

Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit Report

Auburn School District No. 408

For the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

Published July 23, 2020 Report No. 1026672





Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

July 23, 2020

Board of Directors Auburn School District No. 408 Auburn, Washington

Report on Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit

Please find attached our report on Auburn School District No. 408's financial statements and compliance with federal laws and regulations.

We are issuing this report in order to provide information on the District's financial condition.

Sincerely,

Pat McCarthy

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State Auditor

Olympia, WA

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Auburn School District No. 408 September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

The results of our audit of Auburn School District No. 408 are summarized below in accordance with Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

Financial Statements

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We noted no instances of noncompliance that were material to the financial statements of the District.

Federal Awards

Internal Control over Major Programs:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over major federal programs that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the District's compliance with requirements applicable to each of its major federal programs.

We reported no findings that are required to be disclosed in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

Identification of Major Federal Programs

The following programs were selected as major programs in our audit of compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

CFDA No.	Program or Cluster Title
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies
84.027	Special Education Cluster (IDEA) – Special Education Grants to States
84.173	Special Education Cluster (IDEA) – Special Education Preschool Grants

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs, as prescribed by the Uniform Guidance, was \$750,000.

The District did not qualify as a low-risk auditee under the Uniform Guidance.

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.



SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Auburn School District No. 408 September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

This schedule presents the status of federal findings reported in prior audit periods.

Audit Period:	Report Ref. No.:	Finding Ref. No.:	CFDA Number(s):
9/1/2017 through 8/31/2018	1023593	2018-001	84.010
Federal Program Name and	Granting Agency:	Pass-Through Age	ency Name:
U.S. Department of Education	n	Office of Super	rintendent of Public
		Instruction	

Finding Caption:

The District did not have adequate internal controls to ensure compliance with eligibility requirements when allocating funds to Title 1 schools.

Background:

The federal Title I program's objective is to improve the teaching and learning of children who are at risk of not meeting state academic standards and who reside in areas with high concentrations of children from low-income families. During fiscal year 2018, the District spent \$3,751,456 in Title I program funds.

Federal regulations require recipients of federal awards to establish and maintain effective internal controls to ensure compliance with program requirements. These controls include knowledge of grant requirements and monitoring of program controls.

Federal regulations require the District to allocate Title I grant funds to each attendance area or school in rank order based on the total number of children from low-income families residing in the area or attending the school. A school attendance area or school is generally eligible to participate if the percentage of children from low-income families is at least as high as the percentage of children from low-income families in the District as a whole or at least 35 percent. The District must serve areas or schools with over 75 percent students from low-income families in rank order first. Then it may serve areas or schools with a rate of low-income families between 35 percent and 75 percent in rank order. If the District elects to serve schools with a rate of low-income families that is less than 35 percent, it must allocate to all its participating schools an amount per child from a low-income family that equals at least 125 percent of the District's

Title I allocation	on per child from a	low-income family. The	District chose to serve one school
with less than 3	35 percent students	from low-income families.	
Status of Corr	rective Action: (che	eck one)	
⊠ Fully	☐ Partially	DN-4 Commeted	☐ Finding is considered no
Corrected	Corrected	☐ Not Corrected	longer valid
Corrective Ac	tion Taken:		
1.Per the A	uburn School Distri	ict's corrective action plan	n for Audit finding ref # 2018-001,
consolida	ted programs proj	fessional technical assist	ant was trained on compliance
associated	d with FP 201 and F	⁷ P validation and review p	rocesses. The training was specific
but not lin	nited to: 125% rule	, Rank Order, and funding	re-allocation.
2.Director o	of Student Learning	completed FP 201 for the	19-20 school year fall of 2019.
3.Profession	nal technical assista	ant reviewed FP 201 for co	ompliance.
v	view was performed g to OSPI staff.	l by the Assistant Superint	endent of Student Learning before
5.FP 201 w	as submitted fall of	2019.	
6.FP 201 ha	as been reviewed an	nd approved by OSPI for th	he 19-20 school year.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Auburn School District No. 408 September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

Board of Directors Auburn School District No. 408 Auburn, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Auburn School District No. 408, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 15, 2020.

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, in February 2020, a state of emergency was declared which could have a negative financial effect on the District.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and

corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

In addition, we noted certain matters that we have reported to the management of the District in a separate letter dated July 15, 2020.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However,

this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Pat McCarthy

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State Auditor

Olympia, WA

July 15, 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Auburn School District No. 408 September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

Board of Directors Auburn School District No. 408 Auburn, Washington

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

We have audited the compliance of Auburn School District No. 408, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. *Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019. The District's major federal programs are identified in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements

referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

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The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Pat McCarthy

State Auditor

Olympia, WA

July 15, 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Auburn School District No. 408 September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

Board of Directors Auburn School District No. 408 Auburn, Washington

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Auburn School District No. 408, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed on page 18.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether

due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Auburn School District No. 408, as of August 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Matters of Emphasis

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, in February 2020, a state of emergency was declared which could have a negative financial effect in the District. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information listed on page 18 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and

other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). This schedule is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 15, 2020 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral

part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pat McCarthy

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State Auditor

Olympia, WA

July 15, 2020

FINANCIAL SECTION

Auburn School District No. 408 September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Management's Discussion and Analysis – 2019

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position – 2019

Statement of Activities – 2019

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds – 2019

Reconciliation – Balance Sheet with the Statement of Net Position – 2019

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds – 2019

Reconciliation – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Statement of Activities – 2019

Fiduciary Funds – Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – 2019

Fiduciary Funds – Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – 2019

Notes to Financial Statements – 2019

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund – 2019

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Special Revenue Fund (Associated Student Body Fund) – 2019

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – 2019

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – PERS 1, SERS 2/3, TRS 1, TRS 2/3 - 2019

Schedule of District Contributions – PERS 1, SERS 2/3, TRS 1, TRS 2/3 – 2019

SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – 2019 Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Auburn School District No. 408, we offer readers of the district's generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the district for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The district's net position of governmental activities as of August 31, 2019 was \$204,185,470.
- During the year, the district had revenues that were \$8.6 million greater than the \$268.5 million in expenses incurred for all governmental activities.
- The general fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$17,257,022.
- In November 2016, the Auburn community passed a \$456,056,000 bond to construct and equip two new elementary schools; rebuild and equip Chinook Elementary, Dick Scobee Elementary, Lea Hill Elementary, Pioneer Elementary, Terminal Park Elementary schools and Olympic Middle School. The funds may also be used to acquire sites as needed to accomplish these capital projects.
 - The District has issued bonds in 2017 with a total value of \$95,096,000 and a second issue in 2018 with a total value of \$156,510,000. These issues reduced the Authorized Bond Authority to \$204,450,000.
 - Subsequent to the District's fiscal year end on August 31, 2019, Bonds were issued on December 3, 2019 with a value of \$80,000,000. Following the sale of the 2019 Bonds, the District has \$124,450,000 of unissued Bond Authorization, from the original Bonds Authorized, \$456,056,000 on Resolution No. 1291.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This report consists of three parts: an introductory section, a financial section, and a statistical section. The financial section includes the independent auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and related notes to the financial statements.

The basic financial statements consist of a series of statements that present different financial views of the district:

- The first two statements are *district-wide financial statements* that provide both short-term and long-term information about the district's overall financial status and activities. For district activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- All of the remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that report district operations in more detail by providing information about the district's most significant funds. Information is also provided about activities for which the district acts solely as a trustee for the benefit of those outside of the government.

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide a broad overview of district finances, similar to a private-sector business. The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of the district. The difference between the two is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the district is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the district's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying financial event takes place, regardless of when the cash is actually received or disbursed. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash receipts or disbursements in future fiscal periods. Earned but unused vacation leave and uncollected taxes are examples of these types of items.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a group of related accounts used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The district uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All district funds can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the *district-wide financial statements*. However, unlike these statements, *governmental fund financial statements* focus on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balances left at year-end that are available to spend. These funds use an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which measures cash and all other financial assets that can easily be converted to cash. Such information may be useful in evaluating the district's ability to finance the district's educational programs and support operations in the near future.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the *district-wide financial statements*. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the district's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund *balance sheet* and the governmental fund *statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances* provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the *governmental fund statement of revenues*, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, Associated Student Body (ASB) Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Transportation Vehicle Fund and the Debt Service Fund, all of which are considered major funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

The district is the trustee or fiduciary, for individuals, private organizations and other governments for scholarships. All of the district's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate *statement of fiduciary net position* and *changes in fiduciary net position* under the fiduciary financial statement section. These activities are excluded from the district's other financial statements because the district cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in this fund are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The financial statements of the district present an increased financial position as reflected in the statement of net position. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash was received or paid.

These statements report the district's net position and changes in them. The district's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities/deferred inflows) may be viewed as one way to measure the district's financial health or financial position.

Auburn School District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$204,185,470 at the end of the fiscal year, August 31, 2019.

The **INCREASE** in total net position for the year was \$8,673,281. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

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Auburn School District's Net Position August 31, 2019 and 2018

	Gove	rnmental Activit	ies
	2019	2018	Change
Current and other assets	\$298,468,003	\$371,161,570	\$ (72,693,567)
Capital assets	404,608,502	343,202,679	61,405,823
Deferred charges on refunding	2,412,046	2,921,059	(509,013)
Deferred outflows on pensions	16,671,431	8,703,640	7,967,791
Deferred outflows on OPEB	10,040,300	3,572,896	6,467,404
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows	\$732,200,282	\$729,561,844	\$ 2,638,438
			-
Other liabilities	18,384,371	8,755,254	9,629,117
Long-term debt outstanding	490,344,379	509,413,783	(19,069,404)
Deferred inflows on pensions	19,286,062	15,880,618	3,405,444
Total Liabilities & Deferred Inflows	528,014,812	534,049,655	(6,034,843)
Net Position			-
Net investment in capital assets	35,352,990	(47,361,735)	82,714,725
Restricted	219,491,755	292,378,466	(72,886,711)
Unrestricted	(50,659,276)	(49,504,543)	(1,154,733)
Total Net Position	\$204,185,470	\$195,512,189	\$8,673,281

The Auburn School District reflects a large positive change in the net position for investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure, less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets). This increase is the result Olympic Middle School's reconstruction being completed and added to the balance sheet as a Capital Asset of the District. The District continues to work on similar large projects authorized on the November 2016 ballot.

An additional portion of the Auburn School District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Of the \$219,491,755 reported as Restricted District wide, \$171,312,146 is for Capital Projects.

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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Governmental activities improved the district's overall financial position, increasing the district's net position by \$8,673,281. Key elements of the increase are as follows:

AUBURN SCHOOL DISTRI	CT'S Changes	in Net Positio	on
Government	tal Activities		
For the Fiscal Years Ende	ed August 31, 2	20 <u>19 and 2018</u>	
Revenues	2019	2018	Changes
Program Revenues			
Charges for services	\$6,273,007	\$ 6,270,762	\$ 2,245
Operating grants and contributions	62,972,092	57,208,464	5,763,628
Capital grants and contributions	2,540,934	1,240,097	1,300,837
General revenues			
Property taxes for levies for educational programs	6,693,690	43,188,067	(36,494,377)
Property taxes for levies for debt service	25,233,353	32,437,563	(7,204,210)
Property taxes for levies for capital	3,177,908	3,563,321	(385,413)
improvements and technology	-	-	-
Unallocated state apportionment and other	160,058,986	124,595,613	35,463,373
Interest and investment earnings	10,268,998	657,913	9,611,085
Total Revenues	277,218,968	269,161,800	8,057,168
Expenses			
Regular instruction	143,726,820	129,967,809	13,759,011
Special instruction	31,460,671	28,800,007	2,660,664
Vocational instruction	8,490,337	7,686,692	803,645
Compensatory education	21,730,074	17,654,659	4,075,415
Other instructional programs	2,092,081	1,359,020	733,061
Community services	1,241,258	1,199,914	41,344
Support services	27,537,174	23,979,112	3,558,062
Child nutrition services	7,227,766	7,089,551	138,215
Pupil transportation services	9,190,569	8,770,315	420,254
Extracurricular activities (ASB)	2,198,321	2,272,830	(74,509)
Interest on long-term debt	13,650,616	8,181,353	5,469,263
Bond issuance costs		657,417	(657,417)
Total Expenses	268,545,687	237,618,679	30,927,008
Increase (decrease) in Net Position	8,673,281	31,543,121	(22,869,840)
Beginning Net Position	195,512,189	182,201,400	13,310,789
Cumulative Change in Accounting Principle OPEB		(18,232,332)	18,232,332
Ending Net Position	\$ 204,185,470	\$ 195,512,189	\$ 8,673,281

The largest revenue increase of \$35,463,373 million was in general apportionment. This increase was a result of an increase in enrollment, and changes to levy and State funding for school districts, as a result of "McCleary" funding bills (EHB 2242/ESSB 6614/ESSB 6362). Subsequently, the largest revenue decrease of \$36,494,377 was a result from the same legislation that resulted in a significant reduction in taxing levy authority.

The second largest revenue decrease of slightly over \$7.2 million is in property taxes collected for debt service, keeping our tax rates consistent with collecting revenues to meet Debt obligations.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The focus of the district's *governmental funds* is to provide information on short-term cash inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the district's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As the district completed the fiscal year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheets in the Governmental Fund Financial Statement section) reported a combined fund balance of \$260,207,188 and decrease in fund balance of \$53,728,953 over the prior year combined fund balance of \$313,936,141. This change is primarily the result of the District accelerating with several Capital Projects, reducing their Fund Balance by \$66,381,643. The increase in enrollment helped revenues exceed expenditures in the general fund, which offset the decrease in the levy collections.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the major operating fund of the district, providing the majority of the resources for educational programs and support operations.

