

Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit Report

Prosser School District No. 116

For the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

Published May 14, 2020 Report No. 1026182





Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

May 14, 2020

Board of Directors Prosser School District No. 116 Prosser, Washington

Report on Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit

Please find attached our report on Prosser School District No. 116's financial statements and compliance with federal laws and regulations.

We are issuing this report in order to provide information on the District's financial condition.

Sincerely,

Tat Marchy

Pat McCarthy State Auditor Olympia, WA

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Prosser School District No. 116 September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

The results of our audit of Prosser School District No. 116 are summarized below in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

Financial Statements

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the District's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. Separately, we issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because the financial statements are prepared using a basis of accounting other than GAAP.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We noted no instances of noncompliance that were material to the financial statements of the District.

Federal Awards

Internal Control over Major Programs:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over major federal programs that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the District's compliance with requirements applicable to each of its major federal programs.

We reported no findings that are required to be disclosed in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

Identification of Major Federal Programs

The following programs were selected as major programs in our audit of compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

<u>CFDA No.</u>	Program or Cluster Title
10.553	Child Nutrition Cluster – School Breakfast Program
10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster – National School Lunch Program
10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster – Summer Food Service Program for Children

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs, as prescribed by the Uniform Guidance, was \$750,000.

The District qualified as a low-risk auditee under the Uniform Guidance.

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Prosser School District No. 116 September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

Board of Directors Prosser School District No. 116 Prosser, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Prosser School District No. 116, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 4, 2020.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the District's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. We issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because, as described in Note 1, the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* does not require the District to prepare the government-wide statements presenting the financial position and changes in financial position of its governmental activities as required by GAAP. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, in February 2020, a state of emergency was declared that could have a negative financial effect on the District.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial

statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to

disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Tat Marthy

Pat McCarthy State Auditor Olympia, WA

May 4, 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Prosser School District No. 116 September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

Board of Directors Prosser School District No. 116 Prosser, Washington

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

We have audited the compliance of Prosser School District No. 116, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. *Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019. The District's major federal programs are identified in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements

referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or compliance over compliance is a deficiency or a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance over compliance is a deficiency over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Tat Marchy

Pat McCarthy State Auditor Olympia, WA

May 4, 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Prosser School District No. 116 September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

Board of Directors Prosser School District No. 116 Prosser, Washington

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Prosser School District No. 116, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, as listed on page 16.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of state law and the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* (Accounting Manual) described in Note 1. This includes determining that the basis of accounting is acceptable for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant account estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting (Accounting Manual)

As described in Note 1, the District has prepared these financial statements to meet the financial reporting requirements of state law using accounting practices prescribed by the Accounting Manual. Those accounting practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The difference in these accounting practices is also described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Prosser School District No. 116, as of August 31, 2019, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

Auditing standards issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) require auditors to formally acknowledge when governments do not prepare their financial statements, intended for general use, in accordance with GAAP. GAAP requires presentation of government-wide financial statements to display the financial position and changes in financial position of its governmental activities.

As described in Note 1, the Accounting Manual does not require the District to prepare the government-wide financial statements, and consequently such amounts have not been determined or presented. We are therefore required to issue an adverse opinion on whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with GAAP.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

The financial statements referred to above were not intended to, and in our opinion they do not, present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Prosser School District No. 116, as of August 31, 2019, or the changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended, due to the significance of the matter discussed in the above "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP" paragraph.

Matter of Emphasis

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, in February 2020, a state of emergency was declared that could have a negative financial effect on the District. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). The Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the prescribed Accounting Manual. These schedules are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 4, 2020 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Tat Marchy

Pat McCarthy State Auditor Olympia, WA

May 4, 2020

FINANCIAL SECTION

Prosser School District No. 116 September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds – 2019
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds – 2019
Notes to Financial Statements – 2019

SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities – 2019 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – 2019 Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – 2019

		August 31,	1, 2019				
	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
ASSETS :							
Cash and Cash Equivalents Minus Warrants Outstanding	5,561,836.43 -1,651,528.31	355,932.16 -12,030.44	1,656,080.37 0.00	64,729,782.11 -1,953,247.66	334,749.25 0.00	0.00	72,638,380.32 -3,616,806.41
Taxes Receivable	1,129,062.47		1,890,920.86	0.00	0.00		3,019,983.33
Due From Other Funds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Due From Other Governmental Units	210,827.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	210,827.41
Accounts Receivable	33,894.39	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	33,894.39
Interfund Loans Receivable	0.00			0.00			0.00
Accrued Interest Receivable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Inventory	31,791.23	0.00		0.00			31,791.23
Prepaid Items	100,010.90	0.00			0.00	0.00	100,010.90
Investments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Investments/Cash With Trustee	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Investments-Deferred Compensation	0.00			0.00			0.00
Self-Insurance Security Deposit	00.00						0.00
TOTAL ASSETS	5,415,894.52	343,901.72	3,547,001.23	62,776,534.45	334,749.25	00.00	72,418,081.17
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Other	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	5,415,894.52	343,901.72	3,547,001.23	62,776,534.45	334,749.25	0.00	72,418,081.17
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts Payable	429,789.22	204.86	0.00	2,494,309.86	0.00	0.00	2,924,303.94
	0.00	0.00		00.00	0.00	00.00	0.00
Accrued Interest Payable			0.00				0.00
Accrued Salaries	84,257.71	0.00		0.00			84,257.71
Anticipation Notes Payable	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00

Prosser School District No. 116

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

		Balance Sheet	Sheet				
		Governmental Funds	.1 Funds				
		August 31,	, 2019				
	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital T Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
LIABILITIES:							
Payroll Deductions and Taxes Payable	46.97	0.00		0.00			46.97
Due To Other Governmental Units	16,835.72	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	16,835.72
Deferred Compensation Payable	0.00			0.00			0.00
Estimated Employee Benefits Payable	0.00						0.00
Due To Other Funds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interfund Loans Payable	0.00		00.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
Deposits	0.00	0.00		0.00			0.00
Unearned Revenue	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
Matured Bonds Payable			0.00				0.00
Matured Bond Interest Payable			0.00				0.00
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	530,929.62	204.86	00.00	2,494,309.86	0.00	0.00	3,025,444.34
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Unavailable Revenue	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes Receivable	1,129,062.47		1,890,920.86	0.00	0.00		3,019,983.33
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,129,062.47	0.00	1,890,920.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,019,983.33
FUND BALANCE:							
Nonspendable Fund Balance	131,802.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	131,802.13
Restricted Fund Balance	361,872.20	343,696.86	1,656,080.37	60,282,224.59	334,749.25	0.00	62,978,623.27
Committed Fund Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Assigned Fund Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Unassigned Fund Balance	3,262,228.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,262,228.10
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	3,755,902.43	343,696.86	1,656,080.37	60,282,224.59	334,749.25	0.00	66,372,653.50
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	5,415,894.52	343,901.72	3,547,001.23	62,776,534.45	334,749.25	0.00	72,418,081.17

