3 or SERS Plan 3. Under current law the employer must contribute 100 percent of the employer-required contribution. The employee contribution rate for Plan 1 in PERS and TRS is set by statute at six percent and does not vary from year to year.

The Employer and employee contribution rates for the PERS plan are effective as of July 1. SERS and TRS contribution rates are effective as of September 1. The pension plan contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2016 were as follows:

nsion Rates		
7/1/16 Rate	7/1/15 Rate	
6.00%	6.00%	
11.18%	11.18%	
nsion Rates		_
9/1/16 Rate	9/1/15 Rate	
6.00%	6.00%	
13.13%	13.13%	
5.95%	5.95%	
13.13%	13.13%	
varies*	varies*	
13.13%	13.13%	**
5.63%	5.63%	
11.58%	11.58%	
varies*	varies*	
11.58%	11.58%	**
s included in the employer	rate.	•
elected by the member.		
	6.00% 11.18% nsion Rates 9/1/16 Rate 6.00% 13.13% 5.95% 13.13% varies* 13.13% 5.63% 11.58% varies* 11.58% s included in the employer	7/1/16 Rate 7/1/15 Rate 6.00% 6.00% 11.18% 11.18% nsion Rates 9/1/16 Rate 9/1/15 Rate 6.00% 6.00% 13.13% 13.13% 5.95% 5.95% 13.13% 13.13% varies* varies* 13.13% 13.13% 5.63% 5.63% 11.58% 11.58% varies* varies* 11.58% 11.58% s included in the employer rate.

The Collective Net Pension Liability

The collective net pension liabilities for the pension plans districts participated in are reported in the following tables.

The Net Pension Liability as of June 30, 2016:					
Dollars in Thousands	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3	
Total Pension Liability	\$12,496,872	\$4,870,806	\$9,001,257	\$12,172,222	
Plan fiduciary net position	(\$7,126,401)	(\$4,214,039)	(\$5,587,020)	(\$10,798,925)	
Participating employers' net pension liability	\$5,370,471	\$656,767	\$3,414,237	\$1,373,297	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.03%	86.52%	62.07%	88.72%	

The School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a total liability of \$4,583,800 for its proportionate shares of the individual plans' collective net pension liability. Proportion of net pension liability is based on annual contributions for each of the employers participating in the DRS administered plans. At June 30, 2016, the district's proportionate share of each plan's net pension liability is reported below:

June 30, 2016	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
District's Annual	\$61.621	\$85.845	\$226.239	\$234.677
Contributions	φ01,021	φου,040	\$220,239	φ234,077
Proportionate				
Share of the Net	\$583,560	\$471,272	\$2,541,594	\$987,373
Pension Liability				

At June 30, 2016, the school district's percentage of the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability was as follows and the change in the allocation percentage from the prior period is illustrated below.

Allocation percentages	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Current year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.010866%	0.071756%	0.074441%	0.071898%
Prior year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.011413%	0.076346%	0.077038%	0.075535%
Net difference percentage	-0.000547%	-0.004589%	-0.002597%	-0.003637%

Actuarial Assumptions

Capital Market Assumptions (CMAs) and expected rates of return by asset class provided by the Washington State Investment Board. The Office of the State Actuary relied on the CMAs in the selection of the long-term expected rate of return for reporting purposes.

The total pension liabilities for TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1 and SERS 2/3 were determined by actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, with the results rolled forward to June 30, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0% total economic inflation, 3.75% salary inflation
Salary increases	In addition to the base 3.75% salary inflation assumption, salaries are
	also expected to grow by promotions and longevity.
Investment rate of return	7.50%

Mortality Rates

Mortality rates used in the plans were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table and Combined Disabled Table published by the Society of Actuaries. The Office of the State Actuary applied offsets to the base table and recognized future improvements in mortality by projecting the mortality rates using 100 percent Scale BB. Mortality rates are applied on a generational basis, meaning members are assumed to receive additional mortality improvements in each future year, throughout their lifetime. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of the 2007–2012 Experience Study. Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2015 actuarial valuation report.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, but including inflation) are developed for each major asset class by the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB). Those expected returns make up one component of WSIB's CMAs. The CMAs contain three pieces of information for each class of assets the WSIB currently invest in:

- Expected annual return
- Standard deviation of the annual return
- Correlations between the annual returns of each asset class with every other asset class

WSIB uses the CMAs and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns over various time horizons.