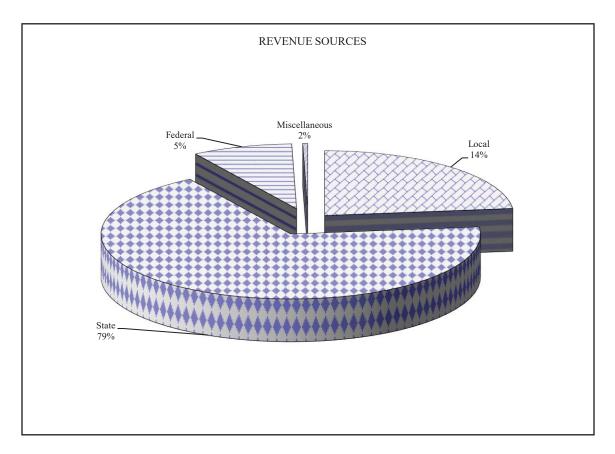
GENERAL FUND REVENUES

Revenues for the General Fund totaled \$258,984,890 in the fiscal year ending August 31, 2019. This was \$38,490,734 or 14.86% more than the prior year. The State of Washington provides over 79% or the largest portion of the District's revenue. Local revenues from local property taxes, and local fees and charges account for over 14% of total revenues. Federal grants provide just over 5% of revenue.

GENERAL FUND REVENUES

Revenue Source	2018-19	2017-18	Inc	rease (Decrease) Amount	Increase (Decrease) Percent
Local Taxes & Non-taxes	\$36,879,752	\$46,584,681	\$	(9,704,929)	-20.83%
State Revenues	205,310,314	157,611,735		47,698,579	30.26%
Federal Revenues	15,064,111	15,200,585		(136,474)	-0.90%
Other Revenues	1,730,714	1,097,156		633,558	57.75%
Totals	\$258,984,890	\$ 220,494,157	\$	38,490,734	17.46%

The increase of \$47,698,579 state revenues is due to an increase in enrollment, additional MSOC funding, along with the "McCleary" legislation that increased State Apportionment funding and reduced local levy tax funds.



GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES

Expenditures in the General Fund totaled \$241,727,868 for the fiscal year. This represents an increase of \$26,098,984 or 12.1% over the prior year.

GENERAL FUND			Increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)
EXPENDITURES	2018-19	2017-18	Amount	Percent
Current				
Regular Instruction	\$137,108,206	\$123,474,719	\$ 13,633,487	11.04%
Special Education	29,994,918	27,385,339	2,609,579	9.53%
Vocational Instruction	7,928,434	7,184,605	743,829	10.35%
Compensatory Education	20,608,434	16,665,093	3,943,341	23.66%
Other Instructional Programs	1,978,922	1,212,921	766,001	63.15%
Community Services	1,171,710	1,167,512	4,198	0.36%
Support Services	26,851,151	23,462,431	3,388,720	14.44%
Child Nutrition Services	7,098,480	6,646,862	451,618	6.79%
Pupil Transportation Services	8,244,242	7,801,675	442,567	5.67%
Capital Outlay				
Equipment	743,371	627,727	115,644	18.42%
Totals	\$241,727,868	\$ 215,628,884	\$ 26,098,984	12.10%
			·	

Increases of \$13.6 million in state funded regular instructional expenditures and \$743,829 in vocational instruction were the result of increased student enrollments.

Compensatory education expenditures increased by \$3,943,341 due to increased federal dollars for Title I programs and increased state dollars for the state counterpart of Title I known as Learning Assistance (LAP). In addition, a continuing growing enrollment of students for whom English is not their first language generated additional state assistance to meet their educational needs.

Child Nutrition cost's increased by \$451,618 last year due to the new federal nutrition guidelines. New guidelines define what types of ingredients the District can purchase, and ultimately serve for student meals.

Pupil Transportation costs increased by 5.67% or \$442,567 during the year. The increase was due to hiring additional staff to transport increasing enrollment.

Special Education expenditures increase by \$2,609,579 during the year. Increased costs occurred due to an increased need to provide services for a growing special needs student population.

Child Nutrition 3% Pupil Transportation 3% Support Services 11% Instruction 82%

EXPENDITURE USES

MAJOR FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Appropriations are a prerequisite to expenditures in the governmental funds. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The fiscal year 2018-19 budget adopted by the Board of Directors for the district totaled \$405,703,979 including General Fund appropriations of \$247,818,777, Special Revenue Fund (ASB) appropriations of \$5,063,369, Debt Service Fund appropriations of \$33,016,833 Capital Projects Fund appropriations of \$118,855,000 and Transportation Vehicle Fund appropriations totaling \$950,000.

Reasons for the significant variances in the general fund between the budget and actual results include:

- Total actual general fund revenues were \$479,870 less than budgeted. Almost all of that decrease was due to an over estimation of local non tax revenue received.
 - This total includes \$222,429 of NBN premiums from plan members and \$3,604 in NBN interest earnings, as well as the net fair market value adjustments of positive \$431,147.
- Total actual general fund expenditures were \$6,644,313 less than budgeted as a result of conservative budget practices.
 - This total includes \$276,702 of NBN expenses

Reasons for the significant variances in the capital projects fund between the budget and actual results include:

- Due to the large fund balance of the Capital Projects fund, the District received a significant increase in interest income, \$3,478,936 more than budgeted.
- Expenditures were \$36,379,067 less than budgeted. Expenditures are largely based on the progress of several projects of the District's facilities that span over multiple fiscal periods.
- Revenues were less than projected in the Associated Study Body Fund by approximately \$2.9 million and expenditures were less than projected by \$2.8 million. Students and their adult advisors did an outstanding job of spending within their budget.
- Transportation Vehicle expenditures were \$168,346 less than projected due to delayed plans to replace aging buses.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of August 31, 2019 amounted to \$404,608,502 (net of accumulated depreciation of \$143,632,004). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, land and building improvements, furniture and equipment.

During the fiscal year, \$63,693,440 was added to buildings for improvements that met the capitalization policy of \$100,000. In addition, \$1,586,601 was added to equipment that met the capitalization policy of \$5,000 per unit, and \$71,637,138 was taken out from construction in progress primarily for projects finalized.

See Note 4, Changes in Capital Assets, for more information.

	CAPITAL	ASSETS	
	Capital Assets	Accumulated Depreciation	Net
Land	\$45,119,405	\$ (463,631)	44,655,774
Building & Improvements	454,549,172	(125,862,984)	328,686,188
Equipment	23,041,423	(17,305,389)	5,736,034
Construction In Progress	25,530,506	-	25,530,506
Total	\$548,240,506	\$ (143,632,004)	\$ 404,608,502

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the current fiscal year, the district had \$335,825,000 in unlimited general obligation bonds outstanding. This debt is secured by a pledge of the full faith and credit of the district. \$12,830,000 of that debt is due within the next twelve months.

The Washington State Constitution and the Revised Code of Washington 39.36.015 and 39.36.020 limit the amount of general obligation (GO) debt that may be issued. With a vote of the people, debt cannot be incurred in excess of 5% of the value of the taxable property of the district, provided the indebtedness in excess of 2.5% is for capital outlay. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, the maximum GO debt authorized by statutory limit was \$650 million. The district had \$335,825,000 of debt outstanding at August 31, 2019, which was subject to that limitation. With \$7.790 million of assets in the Debt Service Fund available for payment of principal, there is a legal debt margin of \$322 million.

The district's most recent underlying bond rating from Moody's is Aa2.

See Note 8, Long-Term Liabilities, for more information.

NEXT YEAR'S APPROPRIATIONS AND BUDGET RATES

The 2018-19 appropriations for governmental funds of the district were approved at \$405,703,979, an increase of 20% from total appropriations of \$324,379,915 million last year.

Property tax rates of \$4.30 per \$1,000 were projected for 2020, consistent with the 2019 actual tax rates of \$3.81 per \$1,000.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide the district's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the district's finances and to demonstrate the district's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, visit www.auburn.wednet.edu or contact

Troy Dammel Executive Director of Business Services Auburn School District No. 408 915 4th Street NE Auburn, WA 98002

AUBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 408 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION August 31, 2019

		Primary Government
ASSETS	Note #	Governmental Activities
Cash and cash equivalents	1.E.1 and 2	\$ 271,189,021
Property tax receivable	1.E.2	23,070,465
Receivables, net	1.E.3	888,785
Due from other governments	1.E.5	2,385,723
Inventories	1.E.6	934,009
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation,	1.2.0	33 1,003
where applicable:		
Land	4	44,655,774
Buildings & Improvements	•	328,686,188
Equipment		5,736,034
Construction in Progress	5	25,530,506
TOTAL ASSETS	3	703,076,505
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		703,070,303
		2.412.046
Deferred charge on refunding		2,412,046
Deferred charge on Penson Plans	6	16,671,431
Deferred charge on OPEB Plans	7	10,040,300
TOTAL DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		29,123,777
LIABILITIES		40.00 (00.4
Accounts payable		13,226,824
Accrued wages and benefits payable		800,043
Due to other governments		627,724
Accrued interest		3,538,223
Unearned revenue	1.E.9	191,557
Net Pension Liability	8	62,446,192
OPEB Liability due within one year	8	1,261,069
OPEB Liability due in more than one year	8	52,219,299
Long-Term liabilities		
Due within one year	8	15,260,009
Due in more than one year		359,157,810
TOTAL LIABILITIES		508,728,750
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflow on Pension Plans	6	19,286,062
TOTAL DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		19,286,062
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		35,352,990
Restricted for:		
Child nutrition services		4,140,813
Carryovers		2,723,432
Student activities		1,728,797
Debt service		7,789,823
Capital projects		171,312,146
State Proceeds		29,069,660
Acquisition of school buses		2,727,083
Unrestricted		(50,659,276)
TOTAL NET POSITION		\$ 204,185,470

AUBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 408 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

				P	ROGRAM REVEN	NUES	<u> </u>	R CH	ET (EXPENSE) EVENUE AND ANGES IN NET POSITION PRIMARY
Functions/Programs		Expenses	C	Charges for Service	Operating Grants and Contributions	C	apital Grants and Contributions		OVERNMENT Governmental Activities
Primary Government:						•			
Governmental Activities:									
Regular Instruction	\$	143,726,820	\$	583,478	\$ -	\$	1,710,211	\$	(141,433,131)
Special Instruction		31,460,671		-	21,740,135		-		(9,720,536)
Vocational Instruction		8,490,337		11,078	110,786		-		(8,368,472)
Compensatory Education		21,730,074		-	22,290,006		-		559,932
Other Instructional Programs		2,092,081		19,241	2,663,341		-		590,501
Community Services		1,241,258		672,124	-		-		(569,134)
Support Services		27,537,174		840,727	-		-		(26,696,447)
Child Nutrition Services		7,227,766		1,951,767	6,485,327		-		1,209,327
Pupil Transportation Services		9,190,569		-	9,682,496		830,724		1,322,651
Extracurricular Activities (ASB)		2,198,321		2,194,593	-		-		(3,728)
Interest Expense on Long-Term Debt		13,650,616		-	-		-		(13,650,616)
Bond Issuance Costs		-		-	-		-		-
Total Governmental Activities	\$	268,545,688	\$	6,273,007	\$ 62,972,092	\$	2,540,934	\$	(196,759,655)
General Revenues:									
Taxes:									
Property taxes, levie	for e	ducational and o	ther	programs					6,693,690
Property taxes, levie									25,233,353
Property taxes, levie	for c	apital improvem	ents	and technolo	gy				3,177,908
Unallocated State Appo									160,058,986
Interest and Investment									10,268,998
Total General Revenues ar	d Spe	ecial Items							205,432,936
Changes in Net Position									8,673,281
Net Position - Beginning									195,512,189
Net Position - Ending								\$	204,185,470

AUBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 408 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS August 31, 2019

						TOTAL
ASSETS	GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (ASB)	DEBT SERVICE FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	TRANSPORTATION VEHICLE FUND	GOVERNMENTAL
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 38.965.922	1.977.551	\$ 7,779,235	\$ 219.742.899	\$ 2.723.415	271.189.021
Property Tax Receivable	9 881				(50)	
Accounts Receivable, Net	381,711		1			381,711
Interest Receivable	69,455	3,190	14,315	416,117	3,997	507,074
Interfund Receivable	108,043		•			108,043
Due From Other Government Units	2,078,798	•	•	306,926	1	2,385,723
Inventories at Cost	934,009	•	•	•	•	934,009
TOTAL ASSETS	52,419,492	1,980,741	20,839,292	222,128,105	2,727,362	300,094,992
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts Payable	2.315.990	59.937	3,727	10.847.169		13.226.824
Accmed Tiabilities	800 043					800 043
Due to Other Governmente	615,350	543		11 493	328	477 779
Later to Carlot Covernments	000,010	2 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		500 COL	010	100 001
Interiund Fayable	' (; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	4,620	•	103,223	1	106,043
Oneamed Kevenue-Omer	1,110	180,043		3,804		/ 66,191
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,732,503	251,943	3,727	10,965,689	328	14,954,191
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes	9,881,555	•	13,045,742	1,662,164	(50)	24,589,411
Thavailable Revenue - Other	344 203					344,203
	100,000		CA F 3 A O C L	100 000 1	(09)	14 023 54 84
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES BIND BAT ANCES.	10,523,131		15,045,/42	1,002,104	(nc)	+10,555,01
FOIND BALAINCES. Nonemendable Inventories	79 890 580					033 060
Restricted:	+0.00,000	•	•	•	•	606,666
O. 11 Mart 11 - B. 1 1	140 011 2					4 1 40 61 5
Chid Nutrition rederal Grant	4,140,815.34	•	•			4,140,813
Carryovers	2,723,431.73					2,723,432
Student Activities		1,728,797.41	1			1,728,797
Debt Service		1	7,789,823.00	1		7,789,823
Bond Issue Project	•	•	•	171,054,835.39	•	171,054,835
Impact Fee Projects		•	•	257,310.63		257,311
State Proceeds			1	29,069,659.96		29,069,660
Acquisition of School Buses				•	2,727,083.34	2,727,083
Committed:						•
Capital Levy Projects		•	•	879,031.16	1	879,031
Technology Levy Projects	1	•	•	1,631,813.67	1	1,631,814
Held for Employee Benefits	159,581.66	•	•	•	1	159,582
Assigned:				•		•
Other Capital Projects		•	•	6,607,601.45	1	6,607,601
Other Purposes	8,000,000.00	•	•	1	1	8,000,000
Unassigned	22,503,436.27	•	•	1	1	22,503,436
	38,461,232	1,728,797	7,789,823	209,500,252	2,727,083	260,207,188
66 C TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 52,419,492	\$ 1,980,741	\$ 20,839,292	222,128,105	\$ 2,727,362	\$ 300,094,993