Prosser School District No. 116

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

ũ	Statement of Revenues,	Expenditures,		and Changes in Fund Balance			
		Governmental	Funds				
	For the		Year Ended August 31, 2019				
	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
REVENUES:							
Local	3,736,878.63	540,248.65	4,111,997.06	1,412,917.76	4,950.28		9,806,992.38
State	30,429,908.35		0.00	0.00	363,600.28		30,793,508.63
Federal	2,938,418.64		0.00	0.00	0.00		2,938,418.64
Other	48,372.04			00.00	0.00	0.00	48,372.04
TOTAL REVENUES	37,153,577.66	540,248.65	4,111,997.06	1,412,917.76	368,550.56	0.00	43,587,291.69
EX PENDITURES : CURRENT :							
Regular Instruction	19,734,740.55						19,734,740.55
Special Education	4,158,364.85						4,158,364.85
Vocational Education	1,486,922.80						1,486,922.80
Skill Center	00.00						0.00
Compensatory Programs	3,924,406.78						3,924,406.78
Other Instructional Programs	165,641.83						165,641.83
Community Services	52,667.03						52,667.03
Support Services	7,598,698.06						7,598,698.06
Student Activities/Other		564,602.18				00.00	564,602.18
CAPITAL OUTLAY:							
Sites				0.00			0.00
Building				9,225,926.00			9,225,926.00
Equipment				0.00			0.00
Instructional Technology				0.00			0.00
Energy				0.00			0.00
Transportation Equipment					502,041.52		502,041.52
Sales and Lease				0.00			0.00
Other	184,863.07						184,863.07
DEBT SERVICE:							
Principal	0.00		567,265.17	0.00	0.00		567,265.17
Interest and Other Charges	0.00		2,759,898.42	575.00	0.00		2,760,473.42
Bond/Levy Issuance				0.00	2,500.00		2,500.00
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	37,306,304.97	564,602.18	3,327,163.59	9,226,501.00	504,541.52	0.00	50,929,113.26
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-152,727.31	-24,353.53	784,833.47	-7,813,583.24	-135,990.96	0.00	-7,341,821.57
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) :							

Prosser School District No. 116

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

116
No.
District
School
Prosser

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) :							
Bond Sales & Refunding Bond Sales	00.00		00.00	0.00	231,000.00		231,000.00
Long-Term Financing	00.00			0.00	0.00		0.00
Transfers In	00.00		109,700.00	0.00	0.00		109,700.00
Transfers Out (GL 536)	00.00		00.00	0.00	-109,700.00	0.00	-109,700.00
Other Financing Uses (GL 535)	00.00		00.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
Other	00.00		00.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	00.00		109,700.00	0.00	121,300.00	0.00	231,000.00
EXCESS OF REVENUES/OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	-152,727.31	-24,353.53	894,533.47	-7,813,583.24	-14,690.96	00°0	-7,110,821.57
BEGINNING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	3,908,629.74	368,050.39	761,546.90	68,095,807.83	349,440.21	0.00	73,483,475.07
Prior Year(s) Corrections or Restatements	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

0.00 66,372,653.50

334,749.25

343,696.86 1,656,080.37 60,282,224.59

3,755,902.43

ENDING TOTAL FUND BALANCE

Prosser School District No. 116 Notes to the Financial Statements September 1, 2018 Through August 31, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Prosser Consolidated School District (District) is a municipal corporation organized pursuant to Title 28A of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) for the purposes of providing public school services to students in grades K–12. Oversight responsibility for the District's operations is vested with the independently elected board of directors. Management of the District is appointed by and is accountable to the board of directors. Fiscal responsibility, including budget authority and the power to set fees, levy property taxes, and issue debt consistent with provisions of state statutes, also rests with the board of directors.

The District presents governmental fund financial statements and related notes on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington*, issued jointly by the State Auditor's Office and the Superintendent of Public Instruction by the authority of RCW 43.09.200, RCW 28A.505.140, RCW 28A.505.010(1) and RCW 28A.505.020. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

- (1) Districtwide statements, as defined in GAAP, are not presented.
- (2) A Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is presented as supplementary information.
- (3) Supplementary information required by GAAP is not presented.
- (4) Property Taxes collected after the end of the fiscal period are not considered available for revenue accrual as described below.

Fund Accounting

Financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds. Each fund uses a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures (or expenses) as appropriate. All funds are considered major funds. The various funds in the report are grouped into governmental (and fiduciary) funds as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

This fund is used to account for all expendable financial resources, except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the principle of having as few funds as are necessary, activities such as food services, maintenance, data processing, printing, and student transportation are included in the General Fund.

Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for financial resources that are to be used for the construction or acquisition of major capital assets. There are two funds that are considered to be of the capital projects fund type: the Capital Projects Fund and the Transportation Vehicle Fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for resources set aside for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets such as land and buildings.

<u>Transportation Vehicle Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for the purchase, major repair, rebuilding, and debt service expenditures that relate to pupil transportation equipment.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of matured general long-term debt principal and interest.

Special Revenue Fund

In Washington state, the only allowable special revenue fund for school districts is the Associated Student Body (ASB) Fund. This fund is accounted for in the District's financial statements as the financial resources legally belong to the District. As a special revenue fund, amounts within the ASB Fund may only be used for those purposes that relate to the operation of the Associated Student Body of the District.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and fund financial statement presentation

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered "measurable" if the amount of the transaction can be readily determined. Revenues are considered "available" when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Categorical program claims and interdistrict billings are measurable and available and are accrued. Property taxes not collected by the fiscal year end are measurable and recorded as a receivable, however the receivable is not considered available revenue and is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt which are recorded when due. Purchases of capital assets are expensed during the year of acquisition. For federal grants, the recognition of expenditures is dependent on the obligation date. (Obligation means a purchase order has been issued, contracts have been awarded, or goods and/or services have been received.)

Budgets

Chapter 28A.505 RCW and Chapter 392-123 Washington Administrative Code (WAC) mandate school district budget policies and procedures. The board adopts annual appropriated budgets for all governmental funds. These budgets are appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.

