

Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit Report

Bethel School District No. 403

Pierce County

For the period September 1, 2016 through August 31, 2017

Published May 17, 2018 Report No. 1021286





Office of the Washington State Auditor

Pat McCarthy

May 17, 2018

Board of Directors Bethel School District No. 403 Spanaway, Washington

Report on Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit

Please find attached our report on Bethel School District No. 403's financial statements and compliance with federal laws and regulations.

We are issuing this report in order to provide information on the District's financial condition.

Sincerely,

Tat Machy

Pat McCarthy State Auditor Olympia, WA

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Bethel School District No. 403 Pierce County September 1, 2016 through August 31, 2017

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

The results of our audit of Bethel School District No. 403 are summarized below in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

Financial Statements

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the District's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. Separately, we issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation of all funds with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because the financial statements are prepared using a basis of accounting other than GAAP.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We noted no instances of noncompliance that were material to the financial statements of the District.

Federal Awards

Internal Control over Major Programs:

• *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over major federal programs that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

• *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the District's compliance with requirements applicable to each of its major federal programs.

We reported no findings that are required to be disclosed in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

Identification of Major Federal Programs:

The following programs were selected as major programs in our audit of compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

<u>CFDA No.</u>	Program or Cluster Title
10.553	Child Nutrition Cluster – School Breakfast Program
10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster – National School Lunch Program
10.559	$Child\ Nutrition\ Cluster-Summer\ Food\ Service\ Program\ for\ Children$

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs, as prescribed by the Uniform Guidance, was \$750,000.

The District qualified as a low-risk auditee under the Uniform Guidance.

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Bethel School District No. 403 Pierce County September 1, 2016 through August 31, 2017

Board of Directors Bethel School District No. 403 Spanaway, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Bethel School District No. 403, Pierce County, Washington, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 26, 2018.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the District's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. We issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because, as described in Note 1, the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* does not require the District to prepare the government-wide statements presenting the financial position and changes in financial position of its governmental activities as required by GAAP. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's

internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However,

this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Tat Marthy

Pat McCarthy State Auditor Olympia, WA

April 26, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Bethel School District No. 403 Pierce County September 1, 2016 through August 31, 2017

Board of Directors Bethel School District No. 403 Spanaway, Washington

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

We have audited the compliance of Bethel School District No. 403, Pierce County, Washington, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. *Office of Management and Budget* (*OMB*) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2017. The District's major federal programs are identified in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain

reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2017.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance compliance is a deficiency in *internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance compliance is a deficiency over compliance with a type of compliance compliance of the deficiency over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Tat Marchy

Pat McCarthy State Auditor Olympia, WA

April 26, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Bethel School District No. 403 Pierce County September 1, 2016 through August 31, 2017

Board of Directors Bethel School District No. 403 Spanaway, Washington

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Bethel School District No. 403, Pierce County, Washington, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, as listed on page 16.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Washington State statutes and the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* (Accounting Manual) described in Note 1. This includes determining that the basis of accounting is acceptable for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant account estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting (Accounting Manual)

As described in Note 1, the District has prepared these financial statements to meet the financial reporting requirements of Washington State statutes using accounting practices prescribed by the Accounting Manual. Those accounting practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The difference in these accounting practices is also described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Bethel School District No. 403, as of August 31, 2017, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

Auditing standards issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) require auditors to formally acknowledge when governments do not prepare their financial statements, intended for general use, in accordance with GAAP. GAAP requires presentation of government-wide financial statements to display the financial position and changes in financial position of its governmental activities.

As described in Note 1, the Accounting Manual does not require the District to prepare the government-wide financial statements, and consequently such amounts have not been determined or presented. We are therefore required to issue an adverse opinion on whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with GAAP.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

The financial statements referred to above were not intended to, and in our opinion they do not, present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Bethel School District No. 403, as of August 31, 2017, or the changes in financial position or cash flows for the year then ended, due to the significance of the matter discussed in the above "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP" paragraph.

Other Matters

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). The Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is also presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the prescribed Accounting Manual. These schedules are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 26, 2018 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral

part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Tat Marthy

Pat McCarthy State Auditor Olympia, WA

April 26, 2018

FINANCIAL SECTION

Bethel School District No. 403 Pierce County September 1, 2016 through August 31, 2017

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds – 2017
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds – 2017
Notes to Financial Statements – 2017

SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities – 2017 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – 2017 Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – 2017

		Balance	Sheet				
		Governmental Funds	al Funds				
		August 3	31, 2017				
	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
ASSETS:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	13,651,182.43	311,420.86	86,940.89	475,569.78	1,199,983.20	0.00	15,725,097.16
Minus Warrants Outstanding	-6,193,442.71	-10,923.90	0.00	-361,178.02	0.00	0.00	-6,565,544.63
Taxes Receivable	21,151,520.69		7,938,459.91	2,170,791.71	0.00		31,260,772.31
Due From Other Funds	180,501.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	180,501.40
Due From Other Governmental Units	2,122,671.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,122,671.86
Accounts Receivable	159,787.43	387.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	160,174.49
Interfund Loans Receivable	0.00			0.00			0.00
Accrued Interest Receivable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Inventory	487,097.65	0.00		0.00			487,097.65
Prepaid Items	516,744.29	0.00			0.00	0.00	516,744.29
Investments	49,800,000.00	1,537,000.00	2,416,000.00	14,100,000.00	111,000.00	0.00	67,964,000.00
Investments/Cash With Trustee	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Investments-Deferred Compensation	0.00			0.00			0.00
Self-Insurance Security Deposit	0.00						0.00
TOTAL ASSETS	81,876,063.04	1,837,884.02	10,441,400.80	16,385,183.47	1,310,983.20	00.00	111,851,514.53
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Other	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	00.0	00.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00°0
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	81,876,063.04	1,837,884.02	10,441,400.80	16,385,183.47	1,310,983.20	0.00	111,851,514.53
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts Payable	3,049,231.12	72,945.36	0.00	108,679.36	0.00	0.00	3,230,855.84
Contracts Payable Current	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Accrued Interest Payable			0.00				0.00
Accrued Salaries	341,036.74	0.00		0.00			341,036.74
Anticipation Notes Payable	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00

Bethel School District No. 403

		Balance Sheet	Sheet				
		Governmental Funds	al Funds				
		August 31,	1, 2017				
	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
LIABILITIES:							
Payroll Deductions and Taxes Payable	161,774.90	0.00		0.00			161,774.90
Due To Other Governmental Units	7,013.19	1,935.27		2,017.16	0.00	0.00	10,965.62
Deferred Compensation Payable	0.00			0.00			0.00
Estimated Employee Benefits Payable	611,920.50						611,920.50
Due To Other Funds	0.00	0.00	0.00	180,501.40	0.00	0.00	180,501.40
interfund Loans Payable	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
Deposits	0.00	0.00		0.00			0.00
Unearned Revenue	13,040.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		13,040.00
Matured Bonds Payable			0.00				0.00
Matured Bond interest Payable			00.00				0.00
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,184,016.45	74,880.63	00.0	291,197.92	0.00	00.00	4,550,095.00
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Unavailable Revenue	159,787.43	387.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	160,174.49
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes Receivable	21,151,520.69		7,938,459.91	2,170,791.71	0.00		31,260,772.31
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	21,311,308.12	387.06	7,938,459.91	2,170,791.71	0.00	0.00	31,420,946.80
FUND BALANCE:							
Nonspendable Fund Balance	1,003,841.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,003,841.94
Restricted Fund Balance	5,829,289.96	1,762,616.33	2,502,940.89	10,801,234.73	1,310,983.20	00.00	22,207,065.11
Committed Fund Balance	5,000,000.00	0.00	0.00	2,427,771.15	0.00	0.00	7,427,771.15
Assigned Fund Balance	30,625,792.55	0.00	00.00	694,187.96	0.00	0.00	31,319,980.51
Unassigned Fund Balance	13,921,814.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13,921,814.02
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	56,380,738.47	1,762,616.33	2,502,940.89	13,923,193.84	1,310,983.20	0.00	75,880,472.73
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	81,876,063.04	1,837,884.02	10,441,400.80	16,385,183.47	1,310,983.20	0.00	111,851,514.53

