

**Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit Report** 

### Moses Lake School District No. 161

For the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

Published May 28, 2020 Report No. 1026229





### Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

May 28, 2020

Board of Directors Moses Lake School District No. 161 Moses Lake, Washington

### Report on Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit

Please find attached our report on Moses Lake School District No. 161's financial statements and compliance with federal laws and regulations.

We are issuing this report in order to provide information on the District's financial condition.

Sincerely,

Pat McCarthy

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State Auditor

Olympia, WA

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### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

### Moses Lake School District No. 161 September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

### SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

The results of our audit of Moses Lake School District No. 161 are summarized below in accordance with Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

### **Financial Statements**

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the District's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. Separately, we issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because the financial statements are prepared using a basis of accounting other than GAAP.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We noted no instances of noncompliance that were material to the financial statements of the District.

### **Federal Awards**

Internal Control over Major Programs:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over major federal programs that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the District's compliance with requirements applicable to each of its major federal programs.

We reported findings that are required to be disclosed in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

### **Identification of Major Federal Programs**

The following programs were selected as major programs in our audit of compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

CFDA No.	Program or Cluster Title
10.553	Child Nutrition Cluster – School Breakfast Program
10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster – National School Lunch Program
10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster - Summer Food Service Program for Children

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs, as prescribed by the Uniform Guidance, was \$750,000.

The District qualified as a low-risk auditee under the Uniform Guidance.

### SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

### SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

See Finding 2019-001.

### SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

### Moses Lake School District No. 161 September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

2019-001 The District did not have adequate controls to ensure compliance with federal procurement requirements.

**CFDA Number and Title:** 10.553 – School Breakfast Program

10.555 – National School Lunch Program 10.559 – Summer Food Service Program for

Children

Federal Grantor Name: U.S. Department of Agriculture

Federal Award/Contract

**Number:** WA159951/13-161

**Pass-through Entity Name:** Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction

**Pass-through Award/Contract** 

**Number:** N/A **Questioned Cost Amount:** \$0

### Description of Condition

The District participates in the School Breakfast Program, National School Lunch Program, and Summer Food Service Program for Children and received \$3,059,641 in federal funding to administer the programs during the 2018-19 school year. The programs provide funding for free and reduced-price meals for eligible low-income students whose households meet specific income requirements set by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Federal regulations require recipients to establish and follow internal controls to ensure compliance with program requirements. These controls include understanding grant requirements and monitoring the effectiveness of established controls.

Federal regulations require recipients to follow their own written procurement procedures, which must reflect applicable state, local and federal laws. The procedures must conform to federal procurement thresholds and procedures to ensure recipients follow the most restrictive of federal, state or local procurement methods when using federal funds. In addition, federal grant regulations require recipients to maintain written standards of conduct covering conflicts of interest

and governing the actions of employees engaged in the selection, award or administration of contracts procured with federal funds.

The District's written procurement and conflict of interest policies include applicable state and local regulations. However, these policies do not conform to or include federal procurement and standards of conduct requirements outlined in federal regulations.

We consider these control deficiencies to be a material weakness.

These issues were not reported as a finding in the prior audit.

### Cause of Condition

The District was aware of the requirement to update written procedures and policies to comply with federal regulations. However, the District did not dedicate the necessary time and resources to meet federal requirements regarding its procurement and conflict of interest policies.

### Effect of Condition

Without written procedures, the District is at greater risk that it will not comply with the most restrictive of federal, state or local procurement methods and standards of conduct requirements when procuring contractors paid with federal funds. Although the District did not update its policies, it complied with federal requirements to solicit competitive proposals.

### Recommendation

We recommend the District update its written procedures to conform to federal procurement and standards of conduct requirements and communicate these requirements to District staff.

### District's Response

The District concurs with the Auditor's recommendation to update its written procedures to meet federal requirements. The updated policy was approved by the School Board on February 27, 2020.

### Auditor's Remarks

We appreciate the District's commitment to resolve this finding and thank the District for its cooperation and assistance during the audit. We will review the corrective action taken during our next regular audit.

### Applicable Laws and Regulations

Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), section 516, Audit findings, establishes reporting requirements for audit findings.

The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants defines significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in its Codification of Statements on Auditing Standards, section 935, Compliance Audits, paragraph 11.

Title 2 CFR Part 200, Uniform Guidance, section 303 Internal controls, describes the requirements for auditees to maintain internal controls over federal programs and comply with federal program requirements.

Title 2 CFR Part 200, Section 318, General procurement standards, establishes requirements for written procedures.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

### Moses Lake School District No. 161 September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

Board of Directors Moses Lake School District No. 161 Moses Lake, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Moses Lake School District No. 161, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 2, 2020.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the District's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. We issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because, as described in Note 1, the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* does not require the District to prepare the government-wide statements presenting the financial position and changes in financial position of its governmental activities as required by GAAP. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, in February 2020, a state of emergency was declared that could have a negative financial effect on the District.

### INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial

statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However,

this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Pat McCarthy

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**State Auditor** 

Olympia, WA

April 2, 2020

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

### Moses Lake School District No. 161 September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

Board of Directors Moses Lake School District No. 161 Moses Lake, Washington

### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

We have audited the compliance of Moses Lake School District No. 161, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. *Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019. The District's major federal programs are identified in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements

referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019.

### **Other Matters**

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2019-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

### District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform

Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2019-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

### District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other

purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Pat McCarthy

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**State Auditor** 

Olympia, WA

April 2, 2020

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Moses Lake School District No. 161 September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

Board of Directors Moses Lake School District No. 161 Moses Lake, Washington

### REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Moses Lake School District No. 161, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, as listed on page 20.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of state law and the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* (Accounting Manual) described in Note 1. This includes determining that the basis of accounting is acceptable for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether

due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant account estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting (Accounting Manual)**

As described in Note 1, the District has prepared these financial statements to meet the financial reporting requirements of state law using accounting practices prescribed by the Accounting Manual. Those accounting practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The difference in these accounting practices is also described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Moses Lake School District No. 161, as of August 31, 2019, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

Auditing standards issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) require auditors to formally acknowledge when governments do not prepare their financial statements, intended for general use, in accordance with GAAP. GAAP requires presentation of government-wide financial statements to display the financial position and changes in financial position of its governmental activities.

As described in Note 1, the Accounting Manual does not require the District to prepare the government-wide financial statements, and consequently such amounts have not been determined or presented. We are therefore required to issue an adverse opinion on whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with GAAP.

### Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

The financial statements referred to above were not intended to, and in our opinion they do not, present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Moses Lake School District No. 161, as of August 31, 2019, or the changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended, due to the significance of the matter discussed in the above "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP" paragraph.