Budgets are adopted on the same modified accrual basis as used for financial reporting. Fund balance is budgeted as available resources and, under statute, may not be negative, unless the District enters into binding conditions with state oversight pursuant to RCW 28A.505.110.

The government's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

The District receives state funding for specific categorical education-related programs. Amounts that are received for these programs that are not used in the current fiscal year may be carried forward into the subsequent fiscal year, where they may be used only for the same purpose as they were originally received. When the District has such carryover, those funds are expended before any amounts received in the current year are expended.

Additionally, the District has other restrictions placed on its financial resources. When expenditures are recorded for purposes for which a restriction or commitment of fund balance is available, those funds that are restricted or committed to that purpose are considered first before any unrestricted or unassigned amounts are expended.

The government's fund balance classifications policies and procedures.

The District classifies ending fund balance for its governmental funds into five categories.

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u>. The amounts reported as Nonspendable are resources of the District that are not in spendable format. They are either non-liquid resources such as inventory or prepaid items, or the resources are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Restricted are those resources of the District that have had a legal restriction placed on their use either from statute, WAC, or other legal requirements that are beyond the control of the board of directors. Restricted fund balance includes anticipated recovery of revenues that have been received but are restricted as to their usage.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Committed are those resources of the District that have had a limitation placed upon their usage by formal action of the District's board of directors. Commitments are made either through a formal adopted board resolution or are related to a school board policy. Commitments may only be changed when the resources are used for the intended purpose or the limitation is removed by a subsequent formal action of the board of directors.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u>. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Assigned are those resources that the District has set aside for specific purposes. These accounts reflect tentative management plans for future financial resource use such as the replacement of equipment or the assignment of resources for contingencies. Assignments reduce the amount reported as Unassigned Fund Balance, but may not reduce that balance below zero.

In other governmental funds, Assigned fund balance represents a positive ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered. These resources are only available for expenditure in that fund and may not be used in any other fund without formal action by the District's board of directors and as allowed by statute.

The Assistant Superintendent, Business & Operations is the only person who has the authority to create Assignments of fund balance.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Unassigned are those net spendable resources of the District that are not otherwise Restricted, Committed, or Assigned, and may be used for any purpose within the General Fund.

In other governmental funds, Unassigned fund balance represents a deficit ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered.

A negative Unassigned fund balance means that the legal restrictions and formal commitments of the District exceed its currently available resources.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All of the District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The consumption method of inventory is used, which charges inventory as an expenditure when it is consumed. A portion of fund balance, representing inventory, is considered Nonspendable. Such reserves for inventory indicate that a portion of net current assets is set aside to replace or increase the inventory. USDA commodity inventory consists of food donated by the United States Department of Agriculture. It is valued at the prices paid by the USDA for the commodities.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Reporting Changes

The District has implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 88 and presented information in the notes related to debt, direct borrowings and direct placements.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Benton County Treasurer is the *ex officio* treasurer for the District and holds all accounts of the District. The District directs the County Treasurer to invest those financial resources of the District that the District has determined are not needed to meet the current financial obligations of the District.

The district's deposits and certificates of deposit are mostly covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC).

All of the District's investments during the year and at year-end were insured or registered and held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

Washington State statutes authorize the district to invest in the following types of securities:

• Certificates, notes, or bonds of the United States, its agencies, or any corporation wholly owned by the government of the United States,

- Obligations of government-sponsored corporations which are eligible as collateral for advances to member banks as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System,
- Bankers' acceptances purchased on the secondary market,
- Repurchase agreements for securities listed in the three items above, provided that the transaction is structured so that the public treasurer obtains control over the underlying securities,
- Investment deposits with qualified public depositories,
- Washington State Local Government Investment Pool, and
- County Treasurer Investment Pools.

The District's investments as of August 31, 2019, are as follows:

Type of Investment	District's own investments	Investments held by district as an agent for other organizations	Total
Benton County Treasurer's Investment Pool	\$72,582,285		\$72,582,285

The Benton County Treasurer's Investment Pool (TIP) is operated by the Benton County Treasurer office. The TIP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Participation in the pool is voluntary with a signed Investment Service Agreement submitted to the County Treasurer. The County and districts are able to take advantage of higher yielding investment opportunities by combining purchasing power while maintaining objectives of safety, liquidity and yield. The pool maintains an average maturity of no more than five years. As of August 31, 2019, Benton County reports a current yield of 2.28%.

The Benton County Treasurer is also holding the following deposits and investments rebated from the State of Washington from Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT) by the Department of Energy (DOE) for the reduction of outstanding debt obligations for the Prosser School District.

The District's investments as of August 31, 2019, are as follows:

Type of Investment	District's own investments	Investments held by district as an agent for other organizations	Total
Benton County Treasurer's Investment Pool	\$262,599		\$262,599

The District maintains deposits from AFLAC for administration of monies collected monthly from district employees. Claims are submitted monthly and reimbursed through plans administered by a third party. Balances are not reflected on the financial statements. The total in the account as of August 31, 2019 is \$34,371.48.

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

COVID-19 Pandemic

In February 2020, Governor Inslee declared a state of emergency in response to the spread of a deadly new virus. In the weeks following the declaration, precautionary measures to slow the spread of the virus were ordered. These measures include closing schools, canceling public events, limiting gathering sizes, and requiring people to stay home unless they are leaving for an essential function. On April 6, 2020, the Governor closed all public and private K–12 school buildings throughout the remainder of the 2019–20 school year. The school district, however, continues to operate; educating students using continuous learning models.

There is a potential financial impact to the Prosser School District. The District will be taking this into account when preparing the 2020-2021 budget.

The length of time these measures will be in place, and the full extent of the financial impact on the school district, is unknown at this time.

NOTE 4: PENSION PLANS

General Information

The Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the state of Washington, prepares a stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each pension plan. The pension plan's basic financial statement is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The measurement date of the pension plans is June 30. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The school district is reporting the net pension liability in the notes and on the Schedule of Longterm Liabilities calculated as the district's proportionate allocation percentage multiplied by the total plan collective net pension liability.

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS CAFR. Copies of the report may be obtained by contacting the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, P.O. Box 48380, Olympia, WA 98504-8380; or online at http://www.drs.wa.gov./administrations/annual-report.

Membership Participation

Substantially all school district full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following three contributory, multi-employer, cost-sharing statewide retirement systems managed by DRS: Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and School Employees' Retirement System (SERS).

