

Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit Report

Yelm Community School District No. 2

Thurston County

For the period September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016

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Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

July 31, 2017

Board of Directors Yelm Community School District No. 2 Yelm, Washington

Report on Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit

Please find attached our report on Yelm Community School District No. 2's financial statements and compliance with federal laws and regulations.

We are issuing this report in order to provide information on the District's financial condition.

Sincerely,

Pat McCarthy

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State Auditor

Olympia, WA

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Yelm Community School District No. 2 Thurston County September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

The results of our audit of Yelm Community School District No. 2 are summarized below in accordance with Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

Financial Statements

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the District's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. Separately, we issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We noted no instances of noncompliance that were material to the financial statements of the District.

Federal Awards

Internal Control over Major Programs:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We identified deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over major federal programs that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the District's compliance with requirements applicable to each of its major federal programs.

We reported findings that are required to be disclosed in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

Identification of Major Federal Programs:

The following programs were selected as major programs in our audit of compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

<u>CFDA No.</u>	<u>Program or Cluster Title</u>
84.027	Special Education Cluster – Special Education – Grants to States
84.173	Special Education Cluster – Special Education – Preschool Grants
10.555	Nutrition Cluster – National School Lunch Program
10.553	Nutrition Cluster – School Breakfast Program

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs, as prescribed by the Uniform Guidance, was \$750,000.

The District did not qualify as a low-risk auditee under the Uniform Guidance.

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

See finding 2016-001.

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Yelm Community School District No. 2 Thurston County September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016

2016-001 The District did not have internal controls to ensure compliance with requirements over procurement or suspension and debarment.

CFDA Number and Title: 84.027 Special Education – Grants to

States

84.173 Special Education – Preschool

Grants

Federal Grantor Name: U.S. Department of Education

Federal Award/Contract Number: NA

Pass-through Entity Name: Office of Superintendent of Public

Instruction

Pass-through Award/Contract

Number: 0305343, 0363342

Questioned Cost Amount: \$0

Description of Condition

The District spent \$1,063,571 in federal funding through its Special Education program in the 2015-2016 school year. The Special Education program's objective is to ensure all children with disabilities receive special education and related services to meet their needs.

Procurement

Federal grant recipients must follow the more restrictive of state or federal procurement requirements when purchasing goods and services with federal funds. Federal grant recipients must follow the more restrictive of state or federal procurement requirements when purchasing goods and services with federal funds. In this case Federal law is more restrictive for personal services and requires the District to obtain quotes for services that, individually or in aggregate, are less than the \$150,000 formal bid threshold.

The District's policy complies with federal procurement requirements. However, District employees did not follow the policy and paid two vendors \$80,585 without competition for specialized healthcare services for students.

Suspension and Debarment

Federal requirements prohibit grant recipients from contracting with or making subawards to vendors who have been suspended or debarred from doing business with the federal government. The District must verify that all vendors receiving \$25,000 or more in federal funds have not been suspended or debarred. The District could obtain a written certification from the vendor or insert a clause into the contract where the vendor states it is not suspended or debarred. Alternatively, the District may review the federal Excluded Parties List (EPLS) issued by the U.S. General Services Administration. The District must meet one of these requirements before entering into a contract with the vendor.

The District did not obtain a written certification or review EPLS to determine that avendor was not suspended or before awarding it \$66,596.

We consider these internal control deficiencies to be significant deficiencies. These issues were not reported as findings in the prior audit.

Cause of Condition

Procurement

The healthcare services were initially paid with state grant funds, and state law does not require competitive procurement for personal services. The District reclassified the service costs from state to federal funding sources and was not aware that federal law required these services to be competitively procured.

Suspension and Debarment

The District paid one of the healthcare service vendors more than \$25,000 and was not aware it needed to verify that the vendor was not suspended or debarred from participating in federal programs before reclassifying costs from state to federal funding sources.

Effect of Condition and Questioned Costs

Procurement

The District cannot ensure it received the best possible price for the services provided. The services are allowable under the federal program; therefore, we are not questioning costs for these payments.

Suspension and Debarment

Payments on contracts to suspended or debarred vendors would be unallowable and subject to recovery by the grantor. We were able to verify the vendor had not been suspended or debarred; therefore, we are not questioning costs for these payments.

Recommendations

Procurement

We recommend the District follow its established policy to ensure all personal services paid with federal grants are procured in accordance with federal requirements and documentation is retained to demonstrate compliance.

Suspension and Debarment

We recommend the District follow its established policy to ensure vendors are not suspended or debarred from participating in federal programs.

District's Response

The District will document the process for journal vouchers which includes authorized staff and procedures. The procedures will identify all federal revenue and expenditure codes and outline the suspension and debarment online search tool System for Award Management (SAM) process as the purchasing department follows. Once the procedure is documented, all applicable staff will be trained.

Auditor's Remarks

We thank the District for its cooperation and assistance during the audit and look forward to reviewing the District's corrective action during our next audit.

Applicable Laws and Regulations

Title 2 Code of Federal Regulations, Section § 200.303 – Internal controls, states in part:

The non-Federal entity must:

- (a) Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework", issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).
- (b) Comply with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal awards.

Title 2 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 200.516 – Audit findings, states in part:

- (a) Audit findings reported. The auditor must report the following as audit findings in a schedule of findings and questioned costs:
 - (1) Significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over major programs and significant instances of abuse relating to major programs. The auditor's determination of whether a deficiency in internal control is a significant deficiency or material weakness for the purpose of reporting an audit finding is in relation to a type of compliance requirement for a major program identified in the Compliance Supplement.

The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants defines significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in its Codification of Statements on Auditing Standards, section 935, as follows:

.11 For purposes of adapting GAAS to a compliance audit, the following terms have the meanings attributed as follows:

Material weakness in internal control over compliance.

A deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. In this section, a reasonable possibility

exists when the likelihood of an event occurring is either reasonably possible or probable as defined as follows:

Reasonably possible. The chance of the future event or events occurring is more than remote but less than likely.

Probable. The future event or events are likely to occur.

Significant deficiency in internal control over compliance. A deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Material noncompliance. In the absence of a definition of material noncompliance in the governmental audit requirement, a failure to follow compliance requirements or a violation of prohibitions included in the applicable compliance requirements that results in noncompliance that is quantitatively or qualitatively material, either individually or when aggregated with other noncompliance, to the affected government program

Title 2, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 180.220 – Are any procurement contracts included as covered transactions?, states in part:

- (b) Specifically, a contract for goods or services is a covered transaction if any of the following applies:
 - (1) The contract is awarded by a participant in a nonprocurement transaction that is covered under \$180.210, and the amount of the contract is expected to equal or exceed \$25,000.