### **Matters of Emphasis**

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, in February 2020, a state of emergency was declared that could have a negative financial effect on the District. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### **Other Matters**

### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). The Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the prescribed Accounting Manual. These schedules are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

### OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 2, 2020 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pat McCarthy

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State Auditor

Olympia, WA

April 2, 2020

### FINANCIAL SECTION

### Moses Lake School District No. 161 September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

 $Balance\ Sheet-Governmental\ Funds-2019$   $Statement\ of\ Revenues,\ Expenditures\ and\ Changes\ in\ Fund\ Balance-Governmental$  Funds-2019  $Notes\ to\ Financial\ Statements-2019$ 

### SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities -2019Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards -2019Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards -2019

Moses Lake School District No. 161

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

August 31, 2019

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
ASSETS:	л 1000 201 10	77 308 76	22	700 700 700	c	c	9C 1N9 TNC A
כמפון מוות כמפון בקמד עמדכוונים	ביירסטייהסטיים	07.0007.440	00.141,20				07.140,744,0
Minus Warrants Outstanding	-5,190,891.07	-31,553.92	00.00	-838,354.03	00.00	00.00	-6,060,799.02
Taxes Receivable	4,498,559.29		4,250,347.87	0.00	00.00		8,748,907.16
Due From Other Funds	17,581.04	154,915.72	00.00	15,572.82	00.0	00.00	188,069.58
Due From Other Governmental Units	806,958.54	0.00	00.0	00.00	0.00	00.00	806,958.54
Accounts Receivable	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Interfund Loans Receivable	00.00			00.00			00.00
Accrued Interest Receivable	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Inventory	68,794.51	00.00		00.00			68,794.51
Prepaid Items	00.00	00.00			00.00	00.00	00.00
Investments	13,196,727.04	204,807.04	3,437,360.02	49,361,740.54	521,024.96	00.00	66,721,659.60
Investments/Cash With Trustee	541,060.16		00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00	541,060.16
Investments-Deferred Compensation	00.0			00.0			00.00
Self-Insurance Security Deposit	00.0						00.0
TOTAL ASSETS	19,528,174.99	869,477.60	7,719,849.27	48,623,964.99	521,024.96	00.00	77,262,491.81
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Other	00.0		00.0	00.00	00.00		00.00
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	19,528,174.99	869,477.60	7,719,849.27	48,623,964.99	521,024.96	00.0	77,262,491.81
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts Payable	558,477.75	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00	558,477.75
Contracts Payable Current	00.00	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Accrued Interest Payable			00.00				00.00
Accrued Salaries	98,633.83	00.00		00.00			98,633.83
Anticipation Notes Payable	00.00		00.0	00.0	0.00		0.00

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Moses Lake School District No. 161

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

August 31, 2019

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
LIABILITIES:		;		,			
Payroll Deductions and Taxes Payable	-30,384.21	00.0		00.0			-30,384.21
Due To Other Governmental Units	23,585.93	57.14		0.00	00.0	00.00	23,643.07
Deferred Compensation Payable	00.00			00.00			00.00
Estimated Employee Benefits Payable	00.00						00.00
Due To Other Funds	154,915.72	15,572.82	00.00	17,581.04	00.00	00.00	188,069.58
Interfund Loans Payable	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.0		00.00
Deposits	-14,311.59	-1,090.00		00.00			-15,401.59
Unearned Revenue	828.51	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00		828.51
Matured Bonds Payable			00.00				00.00
Matured Bond Interest Payable			00.00				00.00
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.0		00.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	791,745.94	14,539.96	00.0	17,581.04	00.0	00.00	823,866.94
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Unavailable Revenue	121,531.17	157,520.99	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	279,052.16
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes Receivable	4,502,035.64		4,250,347.87	0.00	00.0		8,752,383.51
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4,623,566.81	157,520.99	4,250,347.87	00.0	00.0	00.0	9,031,435.67
FUND BALANCE:							
Nonspendable Fund Balance	68,794.51	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	68,794.51
Restricted Fund Balance	1,360,336.11	697,416.65	3,469,501.40	48,606,383.95	521,024.96	00.00	54,654,663.07
Committed Fund Balance	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00
Assigned Fund Balance	541,060.16	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	541,060.16
Unassigned Fund Balance	12,142,671.46	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	12,142,671.46
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	14,112,862.24	697,416.65	3,469,501.40	48,606,383.95	521,024.96	00.0	67,407,189.20
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	19,528,174.99	869,477.60	7,719,849.27	48,623,964.99	521,024.96	00.0	77,262,491.81

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

## Moses Lake School District No. 161

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital T Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
REVENUES:							
Local	12,800,410.24	538,895.73	6,222,048.28	835,571.84	224,181.93		20,621,108.02
State	104,140,608.40		00.00	00.00	326,823.35		104,467,431.75
Federal	7,440,250.08		47.52	00.00	00.0		7,440,297.60
Other	330,459.93			00.00	00.0	00.00	330,459.93
TOTAL REVENUES	124,711,728.65	538,895.73	6,222,095.80	835,571.84	551,005.28	00.0	132,859,297.30
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT:							
Regular Instruction	66,919,937.43						66,919,937.43
Special Education	13,104,766.76						13,104,766.76
Vocational Education	2,938,710.26						2,938,710.26
Skill Center	1,830,975.36						1,830,975.36
Compensatory Programs	9,908,458.47						9,908,458.47
Other Instructional Programs	358,960.85						358,960.85
Community Services	393,520.34						393,520.34
Support Services	24,417,774.55						24,417,774.55
Student Activities/Other		523,583.88				00.00	523,583.88
CAPITAL OUTLAY:							
Sites				1,330,651.07			1,330,651.07
Building				5,776,746.67			5,776,746.67
Equipment				00.00			00.00
Instructional Technology				00.00			00.00
Energy				00.00			00.00
Transportation Equipment					623,930.97		623,930.97
Sales and Lease				00.00			00.00
Other	12,014.92						12,014.92
DEBT SERVICE:							
Principal	00.00		1,530,000.00	00.00	0.00		1,530,000.00
Interest and Other Charges	00.00		2,240,282.85	00.00	00.0		2,240,282.85
Bond/Levy Issuance				431,011.39	0.00		431,011.39
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	119,885,118.94	523,583.88	3,770,282.85	7,538,409.13	623,930.97	00.0	0.00 132,341,325.77
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	4,826,609.71	15,311.85	2,451,812.95	-6,702,837.29	-72,925.69	00.00	517,971.53
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Moses Lake School District No. 161

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Bond Sales & Refunding Bond Sales	00.00		2,186.01	50,431,011.39	00.00		50,433,197.40
Long-Term Financing	00.00			00.00	00.00		00.00
Transfers In	00.00		00.00	4,200,000.00	120,000.00		4,320,000.00
Transfers Out (GL 536)	-4,320,000.00		00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	-4,320,000.00
Other Financing Uses (GL 535)	00.00		00.00	00.0	00.00		00.0
Other	5,161.62		00.00	334,473.63	00.00		339,635.25
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-4,314,838.38		2,186.01	54,965,485.02	120,000.00	00.00	50,772,832.65
EXCESS OF REVENUES/OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	511,771.33	15,311.85	2,453,998.96	2,453,998.96 48,262,647.73	47,074.31	0.00	0.00 51,290,804.18
BEGINNING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	13,601,090.91	682,104.80	1,015,502.44	343,736.22	473,950.65	00.00	16,116,385.02
Prior Year(s) Corrections or Restatements	00.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
ENDING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	14,112,862.24	697,416.65	3,469,501.40	48,606,383.95	521,024.96	00.00	67,407,189.20

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

### MOSES LAKE SCHOOL DISTRICT #161

Notes to Financial Statements September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The Moses Lake School District is a municipal corporation organized pursuant to Title 28A *Revised Code* of Washington (RCW) for the purpose of providing public school services to students in grades K–12. Oversight responsibility for the District's operations is vested with the independently elected board of directors. Management of the district is appointed by and is accountable to the board of directors. Fiscal responsibility, including budget authority and the power to set fees, levy property taxes, and issue debt consistent with provisions of state statutes, also rests with the board of directors.

