

Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit Report

Lake Washington School District No. 414

King County

For the period September 1, 2016 through August 31, 2017

Published May 21, 2018 Report No. 1021342





Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

May 21, 2018

Board of Directors Lake Washington School District No. 414 Redmond, Washington

Report on Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit

Please find attached our report on Lake Washington School District No. 414's financial statements and compliance with federal laws and regulations.

We are issuing this report in order to provide information on the District's financial condition.

Sincerely,

Pat McCarthy

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State Auditor

Olympia, WA

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Lake Washington School District No. 414 King County September 1, 2016 through August 31, 2017

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

The results of our audit of Lake Washington School District No. 414 are summarized below in accordance with Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

Financial Statements

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We noted no instances of noncompliance that were material to the financial statements of the District.

Federal Awards

Internal Control over Major Programs:

- Significant Deficiencies: We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over major federal programs that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the District's compliance with requirements applicable to each of its major federal programs.

We reported no findings that are required to be disclosed in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

Identification of Major Federal Programs:

The following programs were selected as major programs in our audit of compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

CFDA No.	Program or Cluster Title
84.027	Special Education Cluster – Special Education Grants to States
84.173	Special Education Cluster – Special Education Preschool Grants

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs, as prescribed by the Uniform Guidance, was \$750,000.

The District did not qualify as a low-risk auditee under the Uniform Guidance.

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Lake Washington School District No. 414 King County September 1, 2016 through August 31, 2017

Board of Directors Lake Washington School District No. 414 Redmond, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lake Washington School District No. 414, King County, Washington, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 16, 2018.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District 's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of

deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Pat McCarthy

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State Auditor

Olympia, WA

May 16, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Lake Washington School District No. 414 King County September 1, 2016 through August 31, 2017

Board of Directors Lake Washington School District No. 414 Redmond, Washington

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

We have audited the compliance of Lake Washington School District No. 414, King County, Washington, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. *Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2017. The District's major federal programs are identified in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Ouestioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2017.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

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The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Pat McCarthy

State Auditor

Olympia, WA

May 16, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Lake Washington School District No. 414 King County September 1, 2016 through August 31, 2017

Board of Directors Lake Washington School District No. 414 Redmond, Washington

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lake Washington School District No. 414, King County, Washington, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed on page 14.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment,

including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lake Washington School District No. 414, as of August 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General and Special Revenue (Associated Student Body) funds, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information listed on page 14 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). This schedule is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 16, 2018 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pat McCarthy

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State Auditor

Olympia, WA

May 16, 2018

FINANCIAL SECTION

Lake Washington School District No. 414 King County September 1, 2016 through August 31, 2017

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Management's Discussion and Analysis – 2017

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position – 2017

Statement of Activities – 2017

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds – 2017

Reconciliation – Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position – 2017

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – 2017

Reconciliation – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance/ Statement of Activities – 2017

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual – General Fund – 2017

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget to Actual – Special Revenue Fund (Associated Student Body Fund) – 2017

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds – 2017

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds – 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements – 2017

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Actuarial Valuation of Post Employment Benefits Other Than Pension – Schedule of Funding Progress – 2017

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – PERS 1, SERS 2/3, TRS 1, TRS 2/3 - 2017

Schedule of District Contributions – PERS 1, SERS 2/3, TRS 1, TRS 2/3 – 2017

SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards -2017Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards -2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the Lake Washington School District No. 414's financial performance provides an overview of the district's financial activities for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2017.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The district's Statement of Net Position reports net position of \$452 million as of August 31, 2017.

 During the year, the district had revenues that were \$24 million higher than the \$398 million in expenses incurred for all governmental activities, resulting in a corresponding increase in the district's Net Position.
- The general fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$7,250,858 for the fiscal year.
- The average student enrollment increased by 2,082 full time equivalent students (FTE's) over the previous year.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the district as a whole and present a longer-term view of the district finances. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statement section also reports the district's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the district's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the district acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide a broad overview of the district finances. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report information about the district as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the district's net position and changes in them. The district's net position (the difference between total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) may be viewed as one way to measure the district's financial health, or financial position. Over time increases or decreases in the district's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors must be considered in assessing the overall health of the district, such as changes in the district's property tax base and student enrollment.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the district's governmental activities are detailed. Most of the district's basic services are reported here, including the general fund, associated student body fund, debt service fund, capital projects fund, and the transportation vehicle fund.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements detail the district's major funds. The focus is on the major funds, not the district as a whole. Some of the funds are required to be established by State law.

Most of the district's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end. These funds are reported using modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the district's general education and support operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information may be useful in evaluating whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the district's programs. The relationship between governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and the governmental funds is provided in both of the reconciliation statements and Note 13.

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The government-wide financial statement uses the full accrual basis of accounting. Comparisons are made with prior years. Included is an analysis on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the district's governmental activities.

Net position serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Lake Washington School District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$451,816,779 at the end of the 2016-2017 fiscal year.

The largest portion, \$446 million of net position is the investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, and equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. Resources required to repay this debt comes from property tax levies. Twenty four percent of the net position represents resources committed for capital projects, debt payments and contractual obligations. These assets are restricted and not available for general operations and maintenance of district education programs.

The remaining unrestricted net position includes \$34 million that can be used to finance the day-to-day operations without such constraints as debt covenants, legislation, or other legal requirements and -\$136 million represents GASB 68 requirements.

Table 1 Net Position

	2016-2017	2015-2016
Current and Other Assets	\$368,902,259	\$364,999,189
Capital Assets	862,537,538	841,299,423
Total Assets	\$1,231,439,797	\$1,206,298,612
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$29,385,637	\$32,366,339
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$1,260,825,434	\$1,238,664,951
Long-Term Debt Outstanding	\$750,818,531	\$778,241,564
Other Liabilities	37,928,045	26,938,619
Total Liabilities	\$788,746,576	\$805,180,183
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$20,262,079	\$5,390,638
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$809,008,655	<u>\$810,570,821</u>
Invest in Cap Assets, Net of Debt	\$445,603,580	\$434,647,370
Restricted	108,309,188	83,860,054
Unrestricted	(102,095,989)	(90,413,294)
Total Net Position	<u>\$451,816,779</u>	<u>\$428,094,130</u>

The 2016-2017 revenues of \$422 million were more than expenditures of \$398 million by \$24 million. The net position of the district's governmental activities increased by \$24 million, which is a 5.5% increase during the year.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

		Primary Govern	nment
		Governmental A	Activities
		2016-2017	2015-2016
Revenues			
Program R	levenues		
	Charges for Services	\$15,095,776	\$18,391,769
	Operating Grants and Contributions	53,461,095	51,401,086
	Capital Grants and Contributions	7,992,136	7,717,907
General R	evenues:		
	Property Taxes	159,884,304	145,114,049
	Interest and Investment Earnings	2,928,907	1,063,511
	Other Revenues	182,331,341	163,209,924
Total Reve	enues	\$421,693,559	\$386,898,246
Program E	xpenses		
	Regular Instruction	\$226,457,080	\$184,094,407
	Special Instruction	48,574,042	40,413,136
	Vocational Instruction	7,899,074	6,912,920
	Skills Center	2,634,978	2,279,645
	Compensatory Education	12,948,194	10,808,013
	Other Instructional Programs	3,174,381	5,778,912
	Community Services	2,415,089	2,195,044
	Support Services	71,252,527	62,637,794
	Extracurricular Activities (ASB)	3,725,288	3,339,896
	Debt Payment	18,890,257	17,318,674
Total Expe	enses	\$397,970,910	\$335,778,441
Increase (I	Decrease) in Net Position	\$23,722,649	\$51,119,805
Net Positio	on, Beginning of Year	\$428,094,130	\$376,974,325
Net Position	on, End of Year	\$451,816,779	\$428,094,130
			<u> </u>

Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities

The cost of each of the district's largest programs – regular instruction, special instruction, vocational instruction, skills center, compensatory instruction, other instructional programs, and support services, as well as, each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities) is illustrated in Table 3. The net cost shows the financial impact upon each of these functions.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost o	f Services	Net Cost of	Services
	2016-2017	2015-2016	2016-2017	2015-2016
Regular Instruction	\$226,457,080	\$184,094,407	\$219,039,294	\$177,169,418
Special Instruction	48,574,042	40,413,136	18,901,362	12,064,082
Vocational Instruction	7,899,074	6,912,920	7,513,685	6,564,846
Skills Center	2,634,978	2,279,645	2,446,158	2,042,708
Compensatory Instruction	12,948,194	10,808,013	3,054,704	1,336,408
Other Instructional Programs	3,174,381	5,778,912	862,832	(1,267,209)
Support Services	71,252,527	62,637,794	51,337,785	43,613,875
All Others	25,030,634	22,853,614	18,266,083	16,743,551
Totals	\$397,970,910	\$335,778,441	\$321,421,903	\$258,267,679

THE DISTRICT FUNDS

As the district completed the fiscal year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheets under the governmental financial statement section) reported a combined fund balance of \$249.5 million, which is lower than the prior year by \$14.2 million. This decrease is primarily due to an increase in spending for bond projects in the Capital Projects fund. The fund balance in the general fund increased by \$7.3 million.

Table 4 presents a summary of the governmental fund's revenues and expenditures for 2016-2017 and the percentage increases/decreases in relation to the prior year.

Table 4
Government Fund Revenues and Expenditures

Govern	ment I and Ite (ende	and Empend	itares	
			Increase	
			(Decrease)	Percent
	2016-17	Percent	Over	Increase
	Amounts	of Total	2015-16	(Decrease)
Revenues:				
Local Tax/Non-Tax	\$176,847,758	42.61%	\$7,645,885	4.52%
State Revenues	220,441,486	53.11%	20,642,209	10.33%
Federal Revenues	14,094,468	3.40%	440,408	3.23%
Other Revenues	3,643,784	0.88%	360,661	10.99%
Total Revenues	\$415,027,496	100.00%	\$29,089,163	7.54%
Expenditures:				
Regular Instruction	\$196,242,010	45.72%	\$20,572,795	11.71%
Special Instruction	42,093,043	9.81%	3,529,438	9.15%
Vocational Instruction	6,845,139	1.59%	248,593	3.77%
Skills Center	2,283,405	0.53%	108,089	4.97%
Compensatory Instruction	11,220,579	2.61%	907,202	8.80%
Other Instructional Prog.	2,750,839	0.64%	(2,763,598)	(-50.12%)
Community Services	2,220,947	0.52%	190,180	9.36%
Support Services	63,683,680	14.84%	4,246,544	7.14%
Student Services	3,425,823	0.80%	335,885	10.87%
Capital Outlay	48,881,945	11.39%	22,999,615	88.86%
Debt Service	49,612,957	11.56%	1,657,129	3.46%
Total Expenditures	\$429,260,367	100.00%	\$52,031,872	13.79%

General Fund

Revenues and other financing sources for the general fund totaled \$320.4 million. This was \$19,608,871 or 6.52% more than the prior year. Expenditures in the general fund amounted to \$313.2 million for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2017. This was \$24,943,662 or 8.65% percent more than the prior year. Ending fund balance was \$52.4 million, \$7.3 million higher than the prior year. These changes are primarily due to increased enrollment and state revenues.