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

AUBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 408 RECONCILIATION BALANCE SHEET WITH THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION August 31, 2019

	Total Governmental Funds	Long-Term Assets, Liabilities *	Reclassifications and Eliminations*	Statement of Net Position Totals
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 271,189,021		\$ -	\$ 271,189,021
Property Tax Receivable	24,589,411	(1,518,946)		\$ 23,070,465
Receivables, Net	381,711	-	-	
Interest Receivable Interfund Receivable	507,074 108,043	-	(108,043)	\$ 507,074
Due from Other Governments	2,385,723	-	(100,013)	\$ 2,385,723
Inventories	934,009	-	-	\$ 934,009
Capital Assets, Net	-	404,608,502	-	\$ 404,608,502
TOTAL ASSETS	300,094,992	403,089,556	(108,043)	703,076,505
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Charge on Refunding	-	2,412,046	-	2,412,046
Pension Plan Experience Difference	-	8,851,423	-	8,851,423
Pension Plan Assumption Changes	-	3,736,521	-	3,736,521
Pension Plan Changes in Proportions	-	359,521	-	359,521
Pension Plan Conributions	-	3,723,967	-	3,723,967
OPEB Plan Experience Difference	-	1,764,576	-	1,764,576
OPEB Plan Assumption Changes	-	8,275,724	-	8,275,724
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	29,123,777	-	29,123,777
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	300,094,992	432,213,333	(108,043)	732,200,282
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	13,226,824	-	-	13,226,824
Accrued Liabilities	800,043	-	-	800,043
Due to Other Governments	627,724	-	(100.042)	627,724
Interfund Payable Accrued Interest	108,043	3,538,223	(108,043)	3,538,223
Unearned Revenue-Other	191,557	5,556,225	_	191,557
Long-Term Liabilities - Pension	-	62,446,192	_	62,446,192
Long-Term Liabilities - OPEB	-	53,480,368	-	53,480,368
Long-Term Liabilities - Non Pension/OPEB	-	374,417,818	-	374,417,818
TOTAL LIABILITIES	14,954,191	493,882,602	(108,043)	508,728,750
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes	24,933,614	(24,933,614)	-	-
Pension Plan Investment Earnings & Charges in Proportion (net difference)	-	14,913,177	-	14,913,177
Pension Plan Experience Difference	-	309,981	-	309,981
Pension Plan Assumption Changes	-	3,286,355	-	3,286,355
Pension Plan Changes in Proportions	-	776,550	-	776,550
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	24,933,614	(5,647,552)	-	19,286,062
FUND BALANCES				
Total Fund Balances	260,207,188	(56,021,717)	-	204,185,470
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				

AUBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 408 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Comparison			FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019	ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019			
State		GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (ASB)	DEBT SERVICE FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	TRANSPORTATION VEHICLE FUND	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
1.00 1.00	REVENUES						
150 12.00 17.00 1.00	Local Taxes				\$ 3,532,985	•	
152,000 153,	Local Non-Tax	6,034,107	2,259,471	328,355		85,625	18,997,261
40, 12, 20, 20, 41	State, General Purpose	159,142,670	•				159,142,670
140,000 140,	State, Special Purpose	46,167,644			180,895	830,724	47,179,263
1442,001 1464,200	Federal, General Purpose	122,020	•				122,020
15664122 15664123 14,004,504,504 14,004,504,504 14,004,504	Federal, Special Purpose	14,942,091	•		•	•	14,942,091
137,108,208 1,250,471 18,290,733 14,004,582 16,440 19,	Revenues From Other Sources	1,664,122	•		•		1,664,122
137,108,206 29,904,418 21,908,404 20	TOTAL REVENUES	258,918,298		28,209,733		916,349	304,307,434
137, 108, 206 29, 994, 918 20, 204, 918 1, 171, 710 1, 171, 710 1, 171, 710 1, 171, 710 2, 20, 64, 918 8, 244, 342 1, 27, 208, 400 1, 24, 242 1, 24, 24	EXPENDITURES						
ES (18ES) 29.994/18 29.994/18 29.994/18 29.994/18 29.994/18 29.994/18 20.006/434 20.006/434 20.006/434 20.006/434 20.006/430 2	Current:						
220,008,544 20,008,544	Regular Instruction	137,108,206	•			•	137,108,206
ESCRISES) 20,008,434 1,078,922 1,078,922 1,078,922 1,078,800 8,244,242 2,196,400 1,01,101,101 1,01,101,400 1,01,101,40	Special Instruction	29,994,918	•				29,994,918
150084344	Vocational Instruction	7,928,434					7,928,434
ES (USES) 1.978,922 1.17.100 2.08,800 2.196,400 1.13,641,831 2.196,400 1.13,641,831 2.196,400 1.13,641,831 2.196,400 2.19	Compensatory Education	20,608,434	•			•	20,608,434
ES (USES) 1,177,700 2,08,810 2,04,242 2,196,400 19,370,000 1	Other Educational Programs	1,978,922	•		1	•	1,978,922
ES (USES) 2 (6,851,151	Community Services	1,171,710	•			•	1,171,710
7,098-480 2,196-400 19,370,000 19,37	Support Services	26,851,151	•			•	26,851,151
8,244,242 2,196,400 19,270,000 19,27	Child Nutrition Services	7,098,480	•			•	7,098,480
ES (USES)	Pupil Transportation Services	8,244,242	•				8,244,242
ES (USES) - 19,370,000 - 19,370,000 - 19,370,000 - 19,370,000 - 19,370,000 - 19,370,000 - 19,370,000 - 19,371,000 - 19,37	Extracurricular Activities (ASB)		2,196,400		1		2,196,400
ES (USES) - 19,370,000 - 19,41,831 - 17,190,430 - 17,190,430 - 17,190,430 - 17,257,021 - 17,291,640 - 17,190,430 - 17,190	Debt Service:						
ES (USES)	Principal	,	•	370.000			19 370 000
ES (USES) F43.71 F43.71 F43.71 F43.71 F5 (USES) F6 (USES) F7 (USES) F8 (USES) F	Interest and Other Chances			13 641 921			13 641 831
FS (USES) 743,371 743,371 743,371 72,925,933 781,654 781,654 781,654 781,654 781,654 781,654 781,654 781,654 781,695 781,649 781,649 781,649 781,649 781,649 781,649 781,695 781,649	Interest and Other Charges			15,041,051	1		15,041,051
ES (USES) 743.71 -	Bond Issuance Costs		•		•	•	•
ES (USES) 743,371	Capital Outlay:						
ES (USES) 743,371 -	Sites		•		3,857,362	•	3,857,362
ES (USES) - 3,601,930 781,654 5, - 3,601,930 781,654 5, - 3,601,930 781,654 5, - 3,601,930 781,654 5, - 3,601,930 781,654 5, - 3,601,930 781,654	Buildings				72,925,933		72,925,933
ES (USES) 241,727,868 2,196,400 33,011,831 80,385,225 781,654 35,811,831 (4,802,098) (66,381,643) 134,695 134,695 133,011,831 (4,802,098) (66,381,643) 134,695 133,011,831 (4,802,098) (66,381,643) 134,695 133,011,831 (4,802,098) (66,381,643) 134,695 133,013,013,013 (53,011,004,310 1,665,726 11,291,921 11,291,921 11,291,921	Equipment	743,371	•		3,601,930	781,654	5,126,955
ES (USES) 241,727,868 2,196,400 33,011,831 80,385,225 781,654 358, 258, 241,727,868 6,592 6,592 7. 259,238 1313, 259, 259,238 89,395 2,592,388 3135, 241,727,868 2,796,400 1,665,726 12,391,921 275,881,895 2,592,388 3135, 2592,388 3135, 22,92,388 3135, 22,92,388 2,992 2,992,388 3135, 22,92,388 2,992 2,992,388 2,992,3	Energy	•	•		•	•	•
ES (USES) (6.381,643) (66,381,643) (66,381,643) (53. ES (USES) (6.592	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	241,727,868		33,011,831		781,654	358,102,979
ES (USES) (6,581,643) (6,581,643) (6,581,643) (5,53 ES (USES) (6,592	Excess of Revenues Over						
ES (USES) 66.592	(Under) Expenditures	17,190,430	63,071	(4,802,098		134,695	(53,795,545)
Escrow Agent Lextrow Agent 66,592 1NG SOURCES (USES) 66,592	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Escrow Agent	Proceeds of Long-Term Debt	•	•		•		
Escrow Agent 66.592	Issuance of Bonds	•	•			•	•
Escrow Agent 66,592	Issuance Premium	•	•		•	•	•
NG SOURCES (USES) 66,592	Payment to Refunded Bonds Escrow Agent	•	•			•	•
ING SOURCES (USES) 66,592	Sale of Equipment	66,592	•		•	•	66,592
BALANCE 17,257,021 63,071 (4,802,098) (66,281,643) 134,695 21,204,210 1,665,726 12,591,921 275,881,895 2,592,388	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	66,592					66,592
21,204,210 1,665,726 12,591,921 275,881,895 2,592,388	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	17.257.021	63.071	(4.802.098		134.695	(53.728.953)
	Fund Ralances - Sonfember 1	21 204 210		12 591 921		2 502 388	313 936 140
	rana balances - September 1				7,000,000	000,470,44	

AUBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 408

RECONCILIATION

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

August 31, 2019

		I Tugust 01, 2017	I	I	
	Total Governmental Funds	Long-Term Revenue, Expenses *	Capital Related items *	Long-Term Debt Transactions *	Statement of Activities Totals
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES					
Property Taxes	\$ 62,260,008	\$ (27,155,057)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,104,951
Local Non-Taxes	18,997,261	-	66,592	_	\$ 19,063,853
State, General Purpose	159,142,670	_	· -	-	\$ 159,142,670
State, Special Purpose	47,179,263	_	_	-	\$ 47,179,263
Federal, General Purpose	122,020	_	-	-	\$ 122,020
Federal, Special Purpose	14,942,091	_	_	-	\$ 14,942,091
Revenues From Other Sources	1,664,122	_	-	-	\$ 1,664,122
TOTAL	304,307,434	(27,155,057)	66,592	-	277,218,969
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES					
Current:					
Regular Instruction	137,108,206	(10,573,828)	12,740,046	-	139,274,424
Special Instruction	29,994,918	529,396	936,357	-	31,460,671
Vocational Instruction	7,928,434	130,402	431,501	-	8,490,337
Compensatory Education	20,608,434	338,040	783,600	-	21,730,074
Other Instructional Programs	1,978,922	29,931	83,228	-	2,092,081
Community Services	1,171,710	69,547	· -	-	1,241,258
Support Services	26,851,151	390,611	295,411	-	27,537,174
Child Nutrition Services	7,098,480	88,223	41,064	-	7,227,766
Pupil Transportation Services	8,244,242	207,426	738,901	-	9,190,569
Extracurricular Activities (ASB)	2,196,400	· -	1,921	-	2,198,321
Debt Service:			•		-
Principal	19,370,000	_	-	(19,370,000)	_
Interest and Other Charges	13,641,831	_	-	8,785	13,650,616
Bond Issuance Cost	-	_	_	-	-
Capital Outlay:					_
Sites	3,857,362	_	(3,857,362)		_
Buildings	72,925,933		(68,885,838)	_	4,040,095
Equipment	5,126,955		(4,714,654)	_	412,301
Energy	-	_	-	_	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES	358,102,979	(8,790,252)	(61,405,824)	(19,361,215)	268,545,688
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
UNDER EXPENDITURES	(53,795,545)	(18,364,805)	61,472,416	19,361,215	8,673,281
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds of Long-Term Debt	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance Premium	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of Equipment	66,592	-	(66,592)	-	_
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING			· / /		
SOURCES (USES)	66,592	-	(66,592)	-	-
NET CHANGE FOR THE YEAR	\$ (53,728,953)	\$ (18,364,805)	\$ 61,405,824	\$ 19,361,215	\$ 8,673,281
	(==)	. (-)	, , ,		- / /

^{*} See Note 10B

AUBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 408 FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION August 31, 2019

	Private	Purpose Trust Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due From Other Funds	\$	616,100
Interest Receivable		1,309
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	617,409
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds		698
TOTAL LIABILITIES		698
NET POSITION		
Held in Trusts for Scholarships and Student Aid		616,711
NET POSITION	\$	616,711

AUBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 408 FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2019

	Private	Purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS		
Donations	\$	216,227
Investment Earnings		22,245
Total Additions		238,472
DEDUCTIONS		
Scholarships		215,396
Loss On Investments		-
Total Deductions		215,396
Change in Net Position		23,076
Net Position, Beginning of the year		593,635
Net Position, End of the year	\$	616,711

AUBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 408 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUGUST 31, 2019

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Auburn School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principals. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below:

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Auburn School District is a municipal corporation organized pursuant to Title 28A *Revised Code of Washington* (RCW) for the purpose of providing public school services to students in grades P-12. Auburn School District operates under an independently elected board of directors. Management of the district is appointed by and is accountable to the board of directors. Fiscal responsibility, including budget authority, the power to set fees, levy property taxes and issue debt consistent with provisions of state statutes, also rests with the board of directors.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accounts of the district are organized on the basis of funds in governmental fund financial statements, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The district's basic financial statements in this report consist of:

1). Government - Wide Financial Statements

Overall governmental activities are reported here without displaying individual funds or fund types and display information about the district as a whole. The Government-Wide financial statements do not include Fiduciary Funds. The government-wide financial statements consist of the following:

a. Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources. Capital assets (land, land improvements, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, and equipment) are reported at historical cost, net of accumulated depreciation.

b. Statement of Activities

The operations of the district are presented net of the applicable program revenues. General revenues are divided into property taxes, interest and investment earnings, and special and extraordinary items. The expenses and revenues are reported as follows:

I). Expenses - Expenses are reported by function/program that includes direct and indirect expenses. Depreciation expenses are allocated to direct expenses if they can be specifically identified with a function or program. Interest expenses may be considered direct expenses when borrowing is essential to the creation or continuing existence of a program. Otherwise, interest on long-term liabilities is considered an indirect expense.