Bethel School District No. 403

St	Statement of Revenues,	, Expenditures,	and Changes	in Fund Balance	Ø		
		Governmental Funds	L Funds				
	For the	e Year Ended August	ugust 31, 2017				
	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
REVENUES:							
Local	47,273,173.19	1,662,515.18	16,588,806.41	6,477,830.37	3,131.32		72,005,456.47
State	169,754,479.36		0.00	341,922.71	1,537,132.07	L L	171,633,534.14
Federal	14,547,068.66		226,678.29	250.00	0.00		14,773,996.95
Federal Stimulus	0.00						0.00
Other	547,490.54			0.00	0.00	0.00	547,490.54
TOTAL REVENUES	232,122,211.75	1,662,515.18	16,815,484.70	6,820,003.08	1,540,263.39	0.00 25	0.00 258,960,478.10
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT:							
Regular Instruction	118,362,059.27					1	118,362,059.27
Federal Stimulus	0.00						0.00
Special Education	27,937,032.65						27,937,032.65
Vocational Education	7,423,097.69						7,423,097.69
Skill Center	2,853,184.03						2,853,184.03
Compensatory Programs	10,081,876.19						10,081,876.19
Other Instructional Programs	2,031,094.29						2,031,094.29
Community Services	861,858.00						861,858.00
Support Services	47,822,897.20					7	47,822,897.20
Student Activities/Other		1,598,887.12				0.00	1,598,887.12
CAPITAL OUTLAY:							
Sites				1,110,598.86			1,110,598.86
Building				3,076,582.58			3,076,582.58
Equipment				35,457.85			35,457.85
Instructional Technology				6,267,425.35			6,267,425.35
Energy				0.00			0.00
Transportation Equipment					1,783,770.94		1,783,770.94
Sales and Lease				0.00			0.00
Other	753,178.90						753,178.90
DEBT SERVICE:							
Principal	318,941.48		9,870,000.00	1,886,584.57	0.00		12,075,526.05
Interest and Other Charges	28,475.62		6,717,029.18	17,722.80	1,024.26		6,764,251.86
Bond/Levy Issuance				0.00	0.00		0.00
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	218,473,695.32	1,598,887.12	16,587,029.18	12,394,372.01	1,784,795.20	0.00 25	0.00 250,838,778.83

Bethel School District No. 403

403
No.
District
school
Bethel

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2017

	For the 1	rear Ended Au	the Year Ended August 31, 2017				
	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
DEBT SERVICE:							
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	13,648,516.43	63,628.06	228,455.52	-5,574,368.93	-244,531.81	0.00	8,121,699.27
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Bond Sales & Refunding Bond Sales	0.00		19,277,072.50	0.00	0.00		19,277,072.50
Long-Term Financing	137,416.48			4,133,804.28	0.00		4,271,220.76
Transfers In	636,790.08		00.00	0.00	00.00		636,790.08
Transfers Out (GL 536)	0.00		0.00	-636,790.08	0.00	0.00	-636,790.08
Other Financing Uses (GL 535)	0.00	I	-19,115,228.21	0.00	0.00		-19,115,228.21
Other	33,297.64		00.00	0.00	65,240.73		98,538.37
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	807,504.20		161,844.29	3,497,014.20	65,240.73	0.00	4,531,603.42
EXCESS OF REVENUES/OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	14,456,020.63	63,628.06	390,299.81	-2,077,354.73	-179,291.08	0.00	12,653,302.69
BEGINNING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	41,924,717.84	1,698,988.27		2,112,641.08 16,000,548.57	1,490,274.28	0.00	63,227,170.04
Prior Year(s) Corrections or Restatements	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

0.00 75,880,472.73

1,310,983.20

56,380,738.47 1,762,616.33 2,502,940.89 13,923,193.84

ENDING TOTAL FUND BALANCE

BETHEL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 403 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 1, 2016 through August 31, 2017

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Bethel School District is a municipal corporation organized pursuant to the Title 28A of the *Revised Code of Washington* (RCW) for the purposes of providing public school services to students in grades K-12. Oversight responsibility for the District's operations is vested with the independently elected board of directors. Management of the District is appointed by and is accountable to the board of directors. Fiscal responsibility, including budget authority and the power to set fees, levy property taxes, and issue debt consistent with provisions of state statutes, also rests with the board of directors.

The District presents governmental fund financial statements and related notes on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington*, issued jointly by the State Auditor's Office and the Superintendent of Public Instruction by the authority of RCW 43.09.200, RCW 28A.505.140, RCW 28A.505.010(1), and RCW 28A.505.020. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

- a. Districtwide statements, as defined in GAAP, are not presented.
- b. A Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is presented as supplementary information.
- c. Supplementary information required by GAAP is not presented.
- d. Property taxes collected after the end of the fiscal period are not considered available for revenue accrual as described below.

Fund Accounting

Financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds. Each fund uses a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures as appropriate. All funds are considered major funds. The various funds in the report are grouped into governmental funds as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

This fund is used to account for all expendable financial resources, except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the principle of having as few funds as are necessary, activities such as food services, maintenance, data processing, printing, and student transportation are included in the General Fund.

Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for financial resources that are to be used for the construction or acquisition of major capital assets. There are two funds that are considered to be of the capital projects fund type: the Capital Projects Fund and the Transportation Vehicle Fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund.</u> This fund is used to account for resources set aside for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets such as land and buildings.

<u>Transportation Vehicle Fund.</u> This fund is used to account for the purchase, major repair, rebuilding, and debt service expenditures that relate to pupil transportation equipment.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of matured general long-term debt principal and interest.

Special Revenue Fund

In Washington State, the only allowable special revenue fund for school districts is the Associated Student Body (ASB) Fund. This fund is accounted for in the District's financial statements as the financial resources legally belong to the District. As a special revenue fund, amounts within the ASB Fund may only be used for those purposes that relate to the operation of the Associated Student Body of the District.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Fund Financial Statement Presentation

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered "measurable" if the amount of the transaction can be readily determined. Revenues are considered "available" when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Categorical program claims and interdistrict billings are measurable and available and are accrued. Property taxes not collected by the fiscal year end are measurable and recorded as a receivable, however the receivable is not considered available for revenue accrual, but is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt which are recorded when due. Purchases of capital assets are expensed during the year of acquisition. For federal grants, the recognition of expenditures is dependent on the obligation date. (Obligation means a purchase order has been issued, contracts have been awarded, or goods and/or services have been received.)