Special Revenue Fund (ASB)

The ASB (Associated Student Body) fund is established for the purpose of supporting extra-curricular student activities. The funds are generated through students' fund raising events, student fees, and donations. The fund balance increased by \$146,689. A minor increase or decrease in fund balance is expected given the changes in activities and fundraising efforts to support these activities. Contingencies are built into the ASB budget to provide capacity for unanticipated fundraisers and activities.

Changes in the ASB fund balance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2017 is detailed in Table 5.

Table 5
ASB Recap

	8/31/2016				8/31/2017
	Fund				Fund
-	Balance	Revenues	Transfers	Expenditures	Balance
General	793,891	1,919,975	(585,292)	1,205,965	922,609
Athletics	65,995	347,034	540,544	863,001	90,572
Classes	94,520	124,232	10,717	142,505	86,964
Clubs	197,793	1,145,109	34,031	1,178,190	198,743
Private	0	36,163		36,163	0
	\$1,152,199	\$3,572,513	\$0	\$3,425,824	\$1,298,888

Capital Projects Fund

The proceeds from the sales of unlimited general obligation bonds, capital levies, state construction assistance program funds, investment earnings, and impact/mitigation fees facilities are accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Capital assets are capitalized and depreciated in the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities. The district is beginning major projects from the 2016 bond authorization. Capital dollars continue to be used for smaller capacity projects, facility improvements, major renovations, and technology upgrades. The Capital Projects Fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$26.3 million. Total revenues were higher than budgeted due to interest collections and grants more than expected. Expenditures were less than planned due to budgeted project contingencies. Transfers out (to debt service and general fund) were lower than budgeted due to contingencies. The ending fund balance is mostly committed to 2016 bond projects.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related expenditures. Revenues are from property tax levies and investment earnings. The ending fund balance was \$19.1 million. Revenues and expenditures were within budget.

Transportation Vehicle Fund

The Transportation Vehicle fund is used for the purchase, major repair, rebuilding, and related debt service incurred for pupil transportation equipment. Revenues are from state depreciation funds on district owned buses and investment earning. The ending fund balance was \$3 million. Revenues were within budget. Expenditures were less than planned due to budgeted contingencies.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General fund accounts for the day-to-day operation of the school district. Included are all the normal and recurring financial activities of the school district that are not accounted for in other funds. Revenues for the General Fund include state funds, special maintenance and operations levy funds, federal funds, and other funds. Expenditures include salaries and benefit costs, and non-salary costs, such as supplies and materials, books and other instructional materials, utilities, purchased services and equipment. The district's budget is developed using the guidelines of the Washington State Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction. General Fund revenues were \$312.9 million, which was \$.7 million more than budgeted. This is a result of \$4.1 million additional revenue from local funding, \$.8 million additional revenue from state funding, grants and self-supporting programs, and \$4.2 million less as planned revenue contingency. General Fund expenditures were \$313.2 million, which was \$5.2 million less than budgeted. This is a result of lower expenditures on grants, textbooks, utilities, and planned expenditure contingency plus additional expenditures on special education services.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The district has \$1,132 million invested in land, buildings, transportation equipment, and other equipment as of August 31, 2017. This is a \$40 million increase from the previous fiscal year.

Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional capital asset information.

Debt

Bonds outstanding totaled \$517 million as of August 31, 2017. This is a decrease of \$28.1 million from the previous fiscal year. Note 9 to the financial statements provides additional debt information.

The district is rated by two bond rating agencies and the district's voted bonds are rated Aaa and AA+ by the respective rating agencies.

The Lake Washington School District belongs to the Washington Schools Risk Management Pool which provides property and liability coverages. Other district obligations include unemployment, vision, other reserve benefits, industrial insurance, and compensated absences. More detailed information can be found in Note 9 of these financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

For calendar year 2017, the total property tax rate for special levies and bond debt was \$3.16 per thousand dollars of assessed value. The projected rate for 2018 is expected to be \$3.16. Total assessed value increased by 8.3% from \$46.9 billion to \$50.8 billion in 2017. For 2018 the projected assessed valuation is \$54.9 billion, an increase of 8.0% over the prior year.

The Lake Washington School District encompasses an area of 76 square miles and is located on the northeast side of Lake Washington in the Puget Sound urban area of King County. The District is situated northeast of the city of Seattle and north of the city of Bellevue. Most of the cities of Redmond and Kirkland, approximately half of the city of Sammamish, and small portions of Bellevue, Woodinville, Bothell and Kenmore are encompassed by the District. The remainder of the District lies in unincorporated King County. The general area continues to grow, and includes a portion of the "high-tech corridor" in the northern portion of King County and south Snohomish County.

The economy is diverse and growing. Redmond has a high concentration of high-technology employers with some of the largest companies in the country. Some of the major employers in both Redmond and Kirkland include Microsoft, Evergreen Health Care, AT&T Mobility, Genie Industries, Volt Technical Services LLC, Nintendo of America Inc., Honeywell International Inc., United Parcel Service, Clearwire Corporation, Medtronic Physio-Control, and Google.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the district's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, visit www.LWSD.org or contact Margo Allen, Controller at 16250 N.E. 74th Street, Redmond Washington.

Lake Washington School District No. 414 Statement of Net Position 08/31/17

	Primary
	Government
	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$286,629,475
Property Tax Receivable	76,254,905
Accounts Receivable, Net	432,987
Due From Other Gov't. Units	643,671
Inventories at Cost	571,665
Prepaid Items	4,369,556
Capital Assets, Net of Accum. Depn.: Land	20 274 604
Buildings & Improvements	38,371,694 773,760,175
Equipment	10,054,948
Construction-in-Progress	40,350,721
Total Assets	\$1,231,439,797
Total Addets	Ψ1,231,433,737
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred Charge on Refunding	\$10,689,227
Deferred Pension Plan	18,696,410
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$29,385,637
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$1,260,825,434
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$27,403,910
Accrued Wages & Benefits Pay.	8,589,121
Unearned Revenue	1,935,014
Long-Term Liabilities:	22 272 440
Due Within One Year	33,272,440
Due In More Than One Year Unamortized Debt Premium/Discount	537,172,464 44,774,694
Pension Plan	135,598,933
Total Liabilities	\$788,746,576
Total Liabilities	Ψ100,140,510
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred Pension Plan	\$20,262,079
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$20,262,079
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$809,008,655
Net Position	
Net Investment In Capital Assets	\$445,603,580
Restricted For:	
Capital Projects	60,853,187
Debt Service	43,090,298
Other Purposes	4,365,703
Unrestricted	(102,095,989)
Total Net Position	\$451,816,779

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Lake Washington School District No. 414 Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended 8/31/2017

Net (Expense)

\$451,816,779

					Devenue and
					Revenue and
			5		Changes in
			Program		Net Position
			Revenues		Primary
			Operating	Capital	Government
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
Regular Instruction	\$226,457,080	\$2,085,135	\$282,986	\$5,049,665	(\$219,039,294)
Special Instruction	48,574,042		28,589,549	1,083,131	(18,901,362)
Vocational Instruction	7,899,074	86,145	123,106	176,138	(7,513,685)
Skills Center	2,634,978	81,708	48,356	58,756	(2,446,158)
Compensatory Education	12,948,194	204,525	9,400,239	288,726	(3,054,704)
Other Instructional Programs	3,174,381	186,459	2,054,306	70,784	(862,832)
Community Services	2,415,089	1,841,875	353,294		(219,920)
Support Services	71,252,527	6,040,547	12,609,259	1,264,936	(51,337,785)
Extracurricular Activities(ASB)	3,725,288	4,569,382			844,094
Int. Paymt. On L/T Debt	18,890,257				(18,890,257)
Total Governmental Activities	\$397,970,910	\$15,095,776	\$53,461,095	\$7,992,136	(\$321,421,903)
					_
General Revenues:					
Property Taxes, Le	vies for Maintena	nce and Operatio	ns		\$66,579,243
Property Taxes, Le	vies for Debt Serv	vice			50,449,444
Property Taxes, Le	vies for Capital P	rojects			42,855,617
Unallocated State					182,331,341
Interest and Investi					2,928,907
Total General Rever	-	ems		•	\$345,144,552
	,			•	. , , -
Changes in Net Pos	ition				\$23,722,649
Beginning Net Positi	ion				\$428,094,130

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Ending Net Position

Lake Washington School District No. 414 Balance Sheet Government Funds 08/31/17

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund (ASB)	Debt Service Fund	Capital Project Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Total Government Funds
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$63,984,177	\$2,187,154	\$19,069,914	\$198,341,643	\$3,046,587	\$286,629,475
Property Taxes Receivable	31,818,518		24,002,566	20,433,821		76,254,905
Accounts Receivable, Net	164,417	112				164,529
Accrued Interest	54,844	1,326	17,818	192,396	2,074	268,458
Due From Other Funds	858,487	14,653		1,656		874,796
Due From Other Gov't Units	640,552			3,119		643,671
Inventories at Cost	571,665					571,665
Prepaid Items	3,680,002	93,787		595,767		4,369,556
Total Assets	\$101,772,662	\$2,297,032	\$43,090,298	\$219,568,402	\$3,048,661	\$369,777,055
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$2,652,978	\$55,538		\$24,695,394		\$27,403,910
Accrued Wages & Benefits Pay.	13,764,974					13,764,974
Due To Other Funds	16,309	47,460		811,027		874,796
Unearned Revenue	1,039,868	895,146				1,935,014
Total Liabilities	\$17,474,129	\$998,144	\$0	\$25,506,421	0\$	\$43,978,694
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable Revenue	\$31,897,051	\$0	\$24,002,566	\$20,433,821		\$76,333,438
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$31,897,051	0\$	\$24,002,566	\$20,433,821	0\$	\$76,333,438
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$4,251,667	\$93,787		\$595,767		\$4,941,221
Restricted Fund Balance	3,235,995	1,205,101	\$19,087,732	156,725,053	\$3,048,661	183,302,542
Committed Fund Balance				15,112,625		15,112,625
Assigned Fund Balance				1,194,715		1,194,715
Unassigned Fund Balance	44,913,820					44,913,820
Total Fund Balances	\$52,401,482	\$1,298,888	\$19,087,732	\$173,628,160	\$3,048,661	\$249,464,923
Total Liab., Deferred Inflow	\$101,772,662	\$2,297,032	\$43,090,298	\$219,568,402	\$3,048,661	\$369,777,055
of Resources and Fund Balance						

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Lake Washington School District No. 414 Reconciliation Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position 08/31/17

