Government that works for citizens

Financial Statements Audit Report

North County Regional Fire Authority dba North County Fire and EMS

For the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2014

Published February 22, 2016 Report No. 1016209





Washington State Auditor's Office

February 22, 2016

Board of Commissioners North County Fire and EMS Stanwood, Washington

Report on Financial Statements

Twy X Kelley

Please find attached our report on North County Fire and EMS's financial statements.

We are issuing this report in order to provide information on the Fire Authority's financial condition.

Sincerely,

TROY KELLEY

STATE AUDITOR

OLYMPIA, WA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

North County Fire and EMS January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2014

Board of Commissioners North County Fire and EMS Stanwood, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of North County Fire and EMS, Washington, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fire Authority's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 10, 2016.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the Fire Authority's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. We issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because the financial statements are prepared by the Fire Authority using accounting practices prescribed by Washington State statutes and the State Auditor's *Budgeting*, *Accounting and Reporting System* (BARS) manual described in Note 1, which is a basis of accounting other than GAAP. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audits of the financial statements, we considered the Fire Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fire Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fire Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Fire Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Fire Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of the Fire Authority's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fire Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Fire Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

TROY KELLEY

STATE AUDITOR

Twy X Kelley

OLYMPIA, WA

February 10, 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

North County Fire and EMS January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2014

Board of Commissioners North County Fire and EMS Stanwood, Washington

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of North County Fire and EMS, Washington, for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fire Authority's financial statements, as listed on page 10.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Washington State statutes and the *Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System* (BARS) manual prescribed by the State Auditor described in Note 1. This includes determining that the basis of accounting is acceptable for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control

relevant to the Fire Authority's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fire Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting (BARS Manual)

As described in Note 1, North County Fire and EMS has prepared these financial statements to meet the financial reporting requirements of Washington State statutes using accounting practices prescribed by the State Auditor's *Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System* (BARS) manual. Those accounting practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The differences in these accounting practices are also described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and results of operations of North County Fire and EMS, for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

Auditing standards issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) require auditors to formally acknowledge when governments do not prepare their financial statements, intended for general use, in accordance with GAAP. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between GAAP and the accounting practices the Fire Authority used, as described in Note 1, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material. As a result, we are required to issue an adverse opinion on whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with GAAP.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

The financial statements referred to above were not intended to, and in our opinion they do not, present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of North County Fire and EMS, as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, or the changes in financial position or cash flows for the years then ended, due to the significance of the matter discussed in the above "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP" paragraph.

Other Matters

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audits were performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedules of Liabilities are presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the prescribed BARS manual. These schedules are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 10, 2016 on our consideration of the Fire Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Fire Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

TROY KELLEY

STATE AUDITOR

Twy X Kelley

OLYMPIA, WA

February 10, 2016

FINANCIAL SECTION

North County Fire and EMS January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2014

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund Resources and Uses Arising from Cash Transactions – 2014 Fund Resources and Uses Arising from Cash Transactions – 2013 Notes to Financial Statements – 2014 Notes to Financial Statements – 2013

SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Schedule of Liabilities – 2014 Schedule of Liabilities – 2013

North County Fire & EMS Fund Resources and Uses Arising from Cash Transactions For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