Budgets

Chapter 28A.505 RCW and Chapter 392-123 Washington Administrative Code (WAC) mandate school district budget policies and procedures. The board adopts annual appropriated budgets for all governmental funds. These budgets are appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.

Budgets are adopted on the same modified accrual basis as used for financial reporting. Fund balance is budgeted as available resources and, under statute, may not be negative, unless the District enters into binding conditions with state oversight pursuant to RCW 28A.505.110.

Policy on the Use of Restricted or Unrestricted Resources

The District receives state funding for specific categorical education-related programs. Amounts that are received for these programs that are not used in the current fiscal year may be carried forward into the subsequent fiscal year, where they may be used only for the same purpose as they were originally received. When the District has such carryover, those funds are expended before any amounts received in the current year are expended.

Additionally, the District has other restrictions placed on its financial resources. When expenditures are recorded for purposes for which a restriction or commitment of fund balance is available, those funds that are restricted or committed to that purpose are considered first before any unrestricted or unassigned amounts are expended.

Fund Balance Classifications

The District classifies ending fund balance for its governmental funds into five categories.

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance.</u> The amounts reported as Nonspendable are resources of the District that are not in spendable format. They are either non-liquid resources such as inventory or prepaid items, or the resources are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Restricted are those resources of the District that have had a legal restriction placed on their use either from statute, WAC, or other legal requirements that are beyond the control of the board of directors. Restricted Fund Balance includes anticipated recovery of revenues that have been received but are restricted as to their usage.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Committed are those resources of the District that have had a limitation placed upon their usage by formal action of the District's board of directors. Commitments are made either through a formal adopted board resolution or are related to a school board policy. Commitments may only be changed when the resources are used for the intended purpose or the limitation is removed by a subsequent formal action of the board of directors.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance.</u> In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Assigned are those resources that the District has set aside for specific purposes. These accounts reflect tentative management plans for future financial resource use such as the replacement of equipment or the assignment of resources for contingencies. Assignments reduce the amount reported as Unassigned Fund Balance, but may not reduce that balance below zero.

In other governmental funds, Assigned Fund Balance represents a positive ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered. These resources are only available for expenditure in that fund and may not be used in any other fund without formal action by the District's board of directors and as allowed by statute.

The Chief Financial Officer, Director of Budget and Finance, and Director of Accounting and Purchasing are the persons who have the authority to create assignments of fund balance.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance.</u> In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Unassigned are those net spendable resources of the District that are not otherwise Restricted, Committed, or Assigned, and may be used for any purpose within the General Fund.

In other governmental funds, Unassigned Fund Balance represents a deficit ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered.

A negative Unassigned Fund Balance means that the legal restrictions and formal commitments of the District exceed its currently available resources.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the average cost method. The consumption method of inventory is used, which charges inventory as an expenditure when it is consumed. A portion of fund balance, representing inventory, is considered Nonspendable. Such reserves for inventory indicate that a portion of net current assets is set aside to replace or increase the inventory. USDA commodity inventory consists of food donated by the United States Department of Agriculture. It is valued at the prices paid by the USDA for the commodities.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Changes for 2016-17

Property Taxes – For purposes of revenue recognition, property taxes received after the fiscal year end are not considered available for revenue accrual as defined by GASBS 33 and Interpretation 5. Amounts outstanding are recognized as a deferred inflow of resources on the financial statements.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Pierce County Treasurer is the *ex officio* treasurer for the District and holds all accounts of the District. The District directs the County Treasurer to invest those financial resources of the District that the District has determined are not needed to meet the current financial obligations of the District.

The District's deposits and certificates of deposit are covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC). All of the District's investments during the year and at year-end were insured or registered and held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

Washington State statutes authorize the District to invest in the following types of securities:

- Certificates, notes, or bonds of the United States, its agencies, or any corporation wholly owned by the government of the United States,
- Obligations of government-sponsored corporations which are eligible as collateral for advances to member banks as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System,
- Bankers' acceptances purchased on the secondary market,
- Repurchase agreements for securities listed in the three items above, provided that the transaction is structured so that the public treasurer obtains control over the underlying securities,
- Investment deposits with qualified public depositories,
- Washington State Local Government Investment Pool, and
- County Treasurer Investment Pools.

The District's investments with the Pierce County Treasurer as of August 31, 2017 were \$67,964,000.

The Washington State Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is operated by the Washington State Treasurer and is managed in a manner generally consistent with SEC regulated Rule 2a-7 money market funds. Participation in the pool is voluntary and the pool is not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO). Fair value of the district's investment in the pool is measured using a net asset value (NAV) calculation based on the amortized cost of all securities held such that the securities will be valued at their acquisition cost, plus accrued income, amortized daily. The pool maintains a Weighted Average Maturity (WAM) of 60 days or shorter.

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The District has no known legal obligations that would materially impact the financial position of the district.

Arbitrage Rebate

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 requires the District to rebate the earnings on the investment of bond proceeds, in excess of their yield, to the federal government. This requirement is effective for the district's bond issue(s) after September 1, 1986, currently totaling \$172,885,000 as of August 31, 2017. Of the rebate, 90% is due and payable five years from the date bonds were issued and at five-year intervals thereafter. The remaining 10% is payable 60 days after they are retired. Because positive arbitrage can be offset against negative arbitrage, the rebatable amount fluctuates each year and may or may not be owed at the payment intervals. The district currently has no liability for arbitrage rebate as of August 31, 2017.

NOTE 4: PENSION PLANS

General Information

The Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the state of Washington, prepares a stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each pension plan. The pension plan's basic financial statement is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The measurement date of the pension plans is June 30. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The school district is reporting the net pension liability in the notes and on the Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities calculated as the district's proportionate allocation percentage multiplied by the total plan collective net pension liability.

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS CAFR. Copies of the report may be obtained by contacting the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, P.O. Box 48380, Olympia, WA 98504-8380; or online at <u>http://www.drs.wa.gov/administrations/annual-report.</u>

Membership Participation

Substantially all school district full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following three contributory, multi-employer, cost-sharing statewide retirement systems managed by DRS: Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and School Employees' Retirement System (SERS).

Dlan	Retirees and Beneficiaries	Inactive Plan Members Entitled	Active Plan
Plan	Receiving	to but not yet	Members
	Benefits	Receiving Benefits	
PERS 1	48,268	663	2,593
SERS 2	8,229	5,880	27,011
SERS 3	7,735	8,330	33,890
TRS 1	34,225	188	697
TRS 2	5,076	2,532	19,133
TRS 3	10,289	8,568	54,487

Membership participation by retirement plan as of June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Membership & Plan Benefits

Certificated employees are members of TRS. Classified employees are members of PERS (if Plan 1) or SERS. Plan 1 under the TRS and PERS programs are defined benefit pension plans whose members joined the system on or before September 30, 1977. TRS 1 and PERS 1 are closed to new entrants.

TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of three separate plans for membership purposes: Plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans and Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. TRS eligibility for membership requires service as a certificated public school employee working in an instructional, administrative or supervisory capacity.