The long-term expected rate of return of 7.50% percent approximately equals the median of the simulated investment returns over a fifty-year time horizon, increased slightly to remove WSIB's implicit and small short-term downward adjustment due to assumed mean reversion. WSIB's implicit short-term adjustment, while small and appropriate over a ten to fifteen-year period, becomes amplified over a fifty-year measurement period.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1, and SERS 2/3					
Asset Class	Target	Long-term Expected Real			
	Allocation	Rate of Return			
Fixed Income	20.00%	1.70%			
Tangible Assets	5.00%	4.40%			
Real Estate	15.00%	5.80%			
Global Equity	37.00%	6.60%			
Private Equity	23.00%	9.60%			

The inflation component used to create the above table is 2.20 percent, and represents WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. To determine the discount rate, an asset sufficiency test was completed to test whether the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Consistent with current law, the completed asset sufficiency test included an assumed 7.70 percent long-term discount rate to determine funding liabilities for calculating future contributions rate requirements. Consistent with the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.50 percent future investment rate of return on invested assets was assumed for the test. Contributions from plan members and employers are assumed to continue to be made at contractually required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.50 percent on pension plan investments was applied to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Cle Elum-Roslyn School District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability (NPL) calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or one percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate. Amounts are calculated using the school district's specific allocation percentage, by plan, to determine the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability.

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
PERS 1 NPL	\$6,476,248,000	\$5,370,471,000	\$4,418,882,000
Allocation Percentage	0.010866%	0.010866%	0.010866%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$703,715	\$583,560	\$480,160
SERS 2/3 NPL	\$1,600,655,000	\$656,767,000	(\$75,324,000)
Allocation Percentage	0.071756%	0.071756%	0.071756%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$1,148,572	\$471,272	\$(54,050)
TRS 1 NPL	\$4,197,137,000	\$3,414,237,000	\$2,739,882,000
Allocation Percentage	0.074441%	0.074441%	0.074441%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$3,124,393	\$2,541,594	\$2,039,597
TRS 2/3 NPL	\$3,107,958,000	\$1,373,297,000	(\$1,595,357,000)
Allocation Percentage	0.071898%	0.071898%	0.071898%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$2,234,559	\$987,373	\$(1,147,030)

NOTE 4: ANNUAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATIONS

The state, through the Health Care Authority (HCA), administers an agent multi-employer other post-employment benefit plan. The Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB), created within the HCA, is authorized to design benefits and determine the terms and conditions of employee and retired employee participation and coverage, including establishment of eligibility criteria for both active and retired employees. Programs include (medical, dental, life insurance and long-term disability insurance)

Employers participating in the plan include the state of Washington (which includes general government agencies and higher education institutions), 60 of the state's K–12 school districts and educational service districts (ESDs), and 221 political subdivisions and tribal governments. Additionally, the PEBB plan is available to the retirees of the remaining 237 K–12 school districts and ESDs. The District's retirees are eligible to participate in the PEBB plan under this arrangement.

According to state law, the Washington State Treasurer collects a fee from all school district entities which have employees that are not current active members of the state Health Care Authority but participate in the state retirement system. The purpose of this fee is to cover the impact of the subsidized rate of health care benefits for school retirees that elect to purchase their health care benefits through the state Health Care Authority. For the fiscal year 2015–16, the District was required to pay the HCA \$65.26 per month per full-time equivalent employee to support the program, for a total payment of \$44,435.16. This assessment to the District is set forth in the state's operating budget and is subject to change on an annual basis. This amount is not actuarially determined and is not placed in a trust to pay the obligations for post-employment health care benefits.

