

Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

Financial Statements Audit Report

Conway School District No. 317

For the period September 1, 2019 through August 31, 2021

Published April 25, 2022 Report No. 1030353



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Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

April 25, 2022

Board of Directors Conway School District No. 317 Mount Vernon, Washington

Report on Financial Statements

Please find attached our report on Conway School District No. 317's financial statements.

We are issuing this report in order to provide information on the District's financial condition.

Sincerely,

Tat Marthy

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor Olympia, WA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Conway School District No. 317 September 1, 2019 through August 31, 2021

Board of Directors Conway School District No. 317 Mount Vernon, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Conway School District No. 317, as of and for the years ended August 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 19, 2022.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the District's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. We issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because, as described in Note 1, the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* does not require the District to prepare the government-wide statements presenting the financial position and changes in financial position of its governmental activities as required by GAAP. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

As discussed in Note 3 to the 2021 and 2020 financial statements, the full extent of the COVID-19 pandemic's direct or indirect financial impact on the District is unknown.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audits of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However,

this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Tat Marthy

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor Olympia, WA April 19, 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

Conway School District No. 317 September 1, 2019 through August 31, 2021

Board of Directors Conway School District No. 317 Mount Vernon, Washington

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Conway School District No. 317, as of and for the years ended August 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, as listed on page 10.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of state law and the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* (Accounting Manual) described in Note 1. This includes determining that the basis of accounting is acceptable for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of

expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant account estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting (Accounting Manual)

As described in Note 1, the District has prepared these financial statements to meet the financial reporting requirements of state law using accounting practices prescribed by the Accounting Manual. Those accounting practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The difference in these accounting practices is also described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Conway School District No. 317, as of August 31, 2021 and 2020, and the changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

Auditing standards issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) require auditors to formally acknowledge when governments do not prepare their financial statements, intended for general use, in accordance with GAAP. GAAP requires presentation of government-wide financial statements to display the financial position and changes in financial position of its governmental activities.

As described in Note 1, the Accounting Manual does not require the District to prepare the government-wide financial statements, and consequently such amounts have not been determined or presented. We are therefore required to issue an adverse opinion on whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with GAAP.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

The financial statements referred to above were not intended to, and in our opinion they do not, present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Conway School District No. 317, as of August 31, 2021 and 2020, or the changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the years then ended, due to the significance of the matter discussed in the above "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP" paragraph.

Matters of Emphasis

As discussed in Note 3 to the 2021 and 2020 financial statements, the full extent of the COVID-19 pandemic's direct or indirect financial impact on the District is unknown. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements taken as a whole. The Schedules of Long-Term Liabilities are presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the prescribed Accounting Manual. These schedules are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 19, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Tat Marthy

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor Olympia, WA April 19, 2022

Conway School District No. 317 September 1, 2019 through August 31, 2021

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities – 2021 Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities – 2020

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

August 31, 2021

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	258,799.17	800.00	9,203.32	-590.49	50.00	0.00	268,262.00
Minus Warrants Outstanding	-96,852.33	-300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-97,152.33
Taxes Receivable	496,830.70		286,210.10	36,929.84	0.00		819,970.64
Due From Other Funds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Due From Other Governmental Units	49,537.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	49,537.59
Accounts Receivable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00
Interfund Loans Receivable	0.00			0.00			0.00
Accrued Interest Receivable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Inventory	0.00	0.00		0.00			0.00
Prepaid Items	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00
Investments	2,099,207.90	19,388.69	516,161.00	280,780.18	147,026.40	0.00	3,062,564.17
Investments/Cash With Trustee	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Investments-Deferred Compensation	0.00			0.00			0.00
Self-Insurance Security Deposit	0.00						0.00
TOTAL ASSETS	2,807,523.03	19,888.69	811,574.42	317,119.53	147,076.40	0.00	4,103,182.07
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Other	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITTES	2,807,523.03	19,888.69	811,574.42	317,119.53	147,076.40	0.00	4,103,182.07
						:	
Accounts Payable	27,811.82	30.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	27,842.43
Contracts Payable Current	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Accrued Interest Payable			0.00				0.00

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

August 31, 2021

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
Accrued Salaries	9,784.31	0.00		0.00			9,784.31
Anticipation Notes Payable	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		00.00
LIABILITIES:							
Payroll Deductions and Taxes Payable	88,235.40	0.00		0.00			88,235.40
Due To Other Governmental Units	101,395.50	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	101,395.50
Deferred Compensation Payable	0.00			0.00			0.00
Estimated Employee Benefits Payable	0.00						0.00
Due To Other Funds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00
Interfund Loans Payable	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		00.00
Deposits	0.00	0.00		0.00			00.00
Unearned Revenue	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		00.00
Matured Bonds Payable			0.00				00.00
Matured Bond Interest Payable			0.00				0.00
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		00.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	227,227.03	30.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	227,257.64
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable Revenue	6,959.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6,959.47
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes Receivable	496,830.70		286,210.10	36,929.84	0.00		819,970.64
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	503,790.17	0.00	286,210.10	36,929.84	0.00	0.00	826,930.11
FUND BALANCE:							
Nonspendable Fund Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Restricted Fund Balance	27,460.35	19,858.08	305,701.03	0.00	147,076.40	0.00	500,095.86
Committed Fund Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	24,546.96	0.00	0.00	24,546.96
Assigned Fund Balance	244,000.00	0.00	219,663.29	255,642.73	0.00	0.00	719,306.02

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

August 31, 2021

Total	1,805,045.48	3,048,994.32	4,103,182.07
Permanent Fund	0.00	0.00	00.00
Transportation Vehicle Fund	0.00	147,076.40	147,076.40
Capital Projects Fund	0.00	280,189.69	317,119.53
Debt Service Fund	0.00	525,364.32	811,574.42
ASB Fund	0.00	19,858.08	19,888.69
General Fund	1,805,045.48	2,076,505.83	2,807,523.03
	Unassigned Fund Balance	TOTAL FUND BALANCE	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

