REPORTING

Note X – Solvency

A. Financial Solvency Property and Liability Pool (Joint Pools)

Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 200-100 requires (Pool) to maintain certain levels of primary and secondary assets to meet solvency standards. As defined in WAC 200-100-03001 total primary assets, cash and cash equivalents less non-claim liabilities, must be at least equal to the unpaid claims estimate at the expected level as determined by the actuary. Additionally, total primary and secondary assets must be at least equal to the unpaid claims estimate at the 80 percent confidence level as determined by the actuary. Secondary assets are defined as insurance receivables, real estate or other assets (less any non-claim liabilities) the value of which can be independently verified by the state risk manager.

Solvency test for program:

Primary Asset Test		Secondary Asset Test	
Cash and cash equivalents		Cash and cash equivalents	
Investments		Investments	
Total		Receivables, member contributions	
		Capital Assets	
Less: Non-claims liabilities Accounts payable/Tax liability		Less: Non-claims liabilities Accounts payable/Tax liability	
Less: Unearned member contributions in excess of member contribution receivables		Less: Unearned member contributions	
Total Primary Assets		Total Secondary Assets	
compared to:		compared to:	
Claim liabilities at expected level per actuary (sum of all claims liabilities)		Claim liabilities at 80 percent confidence level per actuary (from actuarial study)	
Test #1 - Primary Asset Test	MET/NOT MET	Test #2 - Secondary Asset Test	MET/NOT MET

B. For Health and Welfare Pools (Joint Pools)[1]

Washington Administrative Code 200-110-040 requires all joint health and welfare programs selfinsuring medical benefit programs to establish program reserves in an amount greater than 16 weeks. For vision, dental or prescription drug benefit programs or any combination of programs to establish program reserves in an amount not less than eight weeks of program expenses for each program offered. In addition, maintain an aggregate stop-loss insurance policy with an attachment point set at or below one hundred twenty-five percent of annual expected claim costs; and establish by ordinance or resolution of the governing body, an additional contingency reserve for a joint vision, dental or prescription drug program in the amount equal to at least eight weeks of program expenses.

Solvency test for program:

FOR MEDICAL PROGRAM EXPENSES - 16 WEEK RESERVE IS REQUIRED UNLESS ESTIMATED BY ACTUARY					
Medical 16 weeks claims test					
Program expenses Medical Claims Paid	-				
Other Operating Expenses related to medical claims (would include admin fees)	-				
Other Operating Expenses other than related to medical	-				
ΤΟΤΑΙ	-				
Minimum Program Reserves					
Total Program Expenses	-				
Divided by 52	-				
x 16	-				
Total expected program reserves	-				
Actual Program reserves					
Net Position or liability	-				
16 weeks claims test	NOT MET				

FOR VISION, DENTAL OR PRESCRIPTION PROGRAM EXPENSES - 8 WEEK RESERVE IS REQUIRED UNLESS						
ESTIMATED BY ACTUARY						
8 weeks claims test		Additional contingency rese	erve			
Program expenses		Program expenses				
Dental/Vision or Rx claims	-	Dental/Vision or Rx claims	-			
Other Operating Expenses related to medical claims	-	Other Operating Expenses related to medical claims				
Other Operating Expenses other than related to claims	-	Other Operating Expenses other than related to claims	-			
ΤΟΤΑΙ	-	ΤΟΤΑΙ	-			
Minimum Program Reserves		Minimum Program Reserves				
Total Program Expenses	-	Total Program Expenses	-			
Divided by 52	-	Divided by 52	-			
x 8	_	x 8	-			
Total expected program reserves	-	Total expected program reserves	-			
Actual Program reserves		Reserves, after meeting 8 week test				
Net Position or liability	-	Net Position - 8 weeks of claims	-			
8 weeks claims test	NOT MET	Additional contingency reserve	NOT MET			

INSTRUCTIONS TO PREPARER

[1] This note should be customized specifically to the risk pool's circumstances particularly if programs in existence less than one year have established reserves according to the initial plan submitted and approved by the state risk manager, if different than the required eight week reserve, OR if reserve is determined by obtaining an independent actuary estimate.