The District has no control over the benefits offered to retirees, the rates charged to retirees, nor the fee paid to the Health Care Authority. The District does not determine its annual required contribution nor the net other post-employment benefit obligation associated with this plan. The District reports on the cash basis and accordingly, these amounts are not shown on the financial statements.

NOTE 5: COMMITMENTS UNDER LEASES

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2016 the District entered into a 48 month fair market value lease for 7 copiers provided by Abadan Reprographics beginning August 31, 2016, as follows:

Lessor Operating Lease:	Amount	Annual Installment	Final Installment Date	Interest Rate	Balance
LEAF	\$59,664.48	\$14,916.12	8/31/2020	n/a	\$59,664.48
Total Operating Lease	Commitments				\$59,664.48

NOTE 6: OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

The District passed a 3-year Capital Projects Levy in 2014 providing collection of \$2,000,000 each year of the levy for a total of \$6,000,000 available for project planning and implementation. Construction/facility improvement projects are approved by the District's board of directors.

Construction currently in progress is composed of:

	Project Authorization Amount	Expended as of 8/31/16	Additional Local Funds Committed	Additional State Funds Committed
HVAC				
Replacement	\$50,000.00	\$26,400.00	-0-	-0-
Back-Up Power	\$1,000,000.00	\$23,008.64	-0-	-0-
Total	\$1,050,000.00	\$49,408.64	-0-	-0-

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of moneys are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances lapse at the end of the fiscal year and may be reencumbered the following year. The following encumbrance amounts were re-encumbered by fund on September 1, 2016:

Fund	Amount
General	\$-0-
ASB Fund	\$-0-
Capital Projects Fund	\$200,000.00
Transportation Vehicle Fund	\$-0-

NOTE 7: REQUIRED DISCLOSURES ABOUT CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's capital assets are insured in the amount of \$38,089,604 for fiscal year 2015-16. In the opinion of the District's insurance consultant, the amount is sufficient to adequately fund replacement of the District's assets.

The District leases 950 sf of shared classroom space with restroom to Bright Beginnings for Kittitas County. The lease is for 10 months at \$1,600 per month, renewable each fiscal year beginning September 1.

NOTE 8: REQUIRED DISCLOSURES ABOUT LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

As of August 31, 2016 the District had no long-term debt.

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

The district is a member of the Washington Schools Risk Management Pool (Pool). Chapter 48.62 RCW authorizes the governing body of any one or more governmental entities to form together into or join a pool or organization for the joint purchasing of insurance, and/or joint self-insuring, and/or joint hiring or contracting for risk management services to the same extent that they may individually purchase insurance, self-insure, or hire or contract for risk management services. An agreement to form a pooling arrangement was made pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 39.34 RCW, the Interlocal Cooperation Act. The Pool was formed in 1986 when educational service districts and school districts in the state of Washington joined together by signing the Cooperative Risk Management Pool Account Agreement to pool their self-insured losses and jointly purchase insurance and administrative services. Over 90 school and educational service districts have joined the Pool.

The Pool allows members to jointly purchase insurance coverage, establish a plan of self-insurance, and provide related services, such as risk management. The Pool provides the following coverages for its members: property, liability, vehicle, public official liability, crime, employment practices, machinery breakdown, and network security.

Members make an annual contribution to fund the Pool. The Pool acquires reinsurance from unrelated underwriters that are subject to a per-occurrence self-insured retention of \$1 million risk shared by the Pool. Members are responsible for varied deductibles for both liability and property claims. Insurance carriers cover losses over \$1 million to the maximum limits of each policy. Since the Pool is a cooperative program, there is a joint liability among the participating members.