August 31, 2020

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	342,802.37	400.00	8,747.03	-2,716.78	51,589.29	0.00	400,821.91
Minus Warrants Outstanding	-123,802.55	-300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-124,102.55
Taxes Receivable	418,681.29		275,693.14	36,079.01	0.00		730,453.44
Due From Other Funds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Due From Other Governmental Units	56,087.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	56,087.92
Accounts Receivable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interfund Loans Receivable	0.00			0.00			0.00
Accrued Interest Receivable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Inventory	0.00	0.00		0.00			0.00
Prepaid Items	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00
Investments	1,611,654.16	26,012.33	500,021.38	348,443.92	58,195.90	0.00	2,544,327.69
Investments/Cash With Trustee	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Investments-Deferred Compensation	0.00			0.00			0.00
Self-Insurance Security Deposit	0.00						0.00
TOTAL ASSETS	2,305,423.19	26,112.33	784,461.55	381,806.15	109,785.19	0.00	3,607,588.41
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Other	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES	2,305,423.19	26,112.33	784,461.55	381,806.15	109,785.19	0.00	3,607,588.41
Accounts Payable	30,852.16	7,589.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	38,441.68
Contracts Payable Current	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Accrued Interest Payable			0.00				0.00

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

August 31, 2020

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
Accrued Salaries	5,977.15	0.00		0.00			5,977.15
Anticipation Notes Payable	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
LIABILITIES:							
Payroll Deductions and Taxes Payable	76,948.53	0.00		0.00			76,948.53
Due To Other Governmental Units	94,859.50	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	94,859.50
Deferred Compensation Payable	0.00			0.00			0.00
Estimated Employee Benefits Payable	0.00						0.00
Due To Other Funds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interfund Loans Payable	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
Deposits	0.00	00.00		0.00			0.00
Unearned Revenue	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
Matured Bonds Payable			0.00				0.00
Matured Bond Interest Payable			0.00				0.00
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	208,637.34	7,589.52	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	216,226.86
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable Revenue	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes Receivable	418,681.29		275,693.14	36,079.01	0.00		730,453.44
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	418,681.29	0.00	275,693.14	36,079.01	0.00	0°00	730,453.44
FUND BALANCE:							
Nonspendable Fund Balance	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Restricted Fund Balance	45,115.74	18,522.81	301,056.07	0.00	109,785.19	0.00	474,479.81
Committed Fund Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	118,361.41	0.00	0.00	118,361.41
Assigned Fund Balance	100,000.00	00.00	207,712.34	227,365.73	0.00	0.00	535,078.07

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

August 31, 2020

Unassigned Fund Balance	General Fund 1,532,988.82	ASB Fund 0.00	Debt Service Fund 0.00	Capital Projects Fund 0.00	Transportation Vehicle Fund 0.00	Permanent Fund 0.00	Total 1,532,988.82
	1,678,104.56	18,522.81	508,768.41	345,727.14	109,785.19	0.00	2,660,908.11
	2,305,423.19	26,112.33	784,461.55	381,806.15	109,785.19	0.00	3,607,588.41

	For the Yea		rear Ended August 31, 2021			n	
	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
REVENUES:							
Local	1,106,268.61	7,440.78	612,863.72	78,880.79	136.62		1,805,590.52
State	5,191,622.86		11,950.95	7,544.61	37,154.59		5,248,273.01
Federal	421,771.93		0.00	0.00	00.00		421,771.93
Other	36,000.00			0.00	00.00	0.00	36,000.00
TOTAL REVENUES	6,755,663.40	7,440.78	624,814.67	86,425.40	37,291.21	0.00	7,511,635.46
EXPEND ITURES :							
CURRENT:							
Regular Instruction	4,015,563.48						4,015,563.48
Special Education	723,751.00						723,751.00
Vocational Education	0.00						0.00
Skill Center	0.00						0.00
Compensatory Programs	274,568.78						274,568.78
Other Instructional Programs	167,747.69						167,747.69
Federal Stimulus COVID-19	5,199.61						5,199.61
Community Services	4,511.80						4,511.80
Support Services	1,269,197.10						1,269,197.10
Student Activities/Other		6,105.51				0.00	6,105.51
CAPITAL OUTLAY:							
Sites				0.00			0.00
Building				24,791.11			24,791.11
Equipment				0.00			0.00
Instructional Technology				0.00			0.00
Energy				0.00			0.00
Transportation Equipment					0.00		0.00
Sales and Lease				0.00			0.00
Other	24,414.41						24,414.41
DEBT SERVICE:							
Principal	0.00		365,000.00	0.00	0.00		365,000.00

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
Interest and Other Charges	0.00		243,218.76	0.00	0.00		243,218.76
Bond/Levy Issuance				0.00	0.00		00.00
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6,484,953.87	6,105.51	608,218.76	24,791.11	0.00	0.00	7,124,069.25
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	270,709.53	1,335.27	16,595.91	61,634.29	37,291.21	0.00	387,566.21
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) :							
Bond Sales & Refunding Bond Sales	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
Long-Term Financing	0.00			0.00	0.00		0.00
Transfers In	127,171.74		0.00	0.00	0.00		127,171.74
Transfers Out (GL 536)	0.00		0.00	-127,171.74	0.00	0.00	-127,171.74
Other Financing Uses (GL 535)	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
Other	520.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		520.00
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	127,691.74		0.00	-127,171.74	0.00	0.00	520.00
EXCESS OF REVENUES/OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	398,401.27	1,335.27	16,595.91	-65,537.45	37,291.21	0.00	388,086.21
BEGINNING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	1,678,104.56	18,522.81	508,768.41	345,727.14	109,785.19	0.00	2,660,908.11
Prior Year(s) Corrections or Restatements	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ENDING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	2,076,505.83	19,858.08	525,364.32	280,189.69	147,076.40	0.00	3,048,994.32