TRS is comprised of three separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 1, Plan 2/3 and Plan 3. Plan 1 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 1 members. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of the plan. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

TRS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. TRS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC), for each year of service credit, up to a maximum of 60 percent, divided by twelve. The AFC is the total earnable compensation for the two consecutive highest-paid fiscal years, divided by two. Members are eligible for retirement at any age after 30 years of service, or at the age of 60 with five years of service, or at the age of 55 with 25 years of service. Other benefits include temporary and permanent disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries. TRS Plan 2/3 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC) per year of service for Plan 2 members and one percent of AFC for Plan 3 members. The AFC is the monthly average of the 60 consecutive highest-paid service credit months. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for normal retirement at the age of 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. TRS Plan 2/3 members who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. TRS Plan 2/3 members who have 30 or more years of service credit, were hired prior to May 1, 2013, and are at least 55 years old, can retire under one of two provisions: with a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

TRS Plan 2/3members hired on or after May 1, 2013 have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years. TRS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit.

Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at 3 percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

PERS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. PERS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. The AFC is the average of the member's 24 highest consecutive service months. Members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or at age 60 with at least five years of service.

Members retiring from inactive status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits. PERS Plan 1 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

SERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of two separate plans for membership purposes. SERS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan and SERS Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. SERS members include classified employees of school districts and educational service districts.

SERS is reported as two separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 2/3 and Plan 3. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members.

Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

SERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service for Plan 2 and one percent of AFC for Plan 3. The AFC is the monthly average of the member's 60 highest-paid consecutive service months before retirement, termination or death. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. SERS members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. SERS members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions, if hired prior to May 2, 2013: with a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

SERS members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. SERS retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

Plan Contributions

The employer contribution rates for PERS, TRS, and SERS (Plans 1, 2, and 3) and the TRS and SERS Plan 2 employee contribution rates are established by the Pension Funding Council based upon the rates set by the Legislature. The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under chapters 41.32, and 41.40 RCW for PERS, 41.34 and 41.35 RCW for SERS, and 41.32 and 41.34 RCW for TRS. Employers do not contribute to the defined contribution portions of TRS Plan 3 or SERS Plan 3. Under current law the employer must contribute 100 percent of the employer-required contribution. The employee contribution rate for Plan 1 in PERS and TRS is set by statute at six percent and does not vary from year to year.

The employer and employee contribution rates for the PERS plan are effective as of July 1. SERS and TRS contribution rates are effective as of September 1. The pension plan contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2017 were as follows:

	Pension Rates		
	7/1/17 Rate	7/1/16 Rate	
PERS 1			
Member Contribution Rate	6.00%	6.00%	
Employer Contribution Rate	12.70%	11.18%	
	Pension Rates		
	9/1/17 Rate	9/1/16 Rate	
TRS 1			
Member Contribution Rate	6.00%	6.00%	
Employer Contribution Rate	15.20%	13.13%	
TRS 2			
Member Contribution Rate	7.06%	5.95%	
Employer Contribution Rate	15.20%	13.13%	
TRS 3	·	· ·	
Member Contribution Rate	varies*	varies*	
Employer Contribution Rate	15.20%	13.13%	**
SERS 2			
Member Contribution Rate	7.27%	5.63%	
Employer Contribution Rate	13.48%	11.58%	
SERS 3			
Member Contribution Rate	varies*	varies*	
Employer Contribution Rate	13.48%	11.58%	**
Note: The DRS administrative rate of .0	018 is included in the e	employer rate.	
* = Variable from 5% to 15% based on	rate selected by the me	ember.	
** = Defined benefit portion only.	-		

The Collective Net Pension Liability

The collective net pension liabilities for the pension plans districts participated in are reported in the following tables:

The Net Pension Lia	bility as of June 30	, 2017:		
Dollars in Thousands	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Total Pension Liability	\$12,241,998	\$5,357,035	\$8,782,761	\$13,446,531
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(\$7,496,920)	(\$4,863,560)	(\$5,759,493)	(\$12,523,588)
Participating Employers' Net Pension Liability	\$4,745,078	\$493,475	\$3,023,268	\$ 922,943
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	61.24%	90.79%	65.58%	93.14%

The School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)

At June 30, 2017, the school district reported a total liability of \$90,736,843 for its proportionate shares of the individual plans' collective net pension liability. Proportion of net pension liability is based on annual contributions for each of the employers participating in the DRS administered plans. At June 30, 2017, the district's proportionate share of each plan's net pension liability is reported below:

June 30, 2017	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
District's Annual Contributions	\$ 1,723,244	\$ 2,379,971	\$ 6,063,832	\$ 6,420,869
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	13,593,644	8,670,963	52,388,388	16,083,849

At June 30, 2017, the school district's percentage of the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability was as follows and the change in the allocation percentage from the prior period is illustrated below:

Allocation Percentages	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Current Year Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	0.286479%	1.757123%	1.732840%	1.742670%
Liability				

Prior Year Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	0.248368%	1.618288%	1.591135%	1.609699%
Net Difference Percentage	0.038111%	0.138835%	0.141705%	0.132971%

Actuarial Assumptions

Capital Market Assumptions (CMAs) and expected rates of return by asset class provided by the Washington State Investment Board. The Office of the State Actuary relied on the CMAs in the selection of the long-term expected rate of return for reporting purposes.

The total pension liabilities for TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1 and SERS 2/3 were determined by actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, with the results rolled forward to June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0% total economic inflation; 3.75% salary inflation		
Salary Increases	In addition to the base 3.75% salary inflation assumption, salaries		
	are also expected to grow by promotions and longevity.		
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%		

Mortality Rates

Mortality rates used in the plans were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table and Combined Disabled Table published by the Society of Actuaries. The Office of the State Actuary applied offsets

to the base table and recognized future improvements in mortality by projecting the mortality rates using 100% Scale BB. Mortality rates are applied on a generational basis, meaning members are assumed to receive additional mortality improvements in each future year, throughout their lifetime. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation were based on the results of the 2007–2012 Experience Study Report and the 2015 Economic Experience Study. Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2016 actuarial valuation report.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, but including inflation) are developed for each major asset class by the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB). Those expected returns make up one component of WSIB's CMAs. The CMAs contain three pieces of information for each class of assets the WSIB currently invest in:

- Expected annual return
- Standard deviation of the annual return
- Correlations between the annual returns of each asset class with every other asset class

WSIB uses the CMAs and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns over various time horizons.

The long-term expected rate of return of 7.50% approximately equals the median of the simulated investment returns over a fifty-year time horizon, increased slightly to remove WSIB's implicit and small short-term downward adjustment due to assumed mean reversion. WSIB's implicit short-term adjustment, while small and appropriate over a ten to fifteen-year period, becomes amplified over a fifty-year measurement period.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017, are summarized in the following table:

TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1, and SERS 2/3			
Asset Class	Target	Long-Term Expected Real	
	Allocation	Rate of Return	
Fixed Income	20.00%	1.70%	
Tangible Assets	5.00%	4.90%	
Real Estate	15.00%	5.80%	
Global Equity	37.00%	6.30%	
Private Equity	<u>23.00%</u>	<u>9.30%</u>	

The inflation component used to create the above table is 2.20 percent, and represents WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. To determine the discount rate, an asset sufficiency test was completed to test whether the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Consistent with current law, the completed asset sufficiency test included an assumed 7.70 percent long-term discount rate to determine funding liabilities for calculating future contributions rate requirements. Consistent with the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.50 percent future investment rate of return on invested assets was assumed for the test. Contributions from plan members and employers are assumed to continue to be made at contractually required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.50 percent on pension plan investments was applied to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Bethel School District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability (NPL) calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or one percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate. Amounts are calculated using the school district's specific allocation percentage, by plan, to determine the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability.