II). Revenues – Revenues are divided into program revenues and general revenues. Program revenues are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the district's taxpayers, as a whole. These revenues reduce the net cost of the function to be financed from the district's general revenue. Program-specific grants and contributions include revenues arising from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with federal or state governments, organizations, or individuals. These revenues are restricted for use in a particular program.

General revenues are revenues that are not required to be reported as program revenues, such as property tax levies for a specific purpose and all non-tax revenue such as interest and investment earnings.

2). Fund Financial Statements

a. Governmental Funds

Governmental fund reporting focuses primarily on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources and often has a budgetary orientation. It includes general fund, special revenue fund (associated student body fund), capital projects fund, transportation vehicle fund, and debt service fund. The district considers all governmental funds to be "major funds".

- I). General Fund This fund is the general operating fund of the district. It accounts for all financial resources of the district, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the principle of as few funds as necessary, child nutrition, maintenance, information services, printing and pupil transportation activities are included in the fund.
- II). Special Revenue Fund (Associated Student Body Fund) This fund is used to account for the extracurricular fees and resources collected in fund-raising events for students. Disbursements require the joint approval of the appropriate student body organization and the district's board of directors. This fund is accounted for as a special revenue fund since the financial resources legally belong to the district.
- III). Debt Service Fund This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related expenditures. All of the district's issues are serial bonds rather than term bonds and do not require sinking funds for each issue. Therefore, the district maintains one debt service fund for all bond issues. Also, there are no legal requirements that mandate a separate fund for each bond issue.
- **IV).** Capital Projects Fund This fund is used to account for the financial resources to be used for the construction or acquisition of major capital assets. This fund must be used when projects are financed wholly or in part by bond issues, intergovernmental resources, major private donations, special levies or insurance recoveries. This fund is also used to account for energy capital improvements.
- **V). Transportation Vehicle Fund** This fund is used to account for the purchase, major repair, rebuilding and debt service expenditures related to pupil transportation equipment. The major sources of revenue in this fund include the state reimbursement for pupil transportation equipment and special levies.

b. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. Fiduciary Funds such as the private-purpose trust fund is used by a district in its fiduciary capacity as trustee for assets held for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

I). Private-Purpose Trust Fund - All of the income and principal in the private-purpose trust may be disbursed in the course of its operation. It includes money for scholarships donated by community supporters and funds for student aid provided by InvestED, a public charity formerly known as the Saul Haas Foundation.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide financial statements measure and report all financial and capital assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, gains and losses using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position or cost recovery, and financial position. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements include the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund and Transportation Vehicle Fund. They are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the district considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

Fiduciary fund financial statements include the Private-Purpose Trust Fund. This fund is reported on the accrual basis of accounting.

1). Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances are liquidated at the end of the year; therefore, there are no outstanding encumbrances at year-end.

2). Eliminations and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide *statements of net position* and the *statement of activities*, the inter-fund receivables and payables within governmental funds, except those with fiduciary funds, were eliminated.

D. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

1). General Budget Policies

The Auburn School District budgets its funds in accordance with the Revised Code of Washington Chapter 28A.505 and Chapter 392-123 of the Washington Administrative Code (WAC). The School District Board adopts the budget after a public hearing. An appropriation is a prerequisite to expenditure. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted at the fund level. Each governmental fund's total expenditures cannot, by law, exceed its formal fund appropriation. Management is authorized to modify specific accounts within the overall fund appropriation. However, only the Board has the authority to increase or decrease a given fund's annual budget. The Board may adopt a revised or supplemental budget appropriation after a public hearing at any time during the fiscal year.

2). Budgetary Basis of Accounting

For budget purposes, revenues and expenditures are accounted for on a modified accrual basis of accounting as prescribed in law for all governmental funds. Beginning fund balance is budgeted as available resources and, pursuant to law; the budgeted ending fund balance cannot be negative.

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control for all governmental funds. Budgets are adopted on the same basis of accounting used to reflect actual revenues and expenditures on a generally accepted accounting principles basis.

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES

1). Cash and Cash Equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash balances, net of warrants outstanding, and cash equivalents with original maturities of three months or less. At August 31, 2019, total district cash and cash equivalents were \$271,805,122. Of that amount, \$271,189,021 was in the governmental funds and \$616,100 was in the fiduciary funds. At August 31, 2019 total district funds were \$88,975, total district cash on hand was district warrants outstanding were \$4,571,296 and the fair market value of the districts funds in the King County Investment Pool was \$271,805,122. In accordance with authorized investment laws, the district's cash equivalents are deposited in the King County Investment Pool. The Pool invests in U.S. Agency mortgage-backed securities to enhance yield. As of August 31, 2019, such securities comprised 0.1% of the Pool's portfolio. As of August 31, 2019, the district's funds invested in the Pool comprised 3.97% of the Pool's portfolio. (See Note 2)

2). Property Taxes

Property tax revenues are collected as the result of special levies passed by the voters in the district. Per Revised Code of Washington 84.60.020, the tax assessment date is January 1 of the calendar year of collection. The tax lien date is January 1 of the year of collection and taxes receivable are recognized as of that date. Current year taxes are due in full as of April 30, and are delinquent after that date. However, without incurring penalty, the taxpayer may elect to pay one half of taxes due by April 30, with the remaining one half taxes due October 31, and are delinquent after that date. Typically, a little more than half of taxes due are collected on the April 30 date. King County forecloses on property following the third year of delinquency. In *governmental fund financial statements*, property tax revenue that is measurable but not available (taxes that are not expected to be collected within the current period) is recorded as receivable and deferred revenue. In *government-wide financial statements*, property tax revenue, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, is accrued at year-end.

a) Tax Abatements

The Auburn School District independently has entered into agreements that affect the levy rate assessed by the District:

Tax Abatement Program	Total Amount of Taxes Abated
Current Use	\$164,629
Home Improvement	\$2,218

Current Use: State law provides for agricultural land, timber land and other open space to be assessed at its current use, rather than its highest and best use. For farm and agricultural land, and designated forest land, call the assessor at 206-263-2374. For Open space and Timber Lands, contact the Department of Natural Resources and Parks – Water and Land Resource Division at 206-296-8351 or 206-296-1470. For more information regarding Current Use Program visit https://www.kingcounty.gov/environment/stewardship/sustainable-building/resource-protection-incentives.aspx.

Home Improvement: All owners of detached single family dwellings (including mobile homes on fee-owned land) may be eligible for relief from tax increases caused by major additions or remodels. Claims for exemption must be filed with the assessor BEFORE construction is complete. For more information, call 206-263-2338.

3). Accounts Receivable

This account represents amounts due for services rendered by the district, net of allowance for doubtful accounts.

4). Due From/To Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables and the associated revenues and expenditures/expenses are recorded in the respective funds in *governmental fund financial statements*. Interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in *government-wide financial statements*, except those with fiduciary funds.

5). Due From Other Governments

This account represents \$2,385,723 of receivables for federal grants of \$2,078,798, and local government impact fees of \$306,926. Grant revenues are recorded in the year in which the related expenditures are incurred.

6). Inventories

Inventories of instructional materials are valued at cost using the first-in first-out method. Warehoused inventories of food and maintenance and food service supplies are valued at cost using the weighted average method perpetual inventory system. Inventory is charged as an expenditure when it is issued for consumption

7). Bond Discounts, Premiums, Issuance Costs and Refunding Losses

In governmental fund types, bond discounts, premium, issuance costs and refunding losses are recognized in the period of issuance.

8). Capital Assets

Capital Assets, which include property, buildings and improvements, and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental activities in the *government-wide financial statements*. Capital assets are defined by the district as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year for land, furniture, equipment, vehicles and school buses and \$100,000 for buildings, building improvements and depreciable land improvements with an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized, but are charged to expenditures in the current period. In *governmental fund financial statements*, there is no depreciation for capital assets. However, depreciation is charged to expenses and allocated to various functions/programs in *government-wide financial statements* in compliance with *GASB Statement No. 34* (See Note 4).

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful life using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings50 yearsBuilding Improvements20 yearsDepreciable Land Improvements20 yearsSchool Buses8-18 yearsEquipment and Vehicles4-10 years

9). Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The district has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 63 Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65 Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. The objective of these statements is to enhance the usefulness of financial reporting as described below.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district has three items that qualifies for reporting in this category; deferred charge on refunding, deferred charge on pension plans, and deferred charge on OPEB plans. All three are reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district has two types of items; deferred inflows on pension plans and unavailable revenue, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, which qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source: property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

10). Net Position (Government-wide Financial Statements)

In government-wide financial statements, the "Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt" component consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The "Restricted Net Position" component reports the net position where constraints have been placed on net position by external laws, regulations, or legislation. Therefore, they are available for disbursements only for specific purposes such as debt service and capital projects. The "Unrestricted Net Position" are assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements.

11). Fund Balances (Governmental Fund Financial Statements)

The District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions. The objective of the statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing government fund type definitions. The statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications, under GASB 54 are Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds,

but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund balance can have different levels of constraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance. In accordance with GASB 54, the District classified governmental fund balances as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact. This classification includes inventories, prepaid items and long term receivables.

<u>Restricted</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts restricted due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. This classification includes the child nutrition program, retirement of long term debt, construction programs and other federal and state grants.

<u>Committed</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the District through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to resolution passed by the District's Board of Directors.

<u>Assigned</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are self-imposed by the District to be used for a particular purpose. For funds other than the General Fund, the amount of residual fund balance that is spendable after all restrictions, commitments, and other assignments have been made is classified as assigned in accordance with the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts for the State of Washington*.

<u>Unassigned</u> – includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

When both restricted an unrestricted fund balances are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and the unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

12). Compensated Absences

a). Sick Leave -

Full-time employees earn sick leave at a rate of 12 days per year up to a maximum of one contract year. Under the provisions of RCW 28A.400.210, sick leave accumulated by district employees is paid at death or retirement at the rate of 25% of each day of accrued leave, limited to 180 accrued days. This statute also provides for an annual buy-back of an amount up to the maximum annual accumulation of twelve days. To qualify for annual sick leave buy-back, the employee must have accumulated an excess of 60 days sick leave as of January 1. Sick leave is reported under long-term liabilities in the *Statement of Net Position*. For reporting purposes, 25% of the sick leave liability (up to 180 days) for those eligible for retirement is considered accruable. The vesting method in *GASB Statement No. 16* was applied in calculating the sick leave. The amount of accrued sick leave as of August 31, 2019 was \$2,974,127 and reported as a long-term liability in the *government-wide financial statements*.

b). Vacation Leave –

Vacation leave is accrued according to bargaining agreement rules for those employees eligible. Annual leave accumulated by district employees is paid upon retirement at 100% of per diem value. In addition, annual leave accumulated by classified employees represented by the Public School Employees of Washington bargaining groups is paid upon termination at 100% of per diem value. As of August 31, 2019, vacation leave payable, estimated to be \$2,188,180 is reported as a long-term liability in the *government-wide financial statements*.

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

By law, the King County Treasurer is the ex-officio treasurer for the district. In this capacity, the County Treasurer receives, deposits and transacts investments on the district's behalf.

A. DEPOSITS

At year-end, the carrying amounts of the district's deposits with financial institutions and with the King County Treasurer were respectively \$75,000 and \$276,287,443, the warrants outstanding were \$4,571,296 and the petty cash, change funds and cash on hand totaled \$11,355. Total district cash and cash equivalents were \$271,805,122. Of this amount, \$271,189,021 were in governmental funds and \$616,100 were in fiduciary funds. (See Note 1). In addition to FDIC insurance, the district's deposits are protected by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (a multiple financial institution collateral pool). The provision for guaranteed coverage against loss applies not only to demand deposits, but also to certificates of deposit, money market deposit accounts, and savings deposits as well as accrued interest through the date of repayment.

B. INVESTMENTS

In accordance with state investment laws, the district's governing body has entered into a formal inter-local agreement with the district's *ex officio* treasurer, King County, to have all of its funds not required for immediate expenditure to be invested in the King County Investment Pool (Pool). All non-invested cash is held in this external investment pool administered by King County, Washington and consequently is not subject to categorization. At August 31, 2019, the fair value of the district investment in the pool was \$276,287,443 with an effective duration of 0.96 years. The pool is not registered by the SEC and does not operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's rule 2a7 which would allow it to be treated as a money market fund for basis of presentation.

Oversight of the Investment Pool is provided by the King County Executive Finance Committee (EFC) pursuant to RCW 36.29.020. The EFC consists of the Chair of the County Council, the County Executive, the Chief Budget Officer, and the Director of the Finance and Business Operations Division. All investments are subject to written policies and procedures adopted by the EFC. The EFC reviews Pool performance monthly.

All investments in cash equivalents are stated at fair value. Fair value is defined as the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair value for the King County Investment Pool is provided by the County's safekeeping bank or Bloomberg L.P., a provider of fixed income analytics, market monitors, and security pricing. The net increase in fair value of the district's proportionate share of the King County Investment Pool for 2018-19 was \$1,748,977. This decrease has been recognized and reported against investment income.

Impaired Investments.

As of August 31, 2019, all impaired commercial paper assets have completed enforcement events. The King County impaired investment pool (Impaired Pool) held one commercial paper asset where the Impaired Pool accepted an exchange offer and is receiving the cash flows from the investment's underlying securities. The

Impaired Pool also held the residual investments in four commercial paper assets that were part of completed enforcements events, where the Impaired Pool accepted the cash-out option. The district's share of the impaired investment pool principal is \$58,819 and the District's fair value of these investments is \$1,748,977.