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2021

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2020

	General Eund	ASB Tund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle	Permanent Fund	H t L a
REVENUES :	5 9 9 9	8	5 8 9	5 5 8	9 0 0 0 0 0 0		0.00
Local	1,020,221.67	18,475.21	610,789.07	83,451.68	672.52		1,733,610.15
State	5,311,657.36		60,289.86	7,906.87	51,489.29		5,431,343.38
Federal	357,077.79		0.00	00.00	0.00		357,077.79
Other	1,000.00			00.00	0.00	0.00	1,000.00
TOTAL REVENUES	6,689,956.82	18,475.21	671,078.93	91,358.55	52,161.81	00.00	7,523,031.32
EXPENDITURES:							0.00
CURRENT:							0.00
Regular Instruction	3,842,441.92						3,842,441.92
Special Education	825,562.50						825,562.50
Vocational Education	0.00						0.00
Skill Center	0.00						0.00
Compensatory Programs	359,849.33						359,849.33
Other Instructional Programs	145,559.42						145,559.42
Community Services	2,474.02						2,474.02
Support Services	1,348,003.27						1,348,003.27
Student Activities/Other		11,345.44				00.00	11,345.44
CAPITAL OUTLAY:							0.00
Sites				0.00			0.00
Building				20,359.24			20,359.24
Equipment				0.00			0.00
Instructional Technology				0.00			0.00
Energy				0.00			0.00
Transportation Equipment					0.00		0.00
Sales and Lease				0.00			0.00
Other	0.00						0.00
DEBT SERVICE:							0.00
Principal	0.00		350,000.00	00.00	0.00		350,000.00
Interest and Other Charges	0.00		253,943.76	0.00	0.00		253,943.76

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2020

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
Bond/Levy Issuance				00.00	0.00		0.00
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6,523,890.46	11,345.44	603,943.76	20,359.24	0.00	00.00	7,159,538.90
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	166,066.36	7,129.77	67,135.17	70,999.31	52,161.81	0.00	363,492.42
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							0.00
Bond Sales & Refunding Bond Sales	0.00		0.00	00.00	00.00		0.00
Long-Term Financing	0.00			00.00	0.00		0.00
Transfers In	66,443.42		0.00	100,000.00	0.00		166,443.42
Transfers Out (GL 536)	0.00		-100,000.00	-66,443.42	0.00	00.00	-166,443.42
Other Financing Uses (GL 535)	0.00		0.00	00.00	0.00		0.00
Other	0.00		0.00	00.00	2,000.00		2,000.00
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	66,443.42		-100,000.00	33,556.58	2,000.00	00.00	2,000.00
EXCESS OF REVENUES/OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	232,509.78	7,129.77	-32,864.83	104,555.89	54,161.81	00.0	365,492.42
BEGINNING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	1,445,594.78	11,393.04	541,633.24	241,171.25	55,623.38	00.00	2,295,415.69
Prior Year(s) Corrections or Restatements	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ENDING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	1,678,104.56	18,522.81	508,768.41	345,727.14	109,785.19	0.00	2,660,908.11

CONWAY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 317 Notes to the Financial Statements September 1, 2020 Through August 31, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Conway School District (District) is a municipal corporation organized pursuant to Title 28A of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) for the purposes of providing public school services to students in grades K–12. Oversight responsibility for the District's operations is vested with the independently elected board of directors. Management of the District is appointed by and is accountable to the board of directors. Fiscal responsibility, including budget authority and the power to set fees, levy property taxes, and issue debt consistent with provisions of state statutes, also rests with the board of directors.

The District presents governmental fund financial statements and related notes on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington*, issued jointly by the State Auditor's Office and the Superintendent of Public Instruction by the authority of RCW 43.09.200, RCW 28A.505.140, RCW 28A.505.010(1) and RCW 28A.505.020. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

- (1) Districtwide statements, as defined in GAAP, are not presented.
- (2) A Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is presented as supplementary information.
- (3) Supplementary information required by GAAP is not presented.
- (4) Property Taxes collected after the end of the fiscal period are not considered available for revenue accrual as described below.

Fund Accounting

Financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds. Each fund uses a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures as appropriate. All funds are considered major funds. The various funds in the report are grouped into governmental funds as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

This fund is used to account for all expendable financial resources, except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the principle of having as few funds as are necessary, activities such as food services, maintenance, data processing, printing, and student transportation are included in the General Fund.

Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for financial resources that are to be used for the construction or acquisition of major capital assets. There are two funds that are considered to be of the capital projects fund type: the Capital Projects Fund and the Transportation Vehicle Fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for resources set aside for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets such as land and buildings.

<u>Transportation Vehicle Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for the purchase, major repair, rebuilding, and debt service expenditures that relate to pupil transportation equipment.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of matured general long-term debt principal and interest.

Special Revenue Fund

In Washington state, the only allowable special revenue fund for school districts is the Associated Student Body (ASB) Fund. This fund is accounted for in the District's financial statements as the financial resources legally belong to the District. As a special revenue fund, amounts within the ASB Fund may only be used for those purposes that relate to the operation of the Associated Student Body of the District.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and fund financial statement presentation

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered "measurable" if the amount of the transaction can be readily determined. Revenues are considered "available" when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Categorical program claims and interdistrict billings are measurable and available and are accrued. Property taxes not collected by the fiscal year end are measurable and recorded as a receivable, however the receivable is not considered available revenue and is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt which are recorded when due. Purchases of capital assets are expensed during the year of acquisition. For federal grants, the recognition of expenditures is dependent on the obligation date. (Obligation means a purchase order has been issued, contracts have been awarded, or goods and/or services have been received.)

Budgets

Chapter 28A.505 RCW and Chapter 392-123 Washington Administrative Code (WAC) mandate school district budget policies and procedures. The board adopts annual appropriated budgets for all governmental funds. These budgets are appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.

Budgets are adopted on the same modified accrual basis as used for financial reporting. Fund balance is budgeted as available resources and, under statute, may not be negative, unless the District enters into binding conditions with state oversight pursuant to RCW 28A.505.110.

The government's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

The District receives state funding for specific categorical education-related programs. Amounts that are received for these programs that are not used in the current fiscal year may be carried forward into the subsequent fiscal year, where they may be used only for the same purpose as they were originally received. When the District has such carryover, those funds are expended before any amounts received in the current year are expended.

Additionally, the District has other restrictions placed on its financial resources. When expenditures are recorded for purposes for which a restriction or commitment of fund balance is available, those funds that are restricted or committed to that purpose are considered first before any unrestricted or unassigned amounts are expended.

The government's fund balance classifications policies and procedures.

The District classifies ending fund balance for its governmental funds into five categories.