The District presents governmental fund financial statements and related notes on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington*, issued jointly by the State Auditor's Office and the Superintendent of Public Instruction by the authority of RCW 43.09.200, RCW 28A.505.140, RCW 28A.505.010(1), and RCW 28A.505.020. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

- (1) Districtwide statements, as defined in GAAP, are not presented.
- (2) A Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is presented as supplementary information.
- (3) Supplementary information required by GAAP is not presented.
- (4) Property taxes collected after the end of the fiscal period are not considered available for revenue accrual as described below.

### **Fund Accounting**

Financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds. Each fund uses a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures as appropriate. All funds are considered major funds. The various funds in the report are grouped into governmental funds as follows:

### Governmental Funds

### General Fund

This fund is used to account for all expendable financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the principle of having as few funds as necessary, activities such as food services, maintenance, data processing, printing, and student transportation are included in the General Fund.

### Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for financial resources to be used for the construction or acquisition of major capital assets. There are two funds that are considered to be of the capital projects fund type: the Capital Projects Fund and the Transportation Vehicle Fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for resources set aside for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets such as land and buildings.

<u>Transportation Vehicle Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for the purchase, major repair, rebuilding, and debt service expenditures that relate to pupil transportation equipment.

### **Debt Service Fund**

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of matured general long-term debt principal and interest.

### Special Revenue Fund

In Washington State, the only allowable special revenue fund for school districts is the Associated Student Body (ASB) Fund. This fund is accounted for in the District's financial statements as the financial resources legally belong to the District. As a special revenue fund, amounts within the ASB Fund may only be used for those purposes that relate to the operation of the Associated Student Body of the District.

### Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and fund financial statement presentation

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered "measurable" if the amount of the transaction can be readily determined. Revenues are considered "available" when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Categorical program claims and interdistrict billings are measurable and available and are accrued. Property taxes not collected by the fiscal year end are measurable and recorded as a receivable, however the receivable is not considered available revenue and is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt which are recorded when due. Purchases of capital assets are expensed during the year of acquisition. For federal grants, the recognition of expenditures is dependent on the obligation date. (Obligation means a purchase order has been issued, contracts have been awarded, or goods and/or services have been received.)

### **Budgets**

Chapter 28A.505 RCW and Chapter 392-123 Washington Administrative Code (WAC) mandate school district budget policies and procedures. The board adopts annual appropriated budgets for all governmental funds. These budgets are appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.

Budgets are adopted on the same modified accrual basis as used for financial reporting. Fund balance is budgeted as available resources and, under statute, may not be negative, unless the District enters into binding conditions with state oversight pursuant to RCW 28A.505.110.

The government's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

The District receives state funding for specific categorical education-related programs. Amounts that are received for these programs that are not used in the current fiscal year may be carried forward into the subsequent fiscal year, where they may be used only for the same purpose as they were originally received. When the District has such carryover, those funds are expended before any amounts received in the current year are expended.

Additionally, the District has other restrictions placed on its financial resources. When expenditures are recorded for purposes for which a restriction or commitment of fund balance is available, those funds that are restricted or committed to that purpose are considered first before any unrestricted or unassigned amounts are expended.

### The government's fund balance classifications policies and procedures.

The District classifies ending fund balance for its governmental funds into five categories.

Nonspendable Fund Balance. The amounts reported as Nonspendable are resources of the District that are not in spendable format. They are either non-liquid resources such as inventory or prepaid items, or the resources are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Restricted are those resources of the District that have had a legal restriction placed on their use either from statute, WAC, or other legal requirements that are beyond the control of the board of directors. Restricted fund balance includes anticipated recovery of revenues that have been received but are restricted as to their usage.

Committed Fund Balance. Amounts that are reported as Committed are those resources of the District that have had a limitation placed upon their usage by formal action of the District's board of directors. Commitments are made either through a formal adopted board resolution or are related to a school board policy. Commitments may only by changed when the resources are used for the intended purpose or the limitation is removed by a subsequent formal action of the board of directors.

Assigned Fund Balance. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Assigned are those resources that the District has set aside for specific purposes. These accounts reflect tentative management plans for future financial resource use such as the replacement of equipment or the assignment of resources for contingencies. Assignments reduce the amount reported as Unassigned Fund Balance, but may not reduce that balance below zero.

In other governmental funds, Assigned fund balance represents a positive ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered. These resources are only available for expenditures in that fund and may not be used in any other fund without formal action by the District's board of directors and as allowed by statute.

The Superintendent and/or Chief Operating Officer are the only persons who have the authority to create Assignments of fund balance.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Unassigned are those net spendable resources of the District that are not otherwise Restricted, Committed, or Assigned, and may be used for any purpose within the General Fund.

In other governmental funds, Unassigned fund balance represents a deficit ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered.

A negative Unassigned fund balance means that the legal restrictions and formal commitments of the District exceed its currently available resources.

### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

All of the District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

### **Receivables and Payables**

All receivables are expected to be collected within one year or less.

### Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the weighted average method. The consumption method of inventory is used, which charges inventory as an expenditure when it is consumed. A portion of fund balance, representing inventory, is considered Nonspendable. Such reserves for inventory indicate that a portion of net current assets is set aside to replace or increase the inventory. USDA commodity inventory consists of food donated by the United States Department of Agriculture. It is valued at the prices paid by the USDA for the commodities.

### NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Grant County Treasurer is the *ex officio* treasurer for the District and holds all accounts of the District. The District directs the County Treasurer to invest those financial resources of the District that the District has determined are not needed to meet the current financial obligations of the District.

The district's deposits and certificates of deposit are entirely covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC).

All of the District's investments during the year and at year-end were insured or registered and held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

Washington State statutes authorize the district to invest in the following types of securities:

- Certificates, notes, or bonds of the United States, its agencies, or any corporation wholly owned by the government of the United States,
- Obligations of government-sponsored corporations which are eligible as collateral for advances to member banks as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System,
- Bankers' acceptances purchased on the secondary market,
- Repurchase agreements for securities listed in the three items above, provided that the transaction is structured so that the public treasurer obtains control over the underlying securities,
- Investment deposits with qualified public depositories,
- Washington State Local Government Investment Pool, and
- County Treasurer Investment Pools.

The District's investments as of August 31, 2019, are as follows:

	District's own investments	Investments held by District as an agent for other organizations	Total
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	-	-	-
County Treasurer's Investment Pool	\$66,721,659.60	-	\$66,721,659.60
Total	\$66,721,659.60	-	\$66,721,659.60

The district's participation in the Grant County Investment Pool is voluntary and the pool does not have a credit rating. The district reports its investment in the pool at the fair value amount, which is the same as the value of the pool per share. The fair value of the district's investment in the pool is measured using a net asset value (NAV) as determined by the pool. The pool maintains a weighted average maturity of 953 days.