Interest Rate Risk.

As of August 31, 2019, the Pool's average duration was 0.96 years. As a means of limiting its exposure to rising interest rates, securities purchased in the Pool must have a final maturity, or weighted average life, no longer than five years. While the Pool's market value is calculated on a monthly basis, unrealized gains and losses are not distributed to participants. The Pool distributes earnings monthly using an amortized cost methodology.

Custodial Credit Risk.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. County policy mandates that all security transactions, including repurchase agreements, are settled "delivery versus payment." This means that payment is made simultaneously with the receipt of the security. These securities are delivered to the County's safekeeping bank or its tri-party bank.

Credit Risk.

As of August 31, 2019, the district's investment in the Pool was not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO). In compliance with state statues, Pool policies authorize investments in U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. agency securities and mortgage-backed securities, municipal securities (rated at least "A" by two NRSROs), commercial paper (rated at least the equivalent of "A-1" by two NRSROs), certificates of deposits issued by qualified public depositories, repurchase agreements, and the Local Government Investment Pool managed by the Washington State Treasurer'sa office.

Concentration Risk

Credit risk also can arise in the wake of a failure to adequately diversity investments. However since Pool investments are concentrated in U.S. government obligations and obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, this risk is minimal.

NOTE 3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

As of August 31, 2019, short-term interfund receivables and payables in governmental funds that resulted from various interfund transactions in governmental fund financial statements were as follows:

	Due from		Due to	
	Other Funds		Otl	her Funds
General Fund	\$	108,043	\$	-
Capital Projects Fund		-	\$	103,223
ASB Fund		-		4,820
Tran Vehicle		-		-
Total	\$	108,043	\$	108,043

The interfund balances are typically liquidated to zero on a monthly basis. Almost all of the interfund transfers are to reimburse the general fund from other funds for processing payroll and other accounts payable in the general fund. In addition, all funds collected in the district are electronically swept on a daily basis into the general fund bank account at the county treasurer. Funds are then disbursed to the appropriate fund as soon as the receipts are reconciled to the daily deposit reports. Total funds disbursed from the General Fund were \$7,336,707. Of this amount \$222,700 was disbursed to the Fiduciary funds and the difference to other Governmental Funds.

NOTE 4. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Purchases of equipment over \$5,000 and building and depreciable land improvements over \$100,000 are capitalized and depreciated in the government-wide financial statements. Land is excluded from depreciation. The district's property valuation of buildings and contents for insurance purposes was \$472,282,672 on August 31, 2019. In the opinion of the district's insurance consultant, the amount is sufficient to adequately fund replacement of the district's assets.

	Balance		5.1.1	Balance	
		9/1/2018	Additions	Deletions	8/31/2019
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$	43,312,565	\$ 1,806,840	\$ -	\$ 45,119,405
Construction in progress		16,782,419	80,385,225	(71,637,138)	25,530,506
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		60,094,984	82,192,065	(71,637,138)	70,649,911
Capital assets, being depreciated:					_
Buildings and improvements		398,129,808	63,693,440	(7,274,076)	454,549,172
Furniture and equipment		22,708,396	1,586,601	(1,253,573)	23,041,424
Total capital assets, being depreciated		420,838,205	65,280,041	(8,527,650)	477,590,596
Less: accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements		(120,812,683)	(8,747,913)	3,233,982	(126,326,615)
Furniture and equipment		(16,917,827)	(1,228,835)	841,272	(17,305,390)
Total accumulated depreciation		(137,730,510)	(9,976,749)	4,075,254	(143,632,005)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		283,107,695	55,303,292	(4,452,396)	333,958,591
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	343,202,679	\$ 137,495,357	\$ (76,089,534)	\$ 404,608,502

The increases to buildings and improvements include completed projects transferred from construction in progress less those portions of the projects classified as capitalized and non-capitalized equipment. Only those building improvements and depreciable land improvements that are greater than \$100,000 are capitalized. Additions to equipment include only those capital outlay purchases with a unit cost greater than \$5,000 in accordance with the district's capitalization policy. Decreases to equipment were the result of the sale or trade-in of obsolete equipment.

Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

\$ 6,646,414
936,357
431,501
783,600
83,228
295,411
41,064
738,901
20,271
\$ 9,976,749

NOTE 5. CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

Project	Authorized	Expended
DICK SCOBEE ELEMENTARY	\$ 53,418,352	\$ 8,627,958
ELEMENTARY NO. 15	63,463,830	12,897,671
PIONEER ELEMENTARY	59,773,894	1,784,199
ELEMENTARY NO. 16	65,962,383	1,850,510
CHINOOK ELEMENTARY	60,116,202	341,080
LEA HILL ELEMENTARY	66,091,138	16,771
TERMINAL PARK ELEMENTARY	56,492,581	12,318
Totals Contruction in Progress	\$ 425,318,380	\$ 25,530,506

NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS

General Information

The Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the state of Washington, prepares a stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each pension plan. The pension plan's basic financial statement is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The measurement date of the pension plans is June 30. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of pension plans administered by DRS and additions to/deductions from the plans' net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans.

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS CAFR. Copies of the report may be obtained by contacting the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, P.O. Box 48380, Olympia, WA 98504-8380; or online at http://www.drs.wa.gov./administrations/annual-report

Membership Participation

Substantially all school district full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following three contributory, multi-employer, cost-sharing statewide retirement systems managed by DRS: Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and School Employees' Retirement System (SERS).

Membership participation by retirement plan as of June 30, 2019, was as follows:

Plan	Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	Active Plan Members
DED C 1			1.525
PERS 1	45,792	401	1,535
SERS 2	10,072	6,175	28,494
SERS 3	10,007	8,983	35,746

TRS 1	32,645	120	349
TRS 2	5,874	2,779	21,788
TRS 3	13,745	8,675	55,733

Membership & Plan Benefits

Certificated employees are members of TRS. Classified employees are members of PERS (if Plan 1) or SERS. Plan 1 under the TRS and PERS programs are defined benefit pension plans whose members joined the system on or before September 30, 1977. TRS 1 and PERS 1 are closed to new entrants.

TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of three separate plans for membership purposes: Plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans and Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. TRS eligibility for membership requires service as a certificated public school employee working in an instructional, administrative or supervisory capacity.

TRS is comprised of three separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 1, Plan 2/3, and Plan 3. Plan 1 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 1 members. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of the plan. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

TRS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. TRS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC), for each year of service credit, up to a maximum of 60 percent, divided by twelve. The AFC is the total earnable compensation for the two consecutive highest-paid fiscal years, divided by two. Members are eligible for retirement at any age after 30 years of service, or at the age of 60 with five years of service, or at the age of 55 with 25 years of service. Other benefits include temporary and permanent disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

TRS Plan 2/3 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC) per year of service for Plan 2 members and one percent of AFC for Plan 3 members. The AFC is the monthly average of the 60 consecutive highest-paid service credit months. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for normal retirement at the age of 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. TRS Plan 2/3 members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. TRS Plan 2/3 members who have 30 or more years of service credit, were hired prior to May 1, 2013, and are at least 55 years old, can retire under one of two provisions: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

TRS Plan 2/3 members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service.

TRS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit.

Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

PERS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. PERS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. The AFC is the average of the member's 24 highest consecutive service months. Members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or at age 60 with at least five years of service.

Members retiring from inactive status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits. PERS Plan 1 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

SERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of two separate plans for membership purposes. SERS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan and SERS Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. SERS members include classified employees of school districts and educational service districts.

SERS is reported as two separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 2/3 and Plan 3. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members.

Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

SERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service for Plan 2 and one percent of AFC for Plan 3. The AFC is the monthly average of the member's 60 highest-paid consecutive service months before retirement, termination or death. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. SERS members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. SERS members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions, if hired prior to May 2, 2013: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

SERS members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. SERS retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

Plan Contributions

The employer contribution rates for PERS, TRS, and SERS (Plans 1, 2, and 3) and the TRS and SERS Plan 2 employee contribution rates are established by the Pension Funding Council based upon the rates set by the Legislature. The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under chapters 41.34 and 41.40 RCW for PERS, 41.34 and 41.35 RCW for SERS, and 41.32 and 41.34 RCW for TRS. Employers do not contribute to the defined contribution portions of TRS Plan 3 or SERS Plan 3. Under current law the employer must contribute 100 percent of the employer-required contribution. The employee contribution rate for Plan 1 in PERS and TRS is set by statute at six percent and does not vary from year to year.

The employer and employee contribution rates for the various plans are effective as of the dates shown in the table. The pension plan contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2018 and 2019 are listed below:

	Pension Rates		
	9/1/18 Rate	7/1/19 Rate	
PERS 1			
Member Contribution Rate	6.00%	6.00%	
Employer Contribution Rate	12.83%	12.86%	
	Pension Rates		
	9/1/18 Rate	9/1/19 Rate	
TRS 1			
Member Contribution Rate	6.00%	6.00%	
Employer Contribution Rate	15.41%	15.51%	
TRS 2			
Member Contribution Rate	7.06%	7.77%	
Employer Contribution Rate	15.41%	15.51%	
TRS 3			
Member Contribution Rate	varies*	varies*	
Employer Contribution Rate	15.41%	15.51%	**
SERS 2			
Member Contribution Rate	7.27%	7.27%	
Employer Contribution Rate	13.58%	13.19%	
SERS 3			
Member Contribution Rate	varies*	varies*	
Employer Contribution Rate	13.58%	13.19%	**

Note: The DRS administrative rate of .0018 is included in the employer rate.

The Collective Net Pension Liability

The collective net pension liabilities for the pension plans school districts participated in are reported in the following tables.

The Net Pension Liability as of June 30, 2019:				
Dollars in Thousands	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Total Pension Liability	\$11,696,634	\$6,352,843	\$8,355,496	\$16,545,194
Plan fiduciary net position	(\$7,851,279)	(\$6,118,345)	(\$5,879,693)	(\$15,942,660)
Participating employers' net pension liability	\$3,845,355	\$234,498	\$2,475,803	\$602,534
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.12%	96.31%	70.37%	96.36%

^{* =} Variable from 5% to 15% based on rate selected by the member.

^{** =} Defined benefit portion only.

The School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a total liability of \$62,446,192 for its proportionate shares of the individual plans' collective net pension liability. The district's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability is based on annual contributions for each of the employers participating in the DRS administered plans. At June 30, 2019, the district's proportionate share of each plan's net pension liability is reported below:

June 30, 2019	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
District's Annual Contributions	1,839,631	2,920,738	7,928,483	8,356,842
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	9,865,589	3,421,695	39,525,422	9,633,486

At June 30, 2019, the school district's percentage of the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability was as follows and the changed in the allocation percentage from the prior period is illustrated below.

Allocation percentages	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Current year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.256559%	1.459158%	1.596469%	1.598829%
Prior year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.252266%	1.513636%	1.625845%	1.628735%
Net difference percentage	0.004292%	-0.054478%	-0.029376%	-0.029906%

Actuarial Assumptions

Capital Market Assumptions (CMAs) and expected rates of return by asset class are provided by the Washington State Investment Board. The Office of the State Actuary relied on the CMAs in the selection of the long-term expected rate of return for reporting purposes.

The total pension liabilities for TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1 and SERS 2/3 were determined by actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, with the results rolled forward to June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75% total economic inflation, 3.50% salary inflation
Salary increases	In addition to the base 3.50% salary inflation assumption, salaries are
	also expected to grow by promotions and longevity.
Investment rate of return	7.40%

Mortality Rates

Mortality rates used in the plans were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table and Combined Disabled Table published by the Society of Actuaries. The Office of the State Actuary applied offsets to the base table and recognized future improvements in mortality by projecting the mortality rates using 100 percent Scale BB. Mortality rates are applied on a generational basis, meaning members are assumed to receive additional mortality improvements in each future year, throughout their lifetime. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of the 2007–2012 Experience Study Report and the 2018 Economic Experience Study. Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2019 actuarial valuation report.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, but including inflation) are developed for each major asset class by the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB). Those expected returns make up one component of WSIB's CMAs. The CMAs contain three pieces of information for each class of assets the WSIB currently invest in:

- Expected annual return
- Standard deviation of the annual return
- Correlations between the annual returns of each asset class with every other asset class

WSIB uses the CMAs and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns over various time horizons.

The long-term expected rate of return of 7.40 percent approximately equals the median of the simulated investment returns over a fifty-year time horizon, increased slightly to remove WSIB's implicit and small short-term downward adjustment due to assumed mean reversion. WSIB's implicit short-term adjustment, while small and appropriate over a ten to fifteen-year period, becomes amplified over a fifty-year measurement period.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

TRS1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1, and SERS 2/3				
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Fixed Income	20.00%	2.20%		
Tangible Assets	7.00%	5.10%		
Real Estate	18.00%	5.80%		
Global Equity	32.00%	6.30%		
Private Equity	23.00%	9.30%		

The inflation component used to create the above table is 2.20 percent, and represents WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.40 percent. To determine the discount rate, an asset sufficiency test was completed to test whether the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Consistent with current law, the completed asset sufficiency test included an assumed 7.50 percent long-term discount rate to determine funding liabilities for calculating future contributions rate requirements. Consistent with the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.40 percent future investment rate of return on invested assets was assumed for the test. Contributions from plan members and employers are assumed to continue to be made at contractually required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.40 percent on pension plan investments was applied to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The table below presents the Auburn School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.40%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.40%) or one percentage point higher (8.40%) than the current rate. Amounts are calculated by plan using the district's allocation percentage.