Nonspendable Fund Balance

The amounts reported as Nonspendable are resources of the District that are not in spendable format. They are either non-liquid resources such as inventory or prepaid items, or the resources are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance

Amounts that are reported as Restricted are those resources of the District that have had a legal restriction placed on their use either from statute, WAC, or other legal requirements that are beyond the control of the board of directors. Restricted fund balance includes anticipated recovery of revenues that have been received but are restricted as to their usage.

Committed Fund Balance

Amounts that are reported as Committed are those resources of the District that have had a limitation placed upon their usage by formal action of the District's board of directors. Commitments are made either through a formal adopted board resolution or are related to a school board policy. Commitments may only be changed when the resources are used for the intended purpose or the limitation is removed by a subsequent formal action of the board of directors.

Assigned Fund Balance

In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Assigned are those resources that the District has set aside for specific purposes. These accounts reflect tentative management plans for future financial resource use such as the replacement of equipment or the assignment of resources for contingencies. Assignments reduce the amount reported as Unassigned Fund Balance, but may not reduce that balance below zero.

In other governmental funds, Assigned fund balance represents a positive ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered. These resources are only available for expenditure in that fund and may not be used in any other fund without formal action by the District's board of directors and as allowed by statute.

The superintendent and business manager are the only persons who have the authority to create Assignments of fund balance.

Unassigned Fund Balance

In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Unassigned are those net spendable resources of the District that are not otherwise Restricted, Committed, or Assigned, and may be used for any purpose within the General Fund.

In other governmental funds, Unassigned fund balance represents a deficit ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered.

A negative Unassigned fund balance means that the legal restrictions and formal commitments of the District exceed its currently available resources.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All of the District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The consumption method of inventory is used, which charges inventory as an expenditure when it is consumed. A portion

of fund balance, representing inventory, is considered Nonspendable. USDA commodity inventory consists of food donated by the United States Department of Agriculture. It is valued at the prices paid by the USDA for the commodities.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

All of the District's bank balances are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC).

Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) securities, certificates, notes, bonds, short-term securities, or other obligations of the United States, and (2) deposits in any state bank or trust company, national banking association, stock savings bank, mutual savings bank, savings and loan association, and any branch bank engaged in banking in the state in accordance with RCW 30.04.300 if the institution has been approved by the Public Deposit Protection Commission to hold public deposits and has segregated eligible collateral having a value of not less than its maximum liability.

The Skagit County Treasurer is the *ex officio* treasurer for the District and holds all accounts of the District. The District directs the County Treasurer to invest those financial resources of the District that the District has determined are not needed to meet the current financial obligations of the District.

The District's deposits and certificates of deposit are mostly covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC).

The district's participation in the Skagit County investment pool is voluntary and the pool does not have a credit rating. The district reports its investment in the pool at the fair value amount, which is the same as the value of the pool per share. The fair value of the district's investment in the pool is measured using a net asset value (NAV) as determined by the pool. The pool maintains a weighted average maturity of 43.

All of the District's investments during the year and at year-end were insured or registered and held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

Washington State statutes authorize the district to invest in the following types of securities:

- Certificates, notes, or bonds of the United States, its agencies, or any corporation wholly owned by the government of the United States,
- Obligations of government-sponsored corporations which are eligible as collateral for advances to member banks as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System,
- Bankers' acceptances purchased on the secondary market,

- Repurchase agreements for securities listed in the three items above, provided that the transaction is structured so that the public treasurer obtains control over the underlying securities,
- Investment deposits with qualified public depositories,
- Washington State Local Government Investment Pool, and
- County Treasurer Investment Pools.

The District's investments as of August 31, 2021, are as follows:

	Conway's own	Investments held by Conway as an	
Type of Investment	investments	agent for other organizations	Total
County Treasurer's	\$3,062,564		\$3,062,564
Investment Pool			
Total	\$3,062,564		\$3,062,564

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

COVID-19 Pandemic

In February 2020, Governor Inslee declared a state of emergency in response to the spread of a deadly new virus. In the weeks following the declaration, precautionary measures to slow the spread of the virus were ordered. These measures included closing schools, canceling public events, limiting gathering sizes, and requiring people to stay home unless they were leaving for an essential function. On April 6, 2020, the Governor closed all public and private K–12 school buildings throughout the remainder of the 2019–20 school year. The school district, however, continued to operate, educating students using continuous learning models.

Many of the precautionary measures put in place during the 2019–20 school year remain in effect; and are affecting the district for the 2021-22 school year in new ways.

The district is operating in-person on campus, with some distance education for students subject to quarantine and/or isolation. The district continues to operate while following federal, state, and local mandates requiring social distancing, ventilation, face coverings, and modified instruction. The district is experiencing increases in substitute costs for staffing related to quarantine, isolation, or extended leave requests.

The length of time these measures will be in place, and the full extent of the financial impact on the school district, is unknown at this time.

NOTE 4: PENSION PLANS

General Information

The Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the state of Washington, prepares a stand-alone annual comprehensive financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each pension plan. The pension plan's basic financial statement is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The measurement date of the pension plans is June 30. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The school district is reporting the net pension liability in the notes and on the Schedule of Long-term Liabilities calculated as the district's proportionate allocation percentage multiplied by the total plan collective net pension liability. The DRS total collective net pension liabilities for the pension plans school districts participate in are shown here.

The Collective Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The Collective Net Pension Liability or (Asset) as of June 30, 2021						
			Participating	Plan fiduciary net		
	Total Pension	Plan fiduciary	employers' net	position as a		
	Liability	net position	pension liability_or	percentage of the total		
			(Asset)	pension liability		
PERS 1	10,847,066,000	9,625,832,000	1,221,234,000	88.74%		
SERS 2/3	7,586,243,000	8,659,940,000	(1,073,697,000)	114.15%		
TRS 1	7,850,211,000	7,176,913,000	673,298,000	91.42%		
TRS 2/3	20,032,702,000	22,781,509,000	(2,748,807,000)	113.72%		

The collective net pension liability or asset for the pension plans districts participated in are reported in the following tables

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS report. Copies of the report may be obtained by contacting the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, P.O. Box 48380, Olympia, WA 98504-8380; or online at <u>Annual Financial Reports</u> or <u>http://www.drs.wa.gov./administrations/annual-report</u>.