		Total for All Funds (Memo Only)	000 General	200 Debt	301 Capital
Beginning Cash and Ir	nvestments				· · ·
30810	Reserved	2,906,301	1,600,000	1,554	1,304,747
30880	Unreserved	1,662,403	1,662,403	-	-
388 & 588	Prior Period Adjustments, Net	-	-	-	-
Operating Revenues					
310	Taxes	3,291,487	3,118,997	172,490	-
320	Licenses and Permits	1,525	1,525	-	-
330	Intergovernmental Revenues	53,310	53,310	-	-
340	Charges for Goods and Services	2,001,707	2,001,707	-	-
350	Fines and Penalties	-	-	-	-
360	Miscellaneous Revenues	119,409	104,161	2,691	12,557
Total Operating	Revenues:	5,467,438	5,279,700	175,181	12,557
Operating Expenditure	es				
510	General Government	-	-	-	-
520	Public Safety	5,557,233	5,557,233	-	-
Total Operating	Expenditures:	5,557,233	5,557,233	-	-
Net Operating Ir	ncrease (Decrease):	(89,795)	(277,533)	175,181	12,557
Nonoperating Revenue	es				
370-380, 395 & 398	Other Financing Sources	11,204	11,204	-	-
391-393	Debt Proceeds	-	-	-	-
397	Transfers-In	-	-	-	-
Total Nonopera	_	11,204	11,204	-	-
Nonoperating Expendi	tures				
580, 596 & 599	Other Financing Uses	20	19	1	-
591-593	Debt Service	176,021	-	176,021	-
594-595	Capital Expenditures	592,575	592,575	-	-
597	Transfers-Out		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	-
Total Nonopera	ting Expenditures:	768,616	592,594	176,022	-
Net Increase (E Investments:	Decrease) in Cash and	(847,207)	(858,923)	(841)	12,557
Ending Cash and Inves	stments				
5081000	Reserved	2,918,016	1,600,000	712	1,317,304
5088000	Unreserved	803,479	803,479	-	-
Total Ending C	ash and Investments	3,721,495	2,403,479	712	1,317,304

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

North County Fire & EMS Fund Resources and Uses Arising from Cash Transactions For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

		Total for All Funds (Memo Only)	000	200	301
Beginning Cash an	d Investments				
30810	Reserved	2,890,355	1,600,000	(1,132)	1,291,487
30880	Unreserved	2,429,256	2,429,256	-	-
388 & 588	Prior Period Adjustments, Net	-	-	-	-
Operating Revenue	s				
310	Taxes	3,126,489	2,936,200	190,289	-
320	Licenses & Permits	1,590	1,590	-	-
330	Intergovernmental Revenues	65,121	65,121	-	_
340	Charges for Goods and Services	2,195,160	2,195,160	-	-
350	Fines & Penalties	-	-	-	-
360	Miscellaneous Revenues	68,044	54,784	-	13,260
Total Operat	ing Revenues:	5,456,404	5,252,855	190,289	13,260
Operating Expendit	ures				
510	General Government	-	-	-	-
520	Public Safety	5,336,636	5,336,636	<u>-</u>	
Total Operat	ing Expenditures:	5,336,636	5,336,636	-	-
Net Operating	g Increase (Decrease):	119,768	(83,781)	190,289	13,260
Nonoperating Reve	nues				
370-380, 395 & 3	98 Other Financing Sources	5,875	5,875	-	-
391-393	Debt Proceeds	-	-	-	-
397	Transfers-In	-	-	-	-
Total Nonop	erating Revenues:	5,875	5,875	-	-
Nonoperating Expe	nditures				
580, 596 & 599	Other Financing Uses	1,224	1,187	37	-
591-593	Debt Service	188,276	710	187,566	-
594-595	Capital Expenditures	687,055	687,055	-	-
597	Transfers-Out		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
Total Nonop	erating Expenditures:	876,555	688,952	187,603	-
Net Increase Investments	e (Decrease) in Cash and s:	(750,912)	(766,858)	2,686	13,260
Ending Cash and Ir	vestments				
5081000	Reserved	2,906,301	1,600,000	1,554	1,304,747
5088000	Unreserved	1,662,403	1,662,403	-	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Total Ending Cash and Investments

Washington State Auditor's Office Page 12

4,568,704

3,262,403

1,304,747

1,554

North County Regional Fire Authority

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The North County Regional Fire Protection Authority (Fire Authority) is a special purpose government that provides fire suppression, emergency medical services, public education and fire prevention services. The Fire Authority is supported primarily through property taxes and contract revenues. The Fire Authority was created on January 1, 2008, through the combination of Snohomish County Fire District No. 14 and Snohomish County Fire District No. 18, and operates under Chapter 52 of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) and other laws of the state of Washington applicable to fire districts and fire protection authorities.