Title 2, Code of Federal Regulations – Grants and Agreements, Section § 180.300 – What must I do before I enter into a covered transaction with another person at the next lower tier?

When you enter into a covered transaction with another person at the next lower tier, you must verify that the person with whom you intend to do business is not excluded or disqualified. You do this by:

- (a) Checking the SAM Exclusions (through EPLS); or
- (b) Collecting a certification from that person; or

(c) Adding a clause or condition to the covered transaction with that person.

Title 2 Code of Federal Regulations, Section § 200.318 – General procurement standards, states in part:

- (a) The non-Federal entity must use its own documented procurement procedures which reflect applicable State, local, and tribal laws and regulations, provided that the procurements conform to applicable Federal law and the standards identified in this part.
- (i) The non-Federal entity must maintain records sufficient to detail the history of procurement. These records will include, but are not necessarily limited to the following: rationale for the method of procurement, selection of contract type, contractor selection or rejection, and the basis for the contract price.

Title 2 Code of Federal Regulations, Section § 200.319 – Competition, states in part:

(a) All procurement transactions must be conducted in a manner providing full and open competition consistent with the standards of this section.

Title 2 Code of Federal Regulations, Section § 200.320 – Methods of procurement to be followed, states in part:

(b) Procurement by small purchase procedures. Small purchase procedures are those relatively simple and informal procurement methods for securing services, supplies, or other property that do not cost more than the Simplified Acquisition Threshold. If small purchase procedures are used, price or rate quotations must be obtained from an adequate number of qualified sources.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Yelm Community School District No. 2 Thurston County September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016

Board of Directors Yelm Community School District No. 2 Yelm, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Yelm Community School District No. 2, Thurston County, Washington, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 23, 2017.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Pat McCarthy

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State Auditor

Olympia, WA

May 23, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Yelm Community School District No. 2 Thurston County September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016

Board of Directors Yelm Community School District No. 2 Yelm, Washington

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

We have audited the compliance of Yelm Community School District No. 2, Thurston County, Washington, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. *Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2016. The District's major federal programs are identified in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements

referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2016.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control

over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2016-001 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

Tat Michy

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Pat McCarthy

State Auditor

Olympia, WA

May 23, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Yelm Community School District No. 2 Thurston County September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016

Board of Directors Yelm Community School District No. 2 Yelm, Washington

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Yelm Community School District No. 2, Thurston County, Washington, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, as listed on page 20.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Washington State statutes and the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* (Accounting Manual) described in Note 1. This includes determining that the basis of accounting is acceptable for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment,

including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant account estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting (Accounting Manual)

As described in Note 1, the District has prepared these financial statements to meet the financial reporting requirements of Washington State statutes using accounting practices prescribed by the Accounting Manual. Those accounting practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The difference in these accounting practices is also described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Yelm Community School District No. 2, as of December 31, 2016, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Unmodified Opinions on the Governmental Funds Based on U.S. GAAP

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the General, ASB, Debt Service, Capital Projects and Transportation Vehicle funds as of December 31, 2016, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental funds.

Other Matters

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal*

Awards (Uniform Guidance). The accompanying Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is also presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the prescribed Accounting Manual. These schedules are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 23, 2017 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pat McCarthy

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State Auditor

Olympia, WA

May 23, 2017

FINANCIAL SECTION

Yelm Community School District No. 2 Thurston County September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

 $Balance\ Sheet-Governmental\ Funds-2016$ $Statement\ of\ Revenues,\ Expenditures\ and\ Changes\ in\ Fund\ Balance-Governmental\ Funds-2016$ $Notes\ to\ Financial\ Statements-2016$

SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities -2016Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards -2016Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards -2016

Yelm School District No. 002

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

August 31, 2016

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
ASSETS:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,889,641.79	289,497.06	2,392,608.58	1,811,460.37	409,784.85	00.00	13,792,992.65
Minus Warrants Outstanding	-801,780.14	-7,924.65	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	-809,704.79
Taxes Receivable	5,275,796.55		2,158,352.54	00.00	00.00		7,434,149.09
Due From Other Funds	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Due From Other Governmental Units	328,576.71	00.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	328,576.71
Accounts Receivable	3,384.76	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	3,384.76
Interfund Loans Receivable	00.0			00.00			0.00
Accrued Interest Receivable	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Inventory	538,566.90	22,930.28		00.00			561,497.18
Prepaid Items	00.0	00.00			00.00	00.00	00.00
Investments	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Investments/Cash With Trustee	00.0		00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Investments-Deferred Compensation	00.00			0.00			00.00
Self-Insurance Security Deposit	00.00						00.00
TOTAL ASSETS	14,234,186.57	304,502.69	4,550,961.12	1,811,460.37	409,784.85	00.00	21,310,895.60
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Other	00.00		00.00	00.00	0.00		00.00
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.00	00.0
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	14,234,186.57	304,502.69	4,550,961.12	1,811,460.37	409,784.85	00.0	21,310,895.60
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts Payable	943,909.56	49,317.30	00.00	400,697.50	00.00	00.00	1,393,924.36
Contracts Payable Current	00.0	00.00		00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00
Accrued Interest Payable			00.00				00.00
Accrued Salaries	105,489.59	00.00		00.00			105,489.59
Anticipation Notes Payable	00.00		00.0	00.00	00.0		0.00

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Yelm School District No. 002

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

August 31, 2016

	General Fund	ASB	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
LIABILITIES:							
Payroll Deductions and Taxes Payable	418,090.45	00.00		0.00			418,090.45
Due To Other Governmental Units	0.00	00.00		0.00	00.0	0.00	00.00
Deferred Compensation Payable	00.0			00.00			00.00
Estimated Employee Benefits Payable	0.00						00.00
Due To Other Funds	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Interfund Loans Payable	00.0		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
Deposits	00.0	00.00		00.00			00.00
Unearned Revenue	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
Matured Bonds Payable			00.00				00.00
Matured Bond Interest Payable			00.00				00.00
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	00.0		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,467,489.60	49,317.30	00.00	400,697.50	00.0	00.00	1,917,504.40
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Unavailable Revenue	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes Receivable	5,275,796.55		2,158,352.54	0.00	0.00		7,434,149.09
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,275,796.55	00.0	2,158,352.54	00.0	00.0	00.0	7,434,149.09
FUND BALANCE:							
Nonspendable Fund Balance	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Restricted Fund Balance	00.00	246,185.39	2,392,608.58	00.00	00.00	00.00	2,638,793.97
Committed Fund Balance	8,000.00	00.000,6	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	17,000.00
Assigned Fund Balance	00.0	00.00	00.00	1,410,762.87	409,784.85	00.00	1,820,547.72
Unassigned Fund Balance	7,482,900.42	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	7,482,900.42
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	7,490,900.42	255,185.39	2,392,608.58	1,410,762.87	409,784.85	00.0	11,959,242.11
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	14,234,186.57	304,502.69	4,550,961.12	1,811,460.37	409,784.85	00.0	21,310,895.60