Plan	Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	Active Plan Members
PERS 1	45,792	401	1,535
SERS 2	10,072	6,175	28,494
SERS 3	10,007	8,983	35,746
TRS 1	32,645	120	349
TRS 2	5,874	2,779	21,788
TRS 3	13,745	8,675	55,733

Membership participation by retirement plan as of June 30, 2019, was as follows:

Membership & Plan Benefits

Certificated employees are members of TRS. Classified employees are members of PERS (if Plan 1) or SERS. Plan 1 under the TRS and PERS programs are defined benefit pension plans whose members joined the system on or before September 30, 1977. TRS 1 and PERS 1 are closed to new entrants.

TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of three separate plans for membership purposes: Plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans and Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. TRS eligibility for membership requires service as a certificated public school employee working in an instructional, administrative or supervisory capacity.

TRS is comprised of three separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 1, Plan 2/3, and Plan 3. Plan 1 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 1 members. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of the plan. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

TRS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. TRS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC), for each year of service credit, up to a maximum of 60 percent, divided by twelve. The AFC is the total earnable compensation for the two consecutive highest-paid fiscal years, divided by two. Members are eligible for retirement at any age after 30 years of service, or at the age of 60 with five years of service, or at the age of 55 with 25 years of service. Other benefits include temporary and permanent disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

TRS Plan 2/3 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC) per year of service for Plan 2 members and one percent of AFC for Plan 3 members. The AFC is the monthly average of the 60 consecutive highest-paid service credit months. There is no cap on years of service

credit. Members are eligible for normal retirement at the age of 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. TRS Plan 2/3 members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. TRS Plan 2/3 members who have 30 or more years of service credit, were hired prior to May 1, 2013, and are at least 55 years old, can retire under one of two provisions: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

TRS Plan 2/3 members hired on or after May 1, 2013 have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. TRS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit.

Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

PERS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. PERS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. The AFC is the average of the member's 24 highest consecutive service months. Members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or at age 60 with at least five years of service.

Members retiring from inactive status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits. PERS Plan 1 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

SERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of two separate plans for membership purposes. SERS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan and SERS Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. SERS members include classified employees of school districts and educational service districts.

SERS is reported as two separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 2/3 and Plan 3. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members.

Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

SERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service for Plan 2 and one percent of AFC for Plan 3. The AFC is the monthly average of the member's 60 highest-paid consecutive service months before retirement, termination or death. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. SERS members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. SERS members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions, if hired prior to May 2, 2013: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

SERS members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. SERS retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost- of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

Plan Contributions

The employer contribution rates for PERS, TRS, and SERS (Plans 1, 2, and 3) and the TRS and SERS Plan 2 employee contribution rates are established by the Pension Funding Council based upon the rates set by the Legislature. The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under chapters 41.40, 41.32, and 41.35 RCW for PERS, TRS and SERS respectively. Employers do not contribute to the defined contribution portions of TRS Plan 3 or SERS Plan 3. Under current law the employer must contribute 100 percent of the employer-required contribution. The employee contribution rate for Plan 1 in PERS and TRS is set by statute at six percent and does not vary from year to year.

The employer and employee contribution rates for the PERS plan are effective as of July 1. SERS and TRS contribution rates are effective as of September 1. The pension plan contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2018 and 2019 were as follows:

Per	nsion Rates		
	7/1/19 Rate	7/1/18 Rate	
PERS 1			
Member Contribution Rate	6.00%	6.00%	
Employer Contribution Rate	12.86%	12.83%	
Per	nsion Rates	•	•
	9/1/19 Rate	9/1/18 Rate	
TRS 1			
Member Contribution Rate	6.00%	6.00%	
Employer Contribution Rate	15.51%	15.41%	
TRS 2			
Member Contribution Rate	7.77%	7.06%	
Employer Contribution Rate	15.51%	15.41%	
TRS 3			
Member Contribution Rate	varies*	varies*	
Employer Contribution Rate	15.51%	15.41%	**
SERS 2			
Member Contribution Rate	8.25%	7.27%	
Employer Contribution Rate	13.19%	13.58%	
SERS 3			
Member Contribution Rate	varies*	varies*	
Employer Contribution Rate	13.19%	13.58%	**
Note: The DRS administrative rate of .00	18 is included in the em	ployer rate.	
* = Variable from 5% to 15% based on rat	te selected by the memb	ber.	
** = Defined benefit portion only.			

The Collective Net Pension Liability

The collective net pension liabilities for the pension plans districts participated in are reported in the following table.

The Collective Net Pensio	n Liability as of Ju	une 30, 2019:		
Dollars in Thousands	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Total Pension Liability	\$11,696,634	\$6,352,843	\$8,355,496	\$16,545,194
Plan fiduciary net position	(\$7,851,279)	(\$6,118,345)	(\$5,879,693)	(\$15,942,660)
Participating employers' net pension liability	\$3,845,355	\$234,498	\$2,475,803	\$602,534
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.12%	96.31%	70.37%	96.36%

The School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a total liability of \$8,645,367 for its proportionate shares of the individual plans' collective net pension liability. Proportions of net pension liability is based on annual contributions for each of the employers participating in the DRS administered plans. At June 30, 2019, the district's proportionate share of each plan's net pension liability is reported below:

June 30, 2019	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
District's Annual Contributions	\$287,496	\$446,499	\$1,067,189	\$1,093,285
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$1,541,787	\$523,082	\$5,320,196	\$1,260,302

At June 30, 2019, the school district's percentage of the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability was as follows and the change in the allocation percentage from the prior period is illustrated below.

Change in Proportionate Shares	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Current year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.040095%	0.223064%	0.214888%	0.209167%
Prior year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.040653%	0.233587%	0.223254%	0.214042%
Net difference percentage	-0.000558%	-0.010523%	-0.008366%	-0.004875%

Actuarial Assumptions

Capital Market Assumptions (CMAs) and expected rates of return by asset class provided by the Washington State Investment Board. The Office of the State Actuary relied on the CMAs in the selection of the long-term expected rate of return for reporting purposes.

The total pension liabilities for TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1 and SERS 2/3 were determined by actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, with the results rolled forward to June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75% total economic inflation, 3.50% salary inflation
Salary increases	In addition to the base 3.50% salary inflation assumption, salaries
	are also expected to grow by promotions and longevity.
Investment rate of return	7.40%

Mortality Rates

Mortality rates used in the plans were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table and Combined Disabled Table published by the Society of Actuaries. The Office of the State Actuary applied offsets to the base table and recognized future improvements in mortality by projecting the mortality rates using 100 percent Scale BB. Mortality rates are applied on a generational basis, meaning members are assumed to receive additional mortality improvements in each future year, throughout their lifetime. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of the 2007–2012 Experience Study Report and the 2017 Economic Experience Study. Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2018 actuarial valuation report.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, but including inflation) are developed for each major asset class by the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB). Those expected returns make up one component of WSIB's CMAs. The CMAs contain three pieces of information for each class of assets the WSIB currently invest in:

- Expected annual return
- Standard deviation of the annual return
- Correlations between the annual returns of each asset class with every other asset class

WSIB uses the CMAs and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns over various time horizons.