	1% Decrease (6.40%)	Current Discount Rate (7.40%)	1% Increase (8.40%)		
PERS1 NPL	\$4,815,609,000	\$4,815,609,000 \$3,845,355,000			
Allocation Percentage	0.256559%	0.256559%	0.256559%		
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$ 12,354,860	\$ 9,865,589	\$ 7,705,820		
SERS2/3 NPL	\$1,141,883,000	\$234,498,000	(\$513,722,000)		
Allocation Percentage	1.459158%	1.459158%	1.459158%		
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$ 16,661,871	\$ 3,421,695	\$ (7,496,013)		
TRS1 NPL	\$3,164,358,000	\$2,475,803,000	\$1,878,531,000		
Allocation Percentage	1.596469%	1.596469%	1.596469%		
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$ 50,517,987	\$ 39,525,422	\$ 29,990,161		
TRS2/3 NPL	\$3,283,747,000	\$602,534,000	(\$1,577,475,000)		
Allocation Percentage	1.598829%	1.598829%	1.598829%		
Proportionate Share of Collective NPL	\$ 52,501,485	\$ 9,633,486	\$ (25,221,121)		

Pension Expense

The District recognizes a pension expense for its proportionate share of the collective pension expense. This is determined by using the district's proportion share of the collective net pension liability. For the year ending August 31, 2019, the district recognized a total pension expense as follows:

	Pension Expense
PERS 1	\$ 623,299
SERS 2/3	\$ 1,501,232
TRS 1	\$ 786,796
TRS 2/3	\$ 5,409,738
TOTAL	\$ 8,321,065

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The Pension Plans reported collective Deferred Outflows of Resources and collective Deferred Inflows of resources related to the individual plans. At August 31, 2019, the District reported Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PERS 1	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experiences	\$0	\$0	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$0	\$(659,104)	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$0	\$0	

Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$0	\$0	
District contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date of the collective net pension liability	\$319,407	\$0	
TOTAL	\$319,407	\$(659,104)	
SERS 2/3	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experiences	\$2,153,106	\$0	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$0	\$(2,905,735)	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$104,734	\$(726,737)	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$11,408	\$(343,239)	
District contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date of the collective net pension liability	\$506,304	\$0	
TOTAL	\$2,775,552	\$(3,975,711)	

TERS 1	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experiences	\$0	\$0
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$0	\$(3,031,285)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$0	\$0
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$0	\$0
District contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date of the collective net pension liability	\$1,413,404	\$0
TOTAL	\$1,413,404	\$(3,031,285)
TERS 2/3	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experiences	\$6,698,317	\$(309,981)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$0	\$(8,317,052)

Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$3,631,786	\$(2,559,618)
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$348,113	\$(433,311)
District contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date of the collective net pension liability	\$1,484,851	\$0
TOTAL	\$12,163,067	\$(11,619,962)

\$3,723,967 reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended August 31, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
2020	(145,501)	(494,663)	(622,226)	(1,217,589)
2021	(344,650)	(1,097,468)	(1,627,357)	(3,017,046)
2022	(122,991)	(280,457)	(572,239)	(679,251)
2023	(45,962)	(70,541)	(209,463)	177,358
2024	-	191,508	-	878,616
Thereafter	-	45,157	-	2,916,166

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS

The following table represents the aggregate OPEB amounts for all plans subject to the requirements of GASB 75 for the year ending August 31, 2019:

Aggregate OPEB Amounts – All Plans		
OPEB Liabilities	\$53,480,368	
OPEB Assets	\$0	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$10,040,300	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$0	
OPEB Expense	\$5,038,525	

Plan Description

The state, through the Health Care Authority (HCA), administers an agent multiple-employer other post-employment benefit plan. The Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB) created within the HCA is authorized to design benefits and determine the terms and conditions of employee and retired employee participation and coverage, including establishment of eligibility criteria for both active and retired employees. Programs include medical, dental, life and long-term disability insurance.

The relationahip between the PEBB OPEB plan and its member employers are their employees and retirees is not formalized in a contract or plan document. Rather, the benefits are provided in accordance with a

substantive plan. A substantive plan is one, which the employers and plan members understand the plan terms. This undetanding is based on communication between the HCA, employers and plan members, and historical pattern of practive with regard to sharing of benefit costs.

Employers participating in the plan include the state of Washington (which includes general government agencies and higher education institutions), 76 of the state's K-12 school and educational service districts (ESDs), and 249 political subdivisions and tribal governments. Additionally, the PEBB plan is available to the retirees of the remaining 227 K-12 school districts and ESDs. The Auburn School District's retirees (approximately 336) are eligible to participate in the plan under this arrangement.

Covered Individuals

An individual who is employer by Auburn School District and who is eligible to participate in the benefits provided through the Public Employee Benefits Board (PEBB).

Eligibility

A covered Individual who retires from service with the District and who meets the requirements of their respective retirement system (PERS, TRS, SERS):

Plan 1

- Age 60 with 5 years of service
- Age 55 with 25 years of service
- Any age when years of service is equal or exceeds 30

Plan 2

- Age 65 with 5 years of service
- Age 55 with 20 years of service

Plan 3

- Age 65 with 5 years of service
- Age 55 with 10 years of service

Insurance Benefits

The Washington State Health Care Authority (HCA) administers PEBB plan benefits. The insurance coverages listed below are available.

Life Insurance

PEBB provides subsidized basic term life insurance coverage to retirees. The coverage is abailable only if enrolled in life insurance throught PEBB Program as and active employee, so reitrees of the Disctrict are not eligible.

Duration of Coverage

Covereage is provided as long as the required contributions are paid.

Spouse/Dependent Coverage

Spousal/Dependent coverage is provided as long as the required contributions are paid. Surviving spouses may continue coverage.

Funding Policy

The funding policy is based upon the pay-as-you-go financing requirements.

Plan Membership

As of August 31, 2019, plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive members currently receiving benefits	373
Inactive member entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active members	<u>1,798</u>
Total	2,171

Investment Policy

The District's obligation is unfunded at August 31, 2019. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Retiree Contributions

Upon retirement, members are permitted to receive medical benefits. Retirees pay the following monthly rates for pre-65 Medical coverage for 2019:

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Non-Medicare Health Insurance:

			Retiree &	
	Retiree			Spouse
Group Health Classic	\$	733.39	\$	1,460.80
Group Health CDHP	\$	600.44	\$	1,189.46
Group Health SoundChoice	\$	603.21	\$	1,200.44
Group Health Value	\$	656.25	\$	1,306.54
Kaiser Permanente Classic	\$	710.65	\$	1,415.33
Kaiser Permanente CDHP	\$	604.16	\$	1,196.38
UMP Classic	\$	674.85	\$	1,343.72
UMP CDHP	\$	600.54	\$	1,189.65
UMP Plus	\$	618.07	\$	1,230.18

Medicare Health Insurance:

(after explicit subsidy of 50%, up to \$168 in 2019)*

			Ret	tiree &
	Retiree		Spouse	
Kaiser Permanente WA Medicare Plan	\$	167.91	\$	329.85
Kaiser Permanente NW Medicare Plan	\$	169.80	\$	333.63
UMP Classic	\$	313.09	\$	620.20
Premera Blue Cross Plan F	\$	112.16	\$	218.35

^{*}The maximum explicit subsidy is increasing to \$183 in 2020.

Dental Insurance:

		Retiree &		
	Retin	ree	S	pouse
Uniform Dental Plan	\$	47.01	\$	94.02
DeltaCare	\$	39.53	\$	79.06
Willamette Dental	\$	44.45	\$	88.90

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Fiscal Year Ending August 31, 2019
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning of Year	\$43,613,186
Service Cost	2,249,829
Interest	1,794,607
Changes in Benefit Terms	-
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	1,495,247
Changes of Assumptions	5,966,246
Benefit Payments	(1,638,747)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	9,867,182
Total OPEB Liability – End of Year	\$53,480,368

OPEB Expense Recognized

	Fiscal Year Ending
	August 31, 2019
Service Cost	\$2,249,829
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	1,794,607
Effect on Plan Changes	0
Administrative Expenses	0
Recognition of Deferred (inflows)/Outflows of Resources	
Economic/Demographic (Gains)/Losses	174,710
Assumption Changes	819,379
OPEB Expense	5,038,525

Expected Remaining Service Lives

The amortization period for the for the September 1, 2018 to August 31, 2019 measurement period was determined as follows:

		Expected
		Remaining
	Number of	Service
As of September 1, 2018	Members	Lives
Active Members	1,798	13.352
Inactive Members	373	0.000
Weighted Average Rounded		
to Nearest Tenth		11.1

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

As of August 31, 2019 the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are a follows:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources
	Resources	of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	0	1,764,575
Changes in assumptions	0	8,275,723
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	0	0
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	0	0
	0	10,040,300

Other amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in future years' OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending	Annual
August 31:	Recognization:
2020	994,089
2021	994,089
2022	994,089
2023	994,089
2024	994,089
Thereafter	5,069,854

Schedule of Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

	Original Amount	Date Established	Original Recognition Period*	Amount Recognized in Expense Aug 31, 2019	Balance of Deferred Inflows Aug 31, 2019	Balance of Deferred Outflows Aug 31, 2019
Economic/Demographic	1,495,247	8/31/2019**	11.1	134,707	-	1,360,540
(Gains)/Losses	484,043	8/31/2018	12.1	40,004	-	404,034.89
Assumption Changes	5,966,246	8/31/2019	11.1	537,500	-	5,428,746
(Gains)/Losses	3,410,735	8/31/2018	12.1	281,879	-	2,846,977.15
Investment (Gains)/Losses	_	8/31/2018	5		-	
	11,356,271	- -		994,089	-	10,040,298

^{*} Economic/demographic (gains) and losses along with assumption changes are recognized over a closed period equal to the weighted average of expected remaining service lives for all active and inactive members.

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Measurement DateAugust 31, 2019Valuation DateAugust 31, 2019Reporting DateAugust 31, 2019

Measurement Period September 1, 2018 to August 31, 2019

Discount Rate 2.97% Per Year

As an unfunded plan, the discount rate reflects the index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation muncipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher as of the measurement date. The index rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.97% as of August 31, 2019.

General Inflation 3.0% per year **Salary Increases** 4.5% per year

^{**}Economic/demographic (gains) and losses for the periof ending August 31, 2019 should be adjusted by the difference between actual employer contributions for the periof September 1, 2018 to August 31, 2019 and the expected employer contribution of \$1,089,289 shown on page 6.

(including administrative expenses)

•5)				
<u>Age</u>		Per Partic	ipan	<u>ıt</u>
Under Age 65 (Age 60 rates)	Retiree		Spo	ouse
Group Health Classic	\$	13,247	\$	13,151
Group Health CDHP	\$	10,779	\$	10,590
Group Health SoundChoice	\$	10,894	\$	10,798
Group Health Value	\$	11,571	\$	11,476
Kaiser Permanente Classic	\$	12,358	\$	12,263
Kaiser Permanente CDHP	\$	11,416	\$	11,253
UMP Classic	\$	11,624	\$	11,494
UMP CDHP	\$	11,198	\$	11,041
UMP Plus	\$	11,191	\$	11,064
Weighted Average	\$	12,296	\$	12,201
Age 65 and Over	Retiree		Spo	ouse
Kaiser Permanente WA Medicare	\$	4,136	\$	4,007
Kaiser Permanente NW Medicare	\$	4,134	\$	4,012
UMP Classic	\$	5,953	\$	5,888
Premera Blue Cross Plan F	\$	2,703	\$	2,574
Weighted Average	\$	4,979	\$	4,890

The assumed under age 65 claim costs were determined from the premiums and underlying cliam experience of the OPEB Plans and actuarial age adjustment factors. The assumed age 65 and over claims costs were determined from the premiums and the PEBB's stated explicit subsidy.

Annual Dental Claims Costs

The dental costs were assumed to be equal to the dental premiums.

Age Based Morbidity

The assumed under age 65 health coverage claim costs are assumed to increase related to age as follows:

	_
Ages	Rate
18-29	1.0%
30-39	2.5
40-49	3.0
50-54	3.3
55-59	3.6
60-64	4.2

Health Care Cost Trend

5.0% All Years

Mortality

RP 2014 annuitant distinct mortality table adjusted to 2006 with MP 2018 generational projection of future mortaliy improvement

Future Retiree Participation Rate

45%

Initial Spouse Participation Rate

35% Male Employees: Female Employees: 35%

Husbands are assumed to be three years older

than wives.

Turnover:

Rates based on Scale T-4 of the Actuary's Pension Handbook. Sample rates variying by age:

<u>Age</u>	Rate
20	5.4%
25	5.3
30	5.1
35	4.7
40	4.2
45	3.5
50	2.5
55	0.9
60	0.1

Disability None.

Retirement

Sample rates varying by age:

<u>Age</u>	Rate
55	5.0%
56-57	2.5
58-59	5.0
60-61	10.0
62	20.0
63-64	10.0
65-66	30.0
67-68	40.0
69 or over	100.0

Actuarial Methods

The Entry Age Normal Level of Pay Actuarial Cost Method was used to determind the total OPEB liability.

The actuarial present value of future benefits is the present value necessary today to provide for a benefit payment or series of benefit payments in the future for all plan participants. It is determinded by discounting the future benefit payments as the assumed investment return and reflect the probability of payment.

The service costs is determined as the sum of the individual normal costs for each active participant. A normal cost accrual rate is determined for each active participant. The normal cost accrual rates is equal to the actuarial present value of future benefits determind as of the participat's entry age, divided by the actuarial present value of the assumed salaries paid to the participant from entry age to assumed exit age. The normal cost accrual rate is multiplied by current salary to provide the participant's individual normal cost.

The total OPEB liability is the sum of the individual accrued liabilities for all plan participants. Each participant's actuarial accrued liability equals the actuarial present value of future benefits, less the actuarial present value of the participant's normal costs payable in the future. These present values are calculated at the participant's attained age.

The net OPEB liability equals the total OPEB liability less the value of plan assets.