Members contract to remain in the Pool for a minimum of three years and must give notice two and one half years before terminating participation. The Cooperative Risk Management Pool Account Agreement is renewed automatically each year after the initial three-year period. Even after termination, a member is still responsible for their share of contributions to the Pool for any unresolved, unreported, and in-process claims for the period they were a signatory to the Cooperative Risk Management Pool Account Agreement.

The Pool is governed by a board of directors which is comprised of one designated representative from each participating member. An executive board is elected at the annual meeting, and is responsible for overseeing the business affairs of the Pool.

Condensed Financial Information (most recent financials available)

	August 31, 2016
Total Assets	\$79,639,361
Total Liabilities	46,126,832
Ending Net Position	\$33,512,529
Total Revenues	\$33,058,051
Total Expenses	(50,390,360)
Operating Income	(\$17,332,309)
Non-Operating Income/Expense	415,925
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(16,916,384)

NOTE 10: PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax revenues are collected as the result of special levies passed by the voters in the District. Taxes are levied on January 1. The taxpayer has the obligation of paying all taxes on April 30 or one-half then and one-half on October 31. Typically, slightly more than half of the collections are made on the April 30 date. The October 31 collection of property taxes will be recorded as revenue in the 2015–16 school year, consistent with the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE 11: JOINT VENTURES AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The District is a member of the King County Director's Association (KCDA). KCDA is a purchasing cooperative designed to pool the member districts' purchasing power. The board authorized joining the association by signing Articles of Agreement on February 18, 1963, and has remained in the joint venture ever since. The District's current equity of \$14,199.13 is the accumulation of the annual assignment of KCDA's operating surplus based upon the percentage derived from KCDA's total sales to the District compared to all other districts applied against paid administrative fees. The District may withdraw from the joint venture and will receive its equity in ten annual allocations of merchandise or 15 annual payments.)

NOTE 12: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate.

				Debt	
	General Fund	ASB Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Service Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund
Nonspendable Fund Balance					
Inventory and Prepaid Items	\$7,595.88				
Restricted Fund Balance					
For Other Items					
For Unequalized Deductible Revenue					
For Fund Purpose		\$130,436.86		\$396,527.70	\$131,587.30
For Carryover of Restricted		\$130,430.00		ψ390,321.10	\$131,307.30
Revenues					
For Skill Centers					
For Carryover of Food					
Service Revenue					
For Debt Service					
For Arbitrage Rebate					
For Self-Insurance					
	General Fund	ASB Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund
For Uninsured Risks					
Committed Fund Balance					
For Economic Stabilization					
Other Commitments			\$201,084.18		
Assigned Fund Balance					
Contingencies					
Other Capital Projects					
Other Purposes					
Fund Purposes			\$2,187,267.18		
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$2,484,803.52	0	0	0	0

In addition, the Capital Projects Fund has the following amounts in Restricted Fund Balance, based on the source of the revenues:

Restricted from Bond Proceeds	0
Committed from Levy Proceeds	\$201,084.18
Restricted from State Proceeds	0
Restricted from Federal Proceeds	0
Restricted from Other Proceeds	0
Restricted from Impact Fee Proceeds	0
Restricted from Mitigation Fee Proceeds	0
Restricted from Undistributed Proceeds	0

NOTE 13: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS OTHER THAN PENSION PLANS—BOTH IN SEPARATELY ISSUED PLAN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EMPLOYER STATEMENTS

457 Plan – Deferred Compensation Plan

District employees have the option of participating in a deferred compensation plan as defined in §457 of the Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the state deferred compensation plan, or the District.

403(b) Plan – Tax Sheltered Annuity (TSA)

The District offers a tax deferred annuity plan for its employees. The plan permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years under two types of deferrals: elective deferrals (employee contribution) and non-elective contribution (employer matching).

The District complies with IRS regulation that require school districts to have a written plan to include participating investment companies, types of investments, loans, transfers, and various requirements. The plan is administered by a third party administrator. The plan assets are assets of the District employees, not the school district, and are therefore not reflected on these financial statements.