The long-term expected rate of return of 7.40 percent approximately equals the median of the simulated investment returns over a fifty-year time horizon, increased slightly to remove WSIB's implicit and small short-term downward adjustment due to assumed mean reversion. WSIB's implicit short-term adjustment, while small and appropriate over a ten to fifteen-year period, becomes amplified over a fifty-year measurement period.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1, and SERS 2/3				
Asset Class	Target Allocation	% Long-term Expected		
	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return		
Fixed Income	20.00%	2.20%		
Tangible Assets	7.00%	5.10%		
Real Estate	18.00%	5.80%		
Global Equity	32.00%	6.30%		
Private Equity	23.00%	9.30%		

The inflation component used to create the above table is 2.20 percent, and represents WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.40 percent. To determine the discount rate, an asset sufficiency test was completed to test whether the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Consistent with current law, the completed asset sufficiency test included an assumed 7.50 percent long-term discount rate to determine funding liabilities for calculating

future contributions rate requirements. Consistent with the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.40 percent future investment rate of return on invested assets was assumed for the test.

Contributions from plan members and employers are assumed to continue to be made at contractually required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.40 percent on pension plan investments was applied to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Prosser School District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability (NPL) calculated using the discount rate of 7.40 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.40 percent) or one percentage-point higher (8.40 percent) than the current rate. Amounts are calculated using the school district's specific allocation percentage, by plan, to determine the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability.

	1% Decrease (6.40%)	Current Discount Rate (7.40%)	1% Increase (8.40%)
PERS 1 NPL	\$4,815,609,000	\$3,845,355,000	\$3,003,532,000
Allocation Percentage	0.040095%	0.040095%	0.040095%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$1,930,809	\$1,541,787	\$1,204,260
SERS 2/3 NPL	\$1,141,883,000	\$234,498,000	(\$513,722,000)
Allocation Percentage	0.223064%	0.223064%	0.223064%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$2,547,134	\$523,082	(\$1,145,931)
TRS 1 NPL	\$3,164,358,000	\$2,475,803,000	\$1,878,531,000
Allocation Percentage	0.214888%	0.214888%	0.214888%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$6,799,817	\$5,320,196	\$4,036,732
TRS 2/3 NPL	\$3,283,747,000	\$602,534,000	(\$1,577,475,000)
Allocation Percentage	0.209167%	0.209167%	0.209167%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$6,868,511	\$1,260,302	(\$3,299,555)

NOTE 5: ANNUAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATIONS

The state, through the Health Care Authority (HCA), administers a defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan that is not administered through a qualifying trust. The Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB), created within the HCA, is authorized to design benefits and determine the terms and conditions of employee and retired employee participation and coverage, including establishment of eligibility criteria for both active and retired employees. Benefits purchased by PEBB include medical, dental, life insurance and long-term disability insurance.

The relationship between the PEBB OPEB plan and its member employers and their employees and retirees is not formalized in a contract or plan document. Rather, the benefits are provided in accordance with a substantive plan. A substantive plan is one, which the employers and plan members understand the plan terms. This understanding is based on communications between the HCA, employers and plan members, and historical pattern of practice with regard to sharing of benefit costs.

Employers participating in the plan include the state of Washington (which includes general government agencies and higher education institutions), 76 of the state's K–12 school districts and educational service districts (ESDs), and 249 political subdivisions and tribal governments. Additionally, the PEBB plan is available to the retirees of the remaining 227 K–12 school districts and ESDs. The District's retirees (approximately 86) are eligible to participate in the PEBB plan under this arrangement.

Eligibility

District members are eligible for retiree medical benefits after becoming eligible for service retirement pension benefits (either reduced or full pension benefits) under Plan 2 or 3 of TRS or SERS.

- Age of 65 with 5 years of service
- Age of 55 with 20 years of service

Former members who are entitled to a deferred vested pension benefit are not eligible to receive medical and life insurance benefits after pension benefit commencement. Survivors of covered members who die are eligible for medical benefits.

Medical Benefits

Upon retirement, members are permitted to receive medical benefits. Retirees pay the following monthly rates for pre-65 medical coverage for 2019.

Members not eligible for Medicare (or enrolled in Part A only)	T	ype of Cover	age
		<u>Employee</u>	
Descriptions	<u>Employee</u>	<u>& Spouse</u>	Full Family
Kaiser Permanente NW Classic	\$710.65	\$1,415.33	\$1,945.84
Kaiser Permanente NW CDHP	\$604.16	\$1,196.38	\$1,596.81
Kaiser Permanente WA Classic	\$733.39	\$1,460.80	\$2,006.37
Kaiser Permanente WA CDHP	\$600.44	\$1,189.46	\$1,587.47

Kaiser Permanente Sound Choice	\$603.21	\$1,200.44	\$1,648.37
Kaiser Permanente WA Value	\$656.25	\$1,306.54	\$1,974.25
UMP Classic	\$674.85	\$1,343.72	\$1,845.38
UMP CDHP	\$600.54	\$1,189.65	\$1,587.74
UMP Plus-Puget Sound High Value Network	\$618.07	\$1,230.18	\$1,689.25
UMP Plus-UW Medicine Accountable Care Network	\$618.07	\$1,230.18	\$1,689.25

Retirees enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B receive an explicit subsidy in the form of reduced premiums on Medicare supplemental plans. Retirees pay the following monthly rates.

Type of Coverage

Members enrolled in Part A and B of Medicare

	_	Employee	
Descriptions	<u>Employee</u>	<u>& Spouse¹</u>	Full Family ¹
Kaiser Permanente NW Senior Advantage	\$169.80	\$333.63	\$862.14
Kaiser Permanente WA Medicare Plan	\$167.91	\$329.85	N/A
Kaiser Permanente WA Classic	N/A	N/A	\$875.41
Kaiser Permanente WA Sound Choice	N/A	N/A	\$777.78
Kaiser Permanente WA Value	N/A	N/A	\$817.56
UMP Classic	\$313.09	\$620.20	\$1,121.86

Note 1-Employee, Spouse and Full Family with two Medicare eligible subscribers.

Funding Policy

The funding policy is based upon the pay-as-you go financing requirements.