Asset Valuation Method

The actuarial value of assets must be determined based on some recognition of the fair market value of assets. The District's obligation is unfunded at August 31, 2019. Ther are no assets accumulated in a trust that meeds the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rate of 5.0%, as well as the total OPEB liability calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower (4.0%) or 1-percentage point higher (6.0%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 4.0%	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate 5.0%	1% Increase 6.0%
Total OPEB Liability	\$44,391,343	\$53,480,368	\$65,458,431

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the current discount rate of 2.97%, as well as the total OPEB liability calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.97%) or 1-percentage point higher (3.96%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 1.97%	Current Discount Rate 2.97%	1% Increase 3.97%
Total OPEB Liability	\$63,275,071	\$53,480,368	\$45,691,365

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NOTE 8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended August 31, 2019 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	A	Additions]	Reductions	Ending	Balance	Du	e within One Year
Governmental activities:									
Bonds Payable:									
2010 UTGO Refunding Bonds	29,350,000		-		6,540,000		22,810,000		7,020,000
2012 UTGO Refunding Bonds	8,655,000		-		100,000		8,555,000		100,000
2013 UTGO and Refunding Bonds	64,205,000		-		2,485,000		61,720,000		1,300,000
2014 UTGO and Refunding Bonds	32,190,000		-		1,460,000		30,730,000		2,025,000
2017 UTGO Bonds	82,040,000		-		8,785,000		73,255,000		1,910,000
2018 UTGO Bonds	138,755,000		-		_	1	38,755,000		475,000
Total Bonds Payable	355,195,000		-		19,370,000	3	35,825,000		12,830,000
Unamortized Bond Premium	35,369,414		-		1,938,902		33,430,512		1,938,902
Net Bonds Payable	390,564,414		-		21,308,902	3	69,255,512		14,768,902
Net Pension Liabilities:									
PERS Plan 1	11,266,299		_		1,400,708		9,865,591		-
SERS Plans 2/3	4,526,709		_		1,105,014		3,421,695		-
TRS Plan 1	47,484,306		-		7,958,884		39,525,422		-
TRS Plans 2/3	7,331,162		-				9,633,485		-
Total Net Pension Liabilities	70,608,475		-		10,464,606		62,446,192		_
Other Liabilities:									
Compensated Absences	4,627,708		4,627,708		4,627,708		5,162,307		491,107
Total OPEB Liability	43,613,186		9,867,182		-		53,480,368		1,261,069
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 509,413,783	\$	17,331,812	\$	36,401,216	\$ 4	90,344,379	\$	16,521,078

The debt service fund is established to redeem the outstanding bonds. Compensated Absences payments are liquidated by the general fund.

General Obligation Bonds-The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation bonds outstanding as of August 31, 2019, including interest payments, are listed as follows:

Year Ending			
August 31, 2019	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	12,830,000	14,475,650	27,305,650
2021	16,260,000	13,842,738	30,102,738
2022	12,735,000	13,177,281	25,912,281
2023	11,750,000	12,685,350	24,435,350
2024	11,785,000	12,239,025	24,024,025
2025-2029	75,590,000	52,727,975	128,317,975
2030-2034	115,895,000	31,119,575	147,014,575
2035-2037	78,980,000	6,623,900	85,603,900
Total	\$ 335,825,000	\$ 156,891,494	\$ 492,716,494

General obligation school building bonds payable at August 31, 2019, with their outstanding balances are comprised of the following individual issues:

OUTSTANDING BONDS

\$36,025,000 2010 general obligation refunding bonds, due in	
installments of \$575,000 to \$8,215,000 beginning December 1, 2010	
to December 1, 2021, interest 2% to 5.00%	22,810,000
\$9,290,000 2012 general obligation refunding bonds, due in	
installments of \$135,000 to \$8,210,000 beginning December 1, 2012	
to December 1, 2022, interest 2% to 3.00%	8,555,000
\$78,855,000 2013 general obligation and refunding bonds, due in	
installments of \$570,000 to \$10,280,000 beginning December 1, 2013	
to December 1, 2032, interest 1.5% to 4.00%	61,720,000
\$43,555,000 2014 general obligation and refunding bonds, due in	
installments of \$775,000 to \$4,275,000 beginning December 1, 2014	
to December 1, 2033, interest 1.00% to 5.00%	30,730,000
\$90,535,000 2017 general obligation bonds, due in	
installments of \$475,000 to \$16,000,000 beginning December 1, 2017	
to December 1, 2036, interest 2.25% to 5.00%	73,255,000
\$138,755,000 2018 general obligation bonds, due in	
installments of \$475,000 to \$18,005,000, beginning December 1, 2019	
through December 1, 2037, interest from 3.00% to 5.00%	\$ 138,755,000
	\$ 335,825,000

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

RCW 39.36.015 and RCW 39.36.020 provide that debt cannot be incurred in excess of the following percentages of the value of the taxable property of the district:

- 0.375% Without a vote of the people (Non-bonded debt only per RCW 28A51.010)
- 2.5% With a vote of the people
- 5.0% With a vote of the people, if the indebtedness in excess of 2.5% is for capital outlay.

Assessed valuation of taxable property for 2019 tax collection for bond purposes is \$13 billion.

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NOTE 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. UNEMPLOYMENT

Auburn School District self-insures for unemployment compensation for all of its employees. Actual employee claims are paid by the State of Washington, Department of Employment Security and then reimbursed by the district. This self-insurance program costs the district less than full participation in the state unemployment compensation program. Since actual claims paid during the fiscal year were only \$30,923 it is clear that all of the major prior year claims have been completely paid.

B. INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, Auburn School district made payments totaling \$1,533,315 to the Workers' Compensation Trust administered by Puget Sound Educational Service district No. 121 for industrial insurance for all district employees. This trust is operated for the benefit of several neighboring school districts in-lieu-of districts making monthly premium payments to the State of Washington for industrial insurance. This practice enables these districts to pay industrial insurance claims as they occur and minimizes the districts' costs for the program.

C. RISK MANAGEMENT POOL

The district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. In order to obtain general liability insurance at a cost it considered to be economically justifiable, the district joined the Washington Schools Risk Management Pool administered by Puget Sound Educational Service District No. 121. This pool is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program. It provides coverage for property, liability, vehicle, public official liability, crime, employment practices, machinery breakdown and network security. The district pays an annual premium to the pool for its general insurance coverage. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, the district contributed \$1,557,643 to the pool.

The agreement for formation of the Washington School Risk Management Pool in 1986 provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$1 million for each property loss. The Pool maintains an excess reinsurance contract with Lexington Insurance Company which provides \$500 million limit of coverage over the Pool's self-insured retention (SIR) limit of \$1 million. This includes boiler and machinery coverage insurance through Hartford Steam Insurance Company with a Pool retention of \$25,000. The Pool purchased liability reinsurance coverage from Alterra for \$2 million excess of \$1 million SIR per occurrence; United Educators for \$7 million excess of \$3 million per occurrence; and excess liability insurance coverage through Chartis for \$10 million excess of \$10 million per occurrence. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Washington School risk Management Pool has published its own financial report for the year ended August 31, 2019. This report can be obtained from:

Washington Schools Risk Management Pool 320 Andover Park East P. O. Box 88700 Tukwila WA 98138-2700

NOTE 10. EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Total fund balances for governmental funds

\$ 260,207,188

Total net position for governmental activities in the statement of net position differs because:

Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:

Land, net of \$463,631 applicable accum. depreciation	\$ 44,655,774
Construction in progress	328,686,188
Buildings and improvements, net of \$112,298,214 accum. depreciation	5,736,034
Furniture and equipment, net of \$ 16,175,599 accumulated depreciation	25,530,506

404,608,502

Property taxes that are deferred in government funds since not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures.

23,070,465 344,203

Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. Accrued interest for general obligation bonds is recognized.

(3,538,223)

Long-term liabilities and deferred outflows of resources that pertain to governmental funds, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as fund liabilities or deferred outflows of resources.

All liabilities and deferred outflows of resources, both current and long-term are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at year-end are:

Deferred Outflows of Resources:

Deferred Outflow on Refunding2,412,046Deferred Outflow on Pension Plans16,671,431Deferred Outflow on OPEB Plans10,040,300

Liabilities:

 Bonds Payable
 (\$335,825,000)

 Unamortized bond premiums
 (33,430,512)

 Compensated Absences
 (5,162,307)

 Net Pension Liability - all plans
 (62,446,192)

 Net OPEB Obligation
 (53,480,368)

(490,344,379)

Deferred Inflows of Resources:

Deferred Inflow on Pension Plans (19,286,062)

Total net position of governmental activities

\$ 204,185,470

B. RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$	(53,728,953)
--	----	--------------

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for furniture and equipment and \$100,000 for buildings and improvements are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period (Schedule 4A):

Capital outlays	\$ 75,834,968	
Depreciation expense	(9,976,749)	
Loss on disposal of assets	(4,452,396)	\$ 61,405,824

The governmental funds report bond proceeds as financing sources, while repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. The repayment of principal reduces the liability. Governmental funds expend issuance costs and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. However, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows:

Repayment of bond principal	\$ 19,370,000
Interest and other charges - general obligation bonds	(8,785)
Bond Sale	_

Property tax revenues received prior to the year for which they are being levied are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds.

They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities. Unavailable property tax revenues decreased this year due to changed legislation limiting the District's levy authority.

In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses such as compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used. During this year, accrued vacation and sick leave payable increased by

Net Pension Expense 12,724,629

Net OPEB Obligation (3,399,778)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 8,673,281

19,361,215

(27,155,057)

(534,599)

NOTE 11. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

LITIGATION

Auburn School District is party to various pending legal actions arising from its normal educational activities. It is the opinion of the administration that these will be resolved without any material impact on the operations or the financial position of the district.

CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

The district participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Since these have not been completed, the amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the granting agencies has not yet been determined. The district believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, will not have a material effect on any of the governmental funds or the overall financial position of the district.

NOTE 12. FUND BALANCE (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS)

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund
Total Fund Balance 8/31/18	\$ 21,204,210	\$ 1,665,726	\$12,591,921	\$275,881,895	\$ 2,592,388
Nonspendable: Inventories	337,215	-	-	-	-
Restricted:					
Child Nutrition Services	492,333	-	-	-	-
Student Activities	-	63,071	-	-	-
Debt Service	-	-	(4,802,098)	-	-
Capital Projects	-	-	-	(70,697,201)	-
Acquisition of Buses	-	-	-	-	134,695
Carryovers	1,922,489				
Committed:					
Capital Levy Projects	-	-	-	1,767,466	-
Held for Employee Benefits	(49,414)	-	-	-	-
Assigned:					
Other Purposes	-	-	-	-	-
Other Capital Projects	-	-	-	2,548,092	-
Unassigned	14,554,399	-	-	-	
Total Fund Balance 8/31/18	\$ 38,461,232	\$ 1,728,797	\$ 7,789,823	\$209,500,252	\$ 2,727,083

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NOTE 13. OTHER DISCLOSURES

KING COUNTY DIRECTORS' ASSOCIATION

The district is a member of the King County Directors' Association (KCDA). KCDA is a purchasing cooperative designed to pool the member districts' purchasing power. This association serves 294 public school districts. District purchases for the calendar year 2018 totaled \$1,200,174. Auburn School District's equity in KCDA totaled \$210,557 as of December 31, 2018. This equity is the accumulation of the annual assignment of KCDA's operating surplus based upon the percentage derived from KCDA's total sales to the district compared to all other districts applied against paid administrative fees. The district may withdraw inventory at a maximum rate of ten (10) percent per year for a ten year period, or the district may withdraw cash equally over a fifteen-year period.

NOTE 14. SIGNIFICANT EFFECT OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

2019 BOND ISSUE

On December 3, 2019, the District issued Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bonds, 2019 (the "2019 Bonds"), with a par amount of \$73,815,000, plus the deposit of \$6,185,000 of net original issue premium generated by the sale of the 2019 Bonds to provide moneys that are necessary to pay the cost and expenses to construct and equip two new elementary schools; rebuild and equip Chinook Elementary, Dick Scobee Elementary, Lea Hill Elementary, Pioneer Elementary, Terminal Park Elementary schools and Olympic Middle School. The funds may also be used to acquire sites as needed to accomplish these capital projects. The bonds bear interest rates from 3.00 to 5.00 percent and will be redeemed over the next 20 years with proceeds from property tax levy.

As a result of this issuance of debt, subsequent to the fiscal period ending August 31, 2019, the District's total voted debt increased from \$335,825,000 to \$409,640,000 as of December 2019.

Following the sale of the 2019 Bonds, the District has \$124,450,000 of unissued Bond Authorization, from the original Bonds Authorized, \$456,056,000 on Resolution No. 1291, passed in November 2016 to fund the projects listed above.

COVID-19 Pandemic

In February 2020, Governor Inslee declared a state of emergency in response to the spread of a deadly new virus. In the weeks following the declaration, precautionary measures to slow the spread of the virus were ordered. These measures include closing schools, canceling public events, limiting gathering sizes, and requiring people to stay home unless they are leaving for an essential function. On April 6, 2020, the Governor closed all public and private K–12 school buildings throughout the remainder of the 2019–20 school year. The school district, however, continues to operate; educating students using continuous learning models.

The District maintains a healthy fund balance and does not anticipate any financial difficulties in the near future, as a result of this subsequent event. Appropriate controls are in place to ensure expenditures are deemed necessary. OSPI has stated it will continue to fund school districts during the closure.