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)	
PERS 1 NPL	\$5,780,412,000	\$4,745,078,000	\$3,848,257,000	
Allocation Percentage	0.286479%	0.286479%	0.286479%	
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$ 16,559,656	\$ 13,593,644	\$ 11,024,441	
SERS 2/3 NPL	\$1,278,921,000	\$ 493,475,000	(\$ 153,665,000)	
Allocation Percentage	1.757123%	1.757123%	1.757123%	
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$ 22,472,216	\$ 8,670,963	(\$ 2,700,083)	
TRS 1 NPL	\$3,759,368,000	\$3,023,268,000	\$2,386,123,000	
Allocation Percentage	1.732840%	1.732840%	1.732840%	
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$ 65,143,821	\$ 52,388,388	\$ 41,347,686	
TRS 2/3 NPL	\$3,134,647,000	\$ 922,943,000	(\$ 873,375,000)	
Allocation Percentage	1.742670%	1.742670%	1.742670%	
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$ 54,626,547	\$ 16,083,849	(\$ 15,220,042)	

NOTE 5: ANNUAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATIONS

The State, through the Health Care Authority (HCA), administers an agent multi-employer Other Post-Employment Benefit plan. The Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB), created within the HCA, is authorized to design benefits and determine the terms and conditions of employee and retired employee participation and coverage, including establishment of eligibility criteria for both active and retired employees. Programs include medical, dental, life insurance and long-term disability insurance.

Employers participating in the plan include the state of Washington (which includes general government agencies and higher education institutions), 60 of the state's K-12 school districts and educational service districts (ESDs), and 221 political subdivisions and tribal governments. Additionally, the PEBB plan is available to the retirees of the remaining 237 K-12 school districts and ESDs. The District's retirees are eligible to participate in the PEBB plan under this arrangement.

According to state law, the Washington State Treasurer collects a fee from all school district entities which have employees that are not current active members of the state Health Care Authority but participate in the state retirement system. The purpose of this fee is to cover the impact of the subsidized rate of health care benefits for school retirees that elect to purchase their health care benefits through the state Health Care Authority. For the fiscal year 2016-17, the District was required to pay the HCA \$64.39 per month per full-time equivalent employee to support the program, for a total payment of \$1,608,088.29. This assessment to the District is set forth in the state's operating budget and is subject to change on an annual basis. This amount is not actuarially determined and is not placed in a trust to pay the obligations for post-employment health care benefits.

The District has no control over the benefits offered to retirees, the rates charged to retirees, nor the fee paid to the Health Care Authority. The District does not determine its annual required contribution nor the net other post-employment benefit obligation associated with this plan. Accordingly, these amounts are not shown on the financial statements.

NOTE 6: COMMITMENTS UNDER LEASES

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2017, the District had incurred long-term debt as follows:

Lessor	Contract <u>Amount</u>	Annual Installments	Date of Final Installment	Balance
Apple Financial Services (iPads)	\$4,133,804.28	688,967.38	11/15/19	\$3.444,836.90
Apple Financial Services (iPads)	\$2,320,437.83	776,771.74	05/15/18	\$ 776,771.75

Apple Financial Services (iPads)	\$1,283,191.83	430,203.34	11/15/18	\$ 643,908.56
Apple Financial Services (Laptops)	944,500.64	239,487.85	05/15/19	476,504.30
National Cooperative Leas (Sharp Copiers)	ing 160,756.00	27,310.36	05/31/20	93,227.14
National Cooperative Leas (Sharp Copiers)	ing 117,500.00	20,611.97	11/30/22	109,633.71
National Cooperative Leas (Sharp Copiers)	ing 101,716.75	24,045.84	05/15/21	77,811.28
Lessor	Contract <u>Amount</u>	Annual <u>Installments</u>	Date of Final Installment	Balance
Ricoh America Corp (Print Shop Copier)	62,898.00	12,579.60	08/31/18	11,518.31
Pitney Bowes (Postage Machine)	19,916.48	3,983.28	11/30/21	16,929.02

The District entered into an agreement with Canyon Road Property to lease the premises at 5410 184th Street East, Building C for the purpose of renting office and warehouse space for an initial period of ten (10) years which commenced on November 1, 2002 with the option to renew the lease for two (2) additional ten (10) year periods. The Board approved extending the lease for an additional three years commencing on November 1, 2012. On May 12, 2015, the Board approved an additional three year agreement which extends the lease through October 31, 2018.

NOTE 7: OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Construction in progress is composed of:

Project	Project Authorization	Expended as of 08/31/17
Spanaway Elementary Demo	\$ 1,088,000.00	\$ 817,724.70
Eight Acre Fill	1,967,879.00	158,429.56
ESC Building #2 Remodel	2,552,694.00	174,443.48
Total	<u>\$ 5,608,573.00</u>	<u>\$ 1,150,597.74</u>

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of moneys are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances lapse at the end of the fiscal year and may be reencumbered the following year. Encumbrances in the following amounts, by fund, were reencumbered on September 1, 2017:

General Fund	\$ 3,142,753.82
Capital Projects Fund	5,364,353.44
Associated Student Body Fund	7,800.00

NOTE 8: DISCLOSURES ABOUT CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's capital assets are insured in the amount of \$806,192,065. In the opinion of the district's insurance consultant, the amount is sufficient to adequately fund replacement of the district's assets.

NOTE 9: DISCLOSURES ABOUT LONG-TERM LIABIITIES

Long-Term Debt

Bonds payable at August 31, 2017 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Issue		Amount Authorized	Annual Installments	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Amount Outstanding
				-		-
2009B	GO	12,555,000	3,400,000 - 9,155,000	12//01/27	5.395% - 5.595%	12,555,000
2009C	GO	17,445,000	17,445,000 - 17,445,000	12//01/26	1.615% - 1.615%	17,445,000*
2010	REF	37,025,000	780,000 - 9,340,000	12/01/22	2.000% - 4.000%	28,080,000
2010B	REF	15,840,000	50,000 - 6,035,000	12/01/27	2.000% - 4.000%	15,270,000
2011	GO	25,000,000	250,000 - 7,195,000	12/01/28	3.000% - 5.000%	24,000,000
2014	REF	66,260,000	395,000 - 8,020,000	12/01/25	1.250% - 5.000%	59,770,000
2016	REF	18,250,000	390,000 - 2,440,000	12/01/20	2.000% - 4.000%	15,765,000
		TOTAL			<u>\$</u>	<u>172,885,000</u>

*One payment due at maturity.

Following is a summary of general obligation long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended August 31, 2017:

Long-Term Debt Payable at 09/01/16	\$ 183,175,000
Add: Refunding Bonds	18,250,000
Less: Debt Retired	(28,540,000)
Long-Term Debt Payable at 08/31/17	\$ 172,885,000

At August 31, 2017, the district had \$2,502,940.89 available in the Debt Service Fund to service the general obligation bonds.