According to state law, the Washington State Treasurer collects a fee from all school district entities, which have employees who are not current active members of the state Health Care Authority but participate in the state retirement system. The purpose of this fee is to cover the impact of the subsidized rate of health care benefits for school retirees who elect to purchase their health care benefits through the state Health Care Authority. For the fiscal year 2018–19, the District was required to pay the HCA \$71.08 per month per full-time equivalent employee to support the program, for a total payment of \$261,211.99. This assessment to the District is set forth in the state's operating budget and is subject to change on an annual basis. This amount is not actuarially determined and is not placed in a trust to pay the obligations for post-employment health care benefits.

The District has no control over the benefits offered to retirees, the rates charged to retirees, nor the fee paid to the Health Care Authority. The District does not determine its annual required contribution nor the net other post-employment benefit obligation associated with this plan. These amounts are not shown on the financial statements.

For further information on the results of the actuarial valuation of the employer provided subsidies associated with the state's PEBB plan, refer to: <u>http://leg.wa.gov/osa/additionalservices/Documents/Final.2017.PEBB.OPEB.AVR.pdf</u>

The plan does not issue a separate report; however, additional information is included in the State of Washington Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which is available on this site https://www.ofm.wa.gov/accounting/financial-audit-reports/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports/comprehensive-annual-financial-report

NOTE 6: OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

On February 14, 2017, District voters approved an Unlimited Tax General Obligation bond (UTGO) of \$69.3 million. The UTGO will be used to construct a new Prosser High School adjacent to Art Fiker Stadium, renovating and expanding Keene-Riverview, Prosser Heights and Whitstran Elementary Schools, and converting the historic portion of the existing Prosser High School into administrative space. Expenditures totaling \$9,226,501 during the year ending August 31, 2019 have been spent on construction costs, project management, architectural fees, and other related costs.

Project	Project Budget Amount	Total Project Expenditures through 08/31/19	Additional Local Funds Committed	Additional State Funds Committed
Prosser High School New Construction	\$66,804,783	\$11,155,332	\$0	\$0
Prosser Heights Elementary Renovation and Expansion	\$15,460,877	\$128,530	\$0	\$0
Keene-Riverview Elementary Renovation and Expansion	\$15,768,377	\$135,145	\$0	\$0
Whitstran Elementary Renovation and Expansion	\$8,110,243	\$73,911	\$0	\$0
Historic High School Renovation – District Office	\$905,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total	\$107,049,280	\$11,492,918	\$0	\$0

The District has active construction projects as of August 31, 2019:

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of moneys are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances lapse at the end of the fiscal year and may be reencumbered the following year. The following encumbrance amounts were re-encumbered by fund on September 1, 2019:

Fund	Amount
ASB Fund	\$30,724.52

NOTE 7: REQUIRED DISCLOSURES ABOUT CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's capital assets are insured in the amount of \$92,166,793 for fiscal year 2018-2019. In the opinion of the District's insurance consultant, the amount is sufficient to adequately fund replacement of the District's assets.

Prosser Consolidated School District leases capital assets to outside organizations.

LESSEE	LOCATION	TIME PERIOD	TERMS
Washington State Migrant Council	Land: 100' X 250' land located adjacent to Whitstran Elementary on Foisy Road AND Land 75' X 235' located south from the corner of Foisy Road and OIE Hwy	11-1-15 to 10-31-20	\$400/month
Wheeler Cattle, LLC	Land: Approximately 55 acres located at Missimer Rd and Old Inland Empire Highway	6-8-15 to 12-31-20	\$7,000/year plus SVID increase per acre

NOTE 8: LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-Term Debt

Bonds payable at August 31, 2019, are comprised of the following individual issues:

	Amount	Annual	Final	Interest	Amount
Issue Name	Authorized	Installments	Maturity	Rate(s)	Outstanding
Unlimited Tax	\$60,485,000	Varies	12/01/2037	3-5%	\$60,065,000
General Obligation					
Bond					
Limited Tax General	\$244,770	\$51,800	12/01/2021	2.1%	\$125,228
Obligation Bond					
Limited Tax General	\$266,600	\$57,900	06/01/2023	2.9%	\$217,135
Obligation Bond					
(2018A)					
Limited Tax General	\$387,000	\$61,800	06/01/2025	2.90% -	\$337,606
Obligation Bond				3.05%	
(2018B)					
Limited Tax General	\$231,000	\$50,323	09/01/2023	3.4%	\$231,000
Obligation Bond					
Total General	\$61,614,370				\$60,975,969
Obligation Bonds					

If the principal of any Bond is not paid when the Bond is properly presented at its maturity date or date fixed for redemption, the District shall be obligated to pay interest on that Bond at the same rate provided in the Bond form and after its maturity date or date fixed for redemption until that Bond, both principal and interest, is paid in full or until sufficient money for its payment in full is on deposit in the Debt Service Fund, or in a trust account established to refund or defease the Bond, and the Bond has been called for payment by giving notice of that call to the Registered Owner. The following is a summary of general obligation long-term debt transactions of the District for the fiscal year(s) ended August 31, 2019:

Long-Term Debt Payable at 9/1/2018	\$61,312,235
New Issues	\$231,000
Debt Retired	\$567,266
Long-Term Debt Payable at 8/31/2019	\$60,975,969

The following is a schedule of annual requirements to amortize debt at August 31, 2019:

Years Ending August 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$1,675,276	\$2,713,323	\$4,388,599
2021	\$1,811,934	\$2,634,540	\$4,446,474
2022	\$1,936,425	\$2,544,717	\$4,481,142
2023	\$2,070,813	\$2,448,048	\$4,518,861
2024	\$2,176,447	\$2,344,203	\$4,520,650
2029	\$13,165,075	\$9,899,500	\$23,064,575
2034	\$18,640,000	\$6,068,650	\$24,708,650
2038	\$19,500,000	\$1,614,000	\$21,114,000
Total	\$60,975,970	\$30,266,981	\$91,242,951

At August 31, 2019, the District had \$1,656,080.37 available in the Debt Service Fund to service the general obligation bonds.

NOTE 9: ENTITY RISK MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

General Liability and Property Pool

The Prosser School District is a member of the United Schools Insurance Program. Chapter 48.62 RCW authorizes the governing body of any one or more governmental entities to form together into or join a pool or organization for the joint purchasing of insurance, and/or joint self-insuring, and/or joint hiring or contracting for risk management services to the same extent that they may individually purchase insurance, self-insure, or hire or contract for risk management services. An agreement to form a pooling arrangement was made pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 39.34 RCW, the Interlocal Cooperation Act. The program was formed on September 1, 1985 when 29 school districts in the State of Washington joined together by signing a Joint Purchasing Agreement to pool their self-insured losses and jointly purchase insurance and administrative services. Current membership includes 154 school districts.