The length of time these measures will be in place, and the full extent of the financial impact on the school district, is unknown at this time.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AUBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 408 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE* GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	В	UDGETE	D AN	10UNTS		ACTUAL		
	ORI	GINAL		FINAL		AMOUNT	VA	RIANCE
REVENUES								
Local	\$ 4	7,260,163	\$	38,341,766	\$	36,879,752	\$	(1,462,014)
State		7,654,735	*	203,668,795	•	205,310,314	*	1,641,519
Federal	1	6,633,159		15,865,620		15,064,111		(801,509)
Other		627,700		1,588,579		1,664,122		75,543
TOTAL REVENUES	20	2,175,757		259,464,760		258,918,298		(546,462)
EXPENDITURES								
CURRENT								
Regular Instruction	11	8,949,723		133,435,178		137,108,206		(3,673,028)
Special Education	2	5,389,715		30,696,362		29,994,918		701,444
Vocational Instruction		6,835,926		8,733,044		7,928,434		804,610
Compensatory Education	1	4,643,285		20,685,528		20,608,434		77,094
Other Instructional Programs		4,560,157		6,005,634		1,978,922		4,026,712
Community Services		1,382,601		1,528,981		1,171,710		357,271
Support Services	2	2,023,795		30,147,133		26,851,151		3,295,982
Child Nutrition Services		7,746,702		7,872,616		7,098,480		774,136
Pupil Transportation Services		7,593,855		8,241,593		8,244,242		(2,649)
CAPITAL OUTLAY								
Equipment		602,444		472,708		743,371		(270,663)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	20	9,728,203		247,818,777		241,727,868		6,090,909
Excess of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures	(7,552,446)		11,645,983		17,190,430		5,544,447
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of Equipment		_		-		66,592		66,592
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		66,592		66,592
Excess of Revenues & Other Financing Sources Over (Under)								
Expenditures & Other Uses	(7,552,446)		11,645,983		17,257,021		5,611,038
FUND BALANCE-September 1	1	4,000,000		16,450,000		21,204,210		4,754,210
FUND BALANCE -August 31	\$	6,447,554	\$	28,095,983	\$	38,461,232	\$	10,365,248

^{*} Prepared on the GAAP Budgetary Basis of Accounting

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AUBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 408 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE* SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY FUND) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		BUDGETEI) AN	MOUNTS		ACTUAL		
	O	RIGINAL		FINAL	1	AMOUNT	V	ARIANCE
REVENUES								
General	\$	1,988,966	\$	1,988,966	\$	633,813	\$	(1,355,153)
Athletics	\$	273,180		273,180		209,432		(63,748)
Classes	\$	280,325		280,325		119,364		(160,961)
Clubs	\$	2,486,304		2,486,304		1,209,109		(1,277,195)
Private Monies	\$	135,150		135,150		87,754		(47,396)
Total Revenues		5,163,925		5,163,925		2,259,471		(2,904,454)
EXPENDITURES								
General		1,390,266		1,390,266		461,037		929,229
Athletics		400,287		400,287		242,440		157,847
Classes		314,322		314,322		143,333		170,989
Clubs		2,818,062		2,818,062		1,290,877		1,527,185
Private Monies		140,432		140,432		58,713		81,719
Total Expenditures		5,063,369		5,063,369		2,196,400		2,866,969
Excess of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		100,556		100,556		63,071		(37,485)
FUND BALANCE - September 1		1,171,528		1,171,528		1,665,726		494,198
FUND BALANCE - August 31	\$	1,272,084	\$	1,272,084	\$	1,728,797	\$	456,713

^{*}Prepared on the GAAP Budgetary Basis of Accounting.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION **AUBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 408**

		2019		2018	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	↔	43,613,186	⇔	37,547,954	
Service Costs		2,249,829		1,876,702	
Interest		1,794,607		1,752,186	
Changes of Benefit Terms		•		1	
Difference between Expencted and Actual Experience		1,495,247		484,043	
Changes of Assumptions		5,966,246		3,410,735	
Benefit Payments		(1,638,747)		(1,458,434)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		9,867,182		6,065,232	
7	€	000	€	070	
rotal OPEB Liability - End of Year	Ð	53,480,368	Ð	43,613,180	
Covered Employee Payroll		127,141,630		111,674,533	
Total OPEB Liablity as a Percentage of the Covered Employee Payroll		42.06%		39.05%	

*There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, so the Net Fiduciary Position is \$0 and the Net OPEB Liability would be equal to the Total OPEB Liability.

^{**}This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains 10 years of data.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AS OF JUNE 30, 2019 LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS* REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Plan: PERS 1					
District's Proportion of the net pension liability (percentage)	0.256559%	0.252266%	0.249462%	0.243299%	0.235030%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (amount)	9,865,589	11,266,298	11,837,143	13,066,316	12,294,252
District's covered-employee payroll	35,583,697	33,395,807	31,117,271	29,293,377	26,627,617
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (amount) as a percentage of its					
covered payroll	27.73%	33.74%	38.04%	44.61%	46.17%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.12%	63.22%	61.24%	57.03%	59.10%
Plan: SERS 2/3					
District's Proportion of the net pension liability (percentage)	1.459158%	1.513636%	1.510411%	1.565491%	1.527114%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (amount)	3,421,695	4,526,709	7,453,500	10,281,628	6,202,389
District's covered-employee payroll	35,315,829	33,114,142	30,856,255	28,969,671	26,284,813
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (amount) as a percentage of its					
covered payroll	%69.6	13.67%	24.16%	35.49%	23.60%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.31%	94.77%	%61.06	86.52%	90.92%
Plan: TRS 1					
District's Proportion of the net pension liability (percentage)	1.596469%	1.625845%	1.601673%	1.623871%	1.563259%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (amount)	39,525,422	47,484,306	48,422,876	55,442,817	49,526,279
District's covered-employee payroll	107,170,555	95,441,919	88,949,650	81,961,169	75,062,155
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (amount) as a percentage of its					
covered payroll	36.88%	49.75%	54.44%	67.65%	65.98%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.37%	66.52%	65.58%	62.07%	65.70%
Plan: TRS 2/3					
District's Proportion of the net pension liability (percentage)	1.598829%	1.628735%	1.605022%	1.622560%	1.567497%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (amount)	9,633,486	7,331,162	14,813,440	22,282,564	13,226,568
District's covered-employee payroll	106,728,609	94,733,298	88,002,945	80,831,106	73,340,017
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (amount) as a percentage of its covered payroll	9.03%	7.74%	16.83%	27.57%	18.03%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.36%	%88.96	93.14%	88.72%	92.48%

^{*}This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains 10 years of data.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AUBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 408 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2019 LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Plan: PERS 1						
Contractually required contribution	S	1,839,631 \$	1,686,207 \$	1,500,575 \$	1,379,743 \$	1,080,193
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$	1,839,631 \$	1,686,207 \$	1,500,575 \$	1,379,743 \$	1,080,193
Contribution deficiency (excess)			•	•	•	•
District's covered-employee payroll	8	34,386,173 \$	33,726,589 \$	31,429,235 \$	29,688,039 \$	27,045,866
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		5.34%	5.00%	4.77%	4.65%	3.99%
Plan: SFRS 2/3						
Contraction	Θ	2 020 738	\$ 690 219 6	\$ 708 \$100	1 877 865	1 181 686
Contraction 1 by the contraction	9	2,720,130	2,047,902	6,045,607	1,6/2,600	1,404,000
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	S	2,920,738 \$	2,647,962 \$	2,045,807 \$	1,872,865 \$	1,484,686
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	•	\$	\$	·	1
District's covered-employee payroll	8	34,629,930 \$	33,435,467 \$	31,171,337 \$	29,372,449 \$	26,710,560
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		8.43%	7.92%	6.56%	6.38%	5.56%
Plan: TRS 1						
Contractually required contribution	\$	7,928,483 \$	6,761,779 \$	5,604,834 \$	4,935,204 \$	3,498,213
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	89	7,928,483 \$	6,761,779 \$	5,604,834 \$	4,935,204 \$	3,498,213
Contribution deficiency (excess)			ı	ı	•	,
District's covered-employee payroll	89	109,220,862 \$	96,706,447 \$	89,873,171 \$	83,219,448 \$	76,034,791
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		7.30%	%66.9	6.24%	5.93%	4.60%
Plan: TRS 2/3						
Contractually required contribution	8	8,356,842 \$	7,241,036 \$	5,913,706 \$	5,296,086 \$	4,165,580
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	8	8,356,842 \$	7,241,036 \$	5,913,706 \$	5,296,086 \$	4,165,580
Contribution deficiency (excess)	8	· ·	·	<i>s</i>	·	,
District's covered-employee payroll	89	108,824,797 \$	96,042,036 \$	88,963,252 \$	82,150,225 \$	74,410,975
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		7.68%	7.54%	6.65%	6.45%	2.60%

*This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains 10 years of data.

Auburn School District No. 408 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

			,		Expenditures			
Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	CFDA Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
Child Nutrition Cluster								
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	School Breakfast Program	10.553	n/a	1,426,371	1	1,426,371	ı	
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	National School Lunch Program	10.555	n/a	4,655,958	ı	4,655,958	ı	က
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	n/a	158,169	1	158,169	1	
		Total Chil	al Child Nutrition Cluster:	6,240,498	•	6,240,498		
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	п/а	26,535	•	26,535	ı	
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster	ds Cluster							
FOREST SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	n/a	4,670	1	4,670	•	
	Total Forest Servi	ce Schools	Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster:	4,670	•	4,670	•	
US Department of Defense	JROTC Program	12.999	n/a	ı	91,722	91,722		
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, OFPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	270715 (5189/2070)	17,661	•	17,661	1	c)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Auburn School District No. 408 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

					Expenditures			
Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	CFDA Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	271008 (5189/4080)	8,273	'	8,273		2
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	270074 (5189/2030)	41,689	•	41,689	•	2
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	270006 (5189/2020)	35,359	•	35,359	•	2
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	270521 (5189/5040)	18,464	•	18,464	•	2
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	270742 (5189/1480)	14,845	•	14,845	•	c)
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	270712 (5189/2060)	8,385	•	8,385	•	2
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	203143 (5100- 5185)	3,898,245	•	3,898,245	•	4, 5
			Total CFDA 84.010:	4,042,921	•	4,042,921	1	

Special Education Cluster (IDEA)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Auburn School District No. 408 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

			'		Expenditures			
	Federal Program	CFDA Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Special Education Grants to States	84.027	306488 (2400)	2,753,325	1	2,753,325	1	5
OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSP!)	Special Education Grants to States	84.027	338103 (2402)	204,249	1	204,249	1	Ŋ
		-	Total CFDA 84.027:	2,957,574		2,957,574	1	
OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	365977 (2480)	89,074	1	89,074		Ŋ
	Total Sp	ecial Educat	Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA):	3,046,647	•	3,046,647	'	
	Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	174272 (3860)	110,786		110,786		c)
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF	Indian Education Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.060	n/a	1	84,086	84,086		
OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via PSESD)	Rehabilitation Services Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States	84.126	6904	7,055	ı	7,055	•	7

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Auburn School District No. 408 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

	Note	0	ω	Ŋ		Ŋ	ω	
	Passed through to Subrecipients	'	ı	ı	1	1	·	1
	Total	332,492	354,396	17,372	371,767	518,604	235,233	13,497
Expenditures	From Direct Awards	'	1		•	1	•	
	From Pass- Through Awards	332,492	354,396	17,372	371,767	518,604	235,233	13,497
	Other Award Number	7979	402626 (6400 & 6405)	410557 (6436)	Total CFDA 84.365:	524666 (5237)	430284 (5205)	6086
	CFDA Number	84.334	84.365	84.365		84.367	84.424	93.082
	Federal Program	Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	English Language Acquisition State Grants	English Language Acquisition State Grants		Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	Sodium Reduction in Communities
	Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	OFFICE OF POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via University of Washington)	OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, (via WA OSP!)	OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)		OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, (via WA OSPI)	EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF (via Public Health Seattle & King County)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Auburn School District No. 408 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

			'		Expenditures			
Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	CFDA Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
ADMINISTRATION FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF (via SOWA)	Refugee and Entrant Assistance State/Replacement Designee Administered Programs	93.566	5859	30,000	1	30,000	'	
Medicaid Cluster								
CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA HCA)	Medical Assistance Program	93.778	6310	104,721	ı	104,721	•	
		Tota	Total Medicaid Cluster:	104,721		104,721		
SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ADMINISTRATION, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF (via King County)	Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.959	6905	141,247	ı	141,247	•	
	Ţ	otal Federal	Total Federal Awards Expended:	15,226,674	175,808	15,402,483		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Auburn School District #408

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

Note 1 – Basis of Accounting

This Schedule is prepared on the same basis of accounting as the District's financial statements. The district uses the accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures represent only the federally funded portions of the program. District records should be consulted to determine amounts expended or matched from non-federal sources.

Note 2 – <u>Program Costs</u>

The amounts shown as current year expenditures represent only the federal grant portion of the program costs. Entire program costs, including the District's portion, are more than shown. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in the OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3 – Noncash Awards

The amount of commodities reported on the Schedule is the value of commodities received by the District during current year and priced as prescribed by OSPI.

Note 4 – <u>School Wide Programs</u>

The District operates a "schoolwide program" in four elementary building, four middle schools, and four high schools (twelve buildings total). Using the federal funding, schoolwide programs are designed to upgrade an entire educational program within a school for all students, rather than limit services to certain targeted students.

The following federal program amount was expended by the district in its school wide program: Title I (84.010A) \$3,898,245

Note 5 – Indirect Cost Rate

The District claimed indirect costs under this grant using its federal restricted rate of 3.38%. The District has <u>not</u> elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

ABOUT THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

The State Auditor's Office is established in the state's Constitution and is part of the executive branch of state government. The State Auditor is elected by the citizens of Washington and serves four-year terms.

We work with our audit clients and citizens to achieve our vision of government that works for citizens, by helping governments work better, cost less, deliver higher value, and earn greater public trust.

In fulfilling our mission to hold state and local governments accountable for the use of public resources, we also hold ourselves accountable by continually improving our audit quality and operational efficiency and developing highly engaged and committed employees.

As an elected agency, the State Auditor's Office has the independence necessary to objectively perform audits and investigations. Our audits are designed to comply with professional standards as well as to satisfy the requirements of federal, state, and local laws.

Our audits look at financial information and compliance with state, federal and local laws on the part of all local governments, including schools, and all state agencies, including institutions of higher education. In addition, we conduct performance audits of state agencies and local governments as well as <u>fraud</u>, state <u>whistleblower</u> and <u>citizen hotline</u> investigations.

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We take our role as partners in accountability seriously, and provide training and technical assistance to governments, and have an extensive quality assurance program.

Contact information for the State Audi	itor's Office
Public Records requests	PublicRecords@sao.wa.gov
Main telephone	(564) 999-0950
Toll-free Citizen Hotline	(866) 902-3900
Website	www.sao.wa.gov