	Total Governmental Funds	Long-Term Assets, Liabilities	Reclassifications and Eliminations	Statement of Net Position Totals
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Property Taxes Receivable	\$286,629,475 76,254,905			\$286,629,475 76,254,905
Accounts Receivable, Net	432,987			432,987
Due From Other Funds	874,796		(\$874,796)	0
Due From Other Gov't Units	643,671			643,671
Inventories at Cost	571,665			571,665
Prepaid Items	4,369,556	# 000 F 07 F 00		4,369,556
Capital Assets, Net Total Assets	#200 777 055	\$862,537,538	/ <u>(</u> 074 700)	862,537,538
Total Assets	\$369,777,055	\$862,537,538	(\$874,796)	\$1,231,439,797
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred Charge on Refunding		\$10,689,227		\$10,689,227
Deferred Pension Plan		18,696,410		18,696,410
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	\$29,385,637		\$29,385,637
Total Bolottoa Galliono of Mossardos		Ψ20,000,001		Ψ20,000,001
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$369,777,055	\$891,923,175	(874,796)	\$1,260,825,434
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$27,403,910			\$27,403,910
Accrued Wages & Benefits Pay.	13,764,974	(5,175,853)		8,589,121
Due To Other Funds	874,796		(\$874,796)	0
Unearned Revenue	1,935,014			1,935,014
Long-Term Liabilities	-	750,818,531		750,818,531
Total Liabilities	\$43,978,694	\$745,642,678	(\$874,796)	\$788,746,576
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Revenue	\$76,333,438	(\$76,333,438)		\$0
Deferred Pension Plan	ψ. ο,οοο, .οο	\$20,262,079		20,262,079
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$76,333,438	(\$56,071,359)		\$20,262,079
		(+,- ,,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Fund Balances/Net Position	\$249,464,923	\$202,351,856		\$451,816,779
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
Of Resources and Fund Balances/Net Position	\$369,777,055	\$891,923,175	(\$874,796)	\$1,260,825,434

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Lake Washington School District No. 414 **Government Funds**

For the Fiscal Year Ended 8/31/2017

φ φ 	\$81,231,631 219,572,776 12,049,880		2 5 -	בוהב	Fund	Splin
al Revenues Revenues nditures ar Instruction statements	219,572,776 12,049,880		\$44,899,705	\$50,688,614	\$27,808	\$176,847,758
\$3 \$3	00000001		2.044.588		868,710	220,441,486
uo	71,272	\$3,572,512				3,643,784
	\$312,925,559	\$3,572,512	\$46,944,293	\$50,688,614	\$896,518	\$415,027,496
-	\$196.242.010					\$196.242.010
Special Instruction 4	42,093,043					42,093,043
struction	6,845,139					6,845,139
Omnensatory Instruction	7,283,405					7,283,403
SW	2.750.839					2.750.839
Community Services	2,220,947					2,220,947
	49,158,436			\$14,525,244		63,683,680
Student Services	011	\$3,425,823		11	0	3,425,823
Capital Outlay	3/1,038			47,899,061	\$611,846	48,881,945
Debt Service-Principal Debt Service-Interest & Other			\$28,100,000 21,512,957			28,100,000 21,512,957
	\$313,185,436	\$3,425,823	\$49,612,957	\$62,424,305	\$611,846	\$429,260,367
Revenues Over (Under) Exp.	(\$259,877)	\$146,689	(\$2,668,664)	(\$11,735,691)	\$284,672	(\$14,232,871)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Issuance of Bonds Issuance Premium						0\$
Payment to Refunded Bonds Escrow Agent Sale of Equipment	\$11,146					0 11,146
Transfers In Transfers Out	7,499,589		7,060,150	(14,559,739)		14,559,739 (14,559,739)
inancing Sources(Uses)	\$7,510,735	\$0	\$7,060,150	(\$14,559,739)	0\$	\$11,146
lance	\$7,250,858	\$146,689	\$4,391,486	(\$26,295,430)	\$284,672	(\$14,221,725)
Beginning Fund Balance	45,150,624	1,152,199	14,696,246	199,923,590	2,763,989	263,686,648

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Lake Washington School District No. 414 Reconciliation

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance/Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended 8/31/2017

	Total Governmental Funds	Long-Term Revenue, Expenditures	Capital Related Items	Long-Term Debt Transactions	Statement of Activities Totals
Revenues		•			
Local	\$176,847,758	\$6,654,917	\$11,146		\$183,513,821
State	220,441,486				220,441,486
Federal	14,094,468				14,094,468
Miscellaneous	3,643,784				3,643,784
Total Revenues	\$415,027,496	\$6,654,917	\$11,146	\$0	\$421,693,559
Expenditures					
Current:					
Regular Instruction	\$196,242,010	\$13,060,767	\$17,154,303		\$226,457,080
Special Education	42,093,043	2,801,477	3,679,522		48,574,042
Vocational Instruction	6,845,139	455,574	598,361		7,899,074
Skills Center	2,283,405	151,971	199,602		2,634,978
Compensatory Education	11,220,579	746,779	980,836		12,948,194
Other Instructional Programs	2,750,839	183,080	240,462		3,174,381
Community Services	2,220,947		194,142		2,415,089
Support Services	63,683,680	3,271,710	4,297,137		71,252,527
Student Activities	3,425,823		299,465		3,725,288
Capital Outlay	48,881,945		(48,881,945)		0
Debt Service-Principal	28,100,000			(\$28,100,000)	0
Debt Service-Interest & Other	21,512,957			(2,622,700)	18,890,257
Total Expenditures	\$429,260,367	\$20,671,358	(\$21,238,115)	(\$30,722,700)	\$397,970,910
Revenues Over (Under) Exp	(\$14,232,871)	(\$14,016,441)	\$21,249,261	\$30,722,700	\$23,722,649
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of Equipment	\$11,146		(\$11,146)		\$0
Total Other Financing Sources(Uses)	\$11,146	\$0	(\$11,146)	\$0	\$0
Net Change for the Year	(\$14,221,725)	(\$14,016,441)	\$21,238,115	\$30,722,700	\$23,722,649

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Lake Washington School District No. 414 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget to Actual General Fund For the Year Ended August 31, 2017

				Variance With Final Budget
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amount	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Local	\$77,212,264	\$77,212,264	\$81,231,631	\$4,019,367
State	218,778,083	218,778,083	219,572,776	794,693
Federal	16,238,771	16,238,771	12,049,880	(4,188,891)
Other	12,558	12,558	71,272	58,714
Total Revenues	\$312,241,676	\$312,241,676	\$312,925,559	\$683,883
Expenditures:				
Regular Instruction	\$200,859,408	\$200,859,408	\$196,247,646	\$4,611,762
Special Education	38,786,861	38,786,861	42,093,043	(3,306,182)
Vocational Education	6,811,502	6,811,502	6,848,424	(36,922)
Skills Center	1,949,704	1,949,704	2,283,405	(333,701)
Compensatory Education	11,355,771	11,355,771	11,220,579	135,192
Other Instructional Programs	6,255,922	6,255,922	2,879,800	3,376,122
Community Services	2,114,888	2,114,888	2,220,947	(106,059)
Support Services	50,270,976	50,270,976	49,391,592	879,384
Total Expenditures	\$318,405,032	\$318,405,032	\$313,185,436	\$5,219,596
Excess of Revenues Over				_
(Under) Expenditures	(\$6,163,356)	(\$6,163,356)	(\$259,877)	\$5,903,479
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Other Financial Sources	\$8,806,158	\$8,806,158	\$7,510,735	(\$1,295,423)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$8,806,158	\$8,806,158	\$7,510,735	(\$1,295,423)
Excess of Revenues & Other	+-,,	+ - , ,	+ //	(+ , , ,
Financing Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures & Other Uses	\$2,642,802	\$2,642,802	\$7,250,858	\$4,608,056
Beginning Fund Balance	41,395,596	41,395,596	45,150,624	3,755,028
Ending Fund Balance	\$44,038,398	\$44,038,398	\$52,401,482	\$8,363,084

Note: There was no budget revision during the fiscal year 2016-17. The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Lake Washington School District No. 414 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget to Actual Special Revenue Fund (Associated Student Body Fund) For the Year Ended August 31, 2017

				Variance With Final Budget
	Budgeted A	Budgeted Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual Amount	(Negative)
Revenues:	-			
General	\$2,549,209	\$2,549,209	\$1,919,975	(\$629,234)
Athletics	549,000	549,000	347,034	(201,966)
Classes	194,350	194,350	124,231	(70,119)
Clubs	1,562,824	1,562,824	1,145,109	(417,715)
Private Monies	137,550	137,550	36,163	(101,387)
Total Revenues	\$4,992,933	\$4,992,933	\$3,572,512	(\$1,420,421)
Expenditures:				
General	\$1,864,414	\$1,864,414	\$1,205,965	\$658,449
Athletics	1,152,335	1,152,335	863,001	289,334
Classes	197,747	197,747	142,505	55,242
Clubs	1,617,287	1,617,287	1,178,189	439,098
Private Monies	135,525	135,525	36,163	99,362
Total Expenditures	\$4,967,308	\$4,967,308	\$3,425,823	\$1,541,485
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	\$25,625	\$25,625	\$146,689	\$121,064
Beginning Fund Balance	915,127	915,127	1,152,199	237,072
Ending Fund Balance	\$940,752	\$940,752	\$1,298,888	\$358,136

Note: There was no budget revision during the fiscal year 2016-17. The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Lake Washington School District No. 414 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds August 31, 2017

	Private- Purpose Trust
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable, Net	\$199,074 179
Due From Other Funds Total Assets	\$199,253
Liabilities Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$0
Fund Balance/Net Position	\$199,253
Total Liab. & Fund Balance/Net Position	\$199,253

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Lake Washington School District No. 414 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended August 31, 2017

	Private- Purpose Trust
Additions	
Donations	\$31,082
Investment Earnings	1,974
Total Additions	\$33,056
Deductions Scholarships Total Deductions	\$36,834 \$36,834
Change in Net Position	(\$3,778)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	203,031
Net Position, End of Year	\$199,253

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAKE WASHINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 414 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 1, 2016 THROUGH AUGUST 31, 2017

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The Lake Washington School District is a municipal corporation organized pursuant to Title 28A, Revised Code of Washington (RCW) for the purpose of providing public school services to students in grades K-12. Oversight responsibility for the district's operations is vested with the independently elected board of directors. Management of the district is appointed by and is accountable to the board of directors. Fiscal responsibility, including budget authority and the power to set fees, levy property taxes, and issue debt consistent with provisions of state statutes, also rests with the board of directors.

For financial reporting purposes, the Lake Washington School District includes all funds and organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the school district's board of directors. Control by or dependence on the Lake Washington School District was determined on the basis of budget adoption, outstanding debt secured by the general credit of the district, taxing authority, obligation of the district to finance any deficits that may occur, or receipt of significant subsidies from the district.

B. Districtwide and Fund Financial Statements

Information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the district is reported on the district-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of specific programs or functions are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program or function. Program revenues include l) charges to individuals or groups who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a program or function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program or function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Presentation

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are subject to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the district receives cash.

In the process of aggregating data for the district-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, the inter-fund receivables and payables within governmental funds were eliminated.