### **NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

In February 2020, Governor Inslee declared a state of emergency in response to the spread of a deadly new virus. In the weeks following the declaration, precautionary measures to slow the spread of the virus were ordered. These measures include closing schools, canceling public events, limiting gathering sizes, and requiring people to stay home unless they are leaving for an essential function. On April 6, 2020, the Governor closed all public and private K–12 school buildings throughout the remainder of the 2019–20 school year. The school district, however, continues to operate; educating students using continuous learning models.

The length of time these measures will be in place, and the full extent of the financial impact on the school district, is unknown at this time.

### **NOTE 4: ANNUAL PENSION COST AND NET PENSION OBLIGATIONS**

### **General Information**

The Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the state of Washington, prepares a stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each pension plan. The pension plan's basic financial statement is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The measurement date of the pension plans is June 30. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefits terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The school district is reporting the net pension liability in the notes and on the Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities calculated as the district's proportionate allocation percentage multiplied by the total plan collective net pension liability.

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS CAFR. Copies of the report may be obtained by contacting the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, P.O. Box 48380, Olympia, WA 98504-8380; or online at <a href="http://www.drs.wa.gov/administrations/annual-report">http://www.drs.wa.gov/administrations/annual-report</a>.

### **Membership Participation**

Substantially all school district full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following three contributory, multi-employer, cost-sharing statewide retirement systems managed by DRS: Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and School Employees' Retirement System (SERS).

Membership participation by retirement plan as of June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Retirees and	Inactive Plan Members	
Plan	Beneficiaries Receiving	Entitled to but not yet	Active Plan Members
	Benefits	Receiving Benefits	
PERS 1	45,792	401	1,535
SERS 2	10,072	6,175	28,494
SERS 3	10,007	8,983	35,746
TRS 1	32,645	120	349
TRS 2	5,874	2,779	21,788
TRS 3	13,745	8,675	55,733

### Membership & Plan Benefits

Certificated employees are members of TRS. Classified employees are members of PERS (if Plan 1) or SERS. Plan 1 under the TRS and PERS programs are defined benefit pension plans whose members joined the system on or before September 30, 1977. TRS 1 and PERS 1 are closed to new entrants.

TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of three separate plans for membership purposes: Plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans and Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. TRS eligibility for membership requires service as a certificated public school employee working in an instructional, administrative or supervisory capacity.

TRS is comprised of three separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 1, Plan 2/3, and Plan 3. Plan 1 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 1 members. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of the plan. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

TRS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. TRS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC), for each year of service credit, up to a maximum of 60 percent, divided by twelve. The AFC is the total earnable compensation for the two consecutive highest-paid fiscal years, divided by two. Members are eligible for retirement at any age after 30 years of service, or at the age of 60 with five years of service, or at the age of 55 with 25 years of service. Other benefits include temporary and permanent disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

TRS Plan 2/3 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC) per year of service for Plan 2 members and one percent

of AFC for Plan 3 members. The AFC is the monthly average of the 60 consecutive highest-paid service credit months. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for normal retirement at the age of 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. TRS Plan 2/3 members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. TRS Plan 2/3 members who have 30 or more years of service credit, were hired prior to May 1, 2013, and are at least 55 years old, can retire under one of two provisions: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

TRS Plan 2/3 members hired on or after May 1, 2013 have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. TRS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit.

Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

PERS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. PERS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. The AFC is the average of the member's 24 highest consecutive service months. Members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or at age 60 with at least five years of service.

Members retiring from inactive status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits. PERS Plan 1 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

SERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of two separate plans for membership purposes. SERS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan and SERS Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. SERS members include classified employees of school districts and educational service districts.

SERS is reported as two separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 2/3 and Plan 3. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members.

Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

SERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service for Plan 2 and one percent of AFC for Plan 3. The AFC is the monthly average of the member's 60 highest-paid consecutive service months before retirement, termination or death. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members

are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. SERS members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. SERS members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions, if hired prior to May 2, 2013: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

SERS members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. SERS retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

### **Plan Contributions**

The employer contribution rates for PERS, TRS, and SERS (Plans 1, 2, and 3) and the TRS and SERS Plan 2 employee contribution rates are established by the Pension Funding Council based upon the rates set by the Legislature. The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under chapters 41.34 and 41.40 RCW for PERS, 41.34 and 41.35 RCW for SERS, and 41.32 and 41.34 RCW for TRS. Employers do not contribute to the defined contribution portions of TRS Plan 3 or SERS Plan 3. Under current law the employer must contribute 100 percent of the employer-required contribution. The employee contribution rate for Plan 1 in PERS and TRS is set by statute at six percent and does not vary from year to year.

The employer and employee contribution rates for the various plans are effective as of the dates shown in the table. The pension plan contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2018 and 2019 are listed below:

	Pension Rates				
	7/1/19 Rate	9/1/18 Rate			
PERS 1					
Member Contribution Rate	6.00%	6.00%			
Employer Contribution Rate	12.86%	12.83%			
	Pension Rates	<u> </u>			
	9/1/19 Rate	9/1/18 Rate			
TRS 1					
Member Contribution Rate	6.00%	6.00%			
Employer Contribution Rate	15.51%	15.41%			
TRS 2					
Member Contribution Rate	7.77%	7.06%			
Employer Contribution Rate	15.51%	15.41%	·		
TRS 3	·				

Member Contribution Rate	varies*	varies*			
Employer Contribution Rate	15.51%	15.41%	**		
SERS 2					
Member Contribution Rate	8.25%	7.27%			
Employer Contribution Rate	13.19%	13.58%			
SERS 3					
Member Contribution Rate	varies*	varies*			
Employer Contribution Rate	13.19%	13.58%	**		
Note: The DRS administrative rate of .0018 is i	ncluded in the employer	rate.			
* = Variable from 5% to 15% based on rate sele	cted by the member.				
** = Defined benefit portion only.					

### The Collective Net Pension Liability

The collective net pension liabilities for the pension plans districts participated in are reported in the following tables.

The Net Pension Lia	ability as of June 30, 2	2019:		
Dollars in Thousands	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Total Pension Liability	\$11,696,634	\$6,352,843	\$8,355,496	\$16,545,194
Plan fiduciary net position	(\$7,851,279)	(\$6,118,345)	(\$5,879,693)	(\$15,942,660)
Participating employers' net pension liability	\$3,845,355	\$234,498	\$2,475,803	\$602,534
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.12%	96.31%	70.37%	96.36%

### The School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a total liability of \$28,845,245 for its proportionate shares of the individual plans' collective net pension liability. Proportion of net pension liability is based on annual contributions for each of the employers participating in the DRS administered plans. At June 30, 2019, the district's proportionate share of each plan's net pension liability is reported below:

June 30, 2019	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
District's Annual Contributions	894,957	1,414,445	3,620,619	3,764,026
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	4,799,487	1,657,046	18,049,671	4,339,042

At June 30, 2019, the school district's percentage of the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability was as follows and the changed in the allocation percentage from the prior period is illustrated below.

Change in Proportionate Shares	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Current year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.124813%	0.706636%	0.729043%	0.720132%
Prior year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.122027%	0.722525%	0.751626%	0.736753%
Net difference percentage	0.002786%	-0.015889%	-0.022583%	-0.016621%

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

Capital Market Assumptions (CMAs) and expected rates of return by asset class provided by the Washington State Investment Board. The Office of the State Actuary relied on the CMAs in the selection of the long-term expected rate of return for reporting purposes.