The Fire Authority is governed by a Board of Fire Commissioners, consisting of six elected members that serve for a period of six years. The Board of Fire Commissioners has the statutory authority to adopt and modify the budget, levy taxes, control all assets, sign contracts, and authorize borrowing or debt issuances. The Board of Fire Commissioners appoints the Fire Chief to manage the day-today operations of the Fire Authority. The Fire Chief is accountable to the Board of Fire Commissioners for the activities being managed.

The Fire Authority is the primary, special purpose government responsible for all fire protection within its service areas. As a result, all significant activities have been included in the financial statements. The Fire Authority's financial statements represent those of a stand-alone government, as there are no component units.

The Fire Authority reports financial activity in accordance with the Cash Basis Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System (BARS) Manual prescribed by the State Auditor's Office under the authority of Washington State law, Chapter 43.09 RCW. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

- Financial transactions are recognized on a cash basis of accounting as described below.
- Component units are required to be disclosed, but are not included in the financial statements.
- Government-wide statements, as defined in GAAP, are not presented.
- All funds are presented, rather than a focus on major funds.
- The Schedule of Liabilities is required to be presented with the financial statements as supplementary information
- Supplementary information required by GAAP is not presented.
- Ending balances are not presented using the classifications defined in GAAP.

a. Fund Accounting

Financial transactions of the Fire Authority are reported in individual funds. Each fund uses a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its cash and investments, revenues and expenditures. The Fire Authority's resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds depending on their intended purpose. Each fund is reported as a separate column in the financial statements. The following fund types are used:

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES:

General Fund (or current expense fund)

This fund is the primary operating fund of the Fire Authority. It accounts for all financial resources except those required or elected to be accounted for in another fund. For reporting purposes, the Fire Authority has consolidated its Working Capital Operating Reserve Fund and Investment Fund into the General Fund.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt.

Capital Projects Funds

This fund is used to account for financial resources which are restricted, committed, or assigned for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or other capital assets.

b. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting and measurement focus. Revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures are recognized when paid.

c. Budgets

The Fire Authority adopts annual appropriated budgets for all governmental funds. These budgets are appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted on the same basis of accounting as used for financial reporting. Annual appropriations for these funds lapse at the fiscal year end.

The appropriated and actual expenditures for the General Fund operating budget are as follow:

	Original	Amended	Actual	
	Budget	Budget	Expenditures	Variance
General Fund	\$ 5,796,808	\$ 6,346,808	\$ 6,150,962	\$ 195,846

RCW 52.16.070 provides that the Fire Authority shall not expend funds in any year that exceed its available resources. For the 2014 calendar year total expenditures did not exceed available resources.

d. Cash and Investments

It is the Fire Authority's policy to invest all temporary cash surpluses. Interest earned on invested funds is credited either to the Working Capital Operating Reserve fund or the Capital Asset Fund, depending on the source of the funds. All cash and investments are stated at fair value.

e. Capital Assets

Capital assets are assets with an individual cost of more than \$5,000 and estimated useful life in excess of one year. The capital assets of the Fire Authority are recorded as capital expenditures when purchased.

f. Compensated Absences

Vacation pay may be accumulated up to 240 hours for employees covered under the International Association of Firefighters (IAFF) Local 4118 contract, and is payable upon separation or retirement. At December 31, 2014 the Fire Authority's estimated liability for vacation pay was \$158,706.

Upon separation or retirement employees covered under the IAFF agreement receive compensation for up to 500 for unused sick leave. At December 31, 2014 the Fire Authority's estimated liability for sick leave pay was \$276,479.

- g. Risk Management Refer to Note 6, Other Disclosures
- h. Reserved Portion of Ending Cash and Investments

Beginning and Ending Cash and Investments is reported as reserved when it is subject to restrictions on use imposed by external parties or due to internal commitments established by the Board of Commissioners. When expenditures that meet restrictions are incurred, the Fire Authority intends to use reserved resources first before using unreserved amounts.