The district reports the following major governmental funds:

General fund

This fund is the district's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources of the district, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the principle of as few funds as necessary, food services, maintenance, data processing, printing, and transportation activities are included in the fund.

Special Revenue Fund (Associated Student Body Fund)

This fund is used to account for the extracurricular fees and resources collected in fund-raising events for students. Disbursements require the joint approval of the appropriate student body organization and the district's board of directors. This fund is accounted for as a special revenue fund since the financial resources legally belong to the Lake Washington School District.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related expenditures.

Capital Projects Fund

These funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of major capital assets. The district has two capital projects funds, both are reported as major funds.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the resources set aside for the acquisition, construction, and major repair and upgrades of capital assets.

<u>Transportation Vehicle Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the purchase, major repair, rebuilding, and debt service expenditures related to pupil transportation equipment.

Fiduciary Funds

Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the district in a trustee capacity.

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for resources legally held in trust to benefit individuals or private organizations. All resources of the fund, including any earnings on invested resources, may be used to support the trust arrangements.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The district's cash is held and controlled by the King County Treasurer as prescribed by Washington State law. The district uses the Bank of New York as its fiscal agent for bond principal and coupon redemption.

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, funds invested in the King County Investment Pool, and warrants outstanding.

2. Property Taxes

Property tax revenues are collected as the result of special levies passed by the voters in the District. Per Revised Code of Washington 84.60.020 the tax assessment date is January 1 of the calendar year of collection. The tax lien date is January 1 of the year of collection and taxes receivable are recognized as of that date. Current year taxes are due in full as of April 30, and are delinquent after that date. However, without incurring penalty, the taxpayer may elect to pay one-half of the taxes due by April 30, with the remaining one-half taxes due October 31, and are delinquent after that date. Typically, a little more than half of the taxes due are collected on the April 30 date. In governmental fund financial statements, property tax revenue which is measurable but not available (taxes that are not expected to be collected within 60 days after the current period) is recorded as a receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. In government-wide financial statements, property tax revenue, net of estimated uncollectible property taxes, is accrued at year-end.

The District does not have any tax abatements.

3. Accounts Receivable

This account represents amounts due for services rendered by the district, net of allowance for doubtful accounts.

4. Due From/To Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables and the associated revenues and expenditures/expenses are recorded in the respective funds in governmental fund financial statements. Interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in government-wide financial statements, except for fiduciary funds.

5. Due From Other Governments

This account represents receivables for federal, state, and local grants. Grant revenues are recorded in the year in which the related expenditures are incurred.

6. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost either using the weighted average method perpetual inventory system or first-in, first-out (FIFO) method for other inventory items. District inventories are recorded when consumed rather than when purchased. Physical inventories are conducted annually in August. An inventory reserve is established to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is not available for future expenditures.

7. Bond Discounts and Premiums

In governmental fund types, bond discounts and premium costs are recognized in the period of issuance. In government-wide financial statements, they are amortized over the life of the bonds.

8. Unavailable Revenue

In governmental fund financial statements, unavailable revenues consist of receivables such as uncollected property taxes, which are measurable but not yet available. In district-wide financial statements, property taxes are accrued as revenues.

9. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental activity columns in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the district as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more for equipment and vehicles and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Buildings and improvements are capitalized. Such assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. In governmental fund financial statements, there is no depreciation for capital assets. However, depreciation is charged to expenses and allocated to various functions/programs in district-wide financial statements.

Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset, or materially extend asset lives, are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Building & Improvements	50 Years
Portables	25 Years
Vehicles	20 Years
Equipment	10 Years

10. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities consist of scheduled debt payments and compensated absences.

Debt Payments

In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities (in the applicable district activities) on the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discounts.

In the fund financial statements, district fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as, bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt expenditures.

Compensated Absences

a. Sick Leave

Full-time employees earn sick leave at a rate of 12 days per year up to a maximum of one contract year.

Under the provisions of the Revised Code of Washington, sick leave accumulated by district employees is paid at death or retirement at the rate of 25% of each day of accrued leave, limited to 180 accrued days. This chapter also provides for an annual buy-back of an amount up to the maximum annual accumulation of twelve days. To qualify for annual sick buy-back, the employee must have accumulated an excess of 60 days of sick leave as of January 1. Sick leave is reported under long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. For reporting purposes, 25% of the sick leave liability (up to 180 days) for those eligible for retirement is considered accruable. The amount of accrued sick leave as of August 31, 2017 was \$3,098,390 and reported as long-term liabilities in the district-wide financial statements.

b. Vacation Leave

Vacation leave is accrued according to bargaining agreement provisions for those employees eligible. Annual leave accumulated by district employees is paid upon retirement at 100% of per diem value. The amount accrued for vacation leave as of August 31, 2017 was \$789,164 and reported as long-term liabilities in the district-wide financial statements.

11. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow (expense) until then. The district has 2 items in this category. The Deferred Charge on Refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of the old debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The Deferred charge for Pension Plans is detailed in note #7. This amount is amortized over the service life of each plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow (revenue) until then. The district has 1 item in this category. It is the Deferred Inflow on Pension Plan which is detailed in note #7. This amount is amortized over the service life of each plan.

12. Net Position (District-wide Financial Statements)

The "Net Investment in Capital Assets" component consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The "Restricted" component reports the assets where constraints are placed on net position by external laws, regulations, or legislation. Therefore, they are available for disbursements only for specific purposes (i.e., debt service, capital projects, and others). The "Unrestricted" component are assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements.

13. Fund Balance Reserves (Government Fund Financial Statements)

Fund Balances are segregated under the following categories and presented on the face of the financial statements in the aggregate.

Nonspendable: Fund balance not available to be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally required to be maintained intact.

Restricted: Fund balance constrained externally, such as those resulting from federal and state legislation, grant awards, bond covenants, and inter-local service agreements.

Committed: Fund balance constrained by District code, ordinance or resolution as adopted by the Board.

Assigned: Fund balance in special revenue funds intended to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted or committed, include transfers from other funds, investment interest not constrained by contract or covenant, fees for services, and rents. Senior administration has the authority to create assignments of fund balance.

Unassigned: Unrestricted fund balance not committed or assigned in the General fund is considered unassigned. Also, negative fund balance in any other governmental fund is unassigned.

Minimum General Fund Balance – The District's financial plan ensures that the District's financial position is fiscally sound and that it is derived from a multi-year plan. As a result, the District plans to maintain a projected year-end Fund Balance of not less than five percent of the projected revenue in the General Fund. This will ensure that the District can continue to provide quality education to its students in the event of an emergency or other economic impact.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

General Budgetary Policies

Chapter 28A.505 RCW and chapter 392-123 Washington Administrative Code (WAC) mandate school district policies and procedures. The board adopts the budget after a public hearing. An appropriation is a prerequisite to expenditure. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

For budget and accounting purposes, revenues and expenditures are accounted for on the modified accrual basis as prescribed in law for all governmental funds. Fund balance is budgeted as available resources and, pursuant to law; the budgeted ending fund balance cannot be negative.

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control for all governmental funds. Budgets are adopted on the same basis of accounting used to reflect actual revenues and expenditures on a generally accepted accounting principles basis.

Note 3: Deposits and Investments

In accordance with state investment laws, the district's governing body has entered into a formal interlocal Agreement with the district's ex officio treasurer, King County, to have all its funds not required for immediate expenditure to be invested in the King County Investment Pool (Pool).

The district's deposits are entirely covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC). The fair value of the investment in the pool is measured using a net asset value (NAV) as determined by the pool.

As of August 31, 2017 the district had the following investments:

	Financial	Fair Value	Effective
Investment Type	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Duration
King County Investment Pool	\$290,922,460	\$290,631,538	.98 Years

Impaired Investments. As of August 31, 2017 all impaired commercial paper investments have completed enforcement events. The King County impaired investment pool (Impaired Pool) held one commercial paper asset where the Impaired Pool accepted an exchange offer and is receiving the cash flows from the investment's underlying securities. The Impaired Pool also held the residual investments in two commercial paper assets that were part of completed enforcement events, where the Impaired Pool accepted the cash-out option. The District's share of the impaired investment pool is \$322,395 and the district's fair value of these investments is \$214,088.

Interest Rate Risk. As of August 31, 2017 the Pool's average duration was .98 years. As a means of limiting its exposure to rising interest rates, securities purchased in the Pool must have a final maturity, or weighted average life, of no longer than five years. While the Pool's market value is calculated on a monthly basis, unrealized gains and losses are not distributed to participants. The Pool distributes earnings monthly using an amortized cost methodology.

Credit Risk. As of August 31, 2017, the district's investment in the Pool was not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO). In compliance with state statutes, Pool policies authorize investments in U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. agency securities and mortgage-backed securities, corporate note (rated at least "A", municipal securities (rated at least "A" by two NRSROs), commercial paper (rated at least the equivalent of "A-1" by two NRSROs), certificates of deposits issued by qualified public depositaries, repurchase agreements, and the Local Government Investment Pool managed by the Washington State Treasurer's office.

Note 4: Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the district's governmental and fiduciary funds are as follows:

						Private
			Debt	Capital	Transpor.	Purpose
	General	ASB	Service	Projects	Vehicle	Trust
Receivables:						
Taxes	\$31,818,518		\$24,002,566	\$20,433,821		
Governmental	640,552			3,119		
Accounts	219,261	\$1,438	17,818	192,396	\$2,074	\$179
Total	\$32,678,331	\$1,438	\$24,020,384	\$20,629,336	\$2,074	\$179

Government funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned.

Note 5: Interfund Transactions

As of August 31, 2017 short-term interfund receivables and payables in governmental funds that resulted from various interfund transactions in governmental fund financial statements were as follows:

	Due From	Due To	
	Other Funds	Other Funds	
General Fund	\$ 858,487	\$ 16,309	
Capital Projects Fund	1,656	811,027	
Special Revenue Fund	14,653	<u>47,460</u>	
Total	<u>\$ 874,796</u>	<u>\$ 874,796</u>	

The interfund balances are liquidated on a monthly basis.

Note 6: Capital Assets

Purchases of items over \$5,000 for equipment and machinery are capitalized and depreciated in the district-wide financial statements. Buildings and Improvements are capitalized. The capital assets reported on the Statement of Net position are reported net of accumulated depreciation.