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Yelm School District No. 002

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2016

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
REVENUES:							
Local	11,441,664.99	752,181.49	4,311,421.41	404,970.34	4,129.76		16,914,367.99
State	45,762,051.92		00.00	00.00	346,431.83		46,108,483.75
Federal	4,251,592.57		00.00	00.00	00.00		4,251,592.57
Federal Stimulus	00.00						00.00
Other	53,713.75			00.00	00.00	00.00	53,713.75
TOTAL REVENUES	61,509,023.23	752,181.49	4,311,421.41	404,970.34	350,561.59	00.0	67,328,158.06
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT:							
Regular Instruction	30,022,454.71						30,022,454.71
Federal Stimulus	00.00						00.00
Special Education	7,254,982.81						7,254,982.81
Vocational Education	2,335,951.59						2,335,951.59
Skill Center	00.0						00.00
Compensatory Programs	2,744,903.54						2,744,903.54
Other Instructional Programs	141,952.47						141,952.47
Community Services	00.00						00.00
Support Services	13,919,425.06						13,919,425.06
Student Activities/Other		720,088.43				00.00	720,088.43
CAPITAL OUTLAY:							
Sites				280,099.03			280,099.03
Building				1,103,866.49			1,103,866.49
Equipment				00.00			00.00
Instructional Technology				00.00			00.00
Energy				00.00			00.00
Transportation Equipment					698,435.03		698,435.03
Sales and Lease				00.00			00.00
Other	1,123,538.55						1,123,538.55
DEBT SERVICE:							
Principal	00.0		3,597,541.31	00.0	00.00		3,597,541.31
Interest and Other Charges	00.00		1,185,505.56	00.00	00.00		1,185,505.56
Bond/Levy Issuance				00.00	00.00		00.00
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	57,543,208.73	720,088.43	4,783,046.87	1,383,965.52	698,435.03	00.0	65,128,744.58

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Yelm School District No. 002

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2016

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
DEBT SERVICE:							
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,965,814.50	32,093.06	-471,625.46	-978,995.18	-347,873.44	00.00	2,199,413.48
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Bond Sales & Refunding Bond Sales	00.0		00.00	00.00	00.0		00.00
Long-Term Financing	00.00			00.00	00.00		00.00
Transfers In	00.0		478,192.00	1,800,000.00	200,000.00		2,778,192.00
Transfers Out (GL 536)	-2,596,983.00		00.00	00.00	-181,209.00	00.00	-2,778,192.00
Other Financing Uses (GL 535)	00.0		00.00	00.00	00.0		00.00
Other	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-2,596,983.00		478,192.00	1,800,000.00	318,791.00	00.0	00.0
EXCESS OF REVENUES/OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	1,368,831.50	32,093.06	6,566.54	821,004.82	-29,082.44	0.00	2,199,413.48
BEGINNING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	6,122,068.92	223,092.33	2,386,042.04	589,758.05	438,867.29	00.0	9,759,828.63
Prior Year(s) Corrections or Restatements	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	00.00
ENDING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	7,490,900.42	255,185.39	2,392,608.58	1,410,762.87	409,784.85	00.0	11,959,242.11

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

YELM COMMUNITY SCHOOLS Notes to the Financial Statements September 1, 2015 Through August 31, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Yelm Community School District (District) is a municipal corporation organized pursuant to Title 28A of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) for the purposes of providing public school services to students in grades K–12. Oversight responsibility for the District's operations is vested with the independently elected board of directors. Management of the District is appointed by and is accountable to the board of directors. Fiscal responsibility, including budget authority and the power to set fees, levy property taxes, and issue debt consistent with provisions of state statutes, also rests with the board of directors.

The District presents governmental fund financial statements and related notes on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington*, issued jointly by the State Auditor's Office and the Superintendent of Public Instruction by the authority of RCW 43.09.200, RCW 28A.505.140, RCW 28A.505.010(1) and RCW 28A.505.020. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

- (1) Districtwide statements, as defined in GAAP, are not presented.
- (2) A Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is presented as supplementary information.
- (3) Supplementary information required by GAAP is not presented.

Fund Accounting

Financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds. Each fund uses a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures (or expenses) as appropriate. All funds are considered major funds. The various funds in the report are grouped into governmental funds as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

This fund is used to account for all expendable financial resources, except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the principle of having as few funds as are necessary, activities such as food services, maintenance, data processing, printing, and student transportation are included in the General Fund.

Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for financial resources that are to be used for the construction or acquisition of major capital assets. There are two funds that are considered to be of the capital projects fund type: the Capital Projects Fund and the Transportation Vehicle Fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for resources set aside for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets such as land and buildings.

<u>Transportation Vehicle Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for the purchase, major repair, rebuilding, and debt service expenditures that relate to pupil transportation equipment.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of matured general long-term debt principal and interest.

Special Revenue Fund

In Washington State, the only allowable special revenue fund for school districts is the Associated Student Body (ASB) Fund. This fund is accounted for in the District's financial statements as the financial resources legally belong to the District. As a special revenue fund, amounts within the ASB Fund may only be used for those purposes that relate to the operation of the Associated Student Body of the District.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and fund financial statement presentation

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered "measurable" if the amount of the transaction can be readily determined. Revenues are considered "available" when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Property taxes receivable are measurable but are considered to be available only if they are collected within 30 days after year-end. Categorical program claims and interdistrict billings are measurable and available and are, therefore, accrued.

Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt which are recorded when due. Purchases of capital assets are expensed during the year of acquisition. For federal grants, the recognition of expenditures is dependent on the obligation date. (Obligation means a purchase order has been issued, contracts have been awarded, or goods and/or services have been received.)

Budgets

Chapter 28A.505 RCW and Chapter 392-123 Washington Administrative Code (WAC) mandate school district budget policies and procedures. The board adopts annual appropriated budgets for all governmental funds. These budgets are appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.

Budgets are adopted on the same modified accrual basis as used for financial reporting. Fund balance is budgeted as available resources and, under statute, may not be negative, unless the District enters into binding conditions with state oversight pursuant to RCW 28A.505.110.

The government's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

The District receives state funding for specific categorical education-related programs. Amounts that are received for these programs that are not used in the current fiscal year may be carried forward into the subsequent fiscal year, where they may be used only for the same purpose as they were originally received. When the District has such carryover, those funds are expended before any amounts received in the current year are expended.