Membership Participation

Substantially all school district full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following three contributory, multi-employer, cost-sharing statewide retirement systems managed by DRS: Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and School Employees' Retirement System (SERS).

Plan	Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	Active Plan Members
PERS 1	42,886	241	875
SERS 2	12,235	6,634	28,835
SERS 3	12,348	9,363	33,615
TRS 1	30,762	84	162
TRS 2	6,594	3,016	24,269
TRS 3	16,963	8,400	55,328

Membership participation by retirement plan as of June 30, 2021, was as follows:

Membership & Plan Benefits

Certificated employees are members of TRS. Classified employees are members of PERS (if Plan 1) or SERS. Plan 1 under the TRS and PERS programs are defined benefit pension plans whose members joined the system on or before September 30, 1977. TRS 1 and PERS 1 are closed to new entrants.

TRS Plan Information

TRS was established in 1938, and its retirement provisions are contained in RCW Chapters 41.34 and 41.32. TRS is a cost-sharing multi-employer retirement system comprised of three separate plans for membership purposes: Plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans and Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. TRS eligibility for membership requires service as a certificated, public school employee working in an instructional, administrative or supervisory capacity.

TRS is comprised of three separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 1, Plan 2/3, and Plan 3. Plan 1 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 1 members. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of the plan. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

TRS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. TRS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC), for each year of service credit, up to a maximum of 60 percent, divided by twelve. The AFC is the total earnable compensation for the two consecutive highest-paid fiscal years, divided by two. Members are eligible for

retirement at any age after 30 years of service, or at the age of 60 with five years of service, or at the age of 55 with 25 years of service. Other benefits include temporary and permanent disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

TRS Plan 2/3 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC) per year of service for Plan 2 members and one percent of AFC for Plan 3 members. The AFC is the monthly average of the 60 consecutive highest-paid service credit months. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for normal retirement at the age of 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. TRS Plan 2/3 members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. TRS Plan 2/3 members who have 30 or more years of service credit, were hired prior to May 1, 2013, and are at least 55 years old, can retire under one of two provisions: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules. TRS Plan 2/3 members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. TRS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent of Labor and Industries.

PERS Plan Information

PERS was established in 1947, and its retirement benefit provisions are contained in RCW Chapters 41.34 and 41.40. PERS is a cost-sharing, multi-employer retirement system. PERS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. PERS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. The AFC is the average of the member's 24 highest consecutive service months. Members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or at age 60 with at least five years of service.

Members retiring from inactive status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits. PERS Plan 1 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

SERS Plan Information

SERS was established by the legislature in 1998, and the plan became effective in 2000. SERS retirement benefit provisions are established in RCW Chapters 41.34 and 41.35. SERS is a cost-sharing, multiemployer retirement system comprised of two separate plans for membership purposes. SERS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan and SERS Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. SERS members include classified employees of school districts and educational service districts.

SERS is reported as two separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 2/3 and Plan 3. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

SERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service for Plan 2 and one percent of AFC for Plan 3. The AFC is the monthly average of the member's 60 highest-paid consecutive service months before retirement, termination or death. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. SERS members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. SERS members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions, if hired prior to May 2, 2013: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules. SERS members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. SERS retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost- of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

Plan Contributions

The employer contribution rates for PERS, TRS, and SERS (Plans 1, 2, and 3) and the TRS and SERS Plan 2 employee contribution rates are established by the Pension Funding Council based

upon the rates set by the Legislature. The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under chapters 41.34 and 41.40 RCW for PERS, 41.34 and 41.35 RCW for SERS, and 41.32 and 41.34 RCW for TRS. Employers do not contribute to the defined contribution portions of TRS Plan 3 or SERS Plan 3. Under current law the employer must contribute 100 percent of the employer-required contribution. The employee contribution rate for Plan 1 in PERS and TRS is set by statute at six percent and does not vary from year to year.

The employer and employee contribution rates for all plans were effective as of September 1, 2020. PERS contribution rates changed on July 1, 2021. TRS and SERS plans will not have a contribution rate change until September 1, 2021. The pension plan contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for fiscal year 2021 are listed below:

Pension Contribution Rates from September 01, 2020 to June 30, 2021					
	Employer	Employee			
PERS Plan 1	12.97%	6.00%			
Pension Contribution Rates from	m July 01, 2021 to A	ugust 31, 2021			
Employer Employee					
PERS Plan 1	10.252%	6.00%			
Pension Contribution Rates from S	eptember 01, 2020 t	o August 31, 2021	I		
	Employer	Employee			
TRS Plan 1	15.74%	6.00%			
TRS Plan 2/3	15.74%	7.77%	*/**		
SERS Plan 2/3	12 200/	8.25%	*/**		
JLINJ FIALL Z/J	13.30%	0.2370	/		
Note: The Employer rates include .0018 DRS admi		0.2370	/		
	nistrative expense. /ariable from 5% to 15%	6 based on rate selec	,		

The School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

At June 30, 2021, the school district reported a total liability of \$328,618 for its proportionate shares of the individual plans' collective net pension liability and the district reported a total asset of \$1,323,253. Proportions of net pension amounts are based on annual contributions for each of the employers participating in the DRS administered plans. At June 30, 2021 the District's proportionate share of each plan's net pension liability or asset is reported below:

June 30, 2021	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3	
District's Annual	¢26,222	\$61,820	\$219,629	\$221,918	
Contributions	\$36,333	\$01,020	\$219,029	\$221,910	
Proportionate Share					
of the Net Pension	\$59,567	(\$315,248)	\$269,051	(\$1,008,005)	
Liability (Asset)					

At June 30, 2021, the school district's percentage of the proportionate share of the collective net pension amount was as follows and the change in the allocation percentage from the prior period is illustrated below.