Following is a schedule of annual requirements to amortize long-term debt at August 31, 2017:

Years Ending			
August 31,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2018	9,440,000.00	6,564,014.00	16,004,014.00
2019	10,870,000.00	6,204,076.50	17,074,076.50
2020	11,085,000.00	5,728,376.50	16,813,376.50
2021	9,790,000.00	5,326,751.50	15,116,751.50
2022	13,715,000.00	4,865,414.00	18,580,414.00
2023	19,455,000.00	4,284,501.50	23,739,501.50
2024	15,975,000.00	3,528,514.00	19,503,514.00
2025	17,250,000.00	2,873,601.50	20,123,601.50
2026	12,550,000.00	2,096,886.50	14,646,886.50
2027	23,565,000.00	1,558,903.13	25,123,903.13
2028	22,385,000.00	783,917.38	23,168,917.38
2029	6,805,000.00	136,100.00	6,941,100.00
TOTALS	<u>\$ 172,885,000.00</u>	<u>\$43,951,053.51</u>	<u>\$216,836,056.51</u>

Bond Refunding

On October 26, 2016, the District refunded \$18,250,000 of bonds originally issued in February 2006 to take advantage of low bond interest rates. The District realized a rate of 1.19% on the new bonds as compared to 4.77% on the bonds being refinanced. This refunding will result in savings of over \$1.5 million for taxpayers over the next four years.

Build America Bonds (BAB) Federal Subsidy

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 created a new category of municipal bonds that provide tax benefits to issuers and investors that differs from the tax benefits provided by conventional tax-exempt bonds. On December 17, 2009 the district sold \$12,555,000 in bonds that were designated as Build American Bonds (Direct Payment). As such, the district receives payments from the U.S. Treasury Department equal to 35% of the interest payment (\$121,739.15) on the bonds every six months. However, due to sequestration:

- the interest payment was reduced by 8.7 percent (\$111,147.83) which was applicable to payments made between March 1 and September 30, 2013;
- effective October 1, 2013, the amount of the original refundable credit was reduced by 7.2 percent (\$112,973.92);
- on October 16, 2014 the IRS announced the increase in the rate to 7.3 percent (\$112,852.18). This increase was effective on October 1, 2014;
- the rate was reduced to 6.8 percent (\$113,460.88) beginning with payments after October 1, 2016;
- the sequester percentage for fiscal year 2017 was increased to 6.9 percent (\$113,339.14);
- beginning October 1, 2017, sequestration rates were reduced to 6.6 percent (\$113,704.36).

NOTE 10: INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The following table depicts interfund loan activity:

Debtor Fund	Due To	Balance at 09/01/16	New Loan Activity at 03/07/17	Repayments	Balance at 08/31/17
Transportation	General		\$336,956.00Principal		
Vehicle Fund	Fund	\$0.00	1,024.26 Interest	\$337,980.26	\$0.00

The following table depicts interfund transfer activity:

Transferred From	Transferred To	Amount	Description
Capital Projects	General Fund	\$532,676.43	Technology Levy
Fund			

NOTE 11: ENTITY RISK MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The Bethel School District is a member of the Schools Insurance Association of Washington (SIAW). Chapter 48.62 RCW authorizes the governing body of any one or more governmental

entities to form together into or join a program or organization for the joint purchasing of insurance, and/or joint self-insuring, and/or joint hiring or contracting for risk management services to the same extent that they may individually purchase insurance, self-insure, hire or contract for risk management services. An agreement to form a pooling arrangement was made pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 39.34 RCW, the Interlocal Cooperation Act. The program was formed on September 1, 1995, when seven mid-sized school districts in the state of Washington joined together by signing an Interlocal Agreement to pool their self-insured losses and jointly purchase insurance and administrative services. Presently the SIAW program has 37 member districts.

The program allows members to jointly purchase insurance coverage and provide related services, such as administration, risk management, claims administration, etc. Coverage for Wrongful Act Liability and Employee Benefit Liability is on a claims-made basis. All other coverages are on an occurrence basis. The program provides the following forms of group purchased insurance coverage for its members: property, earthquake, general liability, automotive liability, equipment breakdown, crime, and wrongful acts liability.

The program acquires liability insurance through their administrator, Clear Risk Solutions, which is subject to a per-occurrence self-insured retention (SIR) of \$100,000. Members are responsible for a standard deductible of \$2,500 for each claim (some member deductibles vary), while the program is responsible for the \$100,000 SIR. Insurance carriers cover insured losses over \$102,500 to the limits of each policy. Since the program is a cooperative program, there is a joint liability among the participating members towards the sharing of the \$100,000 SIR. The program also purchases a Stop Loss Policy with an attachment point of \$3,036,316, which it fully funds in its annual budget.

Property insurance is subject to a per-occurrence SIR of \$250,000. Members are responsible for a \$10,000 deductible amount for each claim (some member deductibles vary), while the program is responsible for the \$250,000 SIR. Insurance carriers cover insured losses over \$260,000 to the limits of each policy. Equipment breakdown insurance is subject to a per-occurrence deductible of \$10,000. Members are responsible for the deductible amount of each claim.

Members contract to remain in the program for one year and must give notice before December 31 to terminate participation the following September 1. Renewal of the Interlocal Agreement occurs automatically each year. Even after termination, a member is still responsible for contributions to the program for any unresolved, unreported, and in-process claims for the period they were a signatory to the Interlocal Agreement.

The program is fully funded by its member participants. Claims are filed by members with Clear Risk Solutions, which has been contracted to perform program administration, claims adjustment and administration, and loss prevention for the program. Fees paid to the third party administrator under this arrangement for the year ending August 31, 2017 were \$3,233,172.27.

A Board of Directors of eight members is selected by the membership from the east and west side of the state and is responsible for conducting the business affairs of the program. The Board

of Directors has contracted with Clear Risk Solutions to perform day-to-day administration of the program. This program has no employees.

Unemployment

The district self-insures for unemployment compensation and contracts with a third party to administer its unemployment claims. Actual employee claims are paid by the State of Washington, Department of Employment Security and reimbursed by the district. Funds are designated in the General Fund for payment of loss claims resulting from work stoppage, layoffs, or other emergencies resulting in benefit claims.

At August 31, 2017, the amount of liabilities was \$611,920.50. This liability is the district's best estimate based on available information. Changes in the reported liability since September 1, 2011 resulted in the following:

School Year	September 1 Liability	Current Year Payroll UI Estimates	Claim Payments	August 31 Balance
2012-13	533,083.48	104,154.19	222,831.30	414,406.37
2013-14	414,409.37	150,958.12	136,853.20	428,514.29
2014-15	428,514.29	128,507.60	64,371.36	492,650.53
2015-16	492,650.53	140,356.81	72,405.51	560,601.83
2016-17	560,601.83	154,586.97	103,268.30	611,920.50

Worker's Compensation

The District contracts with the Puget Sound Worker's Compensation Trust which is a selfinsured pool providing insurance for on-the-job injuries for school districts. The Trust helps injured workers return to the workplace and assists the district in assessing workplace safety and implementation of loss control programs. Participating school districts own the Trust with all premiums building equity to help offset the ultimate costs. Bethel School District's total 2016-17 contributions to the Trust were \$1,845,806.80. A copy of the Puget Sound Worker's Compensation Trust report can be obtained by writing:

> Puget Sound Workers' Compensation Trust 800 Oakesdale Avenue SW Renton, WA 98057

NOTE 12: PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax revenues are collected as the result of special levies passed by the voters in the District. Taxes are levied on January 1. The taxpayer has the obligation of paying all taxes on April 30 or one-half then and one-half on October 31. Typically, slightly more than half of the

collections are made on the April 30 date. The tax collections occurring after the end of the fiscal period are unavailable for revenue accrual. Therefore, the fall portion of property taxes is not accrued as revenue. Instead, the property taxes due after the end of the fiscal period are recorded as deferred inflow of resources.