Additionally, the District has other restrictions placed on its financial resources. When expenditures are recorded for purposes for which a restriction or commitment of fund balance is available, those funds that are restricted or committed to that purpose are considered first before any unrestricted or unassigned amounts are expended.

The government's fund balance classifications policies and procedures.

The District classifies ending fund balance for its governmental funds into five categories.

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u>. The amounts reported as Nonspendable are resources of the District that are not in spendable format. They are either non-liquid resources such as inventory or prepaid items, or the resources are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Restricted are those resources of the District that have had a legal restriction placed on their use either from statute, WAC, or other legal requirements that are beyond the control of the board of directors. Restricted fund balance includes anticipated recovery of revenues that have been received but are restricted as to their usage.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Committed are those resources of the District that have had a limitation placed upon their usage by formal action of the District's board of directors. Commitments are made either through a formal adopted board resolution or are related to a school board policy. Commitments may only be changed when the resources are used for the intended purpose or the limitation is removed by a subsequent formal action of the board of directors.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u>. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Assigned are those resources that the District has set aside for specific purposes. These accounts reflect tentative management plans for future financial resource use such as the replacement of equipment or the assignment of resources for contingencies. Assignments reduce the amount reported as Unassigned Fund Balance, but may not reduce that balance below zero.

In other governmental funds, Assigned fund balance represents a positive ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered. These resources are only available for expenditure in that fund and may not be used in any other fund without formal action by the District's board of directors and as allowed by statute.

The Superintendent is the only person who has the authority to create Assignments of fund balance.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Unassigned are those net spendable resources of the District that are not otherwise Restricted, Committed, or Assigned, and may be used for any purpose within the General Fund.

In other governmental funds, Unassigned fund balance represents a deficit ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered.

A negative Unassigned fund balance means that the legal restrictions and formal commitments of the District exceed its currently available resources.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All of the District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The consumption method of inventory is used, which charges inventory as an expenditure when it is consumed. A portion of fund balance, representing inventory, is considered Nonspendable. USDA commodity inventory consists of food donated by the United States Department of Agriculture. It is valued at the prices paid by the USDA for the commodities.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Thurston County Treasurer is the *ex officio* treasurer for the District and holds all accounts of the District. The District directs the County Treasurer to invest those financial resources of the District that the District has determined are not needed to meet the current financial obligations of the District.

All of the District's investments during the year and at year-end were insured or registered and held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

Washington State statutes authorize the district to invest in the following types of securities:

- Certificates, notes, or bonds of the United States, its agencies, or any corporation wholly owned by the government of the United States,
- Obligations of government-sponsored corporations which are eligible as collateral for advances to member banks as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System,
- Bankers' acceptances purchased on the secondary market,
- Repurchase agreements for securities listed in the three items above, provided that the transaction is structured so that the public treasurer obtains control over the underlying securities.
- Investment deposits with qualified public depositories,
- Washington State Local Government Investment Pool, and
- County Treasurer Investment Pools.

The District's investments as of August 31, 2016, are as follows:

Type of Investment	Carrying Amount	Market Value
County Treasurer's Investment Pool	\$13,766,262	\$13,766,262

The district's participation in the Thurston County investment pool is voluntary and the pool is not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO). The fair value of the district's investment in the pool is measured using a net asset value (NAV) as determined by the pool. The pool maintains a duration/weighted average maturity of 1.82 years.

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The District has no known legal obligations that would materially impact the financial position of the District.

NOTE 4: SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no events after the balance sheet date that would have a material impact on the next or future fiscal years.

NOTE 5: PENSION PLANS

General Information

The Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the state of Washington, prepares a stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each pension plan. The pension plan's basic financial statement is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The measurement date of the pension plans is June 30. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The school district is reporting the net pension liability in the notes and on the Schedule of Longterm Liabilities calculated as the district's proportionate allocation percentage multiplied by the total plan collective net pension liability.

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS CAFR. Copies of the report may be obtained by contacting the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, P.O. Box 48380, Olympia, WA 98504-8380; or online at http://www.drs.wa.gov./administrations/annual-report.

Membership Participation

Substantially all school district full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following three contributory, multi-employer, cost-sharing statewide retirement systems managed by DRS: Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and School Employees' Retirement System (SERS).

Membership participation by retirement plan as of June 30, 2016, was as follows:

Plan	Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	Active Plan Members
PERS 1	49,417	827	3,230
SERS 2	7,391	5,704	26,127
SERS 3	6,715	7,899	32,409
TRS 1	34,859	223	962
TRS 2	4,700	2,443	17,612
TRS 3	8,866	8,373	53,417

Membership & Plan Benefits

Certificated employees are members of TRS. Classified employees are members of PERS (if Plan 1) or SERS. Plan 1 under the TRS and PERS programs are defined benefit pension plans whose members joined the system on or before September 30, 1977. TRS 1 and PERS 1 are closed to new entrants.

TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of three separate plans for membership purposes: Plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans and Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. TRS eligibility for membership requires service as a certificated public school employee working in an instructional, administrative or supervisory capacity.

TRS is comprised of three separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 1, Plan 2/3, and Plan 3. Plan 1 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 1 members. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of the plan. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

TRS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. TRS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC), for each year of service credit, up to a maximum of 60 percent, divided by twelve. The AFC is the total earnable compensation for the two consecutive highest-paid fiscal years, divided by two. Members are eligible for retirement at any age after 30 years of service, or at the age of 60 with five years of service, or at the age of 55 with 25 years of service. Other benefits include temporary and permanent disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

TRS Plan 2/3 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC) per year of service for Plan 2 members and one percent of AFC for Plan 3 members. The AFC is the monthly average of the 60 consecutive highest-paid service credit months. There is no cap on years of service

credit. Members are eligible for normal retirement at the age of 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. TRS Plan 2/3 members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. TRS Plan 2/3 members who have 30 or more years of service credit, were hired prior to May 1, 2013, and are at least 55 years old, can retire under one of two provisions: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

TRS Plan 2/3 members hired on or after May 1, 2013 have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. TRS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit.

Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

PERS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. PERS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. The AFC is the average of the member's 24 highest consecutive service months. Members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or at age 60 with at least five years of service.

Members retiring from inactive status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits. PERS Plan 1 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

SERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of two separate plans for membership purposes. SERS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan and SERS Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. SERS members include classified employees of school districts and educational service districts.

SERS is reported as two separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 2/3 and Plan 3. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members.

Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

SERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service for Plan 2 and one percent of AFC for Plan 3. The AFC is the monthly average of the member's 60 highest-paid consecutive service months before retirement, termination or death. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. SERS members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. SERS members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions, if hired prior to May 2, 2013: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

SERS members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. SERS retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost- of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

Plan Contributions

The employer contribution rates for PERS, TRS, and SERS (Plans 1, 2, and 3) and the TRS and SERS Plan 2 employee contribution rates are established by the Pension Funding Council based upon the rates set by the Legislature. The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under chapters 41.40, 41.32, and 41.35 RCW for PERS, TRS and SERS respectively. Employers do not contribute to the defined contribution portions of TRS Plan 3 or SERS Plan 3. Under current law the employer must contribute 100 percent of the employer-required contribution. The employee contribution rate for Plan 1 in PERS and TRS is set by statute at six percent and does not vary from year to year.

The Employer and employee contribution rates for the PERS plan are effective as of July 1. SERS and TRS contribution rates are effective as of September 1. The pension plan contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2016 were as follows:

Pens	ion Rates					
	7/1/16 Rate	7/1/15 Rate				
PERS 1						
Member Contribution Rate	6.00%	6.00%				
Employer Contribution Rate	11.18%	11.18%				
Pension Rates						
	9/1/16 Rate 9/1/15 Rate					
TRS 1						
Member Contribution Rate	6.00%	6.00%				
Employer Contribution Rate	13.13%	13.13%				

TRS 2					
Member Contribution Rate	5.95%	5.95%			
Employer Contribution Rate	13.13%	13.13%			
TRS 3			•		
Member Contribution Rate	varies*	varies*			
Employer Contribution Rate	13.13%	13.13%	**		
SERS 2					
Member Contribution Rate	5.63%	5.63%			
Employer Contribution Rate	11.58%	11.58%			
SERS 3			•		
Member Contribution Rate	varies*	varies*			
Employer Contribution Rate	11.58%	11.58%	**		
Note: The DRS administrative rate of .0018 is	included in the employer	rate.			
* = Variable from 5% to 15% based on rate sele	cted by the member.				
** = Defined benefit portion only.					

The Collective Net Pension Liability

The collective net pension liabilities for the pension plans districts participated in are reported in the following table.

The Collective Net Pensic	n Liability as of Ju	une 30, 2016:		
Dollars in Thousands	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Total Pension Liability	\$12,496,872	\$4,870,806	\$9,001,257	\$12,172,222
Plan fiduciary net position	(\$7,126,401)	(\$4,214,039)	(\$5,587,020)	(\$10,798,925)
Participating employers' net pension liability	\$5,370,471	\$656,767	\$3,414,237	\$1,373,297
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.03%	86.52%	62.07%	88.72%

The School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)

At June 30, 2016, the school district reported a total liability of \$28,597,636 for its proportionate shares of the individual plans' collective net pension liability. Proportions of net pension liability is based on annual contributions for each of the employers participating in the DRS administered plans. At June 30, 2016, the district's proportionate share of each plan's net pension liability is reported below:

June 30, 2016	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
District's Annual Contributions	424,063	570,638	1,359,422	1,468,163
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	4,015,924	3,132,679	15,271,935	6,177,098

At June 30, 2016, the school district's percentage of the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability was as follows and the change in the allocation percentage from the prior period is illustrated below.

Change in Proportionate Shares	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Current year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.074778%	0.476985%	0.447302%	0.449801%
Prior year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.079108%	0.507846%	0.477392%	0.487280%
Net difference percentage	-0.004330%	-0.030862%	-0.030091%	-0.037480%

Actuarial Assumptions

Capital Market Assumptions (CMAs) and expected rates of return by asset class provided by the Washington State Investment Board. The Office of the State Actuary relied on the CMAs in the selection of the long-term expected rate of return for reporting purposes.

The total pension liabilities for TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1 and SERS 2/3 were determined by actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, with the results rolled forward to June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0% total economic inflation, 3.75% salary inflation
Salary increases	In addition to the base 3.75% salary inflation assumption, salaries
	are also expected to grow by promotions and longevity.
Investment rate of return	7.50%

Mortality Rates

Mortality rates used in the plans were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table and Combined Disabled Table published by the Society of Actuaries. The Office of the State Actuary applied offsets to the base table and recognized future improvements in mortality by projecting

the mortality rates using 100 percent Scale BB. Mortality rates are applied on a generational basis, meaning members are assumed to receive additional mortality improvements in each future year, throughout their lifetime. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation were based on the results of the 2007–2012 Experience Study. Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2015 actuarial valuation report.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, but including inflation) are developed for each major asset class by the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB). Those expected returns make up one component of WSIB's CMAs. The CMAs contain three pieces of information for each class of assets the WSIB currently invest in:

- Expected annual return
- Standard deviation of the annual return
- · Correlations between the annual returns of each asset class with every other asset class

WSIB uses the CMAs and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns over various time horizons.

The long-term expected rate of return of 7.50% percent approximately equals the median of the simulated investment returns over a fifty-year time horizon, increased slightly to remove WSIB's implicit and small short-term downward adjustment due to assumed mean reversion. WSIB's implicit short-term adjustment, while small and appropriate over a ten to fifteen-year period, becomes amplified over a fifty-year measurement period.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1, and SERS 2/3					
Asset Class	Target Allocation	% Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return			
Fixed Income	20.00%	1.70%			
Tangible Assets	5.00%	4.40%			
Real Estate	15.00%	5.80%			
Global Equity	37.00%	6.60%			
Private Equity	23.00%	9.60%			

The inflation component used to create the above table is 2.20 percent, and represents WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. To determine the discount rate, an asset sufficiency test was completed to test whether the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Consistent with current law, the completed asset sufficiency test included an assumed 7.70 percent long-term discount rate to determine funding liabilities for calculating

future contributions rate requirements. Consistent with the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.50 percent future investment rate of return on invested assets was assumed for the test. Contributions from plan members and employers are assumed to continue to be made at contractually required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.50 percent on pension plan investments was applied to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Yelm Community School District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability (NPL) calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or one percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate. Amounts are calculated using the school district's specific allocation percentage, by plan, to determine the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability.