The program allows members to jointly purchase insurance coverage and provide related services, such as administration, risk management, claims administration, etc. Coverage for Wrongful Act Liability and Employee Benefit Liability is on a claims-made basis. All other coverages are on an occurrence basis. The program provides the following forms of group purchased insurance coverage for its members: Property, General Liability, Automobile Liability, Wrongful Acts Liability, and Crime.

Liability insurance is subject to a self-insured retention of \$100,000. Members are responsible for \$1,000 deductible for each claim (member deductibles may vary), while the program is responsible for the \$100,000 self-insured retention (SIR). Insurance carriers cover insured

losses over \$101,000 to the limits of each policy. Since the program is a cooperative program, there is a joint liability among the participating members towards the sharing of the \$100,000 of the SIR. The program also purchases a stop loss policy with an attachment point of \$1,108,275, as an additional layer of protection for its members.

Property insurance is subject to a per-occurrence deductible of \$100,000. Members are responsible for \$1,000 deductible for each claim (Member deductibles may vary), while the program is responsible for the \$100,000 SIR. Equipment Breakdown insurance is subject to a per-occurrence deductible of \$2,500. Members are responsible for the deductible amount of each claim.

Members contract to remain in the program for a minimum of one year, and must give notice before August 31 to terminate participation the following September 1. The Interlocal Agreement is renewed automatically each year. Even after termination, a member is still responsible for contributions to the program for any unresolved, unreported, and in-process claims for the period they were a signatory to the Joint Purchasing Agreement.

The program is fully funded by its member participants. Claims are filed by members with Clear Risk Solutions, formerly Canfield, which has been contracted to perform program administration, claims adjustment, and loss prevention for the program. Fees paid to the third-party administrator under this arrangement for the year ended August 31, 2019 was \$1,696,376.12.

A board of directors of nine members is selected by the membership from six areas of the state on a staggered term basis and is responsible for conducting the business affairs of the program. The Board of Directors has contracted with Clear Risk Solutions to perform day-to-day administration of the program. This program has no employees.

Workers' Compensation

In fiscal year 1985, school districts within Educational Service District (ESD) #123 joined together to form the Southeast Washington Workers Compensation Cooperative Trust, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for industrial insurance. For fiscal year 2018-2019, there are nineteen school districts, including ESD #123, in the pool. The pool allows members to pool their self-insured losses and jointly purchases insurance and administrative services, such as risk management, claims administration, etc. Coverage is on an "occurrence" basis. The district pays an annual contribution to the fund based on their total payroll hours and claims history for the past three years. The pool is fully funded by its member participants. The pool acquires insurance from unrelated underwriters. The pool's per-occurrence retention limit is \$450,000 and the three-year aggregate retention is \$9,586,061. The maximum coverage under the excess insurance contract is \$9,586,061. Since the pool is a cooperative program, there is a joint liability among the participating members. The financial statements of the pool may be obtained by contacting Educational Service District No. 123.

A Cooperative Board that is comprised of one designated representative from each participating member and a six member Executive Board governs the Pool. The Executive Board has five members elected by the Cooperative Board and the ESD Superintendent. ESD #123 is responsible for conducting the business affairs of the Pool.

Unemployment

In fiscal year 1978, school districts within Educational Service District (ESD) #123 joined together to form the Cooperative Unemployment Compensation Insurance Pool, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for unemployment compensation. Seventeen districts, including ESD #123, have joined the Pool. Members pool their self-insured losses and administrative services and have established a plan of self-insurance and related services, such as risk management, claims administration, etc. Coverage is on an "occurrence" basis. Members make contributions to the fund based on their total gross payroll and unemployment history during the preceding year. The pool is fully funded by its member participants. The financial statements of the pool may be obtained by contacting Educational Service District No. 123. During the 2018-19 school year, the program began to operate as a risk-based program and the funding process started to transition as a result of this operation change.

The Pool is governed by a Cooperative Board, which is comprised of one designated representative from each participating member and a six member Executive Board. Five members elected by the Cooperative Board and the ESD Superintendent comprise the Executive Board. ESD#123 is responsible for conducting the business affairs of the Pool.

NOTE 10: PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax revenues are collected as the result of special levies passed by the voters in the District. Taxes are levied on January 1. The taxpayer has the obligation of paying all taxes on April 30 or one-half then and one-half on October 31. Typically, slightly more than half of the collections are made on the April 30 date. The tax collections occurring after the end of the fiscal period are unavailable for revenue accrual. Therefore, the fall portion of property taxes is not accrued as revenue. Instead, the property taxes due after the end of the fiscal period are recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

NOTE 11: JOINT VENTURES AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

KCDA

The District is a member of the King County Director's Association (KCDA). KCDA is a purchasing cooperative designed to pool the member districts' purchasing power. The board authorized joining the association by passing Resolution 4-00 dated February 15, 2000, and has remained in the joint venture ever since. The District's current equity of \$21,428.04 is the accumulation of the annual assignment of KCDA's operating surplus based upon the percentage derived from KCDA's total sales to the District compared to all other districts applied against paid administrative fees. The District may withdraw from the joint venture and will receive its equity in ten annual allocations of merchandise or 15 annual payments.

NOTE 12: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The District's infancial state			iy amounts pre	sented in the	ayyreyale.
			Capital	Debt	Transportation
	General	ASB	Projects	Service	Vehicle
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
Nonspendable Fund					
Balance					
Inventory and Prepaid Items	\$131,802				
Restricted Fund					
Balance					
For Fund Purpose		\$343,697			\$334,749
For Carryover of	\$361,872				
Restricted Revenues	φ301,07Z				
For Debt Service				\$1,656,080	
Restricted from Bond			\$60,282,225		
Proceeds			\$00,202,225		
Restricted from Other					
Proceeds					
Assigned Fund Balance					
Other Purposes					
Fund Purposes					
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$3,262,228				

The District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate.

NOTE 13: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS OTHER THAN PENSION PLANS—BOTH IN SEPARATELY ISSUED PLAN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EMPLOYER STATEMENTS

457 Plan – Deferred Compensation Plan

District employees have the option of participating in a deferred compensation plan as defined in §457 of the Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the state deferred compensation plan, or the District.

403(b) Plan – Tax Sheltered Annuity (TSA)

The District offers a tax deferred annuity plan for its employees. The plan permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years under elective deferrals (employee contribution).