The total pension liabilities for TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1 and SERS 2/3 were determined by actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, with the results rolled forward to June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75% total economic inflation, 3.50% salary inflation
Salary increases	In addition to the base 3.50% salary inflation assumption, salaries are also
	expected to grow by promotions and longevity.
Investment rate of return	7.40%

### **Mortality Rates**

Mortality rates used in the plans were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table and Combined Disabled Table published by the Society of Actuaries. The Office of the State Actuary applied offsets to the base table and recognized future improvements in mortality by projecting the mortality rates using 100 percent Scale BB. Mortality rates are applied on a generational basis, meaning members are assumed to receive additional mortality improvements in each future year, throughout their lifetime. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of the 2007–2012 Experience Study Report and the 2017 Economic Experience Study. Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2018 actuarial valuation report.

### **Long-term Expected Rate of Return**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, but including inflation) are developed for each major asset class by the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB). Those expected returns make up one component of WSIB's CMAs. The CMAs contain three pieces of information for each class of assets the WSIB currently invest in:

- Expected annual return
- Standard deviation of the annual return;
- Correlations between the annual returns of each asset class with every other asset class

WSIB uses the CMAs and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns over various time horizons.

The long-term expected rate of return of 7.40% percent approximately equals the median of the simulated investment returns over a fifty-year time horizon, increased slightly to remove WSIB's implicit and small short-term downward adjustment due to assumed mean reversion. WSIB's implicit short-term adjustment, while small and appropriate over a ten to fifteen-year period, becomes amplified over a fifty-year measurement period.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

TRS1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1, and SERS 2/3					
Asset Class	Target	Long-term Expected Real Rate			
	Allocation	of Return			
Fixed Income	20.00%	2.20%			
Tangible Assets	7.00%	5.10%			
Real Estate	18.00%	5.80%			
Global Equity	32.00%	6.30%			
Private Equity	23.00%	9.30%			

The inflation component used to create the above table is 2.20 percent, and represents WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.40 percent. To determine the discount rate, an asset sufficiency test was completed to test whether the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Consistent with current law, the completed asset sufficiency test included an assumed 7.50 percent long-term discount rate to determine funding liabilities for calculating future contributions rate requirements. Consistent with the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.40 percent future investment rate of return on invested assets was assumed for the test.

Contributions from plan members and employers are assumed to continue to be made at contractually required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.40 percent on pension plan investments was applied to determine the total pension liability.

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Moses Lake School District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability (NPL) calculated using the discount rate of 7.40 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.40 percent) or one percentage-point higher (8.40 percent) than the current rate. Amounts are calculated using the school district's specific allocation percentage, by plan, to determine the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability.

	1% Decrease (6.40%)	Current Discount Rate (7.40%)	1% Increase (8.40%)
PERS1 NPL	\$4,815,609,000	\$3,845,355,000	\$3,003,532,000
Allocation Percentage	0.124813%	0.124813%	0.124813%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$6,010,486	\$4,799,487	\$3,748,786
SERS2/3 NPL	\$1,141,883,000	\$234,498,000	(\$513,722,000)
Allocation Percentage	0.706636%	0.706636%	0.706636%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$8,068,952	\$1,657,046	(\$3,630,143)
TRS1 NPL	\$3,164,358,000	\$2,475,803,000	\$1,878,531,000
Allocation Percentage	0.729043%	0.729043%	0.729043%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$23,069,533	\$18,049,671	\$13,695,300
TRS2/3 NPL	\$3,283,747,000	\$602,534,000	(\$1,577,475,000)
Allocation Percentage	0.720132%	0.720132%	0.720132%
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$23,647,322	\$4,339,042	(\$11,359,907)

### NOTE 5: ANNUAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATIONS

The State, through the Health Care Authority (HCA), administers a defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan that is not administered through a qualifying trust. The Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB), created within the HCA, is authorized to design benefits and determine the terms and conditions of employee and retired employee participation and coverage, including establishment of eligibility criteria for both active and retired employees. Benefits purchased by PEBB include medical, dental, life insurance and long-term disability insurance.

The relationship between the PEBB OPEB plan and its member employers and their employees and retirees is not formalized in a contract or plan document. Rather, the benefits are provided in accordance with a substantive plan. A substantive plan is one, which the employers and plan members understand the plan terms. This understanding is based on communications between the HCA, employers and plan members, and historical pattern of practice with regard to sharing of benefit costs.

Employers participating in the plan include the State of Washington (which includes general government agencies and higher education institutions), 76 of the state's K-12 school districts and educational service districts (ESDs), and 249 political subdivisions and tribal governments. Additionally, the PEBB plan is available to the retirees of the remaining 227 K-12 school districts and ESDs. The District's retirees (approximately 156) are eligible to participate in the PEBB plan under this arrangement.

## **Eligibility**

District members are eligible for retiree medical benefits after becoming eligible for service retirement pension benefits (either reduced of full pension benefits) under Plan 2 or 3 of TRS or SERS.

- Age of 65 with 5 years of service
- Age 55 with 20 years of service

Former members who are entitled to a deferred vested pension benefit are not eligible to receive medical and life insurance benefits after pension benefits commencement. Survivors of covered members who die are eligible for medical benefits.

#### **Medical Benefits**

Upon retirement, members are permitted to receive medical benefits. Retirees pay the following monthly rates for pre-65 medical coverage for 2019.

## Members not eligible for Medicare (or enrolled in Part A only)

	Type of Coverage			
		Employee		
Descriptions	Employee	& Spouse	Full Family	
Kaiser Permanente NW Classic	\$710.65	\$1,415.33	\$1,945.84	
Kaiser Permanente NW CDHP	\$604.16	\$1,196.38	\$1,596.81	
Kaiser Permanente WA Classic	\$733.39	\$1,460.80	\$2,006.37	
Kaiser Permanente WA CDHP	\$600.44	\$1,189.46	\$1,587.47	
Kaiser Permanente WA Sound Choice	\$603.21	\$1,200.44	\$1,648.37	
Kaiser Permanente WA Value	\$656.25	\$1,306.54	\$1,974.25	
UMP Classic	\$674.85	\$1,343.72	\$1,845.38	
UMP CDHP	\$600.54	\$1,189.65	\$1,587.74	
UMP Plus-Puget Sound High Value Network	\$618.07	\$1,230.18	\$1,689.25	
UMP Plus-UW Medicine Accountable Care Network	\$618.07	\$1,230.18	\$1,689.25	

Retirees enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B receive an explicit subsidy in the form of reduced premiums on Medicare supplemental plans. Retirees pay the following monthly rates.

Members enrolled in Part A and B of Medicare		Type of Covera	ıge
Descriptions	Employee	Employee & Spouse(1)	Full Family(1)
Kaiser Permanente NW Senior Advantage	\$169.80	\$333.63	\$862.14
Kaiser Permanente WA Medicare Plan	\$167.91	\$329.85	N/A

Kaiser Permanente WA Classic	N/A	N/A	\$875.41
Kaiser Permanente WA Sound Choice	N/A	N/A	\$777.78
Kaiser Permanente WA Value	N/A	N/A	\$817.56
UMP Classic	\$313.09	\$620.20	\$1,121.86

Note (1) – Employee, Spouse and Fully Family with two Medicare eligible subscribers. Funding Policy

The funding policy is based upon the pay-as-you-go financing requirements.