Change in Proportionate Shares	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Current year proportionate share	0.004878%	0.029361%	0.039960%	0.036671%
Prior year proportionate share	0.005664%	0.032451%	0.040438%	0.037364%
Net difference percentage	-0.000786%	0.003090%	-0.000478%	-0.000694%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities for TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1 and SERS 2/3 were determined by actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, with the results rolled forward to June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75% total economic inflation, 3.50% salary inflation	
Salary increases	In addition to the base 3.50% salary inflation assumption, salaries	
	are also expected to grow by promotions and longevity.	
Investment rate of return	7.40%	

Mortality Rates

Mortality rates used in the plans were developed using the Society of Actuaries' Pub.H-2010 Mortality rates, which vary by member status as the base table. OSA applies age offsets for each system to better tailor the mortality rates to the demographics of each plan. OSA applied the long-term MP-2017 generational improvement scale to project mortality rates for every year after the 2010 base table. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of the 2013–2018 Demographic Experience Study Report and the 2019 Economic Experience Study. Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2019 actuarial valuation report.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

OSA selected a 7.40% long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments using a building-block method. In selecting the assumptions, OSA reviewed the historical experience

data, considered the historical conditions that produced past annual investment returns, and considered Capital Market Assumptions (CMAs) and simulated expected investment returns the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB) provided.

The CMAs contain three pieces of information for each class of assets the WSIB currently invest in:

- Expected annual return
- Standard deviation of the annual return
- Correlations between the annual returns of each asset class with every other asset class

WSIB uses the CMAs and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns over various time horizons.

The expected future rates of return are developed by the WSIB for each major asset class.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1, and SERS 2/3				
Asset Class	Townst Alls setion	% Long-term Expected		
	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return		
Fixed Income	20.00%	2.20%		
Tangible Assets	7.00%	5.10%		
Real Estate	18.00%	5.80%		
Global Equity	32.00%	6.30%		
Private Equity	23.00%	9.30%		

The inflation component used to create the above table is 2.20% and represents WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.40%. To determine the discount rate, an asset sufficiency test was completed to test whether the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Based on the assumptions described in the DRS Certification Letter, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.40% on pension plan investments was applied to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The following table presents the Conway School District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability or asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.40%, as well as what the net

pension liability or asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.40%) or one percentage-point higher (8.40%) than the current rate. Amounts are calculated using the school district's specific allocation percentage, by plan, to determine the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability or asset.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability or Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate					
	1% Decrease (6.40%)	Current Discount Rate (7.40%)	1% Increase (8.40%)		
PERS 1	\$2,080,441,000	\$1,221,234,000	\$471,917,000		
Allocation Percentage	0.004878%	0.004878%	0.004878%		
Proportionate Share	\$101,476	\$59,567	\$23,018		
SERS 2/3	(\$11,793,000)	(\$1,073,697,000)	(\$1,952,101,000)		
Allocation Percentage	0.029361%	0.029361%	0.029361%		
Proportionate Share	(\$3,463)	(\$315,248)	(\$573,156)		
TRS 1	\$1,290,542,000	\$673,298,000	\$134,647,000		
Allocation Percentage	0.039960%	0.039960%	0.039960%		
Proportionate Share	\$515,703	\$269,051	\$53,805		
TRS 2/3	\$479,331,000	(\$2,748,807,000)	(\$5,382,150,000)		
Allocation Percentage	0.036671%	0.036671%	0.036671%		
Proportionate Share	\$175,774	(\$1,008,005)	(\$1,973,669)		

NOTE 5: ANNUAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATIONS

The state, through the Health Care Authority (HCA), administers a defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan that is not administered through a qualifying trust. The Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB), created within the HCA, is authorized to design benefits, and determine the terms and conditions of employee and retired employee participation and coverage, including establishment of eligibility criteria for both active and retired employees. Benefits purchased by PEBB include medical, dental, life insurance and long-term disability insurance.

The relationship between the PEBB OPEB plan and its member employers and their employees and retirees is not formalized in a contract or plan document. Rather, the benefits are provided in accordance with a substantive plan. A substantive plan is one, which the employers and plan members understand the plan terms. This understanding is based on communications between the HCA, employers and plan members, and historical pattern of practice with regards to sharing of benefit costs.

Employers participating in the plan include the state of Washington (which includes general government agencies and higher education institutions), political subdivisions and tribal governments. Additionally, the PEBB plan is available to the retirees of the K–12 school districts and ESDs. The District's retirees (approximately 20) are eligible to participate in the PEBB plan under this arrangement.

Eligibility

District members are eligible for retiree medical benefits after becoming eligible for service retirement pension benefits (either reduced or full pension benefits) Under PERS 1, 2, 3; TRS 1, 2, or 3; or SERS 2 and 3 plans.

Former members who are entitled to a deferred vested pension benefit are not eligible to receive medical and life insurance benefits after pension benefit commencement. Survivors of covered members who die are eligible for medical benefits.

Medical Benefits

Upon retirement, members are permitted to receive medical benefits. Retirees pay the following monthly rates for pre-65 medical coverage for 2021.

Members not eligible for Medicare				
(or enrolled in Part A only)	pe of Coverage			
Descriptions	Employee	Employee	Full Family	
		& Spouse		
Kaiser Permanente NW Classic	\$745.66	\$1,485.75	\$2,040.82	
Kaiser Permanente NW CDHP	\$618.76	\$1,226.30	\$1,638.21	
Kaiser Permanente WA Classic	\$775.39	\$1,545.22	\$2,122.58	
Kaiser Permanente WA CDHP	\$619.29	\$1,227.86	\$1,640.54	
Kaiser Permanente WA Sound Choice	\$641.43	\$1,277.28	\$1,754.17	
Kaiser Permanente WA Value	\$698.96	\$1,392.34	\$1,912.38	
UMP Classic	\$691.72	\$1,377.86	\$1,892.47	
UMP Select	\$623.50	\$1,241.43	\$1,704.88	
UMP CDHP	\$618.52	\$1,226.31	\$1,638.41	
UMP Plus-Puget Sound High Value Network	\$658.79	\$1,312.02	\$1,801.93	
UMP Plus-UW Medicine Accountable Care Network	\$658.79	\$1,312.02	\$1,801.93	

Members enrolled in Part A and B of Medicare	Ту	Type of Coverage		
Descriptions	<u>Employee</u>	Employee & Spouse ¹	Full Family ¹	
Kaiser Permanente NW Senior Advantage	\$174.41	\$343.27	\$898.34	
Kaiser Permanente WA Medicare Plan	\$177.10	\$348.64	N/A	
Kaiser Permanente WA Classic	N/A	N/A	\$926.01	
Kaiser Permanente WA Sound Choice	N/A	N/A	\$825.54	
Kaiser Permanente WA Value	N/A	N/A	\$868.68	
UMP Classic	\$336.30	\$667.04	\$1,181.65	

Retirees enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B receive an explicit subsidy in the form of reduced premiums on Medicare supplemental plans. Retirees pay the following monthly rates.