NOTE 14: TERMINATION BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Employees earn sick leave at a rate of 12 days per year up to a maximum of one contract year.

Under the provisions of RCW 28A.400.210, sick leave accumulated by District employees is reimbursed at death or retirement at the rate of one day for each four days of accrued leave, limited to 180 accrued days. This chapter also provides for an annual buyout of an amount up to the maximum annual accumulation of 12 days. For buyout purposes, employees may accumulate such leave to a maximum of 192 days, including the annual accumulation, as of December 31 of each year.

These expenditures are recorded when paid, except termination sick leave that is accrued upon death, retirement, or upon termination provided the employee is at least 55 years of age and has sufficient years of service. Vested sick leave was computed using the termination payment method.

Vacation pay, including benefits, that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as expenditures and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

No unrecorded liability exists for other employee benefits.

NOTE 15: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

In fiscal year 2014-15 the District switched from modified accrual accounting to cash basis accounting. Prior to converting to cash basis and as of 8/31/2014 the district had an accounts payable balance for accruals of \$7,911.60. Removal of this accrual was missed during the conversion process and since the District was operating on a cash basis the payment of those accruals did not remove the balance. As a result beginning fund balance was understated and a prior period adjustment of \$7,911.60 was required in order to correctly state ending fund balance for the current fiscal year.

Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities

For the Year Ended August 31, 2016

Description	Beginning Outstanding Debt September 1, 2015	Amount Issued / Increased	Amount Redeemed / Decreased	Ending Outstanding Debt August 31, 2016	Amount Due Within One Year
Voted Debt					
Voted Bonds	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds Issued in Lieu of Bonds	0.00	00.00	00.0	0.00	00.0
Non-Voted Debt and Liabilities					
Non-Voted Bonds	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Capital Leases	13,389.08	59,664.48	11,361.13	61,692.43	14,916.12
Contracts Payable	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Non-Cancellable Operating Leases	00.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	00.00
Claims & Judgements	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Compensated Absences	151,594.67	244,346.66	149,434.49	246,506.84	146,594.13
Long-Term Notes	00.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	00.00
Anticipation Notes Payable	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00
Lines of Credit	00.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	00.00
Other Non-Voted Debt	00.0	00.00	00.0	0.00	00.00
Other Liabilities					
Non-Voted Notes Not Recorded as Debt	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Net Pension Liabilities:					
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 1	2,440,674.00	100,920.00	00.0	2,541,594.00	
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 2/3	637,365.00	350,008.00	00.0	987,373.00	
Net Pension Liabilities SERS 2/3	310,079.00	161,194.00	00.0	471,273.00	
Net Pension Liabilities PERS 1	597,007.00	00.00	13,447.00	583,560.00	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	4,150,108.75	916,133.14	174,242.62	4,891,999.27	161,510.25

CLE ELUM-ROSLYN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 404 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ending August 31, 2016