According to state law, the Washington State Treasurer collects a fee from all school district entities which have employees who are not current active members of the state Health Care Authority but participate in the state retirement system. The purpose of this fee is to cover the impact of the subsidized rate of health care benefits for school retirees who elect to purchase their health care benefits through the state Health Care Authority. For the fiscal year 2018-19, the District was required to pay the HCA \$71.08 per month per full-time equivalent employee to support the program, for a total payment of \$851,002.13. This assessment to the District is set forth in the State's operating budget and is subject to change on an annual basis. This amount is not actuarially determined and is not placed in a trust to pay the obligations for postemployment health care benefits.

The District has no control over the benefits offered to retirees, the rates charged to retirees, nor the fee paid to the Health Care Authority. The District does not determine its annual required contribution nor the net other post-employment benefit obligation associated with this plan. These amounts are not shown on the financial statements.

For further information on the results of the actuarial valuation of the employer provided subsidies associated with the State's PEBB plan, refer to:

http://leg.wa.gov/osa/additionalservices/Documents/Final.2017.PEBB.OPEB.AVR.pdf

The plan does not issue a separate report; however, additional information is included in the State of Washington Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which is available on this site: <a href="https://www.ofm.wa.gov/accounting/financial-audit-reports/comprehensive-annual-financial-report">https://www.ofm.wa.gov/accounting/financial-audit-reports/comprehensive-annual-financial-report</a>

#### **NOTE 6: COMMITMENTS UNDER LEASES:**

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, the District had incurred additional long-term debt as follows:

Capital	Yearly Payments					
Lease Type	2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Total					
Copiers	\$86,664	\$50,178	\$28,914	\$24,136	\$20,711	\$210,603

#### **NOTE 7: OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS**

The District has active construction projects as of August 31, 2019:

	Project	Expended as of	Additional Local	Additional State
Project	Authorization	8/31/2019	Funds	Funds
	Amount		Committed	Committed

Moses Lake HS				
Safety/Security	\$1,040,000	\$162,742	\$877,258	\$0
Moses Lake HS Site				
Improvements	\$4,850,000	\$1,326,151	\$3,523,849	\$0

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of moneys are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances lapse at the end of the fiscal year and may be re-encumbered the following year. The following encumbrance amounts were re-encumbered by fund on September 1, 2019:

Fund Amount		
General	\$ 801,280.62	
ASB	\$ 39,063.03	
Capital Projects	\$ 5,000,863.64	

## NOTE 8: REQUIRED DISCLOSURES ABOUT CAPITAL ASSETS

The district's capital assets were insured in the amount of \$300,818,674 for fiscal year 2018-19. In the opinion of the District's insurance consultant, this amount is sufficient to adequately fund replacement of the District's assets.

## NOTE 9: REQUIRED DISCLOSURES ABOUT LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

#### **Long-Term Debt**

Bonds payable at August 31, 2019, are comprised of the following individual issues:

Issue Name	Amount Authorized	Annual Installments	Final Maturity	Interest Rate(s)	Amount Outstanding
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 6,315,000	varies	12-1-28	varies	\$ 6,145,000
General Obligation Bonds	\$18,725,000	varies	12-1-26	varies	\$15,635,000
General Obligation Bonds	\$44,585,000	varies	12-1-36	varies	\$44,585,000
Total General Obligation Bonds					\$66,365,000

The following is a summary of general obligation long-term debt transactions of the District for the fiscal year(s) ended August 31, 2018:

Long-Term Debt Payable at 9/1/2018	\$23,310,000
New Issues (Refunding Bonds)	\$44,585,000
Debt Retired	\$ 1,530,000
Long-Term Debt Payable at 8/31/2019	\$66,365,000

The following is a schedule of annual requirements to amortize long-term debt at August 31, 2019:

Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 5,035,000.00	\$ 3,015,962.50	\$ 8,050,962.50
2021	\$ 1,780,000.00	\$ 2,873,337.50	\$ 4,653,337.50
2022	\$ 1,930,000.00	\$ 2,784,287.50	\$ 4,714,287.50
2023	\$ 2,085,000.00	\$ 2,697,818.75	\$ 4,782,818.75
2024	\$ 2,415,000.00	\$ 2,599,375.00	\$ 5,014,375.00
2025-2029	\$16,400,000.00	\$10,993,550.00	\$27,393,550.00
2030-2034	\$24,220,000.00	\$ 6,230,500.00	\$30,450,500.00
2035-2037	\$12,500,000.00	\$ 812,500.00	\$13,312,500.00
	\$66,365,000.00	\$32,007,331.25	\$98,372,331.25

At August 31, 2019, the District had \$3,469,501.40 available in the Debt Service Fund to service the general obligation bonds.

#### NOTE 10: INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The following table depicts interfund transfer activity:

Transferred From (Fund) 535 or 536	Transferred To (Fund) 965 9900	Amount	Description
General Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	\$120,000	Purchase buses
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	\$4,200,000	Construction Project

#### NOTE 11: ENTITY RISK MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

The district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

#### Property/Liability

The Moses Lake School District is a member of the Schools Insurance Association of Washington. Chapter 48.62 RCW authorizes the governing body of any one or more governmental entities to form together into or join a program or organization for the joint purchasing of insurance, and/or joint self-insuring, and/or joint hiring or contracting for risk management services to the same extent that they may individually purchase insurance, self-insure or contract for risk management services. An agreement to form a pooling arrangement was made pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 39.34 RCW, the Interlocal Cooperation Act. The program was formed on September 1, 1995, when seven mid-sized school districts in the State of Washington joined together by signing an Interlocal Agreement to pool their self-insured losses and jointly purchase insurance and administrative services. Presently, the SIAW program has 37 member districts.

The program allows members to jointly purchase insurance coverage and provide related services, such as administration, risk management, claims administration, etc. Coverage for Wrongful Acts Liability, Miscellaneous Professional Liability, and Employee Benefit Liability is on a claims-made basis. All other coverages are on an occurrence basis. The program provides the following forms of group

purchased insurance coverage for its members: Property, Earthquake, General Liability, Auto Liability, Equipment Breakdown, Crime, and Wrongful Acts Liability.

The program acquires liability insurance through their administrator, Clear Risk Solutions, which is subject to a per-occurrence self-insured retention (SIR) of \$100,000. Members are responsible for a standard deductible of \$2,500 for each claim (some member deductibles vary), while the program is responsible for the \$100,000 SIR. Insurance carriers cover insured losses over \$102,500 to the limits of each policy. Since the program is a cooperative program, there is joint liability among the participating members towards the sharing of the \$100,000 SIR. The program also purchases a Stop Loss Policy with an attachment point of \$3,562,902, which is fully funded in its annual budget.

Property insurance is subject to a per-occurrence SIR of \$250,000. Members are responsible for a \$10,000 deductible for each claim (some member deductibles vary), while the program is responsible for the \$250,000 SIR. Insurance carriers cover insured losses over \$260,000 to the limits of each policy. Equipment breakdown insurance is subject to a per-occurrence deductible of \$10,000. Members are responsible for the deductible amount of each claim.