Note 1: Employee–Spouse and Full Family with two Medicare eligible subscribers.

Funding Policy

The School Employees Benefits Board (SEBB) Program administers health insurance and other benefits to all employees in school districts and charter schools, and union-represented employees of educational service districts in Washington. The SEBB studies, designs, and approves comprehensive and cost-effective insurance benefit plans for school employees and establishes eligibility criteria for participation in these plans. The SEB Board is separate and independent from the Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB).

The funding policy is based upon pay-as-you go financing.

The SEBB collects benefit premiums from all school district entities for covered employees. The premium includes a fee, established in state law. The purpose of this fee is to cover the impact of the subsidized rate of health care benefits for school retirees who elect to purchase their health care benefits through the state Health Care Authority PEBB plan. The amount collected is set forth in the state's operating budget and is subject to change on an annual basis. This amount is not actuarially determined and is not placed in a trust to pay the obligations for post-employment health care benefits.

For the fiscal year 2020-21, the Conway School District paid \$722,796 in total to HCA-SEBB.

The District has no control over the benefits offered to retirees, the rates charged to retirees, nor the fee paid to the Health Care Authority. The District does not determine its annual required contribution, nor the net other post-employment benefit obligation associated with this plan. These amounts are not shown on the financial statements.

For further information on the results of the actuarial valuation of the employer provided subsidies associated with the state's PEBB plan, refer to the <u>Office of the State Actuary</u>.

The plan does not issue a separate report; however, additional information is included in the State of Washington Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is available on the <u>OFM</u> website.

NOTE 6: COMMITMENTS UNDER LEASES

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021, the District had incurred additional long-term debt as follows:

Lessor	Amount	Annual Installment	Final Installment Date	Interest Rate	Balance
Lease-Purchase Commit	ments				
GE – Copiers Wells Fargo	\$72,362	\$15,535	08/2023		\$26,934
August 31, 2022		\$15,105			\$11,829
August 31, 2023		\$11,829			\$0
Total Lease-Purchase Commitments					

NOTE 7: REQUIRED DISCLOSURES ABOUT CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's capital assets are insured in the amount of \$16,749,640 for fiscal year 2020-2021. In the opinion of the District's insurance consultant, the amount is sufficient to adequately fund replacement of the District's assets.

NOTE 8: LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021:

Governmental activities	Balance at Sept. 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	Balance at Aug. 31, 2021	Due within One Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$7,565,000		\$365,000	\$7,200,000	\$385,000
Total	\$7,565,000		\$365,000	\$7,200,000	\$385,000

Long-term debt at August 31, 2021, is comprised of the following individual issue:

Issue Name	Amount	Annual	Final	Interest	Amount
	Authorized	Installments	Maturity	Rate(s)	Outstanding
General Obligation Bonds			1		<u>J</u>

Issue Name	Amount	Annual	Final	Interest	Amount
Issue Name	Authorized	Installments	Maturity	Rate(s)	Outstanding
Issued June 11, 2013	\$9,030,000	25	12/01/2037	2.625%-4%	\$7,200,000
Total	\$9,030,000	25			\$7,200,000

Debt service requirements on long-term debt as of August 31, 2021, are as follows:

	Во	nds		
Years Ending August 31	Principal	Interest	Total	Interest Rate
2022	\$385,000	\$231,969	\$616,969	3.00%
2023	\$410,000	\$220,044	\$630,044	3.00%
2024	\$430,000	\$207,444	\$637,444	3.00%
2025	\$455,000	\$193,600	\$648,600	3.25%
2026	\$305,000	\$181,250	\$486,250	3.25%
2027–2031	\$1,780,000	\$750,034	\$2,530,034	3.25% - 4.00%
2032–2036	\$2,330,000	\$392,156	\$2,722,156	4.00% - 3.375%
2037-2038	\$1,105,000	\$39,113	\$1,144,113	3.50%
Total	\$7,200,000	\$2,215,610	\$9,415,610	

At August 31, 2021, the District had \$525,364 available in the Debt Service Fund to service the general obligation bonds.

NOTE 9: INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Transferred From (Fund) 536	Transferred To (Fund) 965 9901	Amount	Description
Capital Projects – Tech Levy	General Fund	\$127,171.74	Tech Levy expenditures made in General Fund; transfer funds from Tech Levy deposited in the Capital Projects Fund

The following table depicts interfund transfer activity:

NOTE 10: ENTITY RISK MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The district is a member of the Washington Schools Risk Management Pool (WSRMP). Chapter 48.62 RCW authorizes the governing body of any one or more governmental entities to form together into or join a pool or organization for the joint purchasing of insurance, and/or joint self-insuring, and/or joint hiring or contracting for risk management services to the same extent that they may individually purchase insurance, self-insure, or hire or contract for risk

management services. An agreement to form a pooling arrangement was made pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 39.34 RCW, the Interlocal Cooperation Act. WSRMP was formed in 1986 when educational service districts and school districts in the state of Washington joined by signing the Cooperative Risk Management Pool Account Agreement (Account Agreement) to pool their self-insured losses and jointly purchase insurance and administrative services. Over 90 school and educational service districts have joined WSRMP.

WSRMP allows members to jointly purchase insurance coverage, establish a plan of selfinsurance, and provide related services, such as risk management. WSRMP provides the following coverages for its members: property, liability, vehicle, school board liability, crime, employment practices, errors and omissions, equipment breakdown, cyber security, terrorism, and stop gap liability.

Members make an annual contribution to fund WSRMP. WSRMP purchases reinsurance and excess insurance from unrelated carriers subject to a per-occurrence self-insured retention of \$1 million for property risk \$1.5M for liability risk shared by WSRMP. Reinsurance or Excess carriers cover losses over the self-insured retention to the maximum limits of each policy. Members are responsible for varied deductibles for auto and property claims. Since WSRMP is a cooperative program, there is a joint liability among the participating members.