		Beginning			Ending
Capital	Assets, not Depreciated:	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
	Land	\$37,451,642	920,052		\$38,371,694
	Construction in Progress	17,544,308	\$45,500,775	\$22,694,362	40,350,721
Total	-	\$54,995,950	\$46,420,827	\$22,694,362	\$78,722,415
Capital	Assets being Depreciated: Building and Improvements	\$1,019,368,694	\$24,014,928	9,629,229	\$1,033,754,393
	<u>*</u>			9,029,229	
	Transportation Equipment	14,229,030	725,367		14,954,397
	Other Equipment	3,994,039	415,186	203,621	4,205,604
Total	=	\$1,037,591,763	\$25,155,481	\$9,832,850	\$1,052,914,394
Less:	Accumulated Depreciation: Building and				
	Improvements				\$259,994,218
	Transportation Equipment				6,820,751
	Other Equipment			_	2,284,302
Total				_	\$269,099,271
Net De	preciated Assets			-	\$783,815,123
Net To	tal Assets			=	\$862,537,538

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Regular Instruction	\$15,524,216
Special Education	3,329,876
Vocational Education	541,502
Skills Center	180,634
Compensatory Instruction	887,632
Other Instructional Programs	217,612
Community Services	175,694
Support Services	3,888,801
Student Activities	271,008
	\$25,016,976

Major projects included in Construction in Progress:

	Project	Expended as of	Additional Local	Additional State
	Authorization	8/31/2017	Funds Committed	Funds Estimated
Juanita High	\$145,477,000	\$7,987,002	\$122,489,998	\$15,000,000
Redmond Ridge Middle	77,592,000	10,748,304	66,843,696	
Mead Elem.	44,987,000	1,325,130	40,661,870	3,000,000
Kirk Elem.	44,987,000	1,395,164	40,591,836	3,000,000
Redmond Ridge East Elem.	43,257,000	7,228,733	36,028,267	
North Redmond Elem.	43,257,000	10,096,655	33,160,345	
Old Redmond Schoolhouse	7,837,000	122,776	7,714,224	
Restroom Modifications	1,200,000	278,123	921,877	
	\$408,594,000	\$39,181,887	\$348,412,113	\$21,000,000

The district's property valuation of buildings and equipment for insurance purposes is \$557,596,035 on August 31, 2017.

Note 7: Pension Plans

The Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the state of Washington, prepares a stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each pension plan. The pension plan's basic financial statement is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The measurement date of the pension plans is June 30. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of pension plans administered by DRS and additions to/deductions from the plans' net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans.

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS CAFR. Copies of the report may be obtained by contacting the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, P.O. Box 48380, Olympia, WA 98504-8380; or online at http://www.drs.wa.gov./administrations/annual-report.

Membership Participation

Substantially all school district full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following three contributory, multi-employer, cost-sharing statewide retirement systems managed by DRS: Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and School Employees' Retirement System (SERS).

Membership participation by retirement plan as of June 30, 2017, was as follows:

Plan	Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	Active Plan Members
PERS 1	48,268	663	2,593
SERS 2	8,229	5,880	27,011
SERS 3	7,735	8,330	33,890
TRS 1	34,225	188	697
TRS 2	5,076	2,532	19,133
TRS 3	10,289	8,568	54,487

Membership & Plan Benefits

Certificated employees are members of TRS. Classified employees are members of PERS (if Plan 1) or SERS. Plan 1 under the TRS and PERS programs are defined benefit pension plans whose members joined the system on or before September 30, 1977. TRS 1 and PERS 1 are closed to new entrants. TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of three separate plans for membership purposes: Plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans and Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. TRS eligibility for membership requires service as a certificated public school employee working in an instructional, administrative or supervisory capacity.

TRS is comprised of three separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 1, Plan 2/3, and Plan 3. Plan 1 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 1 members. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of the plan. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

TRS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. TRS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC), for each year of service credit, up to a maximum of 60 percent, divided by twelve. The AFC is the total earnable compensation for the two consecutive highest-paid fiscal years, divided by two. Members are eligible for retirement at any age after 30 years of service, or at the age of 60 with five years of service, or at the age of 55 with 25 years of service. Other benefits include temporary and

permanent disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

TRS Plan 2/3 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC) per year of service for Plan 2 members and one percent of AFC for Plan 3 members. The AFC is the monthly average of the 60 consecutive highest-paid service credit months. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for normal retirement at the age of 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. TRS Plan 2/3 members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. TRS Plan 2/3 members who have 30 or more years of service credit, were hired prior to May 1, 2013, and are at least 55 years old, can retire under one of two provisions: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

TRS Plan 2/3 members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service.

TRS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit.

Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

PERS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. PERS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. The AFC is the average of the member's 24 highest consecutive service months. Members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or at age 60 with at least five years of service.

Members retiring from inactive status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits. PERS Plan 1 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

SERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of two separate plans for membership purposes. SERS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan and SERS Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. SERS members include classified employees of school districts and educational service districts.

SERS is reported as two separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 2/3 and Plan 3. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members.

Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

SERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service for Plan 2 and one percent of AFC for Plan 3. The AFC is the monthly average of the member's 60 highest-paid consecutive service months before retirement, termination or death. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members

are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. SERS members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. SERS members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions, if hired prior to May 2, 2013: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

SERS members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. SERS retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost- of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

Plan Contributions

The employer contribution rates for PERS, TRS, and SERS (Plans 1, 2, and 3) and the TRS and SERS Plan 2 employee contribution rates are established by the Pension Funding Council based upon the rates set by the Legislature. The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under chapters 41.34 and 41.40 RCW for PERS, 41.34 and 41.35 RCW for SERS, and 41.32 and 41.34 RCW for TRS. Employers do not contribute to the defined contribution portions of TRS Plan 3 or SERS Plan 3. Under current law the employer must contribute 100 percent of the employer-required contribution. The employee contribution rate for Plan 1 in PERS and TRS is set by statute at six percent and does not vary from year to year.

The Employer and employee contribution rates for the PERS plan are effective as of July 1. SERS and TRS contribution rates are effective as of September 1. The pension plan contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2016 were as follows:

	Pension Rates		
	7/1/17Rate	7/1/16 Rate	
PERS 1			
Member Contribution Rate	6.00%	6.00%	
Employer Contribution Rate	12.70%	11.18%	
	Pension Rates		
	9/1/17 Rate	9/1/16 Rate	
TRS 1			
Member Contribution Rate	6.00%	6.00%	
Employer Contribution Rate	15.20%	13.13%	
TRS 2			
Member Contribution Rate	7.06%	5.95%	
Employer Contribution Rate	15.20%	13.13%	
TRS 3			
Member Contribution Rate	varies*	varies*	
Employer Contribution Rate	15.20%	13.13%	**
SERS 2			
Member Contribution Rate	7.27%	5.63%	
Employer Contribution Rate	13.48%	11.58%	
SERS 3			
Member Contribution Rate	varies*	varies*	
Employer Contribution Rate	13.48%	11.58%	**
Note: The DRS administrative rate of .0018 is	included in the employer rate.		
* = Variable from 5% to 15% based on rate sel	ected by the member.		
** = Defined benefit portion only.			

The Collective Net Pension Liability

The collective net pension liabilities for the pension plans school districts participated in are reported in the following tables.

The Net Pension Liability as of June 30, 2017:						
Dollars in Thousands	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3		
Total Pension Liability	\$12,241,998	\$5,357,035	\$8,782,761	\$13,446,531		
Plan fiduciary net position	(\$7,496,920)	(\$4,863,560)	(\$5,759,493)	(\$12,523,588)		
Participating employers' net pension liability	\$4,745,078	\$493,475	\$3,023,268	\$922,943		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.24%	90.79%	65.58%	93.14%		

The School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)

At June 30, 2017, the school district reported a total liability of \$135,598,933 for its proportionate shares of the individual plans' collective net pension liability. The district's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability is based on annual contributions for each of the employers participating in the DRS

administered plans. At June 30, 2017, the district's proportionate share of each plan's net pension liability is reported below:

June 30, 2017	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
District's Annual	\$2,242,233	\$3,040,318	\$9,482,550	9.944.432
Contributions	\$2,242,233	\$5,040,516	\$9,402,330	9,944,432
Proportionate Share				
of the Net Pension	\$17,687,644	11,076,806	81,924,344	24,910,139
Liability				

At June 30, 2017, the school district's percentage of the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability was as follows and the change in the allocation percentage from the prior period is illustrated below

Allocation percentages	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Current year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.372758%	2.244654%	2.709794%	2.698990%
Prior year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.292801%	1.877438%	2.310233%	2.293214%
Net difference percentage	0.079957%	0.367216%	0.399561%	0.405776%

Actuarial Assumptions

Capital Market Assumptions (CMAs) and expected rates of return by asset class are provided by the Washington State Investment Board. The Office of the State Actuary relied on the CMAs in the selection of the long-term expected rate of return for reporting purposes.

The total pension liabilities for TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1 and SERS 2/3 were determined by actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, with the results rolled forward to June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0% total economic inflation, 3.75% salary inflation
Salary increases	In addition to the base 3.75% salary inflation assumption, salaries are
	also expected to grow by promotions and longevity.
Investment rate of return	7.50%

Mortality Rates

Mortality rates used in the plans were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table and Combined Disabled Table published by the Society of Actuaries. The Office of the State Actuary applied offsets to the base table and recognized future improvements in mortality by projecting the mortality rates using 100 percent Scale BB. Mortality rates are applied on a generational basis, meaning members are assumed to receive additional mortality improvements in each future year, throughout their lifetime. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation were based on the results of the 2007–2012 Experience Study Report and the 2015 Economic Experience Study. Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2016 actuarial valuation report.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, but including inflation) are developed for each major asset class by the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB). Those expected returns make up one component of WSIB's CMAs. The CMAs contain three pieces of information for each class of assets the WSIB currently invest in:

- Expected annual return
- Standard deviation of the annual return
- Correlations between the annual returns of each asset class with every other asset class

WSIB uses the CMAs and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns over various time horizons.

The long-term expected rate of return of 7.50% percent approximately equals the median of the simulated investment returns over a fifty-year time horizon, increased slightly to remove WSIB's implicit and small short-term downward adjustment due to assumed mean reversion. WSIB's implicit short-term adjustment, while small and appropriate over a ten to fifteen-year period, becomes amplified over a fifty-year measurement period.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017, are summarized in the following table:

TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1, and SERS 2/3		
Asset Class	Target	Long-term Expected Real Rate
	Allocation	of Return
Fixed Income	20.00%	1.70%
Tangible Assets	5.00%	4.90%
Real Estate	15.00%	5.80%
Global Equity	37.00%	6.30%
Private Equity	23.00%	9.30%

The inflation component used to create the above table is 2.20 percent, and represents WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. To determine the discount rate, an asset sufficiency test was completed to test whether the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Consistent with current law, the completed asset sufficiency test included an assumed 7.70 percent long-term discount rate to determine funding liabilities for calculating future contributions rate requirements. Consistent with the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.50 percent future investment rate of return on invested assets was assumed for the test. Contributions from plan members and employers are assumed to continue to be made at contractually required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.50 percent on pension plan investments was applied to determine the total pension liability.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The Pension Plans reported collective Deferred Outflows of Resources and collective Deferred Inflows of resources related to the individual plans. At August 31, 2017, the District reported Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PERS 1	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experiences		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		\$660,053
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$177,026	
TOTAL	\$177,026	\$660,053

SERS 2/3	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experiences	\$2,205,619	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		\$2,878,275
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$115,622	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$1,958,306	\$660,199
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$240,036	
TOTAL	\$4,519,583	\$3,538,474

TRS 1	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experiences		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		\$3,470,733
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$780,911	
TOTAL	\$780,911	\$3,470,733

TRS 2/3	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experiences	\$6,211,752	\$1,270,819
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		\$9,014,950
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$293,542	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$5,893,204	\$2,307,052
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$820,392	
TOTAL	\$13,218,890	\$12,592,821

\$2,018,364 reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended August 31, 2018.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
2018	(446,154)	(314,980)	(2,549,347)	(2,996,180)
2019	140,858	610,048	954,390	2,004,967
2020	(32,706)	268,233	(84,844)	(320,191)
2021	(322,051)	(659,079)	(1,790,930)	(3,357,116)
2022		597,748		932,127
Thereafter		239,104		3,542,070

Pension Expense

The District recognizes a pension expense for its proportionate share of the collective pension expense. This is determined by using the district's proportion share of the collective net pension liability. For the year ending August 31, 2017, the district recognized a total pension expense as follows:

	Pension Expense	
PERS 1	\$5,407,715	
SERS 2/3	\$3,609,277	
TRS 1	\$19,124,784	
TRS 2/3	\$10,246,337	
TOTAL	\$38,388,113	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The table below presents the Lake Washington School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%) or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate. Amounts are calculated by plan using the district's allocation percentage.