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
PERS 1 NPL	\$6,476,248,000	\$5,370,471,000	\$4,418,882,000
Allocation Percentage	0.074778%	0.074778%	0.074778%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	4,842,801	4,015,924	3,304,346
SERS 2/3 NPL	\$1,600,665,000	\$656,767,000	(\$75,324,000)
Allocation Percentage	0.476985%	0.476985%	0.476985%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	7,634,930	3,132,679	(359,284)
TRS 1 NPL	\$4,197,137,000	\$3,414,237,000	\$2,739,882,000
Allocation Percentage	0.447302%	0.447302%	0.447302%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	18,773,859	15,271,935	12,255,535
TRS 2/3 NPL	\$3,107,958,000	\$1,373,297,000	(\$1,595,357,000)
Allocation Percentage	0.449801%	0.449801%	0.449801%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	13,979,612	6,177,098	(7,175,925)

NOTE 6: ANNUAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATIONS

The state, through the Health Care Authority (HCA), administers an agent multi-employer other post-employment benefit plan. The Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB), created within the HCA, is authorized to design benefits and determine the terms and conditions of employee and retired employee participation and coverage, including establishment of eligibility criteria for both active and retired employees. Programs include medical, dental, life insurance and long-term disability insurance.

Employers participating in the plan include the state of Washington (which includes general government agencies and higher education institutions), 60 of the state's K–12 school districts and educational service districts (ESDs), and 221 political subdivisions and tribal governments. Additionally, the PEBB plan is available to the retirees of the remaining 237 K–12 school districts and ESDs. The District's retirees are eligible to participate in the PEBB plan under this arrangement.

According to state law, the Washington State Treasurer collects a fee from all school district entities which have employees that are not current active members of the state Health Care Authority but participate in the state retirement system. The purpose of this fee is to cover the impact of the subsidized rate of health care benefits for school retirees that elect to purchase their health care benefits through the state Health Care Authority. For the fiscal year 2015-16, the District was required to pay the HCA \$64.39 per month per full-time equivalent employee to support the program, for a total payment of \$429,488. This assessment to the District is set forth in the state's operating budget and is subject to change on an annual basis. This amount is not actuarially determined and is not placed in a trust to pay the obligations for post-employment health care benefits.

The District has no control over the benefits offered to retirees, the rates charged to retirees, nor the fee paid to the Health Care Authority. The District does not determine its annual required contribution nor the net other post-employment benefit obligation associated with this plan. Accordingly, these amounts are not shown on the financial statements.

NOTE 7: COMMITMENTS UNDER LEASES

Contracts Payable: The District leases some of its copy machines. These leases are all incurred as five year leases. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2016, the District had incurred the following operating leases:

Lessor	Amount	Annual Installment	Final Installment Date	Balance
Wells Fargo	173,880	34,776	11/24/19	113,022
Wells Fargo	60,340	12,068	02/01/17	5,028
Wells Fargo	26,700	1,335	07/01/21	25,365
Wells Fargo	18,394	3,679	08/17/18	7,358
US Bank	4,740	948	01/01/19	2,212
Wells Fargo	5,100	255	07/01/21	4,845
Total Lease Commitments	}			157,830

NOTE 8: OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of moneys are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances lapse at the end of the fiscal year and may be reencumbered the following year. The following encumbrance amounts were re-encumbered by fund on September 1, 2016:

Fund	Amount
General	\$ 508,175
Capital Projects Fund	\$2,178,189
Transportation Vehicle Fund	\$ 495.928

NOTE 9: REQUIRED DISCLOSURES ABOUT LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-Term Debt

Bonds payable at August 31, 2016, are comprised of the following individual issues:

	Amount		Final	Interest	Amount
Issue Name	Authorized	Annual Installments	Maturity	Rate(s)	Outstanding
2010 UTGO Ref.	37,595,000	680,000-4,855,000	12/1/22	2.00%-5.00%	27,275,000
2004A	1,013,309	98,833	06/1/17	3.86%	96,043
2004B	842,861	84,202-87,439	12/1/17	3.99%	125,727
2009A	2,000,000	70,000-145,000	12/1/22	2.00%-4.55%	1,565,000
2009B	2,000,000	105,000-145,000	06/16/22	1.95%	1,325,000
Total General Obligation Bonds					30,386,770

The following is a summary of general obligation long-term debt transactions of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2016:

Long-Term Debt Payable at 9/1/2015	33,984,311
New Issues	-0-
Debt Retired	3,597,541
Long-Term Debt Payable at 8/31/2016	30,386,770

The following is a schedule of annual requirements to amortize debt at August 31, 2016:

Years Ending August 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	3,844,396	1,055,276	4,899,672
2018	3,977,374	924,555	4,901,929
2019	4,125,000	774,023	4,899,023
2020	4,430,000	618,779	5,048,779
2021	4,740,000	444,439	5,184,439
2022-2026	8,760,000	386,373	9,146,373

2027-2030	510,000	24,222	534,222
Total	30,386,770	4,227,667	34,614,437

At August 31, 2016, the District had \$2,392,608.58 available in the Debt Service Fund to service the general obligation bonds.

NOTE 10: ENTITY RISK MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

Yelm Community Schools is a member of Schools Insurance Association of Washington (SIAW). Chapter 48.62 RCW authorizes the governing body of any one or more governmental entities to form together into or join a program or organization for the joint purchasing of insurance, and/or joint self-insuring, and/or joint hiring or contracting for risk management services to the same extent that they may individually purchase insurance, self-insure, or hire contract for risk management services. An agreement to form a pooling arrangement was made pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 39.34 RCW, the Interlocal Cooperation Act. The program was formed on September 1, 1995, when seven mid-sized school districts in the state of Washington joined together by signing an Interlocal Agreement to pool their self-insured losses and jointly purchase insurance and administrative services. Presently, the SIAW program has 37 member districts.

The program allows members to jointly purchase insurance coverage and provide related services, such as administration, risk management, claims administration, etc. Coverage for Wrongful Act Liability and Employee Benefit Liability is on a claims-made basis. All other coverages are on an occurrence basis. The program provides the following forms of group purchased insurance coverage for its members: Property, Earthquake, General Liability, Automotive Liability, Equipment Breakdown, Crime, and Wrongful Acts Liability.

The program acquires Liability insurance through their administrator, Clear Risk Solutions, which is subject to a per-occurrence self-insured retention (SIR) of \$100,000. Members are responsible for a standard deductible of \$2,500 for each claim (some member deductibles vary), while the program is responsible for the \$100,000 self-insured retention (SIR). Insurance carriers cover insured losses over \$102,500 to the limits of each policy. Since the program is a cooperative program, there is a joint liability among the participating members towards the sharing of the \$100,000 SIR. The program also purchases a Stop Loss Policy with an attachment point of \$2,807,854, which it fully funds in its annual budget.

Property insurance is subject to a per-occurrence SIR of \$250,000. Members are responsible for a \$10,000 deductible for each claim (some member deductibles vary), while the program is responsible for the \$250,000 SIR. Insurance carriers cover insured losses over \$260,000 to the limits of each policy. Equipment Breakdown insurance is subject to a per-occurrence deductible of \$10,000.00. Members are responsible for the deductible amount of each claim.