The District complies with IRS regulations that require school districts to have a written plan to include participating investment companies, types of investments, loans, transfers, and various requirements. The plan is administered by a third party administrator. The plan assets are assets of the District employees, not the school district, and are therefore not reflected on these financial statements.

NOTE 14: TERMINATION BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Employees earn sick leave at a rate of 12 days per year up to a maximum of one contract year.

Under the provisions of RCW 28A.400.210, sick leave accumulated by District employees is reimbursed at death or retirement at the rate of one day for each four days of accrued leave, limited to 180 accrued days. This chapter also provides for an annual buyout of an amount up to the maximum annual accumulation of 12 days. For buyout purposes, employees may accumulate such leave to a maximum of 192 days, including the annual accumulation, as of December 31 of each year.

These expenditures are recorded when paid, except termination sick leave that is accrued upon death, retirement, or upon termination provided the employee is at least 55 years of age and has sufficient years of service. Vested sick leave was computed using the vesting method.

Vacation pay, including benefits, that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as expenditures and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

	For the Year Ended August	August 31, 2019			
Description	Beginning Outstanding Debt September 1, 2018	Amount Issued / Increased	Amount Redeemed / Decreased	Ending Outstanding Debt August 31, 2019	Amount Due Within One Year
Voted Debt					
Voted Bonds LOCAL Program Proceeds Issued in Lieu of Bonds	60,485,000.00 0.00	0.00	420,000.00	60,065,000.00 0.00	1,475,000.00 0.00
Non-Voted Debt and Liabilities					
Non-Voted Bonds	827,234.55	231,000.00	147,265.17	910,969.38	200,275.57
LOCAL Program Proceeds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Capital Leases	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Contracts Payable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Non-Cancellable Operating Leases	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Claims & Judgements	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Compensated Absences	802,417.30	0.00	70,906.38	731,510.92	74,319.11
Long-Term Notes	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Anticipation Notes Payable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Lines of Credit	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Non-Voted Debt	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Liabilities					
Non-Voted Notes Not Recorded as Debt	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net Pension Liabilities:					
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 1	6,520,336.00	0.00	1,200,140.00	5,320,196.00	
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 2/3	963,431.00	296,871.00	0.00	1,260,302.00	
Net Pension Liabilities SERS 2/3	698,571.00	0.00	175,489.00	523,082.00	
Net Pension Liabilities PERS 1	1,815,576.00	0.00	273,789.00	1,541,787.00	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	72,112,565.85	527,871.00	2,287,589.55	70,352,847.30	1,749,594.68

Prosser School District No. 116 Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities

Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	CFDA Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
Child Nutrition Cluster								
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction)	School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	181,859		181,859		Q
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction)	National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	83,095		83,095		Ν
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction)	National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	708,279	•	708,279		IJ
		-	Total CFDA 10.555:	791,374		791,374	I	
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction)	Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	N/A	44,280		44,280		
		Total Chil	Total Child Nutrition Cluster:	1,017,513	•	1,017,513		
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction)	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0203002	689,044		689,044		ю 4

Expenditures

Prosser School District No. 116 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	CFDA Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction)	Migrant Education State Grant Program	84.011	0282382	347,346		347,346		4
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction)	Migrant Education State Grant Program	84.011	0290899	113,718	1	113,718	ı	4
			Total CFDA 84.011:	461,064	•	461,064	-	
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)								
OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction)	Special Education Grants to States	84.027	0306515	504,637		504,637		4
OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction)	Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	0366003	18,337		18,337		4
	Total Special		Education Cluster (IDEA):	522,974	•	522,974	1	
Office of Career, Technical, and Adult Education, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction)	Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	0174246	18,129		18,129		4

Expenditures

Prosser School District No. 116 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

					Expenditures			
Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	CFDA Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
OFFICE OF POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via Washington State University)	Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334	NA	24,267		24,267	·	
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction)	Rural Education	84.358	0461603	16,315	1	16,315		4
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction)	English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	0402667	59,803		59,803	r	4
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction)	Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367	0524571	98,252		98,252	T	4
EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction)	Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	0430432	24,218	1	24,218	I	4
	Ĭ	otal Federal	Total Federal Awards Expended:	2,931,580	' • 	2,931,580	•	

Prosser School District No. 116 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

NOTE 1—BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared on the same basis of accounting as the Prosser School District's financial statements. The Prosser School District uses the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures represent only the federally funded portions of the program. District records should be consulted to determine amounts expended or matched from non-federal sources.

NOTE 2-NONCASH AWARDS

The amount of food commodities reported on the schedule is the value of food commodities distributed by the Prosser School District during the current year and priced as prescribed by USDA.

NOTE 3—SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAMS

The Prosser School District operates a "schoolwide program" in three elementary buildings, one middle school, and one high school. Using federal funding, schoolwide programs are designed to upgrade an entire educational program within a school for all students, rather than limit services to certain targeted students. The following federal program amounts were expended by the Prosser School District in its schoolwide program: Title I (84.010) \$689,044.

NOTE 4—FEDERAL INDIRECT RATE

The Prosser School District used the federal restricted rate of 4.05%. The Prosser School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 5-NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAMS

The Prosser School District routinely starts its school year in August. The district consistently reports these days as expenditures in the current fiscal year to properly match expenses with revenues.

ABOUT THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

The State Auditor's Office is established in the state's Constitution and is part of the executive branch of state government. The State Auditor is elected by the citizens of Washington and serves four-year terms.

We work with our audit clients and citizens to achieve our vision of government that works for citizens, by helping governments work better, cost less, deliver higher value, and earn greater public trust.

In fulfilling our mission to hold state and local governments accountable for the use of public resources, we also hold ourselves accountable by continually improving our audit quality and operational efficiency and developing highly engaged and committed employees.

As an elected agency, the State Auditor's Office has the independence necessary to objectively perform audits and investigations. Our audits are designed to comply with professional standards as well as to satisfy the requirements of federal, state, and local laws.

Our audits look at financial information and compliance with state, federal and local laws on the part of all local governments, including schools, and all state agencies, including institutions of higher education. In addition, we conduct performance audits of state agencies and local governments as well as <u>fraud</u>, state <u>whistleblower</u> and <u>citizen hotline</u> investigations.

The results of our work are widely distributed through a variety of reports, which are available on our <u>website</u> and through our free, electronic <u>subscription</u> service.

We take our role as partners in accountability seriously, and provide training and technical assistance to governments, and have an extensive quality assurance program.

Contact information for the State Audi	itor's Office
Public Records requests	PublicRecords@sao.wa.gov
Main telephone (564) 999-0950	
Toll-free Citizen Hotline	(866) 902-3900
Website	www.sao.wa.gov