Reservations of Ending Cash and Investments consist of the following at December 31, 2014:

Fund	Purpose	Amount	RestrictionType
General Fund	Operating reserve	\$ 1,600,000	Committed
Bond Fund	Debt service	712	Restricted
Capital Projects Fund	Apparatus/equipment reserve	1,317,304	Committed
		\$ 2,918,016	

Note 2 - Property Tax

The Snohomish County Treasurer acts as an agent to collect property tax levied in the county for all taxing authorities. Collections are distributed as they are received. Property tax revenues are recognized when cash is recorded as received by the County.

Property taxes levied by the County Assessor and collected by the County Treasurer become a lien on the first day of the levy year and may be paid in two equal installments. The first installment is due on April 30 and the balance is due October 31. Delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible, bear interest at 12 percent, and are subject to additional penalties if not paid as scheduled.

Washington State law requires Assessors appraise property at 100 percent of its "true and fair market value" according to the "highest and best use" of the property. Taxes levied in 2014 were based on market sales in 2012, except for new construction. New construction values were established as of July 31, 2013.

In 2014, the Fire Authority levied the following property taxes:

		Levy	Levy
	Assessed Value	Rate/\$1000	Amount
Fire Operations	\$1,641,884,980	\$1.393	\$2,287,023
Emergency Medical Services (EMS)	1,670,296,580	0.500	835,148
GO Bonds, non-voted	1,643,912,075	0.107	176,021
		\$2.000	\$ 3,298,192

As of December 31, 2014 the outstanding property taxes receivable for the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund were \$145,684 and \$7,987 respectively.

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

The Fire Authority's investments are held by the Snohomish County Treasurer as its agent in the Fire Authority's name. At December 31, 2014 the Fire Authority had \$1,220,965 invested with the State of Washington Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and \$1,600,000 invested in the Snohomish County Investment Pool (SCIP). Both the LGIP's and SCIP's investment objectives are, in priority order: 1) safety of principal, 2) maintaining adequate liquidity to meet cash flows, and 3) providing a competitive interest rate relative to other comparable investment alternatives. Both investment pools are is comparable to a Securities and Exchange Commission regulated Rule 2a-7 money market fund.

The Fire Authority's deposits are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. All deposits not covered by FDIC insurance are covered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC). The PDPC makes and enforces regulations and administers a program to ensure public funds deposited in banks and thrifts are protected if a financial institution becomes insolvent.

Note 4 – Debt Service Requirements

The accompanying Schedule of Liabilities (09) provides additional information regarding the outstanding debt and liabilities of the Fire Authority and summarizes the Fire Authority's debt transactions for year ended December 31, 2014.

In July 2003, Snohomish County Fire District No. 14 issued a \$2,000,000 non-voted general obligation bond for the purpose of financing the acquisition, constructions and equipping of a new fire station. The bond bears interest at the rate of 4.30% and is held by Bank of America, Seattle, Washington. Principal payments of \$125,000 are due annually on each December 1, and interest is paid each June 1 and December 1. The bond matures on December 1, 2018.

The debt service requirements for general obligation bond, including both principle and interest, are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$125,000	\$20,936	\$145,936
2016	125,000	15,746	140,746
2017	125,000	10,468	135,468
2018	125,000	5,234	130,234
	\$500,000	\$52,384	\$552,384

Note 5 - Pension Plans

Substantially all of the Fire Authority's full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in the Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System (LEOFF) Plan 2, or the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) Plan 2 or Plan 3 administered by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, under cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans. Actuarial information is on a system-wide basis and is not considered pertinent to the Fire Authority's financial statements. Contributions to the systems by both employee and employer are based upon gross wages covered by plan benefits.

Historical trend or other information regarding each plan is presented in the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems annual financial report. A copy of this report may be obtained by writing to:

Department of Retirement Systems Communications Unit PO Box 48380 Olympia, WA 98504-8380

Note 6 - Other Disclosures

Self Insurance

The Fire Authority self-insures for Unemployment claims. During 2014 the Fire Authority received and paid 3 claims totaling \$21,112. Unemployment claims are recorded as an expense in the General Fund.