Members contract to remain in the program for one year and must give notice before December 31 to terminate participation the following September 1. Renewal of the Interlocal Agreement occurs automatically each year. Even after termination, a member is still responsible for contributions to the program for any unresolved, unreported, and in-process claims for the period they were a signatory to the Interlocal Agreement.

The program is fully funded by its member participants. Claims are filed by members with Clear Risk Solutions, which has been contracted to perform program administration, claims adjustment

and administration, and loss prevention for the program. Fees paid to the third party administrator under this arrangement for the year ending August 31, 2016, were \$3,219,449.68.

A board of directors of eight members is selected by the membership from the east and west side of the state and is responsible for conducting the business affairs of the program. The Board of Directors has contracted with Canfield to perform day-to-day administration of the program. This program has no employees.

NOTE 11: PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax revenues are collected as the result of special levies passed by the voters in the District. Taxes are levied on January 1. The taxpayer has the obligation of paying all taxes on April 30 or one-half then and one-half on October 31. Typically, slightly more than half of the collections are made on the April 30 date. The October 31 collection is not available in time to cover liabilities for the fiscal period ended August 31. Property taxes receivable are measurable but are considered to be available only if they are collected within 30 days after year-end.

NOTE 12: JOINT VENTURES AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The District is a member of the King County Director's Association (KCDA). KCDA is a purchasing cooperative designed to pool the member districts' purchasing power. The District's current equity of \$38,663.11 is the accumulation of the annual assignment of KCDA's operating surplus based upon the percentage derived from KCDA's total sales to the District compared to all other districts applied against paid administrative fees. The District may withdraw from the joint venture and will receive its equity in ten annual allocations of merchandise or 15 annual payments.

Workers Compensation

In July 1983, the District joined the CR ESD 113 Workers' Compensation Trust (Trust), a public entity risk pool.

The Trust is organized pursuant to Title 51.14 RCW for the purpose of managing workers' compensation payroll taxes, employee claims, and safety programs. Membership is established by execution of an agreement between the CR ESD 113 and each local school district.

The Trust provides industrial injury accident insurance coverage for its 45 member districts. The Trust is fully funded by its member participants. Member contributions are calculated based on the members' hours worked and the members' experience rated contribution factor. The Trust retains responsibility for the payment of claims within specified self-insured retention limits prior to the application of coverage provided by its excess insurance contracts that the Trust acquires insurance from unrelated underwriters. The Trust's per-occurrence retention limit is \$450,000 and the annual aggregate retention is \$18,464,200 minimum for a two year period FY 2015-18. Since the Trust is a cooperative program, there is joint liability among participating members.

For fiscal year 2016, there are 45 members in the pool including 44 participating school districts. A Board comprised of one designated representative from each participating member and a six member Executive Board governs the Trust. The Executive Board has five members elected by the Board and the CR ESD 113's Superintendent.

The CR ESD 113 is responsible for conducting the business affairs of the Trust. As of August 31, 2016, the amount of claim liabilities totaled \$7,470,000. This liability is the CR ESD 113's best estimate based on available information including actuarial reports. Changes in the reported liability since August 31, 2015, resulted in the following:

	Beginning Balance 9/1/2015	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Ending Balance 8/31/2016
Incurred but not Reported	\$2,517,486	\$ 207,000	\$2,689,820
Open Claims	\$3,394,514		\$3,429,180
Future L&I Assessments	\$1,202,000	(\$261,000)	\$ 941,000
Estimated Unallocated Loss Adjustment	\$396,000	\$ 14,000	\$410,000

Unemployment Insurance

In July 1983, the District joined together the Unemployment Compensation Pool (Pool). The Pool is organized pursuant to Title 50.44 RCW for the purpose of managing unemployment compensation payroll taxes and employee claims. Membership is established by execution of an agreement between the CR ESD 113 and each local school district.

The Pool provides unemployment compensation coverage for members of the Pool arising from former employees. The Pool is fully funded by its member participants. Member districts pay a percentage of their employee's wages. These contributions plus investment earnings pays for unemployment claims and for the administration of the Pool. There is provision that members can be additionally assessed if the Pool needs additional funding.

For fiscal year 2016, there are 38 school district members in the Pool in addition to the CR ESD 113. The Pool is governed by a Cooperative Board, which is comprised of one designated representative from each participating member and a six member Executive Board. Five members elected by the Cooperative Board and the CR ESD 113 Superintendent comprise the Executive Board.

As of August 31, 2016, the amount of claim reserves totaled \$107,615. This liability is the CR ESD 113's best estimate based on available information. Changes in the reported liability since August 31, 2015, resulted in the following:

	Beginning Balance 9/1/2015	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Ending Balance 8/31/2016
Claims Reserves	\$534,374	\$(426,759)	\$107,615

NOTE 13: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate.

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund
Restricted Fund Balance					
For Fund Purpose		\$246,185			
For Debt Service				\$2,392,609	
Committed Fund Balance					
Other Commitments	\$8,000	\$9,000			
Assigned Fund Balance					
Fund Purposes			\$1,410,763		\$409,785
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$7,482,900				

The board of directors has established a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund to provide for financial stability and contingencies within the District. The policy is that the District shall maintain 5% of the General Fund annual operation appropriations. Portions of fund balance that are set aside for the purpose of meeting this policy are recorded on the financial statements as a part of unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 14: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS OTHER THAN PENSION PLANS—BOTH IN SEPARATELY ISSUED PLAN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EMPLOYER STATEMENTS

457 Plan – Deferred Compensation Plan

(District employees have the option of participating in a deferred compensation plan as defined in §457 of the Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the state deferred compensation plan, or the District.)

403(b) Plan – Tax Sheltered Annuity (TSA)

The District offers a tax deferred annuity plan for its employees. The plan permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years under two types of deferrals: elective deferrals (employee contribution) and non-elective contribution (employer matching).

The District complies with IRS regulations that require school districts to have a written plan to include participating investment companies, types of investments, loans, transfers, and various requirements. The plan is administered by a third party administrator. The plan assets are assets of the District employees, not the school district, and are therefore not reflected on these financial statements.

NOTE 15: TERMINATION BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Employees earn sick leave at a rate of 12 days per year up to a maximum of one contract year.

Under the provisions of RCW 28A.400.210, sick leave accumulated by District employees is reimbursed at death or retirement at the rate of one day for each four days of accrued leave, limited to 180 accrued days. This chapter also provides for an annual buyout of an amount up to the maximum annual accumulation of 12 days. For buyout purposes, employees may accumulate such leave to a maximum of 192 days, including the annual accumulation, as of December 31 of each year.