	1% De	1% Decrease (6.50%)		Current Discount Rate (7.50%)		ncrease (8.50%)
PERS 1 NPL		\$5,780,412,000		\$4,745,078,000		\$3,848,257,000
Allocation Percentage		0.372758%		0.372758%		0.372758%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$	21,546,931	\$	17,687,644	\$	14,344,674
SERS 2/3 NPL		\$1,278,921,000		\$493,475,000		(\$153,665,000)
Allocation Percentage		2.244654%		2.244654%		2.244654%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$	28,707,350	\$	11,076,806	\$	(3,449,247)
		,				
TRS 1 NPL		\$3,759,368,000		\$3,023,268,000		\$2,386,123,000
Allocation Percentage		2.709794%		2.709794%		2.709794%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$	101,871,140	\$	81,924,344	\$	64,659,025
TRS 2/3 NPL		\$3,134,647,000		\$922,943,000		(\$873,375,000)
Allocation Percentage		2.698990%		2.698990%		2.698990%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$	84,603,809	\$	24,910,139	\$	(23,572,304)

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The state, through the Health Care Authority (HCA), administers an agent multiple-employer other post-employment benefit plan. The Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB) created within the HCA is authorized to design benefits and determine the terms and conditions of employee and retired employee participation and coverage, including establishment of eligibility criteria for both active and retired employees. Programs include medical, dental, life and long-term disability. The Lake Washington School District's retirees are eligible to participate in this plan.

Plan Description

Eligibility

District members are eligible for retiree medical benefits after becoming eligible for service retirement pension benefits (either reduced or full pension benefits) under Plan 2/3 of TRS.

Age 65 with 5 years of service
Age 55 with 20 years of service

Former members who are entitled to a deferred vested pension benefit are not eligible to receive medical benefits after pension benefit commencement. Survivors of covered members who die are eligible for medical benefits.

Medical and Life Benefits

Upon retirement, members are permitted to receive medical benefits. Retirees pay the following monthly rates for pre-65 Medical coverage for 2017:

Type of Coverage

		Employee &	2
	Employee Only	Spouse	Full Family
Kaiser Permanente Classic	\$676.52	\$1,348.32	\$1,852.17
Kaiser Permanente Sound Choice	575.80	1,146.88	1,575.19
Kaiser Permanente CHDP	563.28	1,115.34	1,485.64
Kaiser Permanente Value	598.81	1,192.90	1,638.47
Uniform Medical Plan Classic	623.65	1,242.58	1,706.78
UMP Plus-UW Medicine Accountable Car	re 595.49	1,186.26	1,629.34
UMP Plus-Puget Sound High Value Netw	ork 595.49	1,186.26	1,629.34
Uniform Medical Plan CDHP	562.91	1,114.60	1,484.62

For calendar year 2017, after age 65 retired members receive a subsidy of 50% of their monthly premiums up to \$150.00 per Medicare covered person.

Funding Policy

The funding policy is based upon the pay-as-you-go financing requirements.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based upon the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) over a period of 30 years as of September 1, 2010. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB.

Determination of Annual Required Contribution	August 31, 2015	August 31, 2016	August 31, 2017
Normal Cost at year end Amortization of UAAL Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 3,827,173 3,288,345 \$ 7,115,518	\$ 5,444,713 4,764,482 \$ 10,209,195	\$ 5,444,713 4,764,482 \$ 10,209,195
Determination of Net OPEB Obligation Annual Required Contribution Interest on prior year Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to ARC Annual OPEB Cost Contributions made* Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	\$ 7,115,518 919,228 - 980,510 \$ 7,054,236 - 2,342,132 \$ 4,712,104	\$ 10,209,195 1,095,932 -1,217,702 \$10,087,425 - 2,435,719 \$7,651,706	\$ 10,209,195 1,382,871 -1 603,328 \$9,988,738 - 2,348,794 \$7,639,944
Net OPEB Obligation – end of year	\$29,224,844	\$ 36,876,550	\$ 44,516,494

^{*}Estimated based on retiree benefit amounts.

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017 were as follows:

		Percentage of	
Fiscal	Annual	OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation
08/31/2015	\$7,054,236	33.20%	\$29,224,844
08/31/2016	10,087,425	24.15%	36,876,550
08/31/2017	9,988,737	23.51%	44,516,494

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017 were as follows:

		Actuarial	Unfunded Actuarial			UAAL as a
Fiscal	Actuarial Value	Accrued	Accrued Liabilities	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Year Ended	of Assets	Liability	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
8/31/2012		\$71,806,803	\$71,806,803	0%	\$139,587,075	51%
8/31/2014		85,496,973	85,496,973	0%	152,341,588	56%
8/31/2016		114,347,557	114,347,557	0%	174,212,605	66%

Funded status and Funding Progress

As of August 31, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Plan was 0% funded. The accrued liability for benefits was \$114.3 million, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in a UAAL of \$114.3 million.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the August 31, 2016 actuarial valuation, the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions used included a 3.75% discount rate, which is based upon the long-term investment yield on the investments that are expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits. Health and Life Insurance trend rates used were as follows:

Health Care Cost Increase or Trend Rate

	Pre-65	Post-65
Year Ending	Retiree Premiums	Retiree Premiums
August 31,	and Claims (1)	and Claims (2)
2017	6.7%	8.8%
2018	5.4%	6.9%
2019	5.5%	5.4%
2020	5.6%	5.5%
2025	5.8%	5.7%
2030	6.2%	5.8%
2040	6.4%	5.7%
2050	6.1%	5.8%
2060	5.9%	6.0%
2093+	4.9%	4.9%

- (1) Used to project annual increases to:
 - Total Cost for Pre-65 medical benefits
 - Retiree Contributions for Pre-65 medical benefits
- (2) Used to project annual increases to the explicit subsidy for Post-65 medical benefits

The UAAL is being amortized as a level of percentage of pay on a closed basis at the assumed discount rate. Payroll is assumed to increase at 3.75. The remaining amortization period at August 31, 2017 was 23 years.

Note 8: Participation in Interlocal Cooperative

The Lake Washington School District is a member of the King County Director's Association which is an organization formed and owned by school districts in Washington State. The purpose of the cooperative is to purchase supplies, equipment, food and other merchandise at lower prices through volume purchasing.

The members of the cooperative are billed for items purchased at association cost plus an administrative charge. Profits are allocated annually to the member districts based upon comparative administrative charges. No profit distributions have been paid. The Lake Washington School District's accrued ownership at December 31, 2016 was \$279,679.

Note 9: Long-Term Debt

A. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2017 the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the district-wide financial statements:

					Amount
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Bonds Payable	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
2007 G.O. Bonds	12,000,000		4,400,000	7,600,000	\$7,600,000
2008 G.O. Bonds	15,000,000		2,400,000	12,600,000	2,650,000
2009 Bonds	31,445,000			31,445,000	
2010 Bonds	120,000,000			120,000,000	
2012 Bonds	10,440,000		3,565,000	6,875,000	2,385,000
2012 Bonds	10,130,000		6,675,000	3,455,000	3,455,000
2015 Bonds	150,930,000		10,565,000	140,365,000	6,320,000
2016 Bonds	195,020,000		495,000	194,525,000	8,360,000
Total Bonds Payable	\$544,965,000	\$0	\$28,100,000	\$516,865,000	\$30,770,000
Other Liabilities:					
Unemployment Pay.	\$512,937	\$80,832	\$53,827	\$539,942	\$75,000
Other Empl. Ins. Pay.	1,894,939	857,897	810,237	\$1,942,599	537,821
Industrial Insurance	2,287,527	1,576,912	1,171,126	\$2,693,313	1,400,000
Net OPEB	36,876,550	9,988,738	2,348,794	\$44,516,494	
Compensated Absences	4,534,720	210,631	857,797	\$3,887,554	489,619
Net Pension	138,424,645	5,010,370	7,836,082	\$135,598,933	0
Total Other Liab.	184,531,318	17,725,380	13,077,863	189,178,835	2,502,440
Grand Total	\$729,496,318	\$17,725,380	\$41,177,863	\$706,043,835	\$33,272,440

B. Bond Premiums

The amortization schedule of bond premiums is as follows:

	Beginning	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
	Balance			
2007 G.O. Bonds	286,163		143,082	143,081
2008 G.O Bonds	246,385		82,128	164,257
2009 Bonds	129,080		10,757	118,323
2010 Bonds	1,130,420		80,744	1,049,676
2012 G.O. Bonds	1,174,321		234,865	939,456
2012 LGO Bonds	998,808		499,403	499,405
2015 Bonds	15,509,173		1,550,917	13,958,256
2016 Bonds	31,325,881		\$1,566,294	29,759,587
	\$50,800,231	\$0	\$4,168,190	\$46,632,041

C. Unamortized Discount Costs

The amortization schedule of bond discount costs is as follows:

	Beginning	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
	Balance			
2007 G.O. Bonds	24,081		12,041	12,040
2008 G.O Bonds	48,968		16,323	32,645
2009 Bonds	160,424		13,368	147,056
2010 Bonds	523,546		37,396	486,150
2012 G.O. Bonds	53,725		10,745	42,980
2012 LGO Bonds	43,671		21,837	21,834
2015 Bonds	518,000		51,800	466,200
2016 Bonds	682,570		34,128	648,442
	\$2,054,985	\$0	\$197,638	\$1,857,347

D. Unamortized Deferred Charge on Refunding

The amortization schedule of deferred charge on refunding which is carried as a deferred outflow of resources is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
2006 Bond	\$3,511,995		\$351,200	\$3,160,795
2007 Bond	3,558,299		444,787	3,113,512
2008 Bond	4,966,785		551,865	4,414,920
	\$12,037,079	\$0	\$1,347,852	\$10,689,227