10		Foot note		1, 2	1, 2	1, 3			1, 2			1		1, 2, 4		1, 2, 4	1, 2		1, 2	1, 2, 4	1, 2, 4		1			1, 2			
6		Passed Through to Subrecipients																											
8		Total		37,895.89	129,339.95	11,662.48	178,898.32		50,128.04	229,026.36		134.23	134.23	241,359.02		186,232.00	9,513.00	195,745.00	8,509.00	8,730.24	30,103.32	484,446.58	14,716.18			45,000.00	59,716.18	773,323.35	
7	Expenditures	From Pass Through Awards		37,895.89 \$	129,339.95 \$	11,662.48	\$		50,128.04 \$	229,026.36		134.23 \$	134.23 \$	241,359.02 \$		186,232.00 \$	9,513.00 \$	195,745.00 \$	8,509.00 \$	8,730.24 \$	30,103.32 \$	484,446.58 \$	14,716.18 \$			45,000.00 \$	59,716.18 \$	773,323.35 \$	
9		From Direct Awards TI		\$	\$	\$			\$	\$		\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			\$	\$	\$	
5		Other Identification F Number/Award Number		N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A			N/A		202047		305355	363358		173570	461437	523862		A/N			9001500038			
4		CFDA Number		10.553	10.555	10.555			10.665			15.227		84.010		84.027	84.173		84.048	84.358	84.367		93.778			93.959			
3		Federal Program Title	Child Nutrition Cluster:	School Breakfast Program	National School Lunch Program-Cash Assistance	National School Lunch Program-Non Cash Assistance	Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster		Schools and Roads-Grants to States	Total US Department of Agriculture		Distribution of Receipts to State and Local Governments	Total US Department of Interior	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	Special Education Cluster:	Special Education-Grants to States	Special Education-Preschool Grants	Subtotal Special Education Cluster	Career and Technical Education-Basic Grants to States	Rural Education	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	Total US Department of Education	Medical Assistance Program - Medicaid		Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance	Abuse	Total US Department of Health and Human Services		
2		Pass Through Agency	WA OSPI					Office of State	Treasurer		Office of State	Treasurer		WA OSPI									HCA		ESD 105				
1		Federal Agency Name	US Department of Agriculture								US Department of Interior			US Department of Education									US Department of Health and	Human Services				TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDED	

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

NOTE 1—BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared on the same basis of accounting as the Cle Elum-Roslyn's financial statements. The Cle Elum-Roslyn School District uses the cash basis of accounting. Expenditures represent only the federally funded portions of the program. District records should be consulted to determine amounts expended or matched from non-federal sources.

NOTE 2—PROGRAM COSTS/MATCHING CONTRIBUTIONS

The amounts shown as current year expenses represent only the federal grant portion of the program costs. Entire program costs, including the Cle Elum-Roslyn School District's local matching share, may be more than shown. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in the OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3—NONCASH AWARDS

The amount of commodities reported on the schedule is the value of commodities distributed by the Cle Elum-Roslyn School District during the current year and priced as prescribed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

NOTE 4—FEDERAL INDIRECT RATE

The Cle Elum-Roslyn School District used the federal restricted rate of 6.34%. The Cle Elum-Roslyn School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR FINDINGS REPORTED UNDER UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404 Kittitas County September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016

This schedule presents the corrective action planned by the auditee for findings reported in this report in accordance with Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). The information in this schedule is the representation of the Cle Elum-Roslyn School District No. 404.

Finding ref number:	Finding caption:							
2016-001	Cle Elum-Roslyn School District did not have adequate internal							
	controls to ensure compliance with time and effort requirements.							

Name, address, and telephone of auditee contact person:

Freida Ellison, Business Manager

2690 State Route 903

Cle Elum, WA 98922

(509) 649-4852

Corrective action the auditee plans to take in response to the finding:

The District concurs with the finding. Our new Special Ed Director has designed and implemented procedures that will ensure that all special education employees paid through federal grants submit required documentation to support time worked in compliance with Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction Bulletin 051-11, Attachment A Standards for Charging Employee Compensation to Federal Grants.

Anticipated date to complete the corrective action: Already completed.

ABOUT THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

The State Auditor's Office is established in the state's Constitution and is part of the executive branch of state government. The State Auditor is elected by the citizens of Washington and serves four-year terms.

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Our audits look at financial information and compliance with state, federal and local laws on the part of all local governments, including schools, and all state agencies, including institutions of higher education. In addition, we conduct performance audits of state agencies and local governments as well as <u>fraud</u>, state <u>whistleblower</u> and <u>citizen hotline</u> investigations.

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Contact information for the State Auditor's Office							
Public Records requests	PublicRecords@sao.wa.gov						
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Toll-free Citizen Hotline	(866) 902-3900						
Website	www.sao.wa.gov						