Joint Venture

The Fire Authority and other police and fire entities (currently 37) operate jointly the Snohomish County Police Staff and Auxiliary Services Center, (SNOPAC). SNOPAC, a cash basis, special purpose district, was created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act, as codified in RCW 39.34. This established the statutory authority necessary for Snohomish County, the cities, towns, fire districts, police districts and other service districts to enter into a contract and agreement to jointly establish maintain and operate a support communications center. Control of SNOPAC is with an 11 member Board of Directors which is specified in the Interlocal Agreement. SNOPAC takes 911 calls, and performs emergency dispatch services for local governmental agencies including police, fire and medical aid.

In the event of the dissolution of SNOPAC, any money in the possession of SNOPAC or the Board of Directors after payment of all costs, expenses and charges validly incurred under the Agreement shall be returned to the parties to the Agreement in proportion to their contribution during the fiscal year of dissolution. As of December 31, 2014, before deducting the payment of all costs, expenses and charges validly incurred, the Fire Authority's share was \$224,936.

North County Regional Fire Authority

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The North County Regional Fire Protection Authority (Fire Authority) is a special purpose government that provides fire suppression, emergency medical services, public education and fire prevention services. The Fire Authority is supported primarily through property taxes and contract revenues. The Fire Authority was created on January 1, 2008, through the combination of Snohomish County Fire District No. 14 and Snohomish County Fire District No. 18, and operates under Chapter 52 of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) and other laws of the state of Washington applicable to fire districts and fire protection authorities.

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The Fire Authority is the primary, special purpose government responsible for all fire protection within its service areas. As a result, all significant activities have been included in the financial statements. The Fire Authority's financial statements represent those of a stand-alone government, as there are no component units.

The Fire Authority reports financial activity in accordance with the Cash Basis Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System (BARS) Manual prescribed by the State Auditor's Office under the authority of Washington State law, Chapter 43.09 RCW. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

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This fund is used to account for the financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt.

Capital Projects Funds

This fund is used to account for financial resources which are restricted, committed, or assigned for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or other capital assets.

b. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting and measurement focus. Revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures are recognized when paid.

c. Budgets

The Fire Authority adopts annual appropriated budgets for all governmental funds. These budgets are appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Annual appropriations for these funds lapse at the fiscal year end. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted on the same basis of accounting as used for financial reporting. Annual appropriations for these funds lapse at the fiscal year end.

RCW 52.16.070 provides that the Fire Authority shall not expend funds in any year that exceed its available resources. For the 2013 calendar year total expenditures did not exceed available resources.

d. Cash and Investments

It is the Fire Authority's policy to invest all temporary cash surpluses. Interest earned on invested funds is credited either to the Working Capital Operating Reserve fund or the Capital Asset Fund, depending on the source of the funds. All cash and investments are stated at fair value.

e. Capital Assets

Capital assets are assets with an individual cost of more than \$5,000 and estimated useful life in excess of one year. The capital assets of the Fire Authority are recorded as capital expenditures when purchased.

f. Compensated Absences

Vacation pay may be accumulated up to 240 hours for employees covered under the International Association of Firefighters (IAFF) Local 4118 contract, and is payable upon separation or retirement. At December 31, 2013 the Fire Authority's estimated liability for vacation pay was \$160,183.

Upon separation or retirement employees covered under the IAFF agreement receive compensation for up to 500 for unused sick leave. At December 31, 2013 the Fire Authority's estimated liability for sick leave pay was \$305,032.

- g. Risk Management Refer to Note 6, Other Disclosures
- h. Reserved Portion of Ending Cash and Investments

Beginning and Ending Cash and Investments is reported as reserved when it is subject to restrictions on use imposed by external parties or due to internal commitments established by the Board of Commissioners. When expenditures that meet restrictions are incurred, the Fire Authority intends to use reserved resources first before using unreserved amounts.