Members contract to remain in the pool for one year and must give notice before December 31 to terminate participation the following September 1. Renewal of the Interlocal Agreement occurs automatically each year. Even after termination, a member is still responsible for contributions to the program for any unresolved, unreported, and in-process claims for the period they were a signatory to the Interlocal Agreement.

The program is fully funded by its member participants. Claims are filed by members with Clear Risk Solutions, which has been contracted to perform program administration, claims, adjustment and administration and loss prevention for the program. Fees paid to the third party administrator under this arrangement for the year ended August 31, 2019 were \$3,231,772.86.

A board of directors, consisting of eight members, is selected by the membership from the east and west side of the state and is responsible for conducting the business affairs of the program. The Board of Directors has contracted with Clear Risk Solutions to perform day-to-day administration of the program. This program has no employees.

## Worker's Compensation

Chapter 48.62 RCW authorizes the governing body of any one or more governmental entities to form together into or join a pool or organization for the joint self-insuring to the same extent that they may individually self-insure. Separate agreements to form a workers' compensation pool were made pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 39.34 RCW, the Interlocal Cooperation Act. The North Central Washington Workers' Compensation Pool was formed on April 1, 1984, when school districts and North Central Educational Service District in the State of Washington joined together by signing an Interlocal Governmental Agreement to pool their self-insured losses. Twenty-nine school districts and North Central Educational Service District (NCESD) have joined the workers' compensation pool while twenty-six school districts and NCESD have joined the unemployment pool.

These pools are operated for the Moses Lake School District's benefit in lieu of the district having to make monthly premium payments to the State of Washington for unemployment and industrial insurance. Membership automatically renews each year. Even after termination, members are still responsible for contributions for unresolved claims occurring during a period when the District was a member of the pool.

The pools are governed by a board of directors which is comprised of one designated representative from each participating member. An executive committee is elected for conducting the business affairs of each pool.

Each member's contributions to the pools are determined by an annual actuarial study. In fiscal year ending August 31, 2019, Moses Lake School District made payments totaling \$718,530.30 to the industrial insurance pool and \$66,326.67 to the unemployment insurance pool.

#### Compensated Absences and Unemployment

The District is a member of the North Central Compensated Absences Liability Pool with the North Central ESD. Funds held at the NCESD are reported as assets in the District's Annual Financial Statement.

#### **NOTE 12: PROPERTY TAXES**

Property tax revenues are collected as the result of special levies passed by the voters in the District. Taxes are levied on January 1. The taxpayer has the obligation of paying all taxes on April 30 or one-half then and one-half on October 31. Typically, slightly more than half of the collections are made on the April 30 date. The tax collections occurring after the end of the fiscal period are unavailable for revenue accrual. Therefore, the fall portion of property taxes is not accrued as revenue. Instead, the property taxes due after the end of the fiscal period are recorded as deferred inflow of resources.

### NOTE 13: JOINT VENTURES AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Beginning in 2013-14, operation of a cooperative program to service the district's buses and those of neighboring districts are included in these financial statements. For the current fiscal year, these General Fund cooperative revenues totaled \$150,512. Expenditures related to the cooperative totaled \$150,512.

The district is a member of the King County Directors' Association (KCDA). KCDA is a purchasing cooperative designed to pool the member districts' purchasing power. The board authorized joining the association by passing a Board Resolution and has remained in the joint venture ever since. The district's current equity of \$36,567.68 is the accumulation of the annual assignment of KCDA's operating loss based upon the percentage derived from KCDA's total sales to the district compared to all other districts applied against paid administrative fees. The district may withdraw from the joint venture and will receive its equity in ten annual allocations of merchandise or 15 annual payments.

In 2018 the Moses Lake School District purchased \$863,762.17 through KCDA contracts. Service fees attributable to the district amounted to \$43,182.94. This service fee amount is used as the basis for allocating net surplus (or deficit) to member school districts.

#### NOTE 14: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate.

			Capital	Debt	Transp
	General	ASB	Projects	Service	Vehicle
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
Nonspendable Fund Balance					

Inventory and Prepaid							
Items	\$	68,795					
Restricted Fund Balance							
For Carryover of Restricted	\$	1,360,336					
Revenue							
For Fund Purpose			\$697,417			\$3,469,501	\$521,025
Restricted from Bond Proceeds				\$4	1,848,863		
Restricted from State Proceeds				\$	86,439		
Restricted from Other Proceeds				\$	671,082		
Assigned Fund Balance							
Fund Purposes	\$	541,060					
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$	98,762					
Minimum Fund Bal Policy	\$1	2,043,909					
TOTAL	\$1	4,112,862	\$697,417	\$48	8,606,384	\$3,469,501	\$521,025

The Board of Directors has established a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund to provide for financial stability and contingencies within the District. The policy is that the District shall maintain a target goal of 12.5% of the prior year's General Fund expenditures to address potential District needs. Portions of fund balance that are set aside for the purpose of meeting this policy are recorded on the financial statements as a part of unassigned fund balance.

# NOTE 15: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS OTHER THAN PENSION PLANS – BOTH IN SEPARATELY ISSUED PLAN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EMPLOYER STATEMENTS

#### 457 Plan - Deferred Compensation Plans

District employees have the option of participating in a deferred compensation plan as defined in Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the state deferred compensation plan.

#### 403(b) Plan – Tax Sheltered Annuity (TSA)

The district offers a tax deferred annuity plan for its employees. The plan permits participants to defer a portion of their salary under elective deferrals (employee contributions) only.

The district complies with IRS regulations that require school districts to have a written plan to include participating investment companies, types of investments, loans, transfers and various requirements. The plan is administered by TSA Consulting Group. The plan assets are assets of the school district employees, not the school district, and are therefore not reflected on these financial statements.

#### **NOTE 16: TERMINATION BENEFITS**

#### **Compensated Absences**

Employees earn sick leave at a rate of twelve days per year up to a maximum of one contract year.

Under the provisions of RCW 28A.400.210, sick leave accumulated by district employees is reimbursed at death or retirement at the rate of one day for each four days of accrued leave, limited to 180 accrued days. This chapter also provides for an annual buy out of an amount up to the maximum annual accumulation of

12 days. For buy-out purposes, employees may accumulate such leave to a maximum of 192 days, including the annual accumulation, as of December 31 of each year.

These expenditures are recorded when paid, except termination sick leave that is accrued upon death, retirement, or upon termination provided the employee is at least 55 years of age and has sufficient years of service. Vested sick leave was computed using the termination payment method.

Vacation pay, including benefits, that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as expenditures and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

No unrecorded liability exists for other employee benefits.

## **NOTE 17: OTHER DISCLOSURES**

#### **Skill Center Branch Campus**

The District operates a Branch Campus of the Wenatchee Valley Technical Skills Center, hosted by the Wenatchee School District. A Skills Center is a regional cooperative program designed to enhance the learning opportunities for career and technical education for students of participating districts by avoiding unnecessary duplication of course offerings and allowing students from many districts to participate.

The Wenatchee Valley Technical Skills Center was created by an agreement of 10 member districts. The Skills Center is governed by an Administrative Council, comprised of the superintendents of all member districts, or their appointed representatives plus leaders from the business and industry who are representative of the established business enterprises in the member districts. The administration of the Skills Center is handled by a director, employed by the Wenatchee School District.