NOTE 13: JOINT VENTURES AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The District is a member of the King County Director's Association (KCDA), a purchasing cooperative designed to pool the member district's purchasing power. The board authorized joining the association by passing Resolution No. 1 dated September 6, 1960 and has remained in the joint venture ever since. The District's equity in this cooperative totaled \$153,503.19 as of December 31, 2016. The equity is the accumulation of the annual assignment of KCDA's operating surplus based upon the percentage derived from KCDA's total sales to the District compared to all other districts applied against paid administrative fees. The District may withdraw from the joint venture and will receive its equity in 10 annual allocations of merchandise or 15 annual payments.

NOTE 14: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Associated Student Body Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund
Nonspendable					
Fund Balance					
Inventory					
and	\$1,003,841.94				
Prepaid					
Items					
Restricted					
Fund Balance					
For Fund					
Purposes				\$1,762,616.33	\$1,310,983.20
For Other	40,000.00				
Items					
Carryover					
of					
Restricted	1,138,191.13				
Revenue					
Restricted					
for Skills	749,350.73				
Center					

The District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate:

Carryover				
of Food				
Service	235,237.98			
Revenue				
Debt	3,666,510.12		\$2,502,940.89	
Service				
Committed				
Fund Balance				
Other	5,000,000.00			
Purposes*				
Assigned				
Fund Balance		694,187.96		
Other	30,625,792.55			
Purposes				
Unassigned				
Fund Balance	13,921,814.02			

*On October 24, 2017, the Board of Directors took an action to commit a portion of the District's ending balance towards sprinkler replacement at Frontier Middle School, hazardous mitigation upgrades and emergency generators at Roy & Kapowsin Elementary Schools. The amount of fund balance that has been set aside may only be used for these purposes and may not be used for any other purpose of the District.

In addition, the Capital Projects Fund has the following amounts in Committed and Restricted Fund Balance, based on the source of the revenues:

Committed From Levy Proceeds	\$ 2,427,771.15
Restricted From State Proceeds	8,129,328.51
Restricted from Other Proceeds	532,078.59
Restricted Impact Fee Proceeds	1,945,248.97
Restricted Mitigation Fee Proceeds	194,578.66

<u>NOTE 15: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS OTHER THAN</u> <u>PENSION PLANS – BOTH IN SEPARATELY ISSUED PLAN FINANCIAL</u> <u>STATEMENTS AND EMPLOYER STATEMENTS</u>

457 Plan – Deferred Compensation Plan

District employees have the option of participating in a deferred compensation plan as defined in §457 of the Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the state deferred compensation plan.

403(b) Plan – Tax Sheltered Annuity (TSA)

The District offers a tax deferred annuity plan for its employees. The plan permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years through elective deferrals (employee contribution).

The District complies with IRS regulations that require school districts to have a written plan to include participating investment companies, types of investments, loans, transfers, and various requirements. The plan is administered by a third party administrator. The plan assets are assets of the District employees, not the school district, and are therefore not reflected on these financial statements.

NOTE 16: TERMINATION BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Employees earn sick leave at a rate of 12 days per year up to a maximum of one contract year.

Under the provisions of RCW 28A.400.210, sick leave accumulated by District employees is reimbursed at death or retirement at the rate of one day for each four days of accrued leave, limited to 180 accrued days. This chapter also provides for an annual buyout of an amount up to the maximum annual accumulation of 12 days. For buyout purposes, employees may accumulate such leave to a maximum of 192 days, including the annual accumulation, as of December 31 of each year.

These expenditures are recorded when paid, except termination sick leave that is accrued upon death, retirement, or upon termination provided the employee is at least 55 years of age and has sufficient years of service. Vested sick leave was computed using the termination payment method. The district's estimated sick leave payable as of August 31, 2017 is \$86,387.74.

Vacation leave is earned at an increasing rate beginning with 12 days per year in accordance with district bargaining agreements for employees qualifying for vacation benefits. Employees may accrue up to 30 days of annual leave. As of August 31, 2017, the district's estimated vacation payable is \$2,794,498.62.

NOTE 17: OTHER DISCLOSURES

Pierce County Skills Center

The Bethel School District is the host district for the Pierce County Skills Center (PCSC), a regional program designed to provide career and technical education opportunities to students in participating districts. The purpose of a Skills Center is to enhance the career and technical education course offerings among districts by avoiding unnecessary duplication of courses.

The PCSC officially opened Wednesday, September 8, 2010. The PCSC was created through an agreement of the seven member districts. The PCSC is governed by an Administrative Council, comprised of the superintendents, or their appointed representatives, of each member district. The PCSC administration is handled through a director, employed by the Bethel School District.

As host district, the Bethel School District has the following responsibilities:

- a. Employ staff of the PCSC.
- b. Act as fiscal agent for the PCSC and maintain separate accounts and fund balances for each fund.
- c. Review and adopt the PCSC budget as a part of the District's overall budget.
- d. Provide such services as may be mutually agreed upon by the District and the PCSC.

Sources of Funding

The PCSC is primarily funded by state apportionment, based on the number of students who attend the PCSC. Other sources of income may include federal grants from the Carl D. Perkins program, tuition and fees, and payments from member districts.

Capital Improvements

The District collects an annual fee from all participating districts for the Capital Maintenance Fund. These funds are used for the maintenance and related capital improvements of the PCSC facilities.

Fees are collected from each member district in accordance with the Interlocal Agreement signed by all member districts. Any amounts collected that have not been expended for capital purposes are recorded as a restriction of the District's General Fund balance. As of August 31, 2017, the Capital Maintenance Fund had a balance of \$143,950.00.

Unspent Funds

Any funds remaining at the end of the year from the PCSC operations are recorded as a restriction of the District's General Fund balance, and are to be used for financing future operations of the PCSC.

Member districts do not have claim to any unspent funds of the PCSC. As of August 31, 2017, the PCSC had a restricted carryover of \$605,400.73. (This does not include the Capital Maintenance funds carryover.)