Reservations of Ending Cash and Investments consist of the following at December 31, 2013:

Fund	Purpose	Amount	R	estrictionType
General Fund	Operating reserve	\$ 1,600,000		Committed
Bond Fund	Debt service	1,554		Restricted
Capital Projects Fund	Apparatus/equipment reserve	1,304,747		Committed
		\$ 2,906,301		

Note 2 - Property Tax

The Snohomish County Treasurer acts as an agent to collect property tax levied in the county for all taxing authorities. Collections are distributed as they are received. Property tax revenues are recognized when cash is recorded as received by the County.

Property taxes levied by the County Assessor and collected by the County Treasurer become a lien on the first day of the levy year and may be paid in two equal installments. The first installment is due on April 30 and the balance is due October 31. Delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible, bear interest at 12 percent, and are subject to additional penalties if not paid as scheduled.

Washington State law requires Assessors appraise property at 100 percent of its "true and fair market value" according to the "highest and best use" of the property. Taxes levied in 2013 were based on market sales in 2011, except for new construction. New construction values were established as of July 31, 2012.

In 2013, the Fire Authority levied the following property taxes:

		Levy	Levy
	Assessed Value	Rate/\$1000	Amount
Fire Operations	\$1,525,279,544	\$1.377	\$2,100,599
Emergency Medical Services (EMS)	1,554,164,944	0.500	777,082
GO Bonds, non-voted	1,527,302,292	0.123	187,569
		\$2.000	\$ 3,065,250

As of December 31, 2013 the outstanding property taxes receivable for the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund were \$129,175 and \$7,273 respectively.

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

The Fire Authority's investments are held by the Snohomish County Treasurer as its agent in the Fire Authority's name. At December 31, 2013 the Fire Authority had \$2,940,653 invested with the State of Washington Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and \$1,600,000 invested in the Snohomish County Investment Pool (SCIP). Both the LGIP's and SCIP's investment objectives are, in priority order: 1) safety of principal, 2) maintaining adequate liquidity to meet cash flows, and 3) providing a competitive interest rate relative to other comparable

investment alternatives. Both investment pools are is comparable to a Securities and Exchange Commission regulated Rule 2a-7 money market fund.

The Fire Authority's deposits are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. All deposits not covered by FDIC insurance are covered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC). The PDPC makes and enforces regulations and administers a program to ensure public funds deposited in banks and thrifts are protected if a financial institution becomes insolvent.

Note 4 – Debt Service Requirements

The accompanying Schedule of Liabilities (09) provides additional information regarding the outstanding debt and liabilities of the Fire Authority and summarizes the Fire Authority's debt transactions for year ended December 31, 2013. Responsibility for the following obligations was assumed by the Fire Authority on January 1, 2008, upon the combination of Snohomish County Fire District No. 14 and No. 18.

In July 2003, Snohomish County Fire District No. 14 issued a \$2,000,000 non-voted general obligation bond for the purpose of financing the acquisition, constructions and equipping of a new fire station. The bond bears interest at the rate of 4.30% and is held by Bank of America, Seattle, Washington.

Principal payments of \$125,000 are due annually on each December 1, and interest is paid each June 1 and December 1. The bond matures on December 1, 2018.

At January 1, 2008 the unpaid balance of Snohomish County Fire Protection District No. 18's long-term debt obligation for the purchase of a fire engine on January 1, 2008 was \$184,652. The final principal payment on this obligation is due in 2014 in the amount of \$24,191.

The debt service requirements for long-term debt obligations, including both principle and interest, are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2014	\$149,191	\$26,831	\$176,022
2015	\$125,000	\$20,936	\$145,936
2016	125,000	15,746	140,746
2017	125,000	10,468	135,468
2018	125,000	5,234	130,234
	\$649,191	\$79,215	\$728,406

Note 5 - Pension Plans

Substantially all of the Fire Authority's full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in the Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System (LEOFF) Plan 2, or the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) Plan 2 or Plan 3 administered by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, under cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans. Actuarial information is on a system-wide basis and is not considered pertinent to the Fire Authority's financial statements. Contributions to the systems by both employee and employer are based upon gross wages covered by plan benefits.