A Branch Campus is an extension of the Skills Center core campus located within the Wenatchee School District. A Branch Campus provides three or more career and technical education program at a location separate from the core campus, but is still governed by the Administrative Council that oversees the Skills Center. Branch campuses report their own enrollment, separate from the core campus, and receive direct apportionment funding as if they were a core campus.

Moses Lake School District No. 161 Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

Description	Beginning Outstanding Debt September 1, 2018	Amount Issued / Increased	Amount Redeemed / Decreased	Ending Outstanding Debt August 31, 2019	Amount Due Within One Year
Voted Debt					
Voted Bonds	23,310,000.00	44,585,000.00	1,530,000.00	66,365,000.00	5,035,000.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds Issued in Lieu of Bonds	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00
Non-Voted Debt and Liabilities					
Non-Voted Bonds	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Capital Leases	219,075.67	95,744.80	104,217.48	210,602.99	86,664.22
Contracts Payable	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Non-Cancellable Operating Leases	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Claims & Judgements	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00
Compensated Absences	2,779,611.39	561,892.45	617,043.58	2,724,460.26	412,974.78
Long-Term Notes	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Anticipation Notes Payable	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00
Lines of Credit	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00
Other Non-Voted Debt	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Other Liabilities					
Non-Voted Notes Not Recorded as Debt	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Net Pension Liabilities:					
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 1	21,951,936.00	00.0	3,902,265.00	18,049,671.00	
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 2/3	3,316,230.00	1,022,812.00	00.00	4,339,042.00	
Net Pension Liabilities SERS 2/3	2,160,798.00	00.0	503,751.00	1,657,047.00	
Net Pension Liabilities PERS 1	5,449,766.00	00.00	650,279.00	4,799,487.00	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	59.187.417.06	46 265 449 25	7 307 556 06	98 145 310 25	5 534 639 00
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Moses Lake School District No. 161 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

					Expenditures			
Federal Agency		CFDA	Other Award	From Pass- Through	From Direct		Passed through	
(Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	Number	Number	Awards	Awards	Total	to Subrecipients	Note
Child Nutrition Cluster								
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	School Breakfast Program	10.553	WA159951	580,014	•	580,014	•	
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	National School Lunch Program	10.555	13-161	263,016	1	263,016	1	ო
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	National School Lunch Program	10.555	WA159951	2,171,090	1	2,171,090	1	
			Total CFDA 10.555:	2,434,107	     	2,434,107	'	
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	WA159951	45,521	•	45,521	•	
		Total C	Total Child Nutrition Cluster:	3,059,641	-	3,059,641	'	
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	WA13-161	45,137	•	45,137	•	
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR, INTERIOR, DEPARTMENT OF THE (via Grant Co Treasurer)	Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15.226	N/A	648	•	648	•	
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	203004	1,695,252	•	1,695,252	•	4, 5
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	270067	21,460		21,460	•	ω

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

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	1			1		•	•					•
2,786	1,719,499	236,694	17,501	254,195		1,542,286	62,474	1,604,760	53,035	36,948	89,983	16,795
1	 	1	•	-		•	•	 	•	•	 	•
2,786	1,719,499	236,694	17,501	254,195		1,542,286	62,474	1,604,760	53,035	36,948	89,983	16,795
270749	Total CFDA 84.010:	282386	290924	Total CFDA 84.011:		306543	366033		174327	173932	Total CFDA 84.048:	N/A
84.010		84.011	84.011			84.027	84.173	Special Ed	84.048	84.048		84.334
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		Migrant Education State Grant Program	Migrant Education State Grant Program			Special Education Grants to States	Special Education Preschool Grants	Total	Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States		Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)		OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)		Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)		Office of Career, Technical, and Adult Education, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Office of Career, Technical, and Adult Education, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)		OFFICE OF POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State University)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSP!)	English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	402712	171,711		171,711		2
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, (via WA OSPI)	Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367	524655	353,730		353,730		Ŋ
EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	430456	97,648	•	97,648	1	2
CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Assistance Programs for Chronic Disease Prevention and Control	93.945	930600	8,377	•	8,377	1	
		Total Fede	Total Federal Awards Expended: 7,422,124	7,422,124	   	7,422,124	'	

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

### NOTE 1 – BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared on the same basis of accounting as the Moses Lake School District's financial statements. The District uses the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures represent only the federally funded portion of the program. District records should be consulted to determine amounts expended or matched from non-federal sources.

## **NOTE 2 – PROGRAM COSTS/MATCHING CONTRIBUTIONS**

The amounts shown as current year expenses represent only the federal grant portion of the program costs. Entire program costs, including the District's local matching share, may be more than shown. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in the OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### **NOTE 3 – NONCASH AWARDS**

The amount of commodities reported on the schedule is the value of commodities distributed by the Moses Lake School District during the current year and priced as prescribed by OSPI.

#### NOTE 4 – SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAMS

The District operates a "school-wide program" in eight elementary buildings. Using federal funding, schoolwide programs are designed to upgrade an entire educational program within a school for all students, rather than limit services to certain targeted students. The following federal program amounts were expended by the Moses Lake School District in its school-wide programs: Title I (84.010) - \$843,303.55.

## NOTE 5 – FEDERAL INDIRECT RATE

The Moses Lake School District used the federal restricted rate of 4.41%. The District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

## CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR FINDINGS REPORTED UNDER UNIFORM GUIDANCE

## Moses Lake School District No. 161 September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

This schedule presents the corrective action planned by the District for findings reported in this report in accordance with Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

Finding ref number:	Finding caption:
2019-001	The District did not have adequate controls to ensure compliance
	with federal procurement requirements.

## Name, address, and telephone of District contact person:

Stefanie Lowry, Director of Finance

1620 S. Pioneer Way

Moses Lake, WA

(509) 793-7731

## Corrective action the auditee plans to take in response to the finding:

The District concurs with the Auditor's recommendations to update its written procedures to meet federal requirements. The updated policy was approved by the School Board on February 27, 2020.

Anticipated date to complete the corrective action: February 27, 2020

## ABOUT THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

The State Auditor's Office is established in the state's Constitution and is part of the executive branch of state government. The State Auditor is elected by the citizens of Washington and serves four-year terms.

We work with our audit clients and citizens to achieve our vision of government that works for citizens, by helping governments work better, cost less, deliver higher value, and earn greater public trust.

In fulfilling our mission to hold state and local governments accountable for the use of public resources, we also hold ourselves accountable by continually improving our audit quality and operational efficiency and developing highly engaged and committed employees.

As an elected agency, the State Auditor's Office has the independence necessary to objectively perform audits and investigations. Our audits are designed to comply with professional standards as well as to satisfy the requirements of federal, state, and local laws.

Our audits look at financial information and compliance with state, federal and local laws on the part of all local governments, including schools, and all state agencies, including institutions of higher education. In addition, we conduct performance audits of state agencies and local governments as well as <u>fraud</u>, state <u>whistleblower</u> and <u>citizen hotline</u> investigations.

The results of our work are widely distributed through a variety of reports, which are available on our <u>website</u> and through our free, electronic <u>subscription</u> service.

We take our role as partners in accountability seriously, and provide training and technical assistance to governments, and have an extensive quality assurance program.

Contact information for the State Audi	itor's Office
Public Records requests	PublicRecords@sao.wa.gov
Main telephone	(564) 999-0950
Toll-free Citizen Hotline	(866) 902-3900
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