These expenditures are recorded when paid, except termination sick leave that is accrued upon death, retirement, or upon termination provided the employee is at least 55 years of age and has sufficient years of service. Vested sick leave was computed using the {termination payment method/vesting method}.

Vacation pay, including benefits, that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as expenditures and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

No unrecorded liability exists for other employee benefits.

Yelm School District No. 002

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities

For the Year Ended August 31, 2016

Description	Beginning Outstanding Debt September 1, 2015	Amount Issued / Increased	Amount Redeemed / Decreased	Ending Outstanding Debt August 31, 2016	Amount Due Within One Year
Voted Debt					
Voted Bonds	30,465,000.00	00.00	3,190,000.00	27,275,000.00	3,450,000.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds Issued in Lieu of Bonds	0.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	00.0
Non-Voted Debt and Liabilities					
Non-Voted Bonds	3,519,310.95	00.00	407,541.31	3,111,769.64	394,396.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00
Capital Leases	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Contracts Payable	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.0	00.00
Non-Cancellable Operating Leases	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00
Claims & Judgements	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00
Compensated Absences	1,009,644.30	179,248.34	182,727.05	1,006,165.59	150,471.57
Long-Term Notes	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00
Anticipation Notes Payable	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00
Lines of Credit	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.0	00.00
Other Non-Voted Debt	00.00	00.00	00.0	0.00	00.00
Other Liabilities					
Non-Voted Notes Not Recorded as Debt	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00
Net Pension Liabilities:					
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 1	15,124,465.00	147,470.00	00.00	15,271,935.00	
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 2/3	4,111,682.00	2,065,415.00	00.0	6,177,097.00	
Net Pension Liabilities SERS 2/3	2,062,623.00	1,070,056.00	00.00	3,132,679.00	
Net Pension Liabilities PERS 1	4,138,078.00	00.00	122,154.00	4,015,924.00	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	60,430,803.25	3,462,189.34	3,902,422.36	59,990,570.23	3,994,867.57

YELM COMMUNITY SCHOOLS
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
For the Year Ending August 31, 2016

						Expenditures			
Federal Agency Name	Pass Through Agency	Federal Program Title	CFDA	Other Identification Number/Award Number	From Direct Awards	From Pass Through Awards	Total	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Foot note
U.S. Department of Agriculture		National School Lunch Program	10.555						
	OSPI	Cash Assistance		34-002		950,941	950,941		
	OSPI	Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)		34-002		135,767	135,767		2
	OSPI	School Breakfast Program	10.553	34-002		240,192	240,192		
	Office of State Treasurer	Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665			82	82		က
		Department of Agriculture Subtotal				1,326,982	1,326,982		
U.S. Department of Defense		Competitive Grants: Promoting K-12 Student Achievement at Military Connected Schools	12.556	HE1254-15-1-0057	317,320		317,320		
		Competitive Grants: Promoting K-12 Student Achievement at Military Connected Schools	12.556	HE1254-13-1-0025	80,590		80,590		
		Department of Defense Subtotal			397,910		397,910		
U.S. Department of	OSPI	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0202049		1,055,472	1,055,472		4
Education	OSPI	Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	0305343		1,039,445	1,039,445		
	OSPI	Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	0363342		24,126	24,126		
		Impact Aid	84.041	S041B-2016-5556	65,483		65,483		
	OSPI	Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	0173630		44,247	44,247		
		Indian Education - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.060	S060A151120	32,322		32,322		
	OSPI	Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	0523764		156,853	156,853		
		Department of Education Subtotal			97,805	2,320,143	2,417,948		
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	Health Care Authority (HCA)	Medical Assistance Program	93.778			104,964	104.964		
		Department of Health and Human Services Subtotal				104,964	104,964		
				Totals	495,715	3,752,089	4,247,804		
The Accompanying No	otes to the Schedule of Expendit.	The Accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an Integral Part of this Schedule.							

The Accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an Integral Part of this Schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

NOTE 1—BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared on the same basis of accounting as the Yelm Community Schools financial statements. Yelm Community Schools uses the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures represent only the federally funded portions of the program. District records should be consulted to determine amounts expended or matched from nonfederal sources.

NOTE 2—NONCASH AWARDS

The amount of commodities reported on the schedule is the value of commodities distributed by the district during the current year and priced as prescribed by the USDA.

NOTE 3—NOT AVAILABLE (N/A)

Yelm Community Schools was unable to obtain other identification number

NOTE 4—FEDERAL INDIRECT RATE

Yelm Community Schools used the federal restricted rate of 4.31%. The district has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR FINDINGS REPORTED UNDER UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Yelm Community School District No. 2 Thurston County September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016

This schedule presents the corrective action planned by the auditee for findings reported in this report in accordance with Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). The information in this schedule is the representation of the District.

Finding ref number:	Finding caption:
2016-001	The District did not have internal controls to ensure compliance with
	procurement or suspension and debarment requirements.

Name, address, and telephone of auditee contact person:

Jeff Role, Deputy Superintendent for Business and Operations

107 First Street North

Yelm WA 98597

(360) 458-6104

Corrective action the auditee plans to take in response to the finding:

The District has internal controls in place to ensure compliance with suspension and debarment for purchasing functions. The District does not have adequate controls in place for transactions involving journal vouchers.

The District will document the process for journal vouchers which includes authorized staff and procedures. The procedures will identify all federal revenue and expenditure codes and outline the suspension and debarment online search tool System for Award Management (SAM) process as the purchasing department follows. Once the procedure is documented all applicable staff will be trained.

Anticipated date to complete the corrective action: 6/1/17

ABOUT THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

The State Auditor's Office is established in the state's Constitution and is part of the executive branch of state government. The State Auditor is elected by the citizens of Washington and serves four-year terms.

We work with our audit clients and citizens to achieve our vision of government that works for citizens, by helping governments work better, cost less, deliver higher value, and earn greater public trust.

In fulfilling our mission to hold state and local governments accountable for the use of public resources, we also hold ourselves accountable by continually improving our audit quality and operational efficiency and developing highly engaged and committed employees.

As an elected agency, the State Auditor's Office has the independence necessary to objectively perform audits and investigations. Our audits are designed to comply with professional standards as well as to satisfy the requirements of federal, state, and local laws.

Our audits look at financial information and compliance with state, federal and local laws on the part of all local governments, including schools, and all state agencies, including institutions of higher education. In addition, we conduct performance audits of state agencies and local governments as well as <u>fraud</u>, state <u>whistleblower</u> and <u>citizen hotline</u> investigations.

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Contact information for the State Auditor's Office	
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