E. General Obligation Debt

Bonds payable at August 31, 2017 are comprised of the following:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Ending
	Rates	Date	Date	Issued	Balance
2007 Bonds	4.63-5.00	11/07/07	12/01/17	\$80,000,000	\$7,600,000
2008 Bonds	3.75-5.00	11/18/08	12/01/26	80,000,000	12,600,000
2009 Bonds	1.65-5.57	11/03/09	12/01/27	40,000,000	31,445,000
2010 Bonds	4.91-5.06	09/17/10	12/01/29	120,000,000	120,000,000
2012 Bonds	1.00-5.00	07/11/12	12/01/20	23,025,000	6,875,000
2012 Bonds	2.00-5.00	07/11/12	12/01/17	31,195,000	3,455,000
2015 Bonds	2.00-5.00	06/17/15	12/01/25	162,800,000	140,365,000
2016 Bonds	1.5-5.00	08/23/16	12/01/35	195,020,000	194,525,000
				\$732,040,000	\$516,865,000

F. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Ended	Principal	Interest	Total
8/31/2018	30,770,000	22,015,275	52,785,275
8/31/2019	31,690,000	20,627,800	52,317,800
8/31/2020	30,095,000	19,102,625	49,197,625
8/31/2021	25,635,000	17,783,875	43,418,875
8/31/2022	27,700,000	16,500,000	44,200,000
8/31/2023	36,565,000	14,893,375	51,458,375
8/31/2024	30,460,000	13,473,813	43,933,813
8/31/2025	29,650,000	12,459,400	42,109,400
8/31/2026	36,065,000	11,171,743	47,236,743
8/31/2027	37,910,000	9,807,775	47,717,775
8/31/2028	42,000,000	8,164,370	50,164,370
8/31/2029	43,445,000	6,048,725	49,493,725
8/31/2030	45,725,000	3,878,700	49,603,700
8/31/2031	13,170,000	2,502,800	15,672,800
8/31/2032	7,975,000	2,079,900	10,054,900
8/31/2033	8,650,000	1,747,400	10,397,400
8/31/2034	9,360,000	1,387,200	10,747,200
8/31/2035	15,000,000	900,000	15,900,000
8/31/2036	15,000,000	300,000	15,300,000
	\$516,865,000	\$184,844,776	\$701,709,776

G. Bonds Authorized but Unissued

As of August 31, 2017, there are \$11,000,000 bonds that are authorized but unissued from the February 2006 authorization and \$233,000,000 bonds authorized but unissued from the April 2016 bond authorization.

Note 10: Operating Leases (Non-Capitalized)

The district is obligated to pay under certain leases accounted for as operating leases. Operating leases do not give rise to property rights or lease obligations, and therefore, the results of the lease agreements are not reflected in the district's Capital Assets. The following is a schedule by years of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases of one year or more as of August 31, 2017.

Year Ended	Amount
08/31/18	423,735
08/31/19	268,573
08/31/20	171,530
Total	\$ 863,838

\$153,769 pertains to the lease of copy machines and \$710,069 is for portable leases.

Note 11: Self-Insured Employee Benefits

Unemployment – The district provides for unemployment compensation on a self-insured basis, whereby an estimated liability is accrued and actual benefits paid are charged against the accrual in the General Fund. The district reimburses Washington State Employment Security Department on a quarterly basis for claims approved and paid. The district paid out a total of \$50,803 in unemployment claims for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2016. The following is a summary of activity for the current and prior fiscal year.

	Beginning			Ending
Fiscal Year	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance
2015-16	\$488,988	\$74,752	\$50,803	\$512,937
2016-17	\$512,937	\$80,832	\$53,827	\$539,942

Industrial Insurance – The district began self-insurance for industrial insurance in January 1979 and contracts with a 3rd party administrator to manage its claims. Industrial insurance compensation is provided for by establishing an estimated liability based on past experience. This liability is reviewed continually for adequacy. In addition, the district carries a major risk policy that covers a single claim over \$400,000. The district paid out a total of \$514,334 in industrial insurance claims in the General Fund for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2017. The following is a summary of activity for the current and prior fiscal year.

	Beginning			Ending
Fiscal Year	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance
2015-16	\$1,980,802	\$1,688,173	\$1,381,448	\$2,287,527
2016-17	\$2,287,527	\$1,576,912	\$1,171,126	\$2,693,313

Vision Insurance-The school district began self-insurance for vision benefits in October 2000 and contracts with a 3rd party administrator to manage its insurance claims. The district sets a monthly premium rate, whereby an estimated liability is accrued. This liability is reviewed monthly for adequacy. Actual benefit payments are charged against the accrual in the General Fund. The district paid out a total of \$713,904 in claims for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2017. The following is a summary of activity for the current and prior fiscal year.

	Beginning			Ending
Fiscal Year	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance
2015-16	\$461,272	\$792,660	\$750,331	\$503,601
2016-17	\$503,601	\$844,455	\$810,235	\$537,821

Note 12: Risk Management

The district is a member of the Washington Schools Risk Management Pool (Pool). Chapter 48.62 RCW authorizes the governing body of any one or more governmental entities to form together into or join a pool or organization for the joint purchasing of insurance, and/or joint self-insuring, and/or joint hiring or contracting for risk management services to the same extent that they may individually purchase insurance, self-insure, or hire or contract for risk management services. An agreement to form a pooling arrangement was made pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 39.34 RCW, the Interlocal Cooperation Act. The Pool was formed in 1986 when educational service districts and school districts in the state of Washington joined together by signing the Cooperative Risk Management Pool Account Agreement to pool their self-insured losses and jointly purchase insurance and administrative services. Over 90 school and educational service districts have joined the Pool.

The Pool allows members to jointly purchase insurance coverage, establish a plan of self-insurance, and provide related services, such as risk management. The Pool provides the following coverages for its members: property, liability, vehicle, public official liability, crime, employment practices, machinery breakdown, and network security.

Members make an annual contribution to fund the Pool. The Pool acquires reinsurance from unrelated underwriters that are subject to a per-occurrence self-insured retention of \$1 million risk shared by the Pool. Members are responsible for varied deductibles for both liability and property claims. Insurance carriers cover losses over \$1 million to the maximum limits of each policy. Since the Pool is a cooperative program, there is a joint liability among the participating members.

Members contract to remain in the Pool for a minimum of three years and must give notice two and one-half years before terminating participation. The Cooperative Risk Management Pool Account Agreement is renewed automatically each year after the initial three-year period. Even after termination, a member is still responsible for their share of contributions to the Pool for any unresolved, unreported, and in-process claims for the period they were a signatory to the Cooperative Risk Management Pool Account Agreement.

The Pool is governed by a board of directors which is comprised of one designated representative from each participating member. An executive board is elected at the annual meeting, and is responsible for overseeing the business affairs of the Pool.

Note 13: Reconciliation Between Governmental Fund Financial Statements and District-Wide Financial Statements

- A. Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position
- Capital Assets Capital assets are not reported on governmental fund financial statements.
 Capital assets are reported on the district-wide Statement of Net Position at historical cost less accumulated depreciation.

 Cost of capital assets
 \$1,131,636,807

 Accumulated Depreciation
 269,099,269

 Net Capital Assets
 \$862,537,538

- 2. Deferred Charge on Refunding-The difference between the carrying amount of refunded debt and the cost of new debt to retire the old debt resulted in a loss on refunding. The governmental funds recognize this loss as current other financing sources in the period in which the refunding occurred. In the governmental statements, the deferred loss on refunding balance (\$10,689,227) is shown as a deferred outflow of resources and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the life of the old debt or new debt.
- 3. Deferred Pension Plan-In the governmental funds, the district is required to report a portion of the liabilities for the pension plans with which our employees participate. This resulted in a deferred outflow (\$18,696,410) and a deferred inflow (\$20,262,079) of resources.
- 4. Long-term liabilities of \$750,818,531 (\$33,272,440 due within one year; \$537,172,464 due in more than one year; unamortized debt premium/discount of \$44,774,694; and net pension liability of \$135,598,933 applicable to the district's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of Net Position.
- 5. Unavailable Revenue Property taxes and receivables (\$76,333,438) that do not provide current financial resources are reported as unavailable revenue in governmental funds, but as revenues in government-wide financial statements.
- 6. Due From and Due To Other Funds (\$874,796) Internal transfers between governmental funds were eliminated in the governmental-wide statement to avoid the "doubling up" effect.
- B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities
- 1. Property taxes and open accounts receivable that do not provide current financial resources are reported as unavailable revenue in governmental funds, but as revenues in the Statement of Activities (\$6,654,917).
- 2. The decrease between the beginning and ending balances of the liability for compensated absences (\$647,166) is reported in the Statement of Activities as a negative expense and is allocated to various applicable programs. This decrease is not reported in governmental fund statements.
- 3. The increase between the beginning and ending balance of the liability for net OPEB obligation (\$7,639,944) is reported in the Statement of Activities as an expense and is allocated to various applicable programs. This increase is not reported in governmental fund statements.
- 4. Current year pension expense per GASB 68 \$13,678,580 is not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. However, it is reported in the district-wide statement of activities as an expense.

- 5. The proceeds of the sale of property is reported as an increase in other financial resources in governmental funds, while only the loss on sale or disposition of property (\$2,626,855) is reported in the statement of activities.
- 6. Capital Assets Capital assets are expensed when purchased or constructed in the governmental fund statements. Capital assets are expensed as depreciation over the useful life of the asset in the statement of activities (\$25,016,976).
- 7. Repayment of bond principal (\$28,100,000) is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds and, thus has the effect of reducing fund balance. For the district as a whole, however, the principal payments reduce the liabilities in the statement of Net Position.
- 8. Internal transfers between funds (\$14,559,739) are reported as other financial sources/uses in the governmental funds but eliminated in the consolidated Statement of Activities.
- 9. The government funds report debt interest and other payments, \$21,512,957 as expenditures. In the governmental funds, interest expense is adjusted to reflect amortization of bond premium (\$4,168,190), amortization of bond discount (\$197,638), and amortization of deferred amount on refunding (\$1,347,852).

Amortization of Bond Premium	(\$4,168,190)
Amortization of Bond Discount	197,638
Amortization of Deferred Amount of Refunding	1,347,852
	(\$2,622,700)

Note 14: Contingent Liabilities

The district receives federal and state grants for specific programs. Both types of grants are subject to audit by the Washington State Auditor's Office. Such audits could result in requests for reimbursement to grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based upon prior experience, the district believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Note 15: Litigation

Possible losses from suits and claims against the Lake Washington School District are fully covered by the Washington Schools Risk Management Pool. The District is not aware of any claims which are not adequately covered.

Note 16: Subsequent Events

There were no events after the balance sheet date that would have a material impact on the next or future fiscal years.