Historical trend or other information regarding each plan is presented in the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems annual financial report. A copy of this report may be obtained by writing to:

Department of Retirement Systems Communications Unit PO Box 48380 Olympia, WA 98504-8380

Note 6 - Other Disclosures

Self-Insurance

The Fire Authority also self-insures for Unemployment claims. During 2013 the Fire Authority received and paid 2 claims totaling \$3,624. Unemployment claims are recorded as an expense in the General Fund.

Joint Venture

The Fire Authority and other police and fire entities (currently 37) operate jointly the Snohomish County Police Staff and Auxiliary Services Center, (SNOPAC). SNOPAC, a cash basis, special purpose district, was created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act, as codified in RCW 39.34. This established the statutory authority necessary for Snohomish County, the cities, towns, fire districts, police districts and other service districts to enter into a contract and agreement to jointly establish maintain and operate a support communications center. Control of SNOPAC is with an 11 member Board of Directors which is specified in the Interlocal Agreement. SNOPAC takes 911 calls, and performs emergency dispatch services for local governmental agencies including police, fire and medical aid.

In the event of the dissolution of SNOPAC, any money in the possession of SNOPAC or the Board of Directors after payment of all costs, expenses and charges validly incurred under the Agreement shall be returned to the parties to the Agreement in proportion to their contribution during the fiscal year of dissolution. As of December 31, 2013, before deducting the payment of all costs, expenses and charges validly incurred, the Fire Authority's share was \$218,319.

North County Fire & EMS Schedule of Liabilities For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

ID. No.	Des	cription Due Date	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
General	Obligations					
251.11	Station 97	1/1/2018	625,000	-	125,000	500,000
259.11	Sick	12/31/2014	305,032	130,351	158,904	276,479
259.11	Vacation	12/31/2014	160,183	156,804	158,281	158,706
263.96	Fire Engine	6/1/2014	24,191	-	24,191	-
		Total General Obligations:	1,114,406	287,155	466,376	935,185
		Total Liabilities:	1,114,406	287,155	466,376	935,185

North County Fire & EMS Schedule of Liabilities For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

ID. No.	Descr	iption Due Date	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
General	Obligations					
251.11	Station 97	1/1/2018	750,000	-	125,000	625,000
259.11	Sick	12/31/2013	233,497	120,195	48,660	305,032
259.11	Vacation	12/31/2013	110,029	133,165	83,011	160,183
263.96	Fire Engine	12/31/2013	53,551	-	29,360	24,191
		Total General Obligations:	1,147,077	253,360	286,031	1,114,406
		Total Liabilities:	1,147,077	253,360	286,031	1,114,406

ABOUT THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

The State Auditor's Office is established in the state's Constitution and is part of the executive branch of state government. The State Auditor is elected by the citizens of Washington and serves four-year terms.

We work with our audit clients and citizens to achieve our vision of government that works for citizens, by helping governments work better, cost less, deliver higher value, and earn greater public trust.

In fulfilling our mission to hold state and local governments accountable for the use of public resources, we also hold ourselves accountable by continually improving our audit quality and operational efficiency and developing highly engaged and committed employees.

As an elected agency, the State Auditor's Office has the independence necessary to objectively perform audits and investigations. Our audits are designed to comply with professional standards as well as to satisfy the requirements of federal, state, and local laws.

Our audits look at financial information and compliance with state, federal and local laws on the part of all local governments, including schools, and all state agencies, including institutions of higher education. In addition, we conduct performance audits of state agencies and local governments as well as <u>fraud</u>, state <u>whistleblower</u> and <u>citizen hotline</u> investigations.

The results of our work are widely distributed through a variety of reports, which are available on our <u>website</u> and through our free, electronic <u>subscription</u> service.

We take our role as partners in accountability seriously, and provide training and technical assistance to governments, and have an extensive quality assurance program.

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