In addition to the Bethel School District, the host district, the following districts are member districts of the PCSC:

- Eatonville School District
- Fife School District
- Franklin Pierce School District
- Orting School District
- Sumner School District
- Steilacoom School District

- Tacoma School District
- White River School District

Subsequent Event

On February 13, 2018, the district will have three measures on the ballot for voter approval:

- A replacement Educational Programs and Operations Levy at an estimated levy rate of \$1.50 per \$1,000 of assessed value for four years
- A replacement Technology Capital Projects Levy with a annual rate per \$1,000 of assessed value estimated between \$0.37 and \$0.46 for four years
- A General Obligation Bond of \$443,000,000 maturing within 21 years

	Schedule of Long-1	Long-Term Liabilities			
	For the Year Ended	Ended August 31, 2017			
	Beginning				
	Outstanding Debt		Amount	Ending	
Description	September 1, 2016	Amount Issued / Increased	Redeemed / Decreased	Outstanding Debt August 31, 2017	Amount Due Within One Year
Voted Debt					
Voted Bonds	183,175,000.00	18,250,000.00	28,540,000.00	172,885,000.00	9,440,000.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds Issued in Lieu of Bonds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Non-Voted Debt and Liabilities					
Non-Voted Bonds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Capital Leases	3,329,372.38	4,133,804.28	2,121,155.15	5,342,021.51	2,820,063.03
Contracts Payable	262,202.74	137,416.48	90,499.76	309,119.46	87,131.73
Non-Cancellable Operating Leases	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Claims & Judgements	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Compensated Absences	2,347,293.11	2,129,260.70	1,595,667.45	2,880,886.36	533,593.25
Long-Term Notes	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Anticipation Notes Payable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Lines of Credit	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Non-Voted Debt	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00
Other Liabilities					
Non-Voted Notes Not Recorded as Debt	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net Pension Liabilities:					
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 1	54,325,113.00	0.00	1,936,725.00	52,388,388.00	
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 2/3	22,105,947.00	0.00	6,022,098.00	16,083,849.00	
Net Pension Liabilities SERS 2/3	10,628,380.00	0.00	1,957,417.00	8,670,963.00	
Net Pension Liabilities PERS 1	13,338,537.00	255,107.00	0.00	13,593,644.00	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	289,511,845.23	24,905,588.46	42,263,562.36	272,153,871.33	12,880,788.01

Bethel School District No. 403

1	2	ę	4	5	9		7	8	6	10
Pa Federal Agency Name Thro Age	Pass Through Agency	Federal Program Title	CFDA Number	Other Identification Number	From Direct Awards	t Awards:	From Pass Through Awards	Total	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Footnote
US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE OSPI		Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program - Non-Cash Summer Food Service Program for Children Submar Food Service Program for Children	10.553 10.555 10.555 10.555	9805-6198 9800-6198 9800-6998 9873-6189		07 (1)	0 0 0 0 0	<pre>\$ 1,147,703.00 3,642,462.00 775,775.00 41,951.00 \$ 5,607,891.00</pre>		Note 1 Note 2 Note 1
Treasurer		Schools and Roads - Grants to States Total US Department of Agriculture	10.665	9700-5500 #	#2	1 07	4,356.00 \$5,612,247.00	4,356.00 \$ 5,612,247.00		
US DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE		Competitive Grants: Promoting K-12 Student Achievement at Military-Connected Schools	12.556	6905-6300-040	\$	80,117.00		\$ 80,117.00		
		ROTC Program Total US Department of Defense	UNKNOWN	3900/3905-6200- 458 & 428 & 407	161 \$ 241	161,164.00 241,281.00		161,164.00 \$ 241,281.00		
US DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		Indian Education Formula Grants to LEAs 84	84.060A	6800-61-6168	\$	61,942.00		\$ 61,942.00		
		Impact Aid	84.041		#1 238	238,186.00		238,186.00		
IdSO	~	Title 1 Grants to Local Education Agencies Special Education Cluster:	84.010	5100/5158/5159- 6151-051		0 7	\$3,319,687.00	3,319,687.00		Note 3, 4A
IdSO	~	Special Education _ Grants to State	84.027	2400-6124-030 & 2440-6124-030			3,684,312.00	3,684,312.00		Note 4A
IdSO	R	Special Education_ Preschool Grants Subtotal Special Education Cluster	84.173	2436-6124-030 & 2441-6124-030			110,250.00 \$3,794,562.00	110,250.00 \$ 3,794,562.00		Note 4A
IdSO IdSO		Career and Technical Education, Basic Grants to State English Language Acquisition State Grants Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.048 84.365 84.367	3800-6138-031 & 3850-61-61 38- 031& 4600-6146- 460 6400-6164-030 6400-6152-042 5200-6152-042			163,042.00 76,184.00 535,782.00	163,042.00 76,184.00 535,782.00		Note 4A Note 4B Note 4A
		Total US Department of Education			\$ 300	300,128.00 \$	\$7,889,256.00	\$ 8,189,385.00		
PIERCE COUNTY COMMUNITY CONNECTIONS		Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse Total Pierce County Community Connections	93.959	8939-63-6389		5 0	\$ 35,762.00 \$ 35,762.00	\$ 35,762.00 \$ 35,762.00		
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES ESD 121		Head Start Total Department of Health and Human Services	93.600	6105-6361-051		رم د م	\$ 196,614.00 \$ 196,614.00	\$ 196,614.00 \$ 196,614.00		
		TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDED			54	541,409.00	13,733,879.00	14,275,289.00	\$0.00	

BETHEL SCHOOL DISTRICT #403 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ending August 31, 2017

NOTE 1- BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared on the same basis of accounting as Bethel's financial statements. The district uses the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures represent only the federally funded portions of the program. District records should be consulted to determine amounts expended or matched from non-federal sources.

NOTE 2 - NONCASH AWARDS - FOOD COMMODITIES

NOTE 3 - SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAMS

within a school for all students, rather than limit services to certain targeted students. The following federal program amounts were expended by the District in its schoolwide programs: The District operates a "schoolwide program" in nine elementary buildings: Using federal funding, schoolwide programs are designed to upgrade an entire educational program Fitle 1 (84.010): \$ \$2,701,256.21

CSTP Grant NOTE 4 - FEDERAL INDIRECT RATES 4A - Federal restricted rate of .02

4A - Federal restricted rate of .04

Reimbursement of \$1945.00 for field trips were made through MT Rainier National Park education and Youth Outreach Program. They do not have a CFDA Number Military funds were issued to the District, contracted funds, not a grant. \$63412.59 for AYPYN, after school funds. NOTE 5 - FEDERAL INDIRECT RATES

NOTE 6 - 10% DE MINIMIS COST RATE

The District did not use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

ABOUT THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

The State Auditor's Office is established in the state's Constitution and is part of the executive branch of state government. The State Auditor is elected by the citizens of Washington and serves four-year terms.

We work with our audit clients and citizens to achieve our vision of government that works for citizens, by helping governments work better, cost less, deliver higher value, and earn greater public trust.

In fulfilling our mission to hold state and local governments accountable for the use of public resources, we also hold ourselves accountable by continually improving our audit quality and operational efficiency and developing highly engaged and committed employees.

As an elected agency, the State Auditor's Office has the independence necessary to objectively perform audits and investigations. Our audits are designed to comply with professional standards as well as to satisfy the requirements of federal, state, and local laws.

Our audits look at financial information and compliance with state, federal and local laws on the part of all local governments, including schools, and all state agencies, including institutions of higher education. In addition, we conduct performance audits of state agencies and local governments as well as <u>fraud</u>, state <u>whistleblower</u> and <u>citizen hotline</u> investigations.

The results of our work are widely distributed through a variety of reports, which are available on our <u>website</u> and through our free, electronic <u>subscription</u> service.

We take our role as partners in accountability seriously, and provide training and technical assistance to governments, and have an extensive quality assurance program.

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