LAKE WASHINGTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 414 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION Actuarial Valuation of Post Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Schedule of Funding Progress August 31, 2017

	Actuaria		Actuarial	Unfunded Acutuarial			UAAL As A
Fiscal	Value o	t	Accrued	Accrued Liabilities	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Year Ended	Assets		Liability	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
08/31/10	\$	-	\$107,336,280	\$107,336,280	0%	\$136,759,054	78%
08/31/11	\$	-	\$107,336,280	\$107,336,280	0%	\$139,597,782	77%
08/31/12	\$	-	\$71,806,803	\$71,806,803	0%	\$139,587,075	51%
08/31/13	\$	-	\$71,806,803	\$71,806,803	0%	\$143,988,551	50%
08/31/14	\$	-	\$85,496,973	\$85,496,973	0%	\$152,341,588	56%
08/31/15	\$	-	\$85,496,973	\$85,496,973	0%	\$159,859,725	53%
08/31/16	\$	-	\$114,347,557	\$114,347,557	0%	\$174,212,605	66%
08/31/17	\$	-	\$114,347,557	\$114,347,557	0%	\$191,738,377	60%

GASB Statement #45 was implemented for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2010. No information prior to August 31, 2009 is available. The fiscal year 09-10 is an evaluation year. The actuarial study is performed biennially.

Lake Washington School District Schedules of Required Supplementary Information

The required supplementary information identified below is presented separately for each plan the school district participates in. The amounts reported in the Schedules of the Districts Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability are determined as of the June 30 measurement date of the collective net pension liability. The district's covered-employee payroll figures for Pers 1 and Ters1 were updated for 2016 and 2015.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY			
PERS 1			
Last 10 Fiscal Years*			
As of June 30th	2015	2016	2017
District's Proportion of the net pension liability (percentage)	0.333717%	0.292801%	0.372758%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (amount)	\$ 17,456,511	\$ 15,724,781	\$ 17,687,644
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 37,694,260	\$ 35,333,773	\$ 46,371,620
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (amount) as a percentage of its covered payroll	46.31%	44.50%	38.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	59.10%	57.03%	61.24%

SERS 2/3			
Last 10 Fiscal Years*			
As of June 30th	2015	2016	2017
District's Proportion of the net pension liability (percentage)	2.156443%	1.877438%	2.244654%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (amount)	\$ 8,758,413	\$ 12,330,393	\$ 11,076,806
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 37,128,537	\$ 34,875,682	\$ 45,868,804
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (amount) as a percentage of its covered payroll	23.59%	35.36%	24.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.92%	86.52%	90.79%

TRS 1			
Last 10 Fiscal Years*			
As of June 30th	2015	2016	2017
District's Proportion of the net pension liability (percentage)	2.657424%	2.310233%	2.709794%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (amount)	\$ 84,190,967	\$ 78,876,837	\$ 81,924,344
District's covered-employee payroll	\$127,138,238	\$117,104,222	\$ 150,055,912
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (amount) as a percentage of its covered payroll	66.22%	67.36%	54.60%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	65.70%	62.07%	65.58%

TRS 2/3			
Last 10 Fiscal Years*			
As of June 30th	2015	2016	2017
District's Proportion of the net pension liability (percentage)	2.646598%	2.293214%	2.698990%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (amount)	\$ 22,332,050	\$ 31,492,634	\$ 24,910,139
District's covered-employee payroll	\$123,808,566	\$114,847,370	\$148,016,879
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (amount) as a percentage of its covered payroll	18.04%	27.42%	16.83%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	92.48%	88.72%	93.14%

The information identified below is the Schedule of Contributions, by Plan. The amounts reported in the Schedules of District Contributions are determined as of the school district's fiscal year ending August 31. The district's covered-employee payroll figures were updated for 2016 and 2015.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS			
PERS 1			
Last 10 Fiscal Years*			
As of August 31st	2015	2016	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,533,757	\$ 1,863,411	\$ 2,095,592
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$ 1,533,757	\$ 1,863,411	\$ 2,095,592
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 34,967,929	\$ 39,054,584	\$ 43,348,477
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	4.39%	4.77%	4.83%

SERS 2/3			
Last 10 Fiscal Years*			
As of August 31st	2015	2016	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,096,530	\$ 2,519,129	\$ 2,842,705
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$ 2,096,530	\$ 2,519,129	\$ 2,842,705
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 34,452,767	\$ 38,558,649	\$ 42,888,172
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	6.09%	6.53%	6.63%

TRS 1			
Last 10 Fiscal Years*			
As of August 31st	2015	2016	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 5,946,700	\$ 7,928,788	\$ 8,859,127
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$ 5,946,700	\$ 7,928,788	\$ 8,859,127
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$118,511,191	\$128,448,411	\$ 140,318,930
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	5.02%	6.17%	6.31%

TRS 2/3				
Last 10 Fiscal Years*				
As of August 31st	2015	2016		2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 7,033,264	\$ 8,341,117	\$	9,307,146
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$ 7,033,264	\$ 8,341,117	\$	9,307,146
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$115,575,417	\$126,039,739	\$	138,532,088
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	6.09%	6.62%		6.72%

	Lake Washington	on Schoo	I District #414	i				
	Schedule of Expenditur	es of Fed	deral Awards -	Revised				
	For the Year E	nding Au	gust 31, 2017					
1 2 Pass	3	4	5	6	7 Expenditures	8	9	10
	ogram Title	CFDA	Other	Direct	Pass		Passed	Foot
<u> </u>	ogram mie	No.	I.D. No.	Awards	Through	Total	Through to	note
Agency Agency		INO.	1.D. NO.	Awaius	Awards	Total	Subrecipients	
U.S. Dept.					71114140		0 4 2 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1	
of Agriculture Child Nutrition Cluster:								
WA OSPI School Breakfast Program		10.553			228,244.49	228,244.49	0.00	2
WA OSPI NSLP: Cash Assistance		10.555			1,616,944.54	1,616,944.54	0.00	2
WA OSPI NSLP: Non Cash Assistance	e (commodities)	10.555			560,308.27	560,308.27	0.00	3
Su	btotal Child Nutrition Cluster				2,405,497.30	2,405,497.30	0.00	
Forest Service Schools and	Roads Cluster:							
Office of State	Trouge Cluster.							
Treasurer Schools and Roads - Grant	s to States	10.665			8,597.03	8,597.03	0.00	
Subtotal Forest Service	Schools and Roads Cluster				8,597.03	8,597.03	0.00	
Total U.S.	Department of Agriculture				\$2,414,094.33	\$2,414,094.33	\$0.00	
U.S. Dept.								
of Education Indian Ed - Grants to Local	Ed Agencies	84.060	S060A141113	57,905.00	0.00	57,905.00	0.00	
WA OSPI Title I - Grants to Local Ed A	Agencies	84.010	202452		1,473,527.52	1,473,527.52	0.00	4,6
Special Education Cluster:								
WA OSPI Special Ed - Grants to State	es	84.027	305826		4,645,437.00	4,645,437.00	0.00	4
WA OSPI Special Ed - Grants to State	es	84.027	337943		1,731,948.00	1,731,948.00	0.00	
WA OSPI Special Ed - Preschool Gra	nts/Part B	84.173	363821		87,158.00	87,158.00	0.00	4
Subtotal Spec	ial Education Cluster (IDEA)				6,464,543.00	6,464,543.00	0.00	
								_
WA OSPI Career & Technical Ed - Ba		84.048	173737		122,255.00	· ·	0.00	
WA OSPI Career & Technical Ed - Ba		84.048	173990		48,356.00		1	
	Subtotal CFDA 84.048				170,611.00	170,611.00	0.00	
WA OSPI English Language Acquisiti	on State Grants	84.365	402366		324,657.19	324,657.19	0.00	5
WA OSPI Improving Teacher Quality	State Grants	84.367	524117		467,091.00	467,091.00	0.00	4
Total U.S	. Department of Education			\$57,905.00	\$8,900,429.71	\$8,958,334.71	\$0.00	
U.S. Dept.								
of Health and Human Services								
PSESD Head Start		93.600	N/A		591,925.36	591,925.36	0.00	
NACCHO Medical Reserve Corps Sm	all Grant Program	93.008	150032		1,471.76	1,471.76	0.00	
Total U.S. Dept of H	ealth and Human Services				\$593,397.12	\$593,397.12	\$0.00	
Table 1 and American Service 1				APT 00 0 00	\$44 00T 004 10	#44 DOT 000 10	40.00	
I Otal Federal Awards Expended				¥57,¥05.00	\$11, 9 07,921.16	\$11,965,826.16	\$0.00	
Total Federal Awards Expended The Accompanying Notes to the S					\$57,905.00 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an Integral Part of This Schedule			

Lake Washington School District #414 Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ending August 31, 2017

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures represent only the federally funded portions of the program. Lake Washington School District records should be consulted to determine amounts expended or matched from non-federal sources.

NOTE 2 – UNIT COST CONTRACTS

Under certain programs, the district receives a fixed amount for the activity, regardless of the district's expenditures. Expenditures for these programs are listed as the amount received from the grantor.

NOTE 3 – NONCASH AWARDS – FOOD COMMODITIES

The amount of food commodities reported on the schedule is the market value of commodities distributed by the Lake Washington School District during the current year. The value is determined by the USDA.

NOTE 4 – FEDERAL INDIRECT RATE

The Lake Washington School District claimed indirect costs under this grant using its federal restricted rate of 3.06%.

The Lake Washington School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 5 – FEDERAL INDIRECT RATE

The Lake Washington School District claimed indirect costs under this grant using its federal restricted rate of 2.00%.

NOTE 6 – SCHOOL WIDE PROGRAMS

The Lake Washington School District operates a "schoolwide program" in two elementary buildings. Using federal funding, schoolwide programs are designed to upgrade an entire educational program within a school for all students, rather than limit services to certain targeted students. The following federal program amounts were expensed by the Lake Washington School District in its schoolwide program: Title I (84.010) \$299,351.92.

ABOUT THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

The State Auditor's Office is established in the state's Constitution and is part of the executive branch of state government. The State Auditor is elected by the citizens of Washington and serves four-year terms.

We work with our audit clients and citizens to achieve our vision of government that works for citizens, by helping governments work better, cost less, deliver higher value, and earn greater public trust.

In fulfilling our mission to hold state and local governments accountable for the use of public resources, we also hold ourselves accountable by continually improving our audit quality and operational efficiency and developing highly engaged and committed employees.

As an elected agency, the State Auditor's Office has the independence necessary to objectively perform audits and investigations. Our audits are designed to comply with professional standards as well as to satisfy the requirements of federal, state, and local laws.

Our audits look at financial information and compliance with state, federal and local laws on the part of all local governments, including schools, and all state agencies, including institutions of higher education. In addition, we conduct performance audits of state agencies and local governments as well as <u>fraud</u>, state <u>whistleblower</u> and <u>citizen hotline</u> investigations.

The results of our work are widely distributed through a variety of reports, which are available on our <u>website</u> and through our free, electronic <u>subscription</u> service.

We take our role as partners in accountability seriously, and provide training and technical assistance to governments, and have an extensive quality assurance program.

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Toll-free Citizen Hotline	(866) 902-3900
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