Members contract to remain in WSRMP for a minimum of three years and must give notice three years before terminating participation. The Account Agreement is renewed automatically each year after the initial three-year period. Even after termination, a member is still responsible for their share of contributions to WSRMP for any unresolved, unreported, and in-process claims for the period in which they were a signatory to the Account Agreement.

WSRMP is fully funded by its member participants and is governed by a board of directors that consists of one designated representative from each participating member. An executive board is elected at the annual meeting and is responsible for overseeing the business affairs of WSRMP.

CONWAY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Total Insured Value for FY 2020-21	\$ 16,749,640
Fully accrued Contribution for FY 2020-21	\$64,087

Washington Schools Risk Management Pool

Purpose	To provide risk sharing and related services to member school districts.
Participants	79 school districts, 5 educational service districts, and 6 interlocal cooperatives.
Governing Board	16 member Executive Board.
FY 2020-21 Confidence Level	90%

Condensed Financial Information (Most recent financials available)

	 August 31, 2021 *
Total Assets	\$ 92,924,642
Total Liabilities	 69,510,981
Ending Net Position	\$ 23,413,661
Total Revenues	\$ 66,558,161
Total Expenses	 67,743,670
OPERATING INCOME / (LOSS)	\$ (1,185,510)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ (1,185,510)
Unaudited	

NOTE 11: PROPERTY TAXES

*

Property tax revenues are collected as the result of special levies passed by the voters in the District. Taxes are levied on January 1. The taxpayer has the obligation of paying all taxes on April 30 or one-half then and one-half on October 31. Typically, slightly more than half of the collections are made on the April 30 date. The tax collections occurring after the end of the fiscal period are unavailable for revenue accrual. Therefore, the fall portion of property taxes is not accrued as revenue. Instead, the property taxes due after the end of the fiscal period are recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

The district has not entered into any tax abatement programs.

NOTE 12: JOINT VENTURES AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The District is a member of the King County Director's Association (KCDA). KCDA is a purchasing cooperative designed to pool the member districts' purchasing power. The board authorized joining the association by passing Resolution dated April 1, 1974, and has remained in the joint venture ever since. The District's current equity of \$8,441.19 is the accumulation of the annual assignment of KCDA's operating surplus based upon the percentage derived from KCDA's total sales to the District compared to all other districts applied against paid administrative fees. The District may withdraw from the joint venture and will receive its equity in ten annual allocations of merchandise or 15 annual payments.

NOTE 13: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund
Nonspendable Fund Balance					
Inventory and Prepaid Items					
Restricted Fund Balance					
For Other Items					
For Fund Purpose		\$19,858			\$147,076
For Carryover of Restricted Revenues	\$526				
For Skill Centers					
For Carryover of Food					
Service Revenue					
For Debt Service	\$26,934			\$305,701	
For Arbitrage Rebate					
For Self-Insurance					
For Uninsured Risks					
Restricted from Bond Proceeds					
Restricted from State					
Proceeds					
Restricted from Federal Proceeds					
Restricted from Other Proceeds					

The District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate.

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund
Restricted from Impact Fee Proceeds					
Restricted from Mitigation Fee Proceeds					
Restricted from Undistributed Proceeds					
Committed Fund Balance					
Committed from Levy Proceeds			\$24,547		
For Economic Stabilization					
Other Commitments					
Assigned Fund Balance					
Contingencies	\$100,000				
Other Capital Projects	\$144,000				
Other Purposes					
Fund Purposes			\$255,643	\$219,663	
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$1,805,045				

The board of directors has established a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund to provide for financial stability and contingencies within the District. The policy is that the District shall maintain 12% of budgeted expenditures. Portions of fund balance that are set aside for the purpose of meeting this policy are recorded on the financial statements as a part of Unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 14: DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION AND OPEB PLANS

457 Plan – Deferred Compensation Plan

District employees have the option of participating in a deferred compensation plan as defined in §457 of the Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the state deferred compensation plan, or the District. The District does not make employer contributions to the plan.

403(b) Plan – Tax Sheltered Annuity (TSA)

The District offers a tax deferred annuity plan for its employees. The plan permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years under elective deferrals (employee contributions). The District does not make employer contributions to the plan. The District complies with IRS regulations that require school districts to have a written plan to include participating investment companies, types of investments, loans, transfers, and various

requirements. The plan is administered by TSA Consulting. Plan assets are assets of the District employees, not the school district, and are therefore not reflected on the financial statements.

Voluntary Employees' Benefits Association (VEBA)

VEBA Trust is a non-profit, multiple employee voluntary employees' beneficiary association authorized under Internal Revenue Code 501(c)(g). The Trust is managed by a board of trustees appointed by the Association of Washington School Principals, Washington Association of School Administrators, and Washington Association of School Business Officials. The Trust provides health reimbursement plan for employees and eligible dependents. The plan can be used to reimburse employees for qualified health expenses during employment and after retirement. Employer contributions totaled \$4,704 during the fiscal year. The terms of the collective bargaining arrangements specify the employees' contribution rates, if any. Employee groups can also vote annually to contribute any eligible sick leave cashout to the VEBA plan. Plan assets are assets of the District employees, not the school district, and are therefore not reflected on the financial statements.

NOTE 15: TERMINATION BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Employees earn sick leave at a rate of 12 days per year up to a maximum of one contract year.

Under the provisions of RCW 28A.400.210, sick leave accumulated by District employees is reimbursed at death or retirement at the rate of one day for each four days of accrued leave, limited to 180 accrued days. This chapter also provides for an annual buyout of an amount up to the maximum annual accumulation of 12 days. For buyout purposes, employees may accumulate such leave to a maximum of 192 days, including the annual accumulation, as of December 31 of each year.

These expenditures are recorded when paid, except termination sick leave that is accrued upon death, retirement, or upon termination provided the employee is at least 55 years of age and has sufficient years of service. Vested sick leave was computed using the termination payment method.

Vacation pay, including benefits, that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as expenditures.

No unrecorded liability exists for other employee benefits.

CONWAY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements September 1, 2019 Through August 31, 2020

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Conway School District (District) is a municipal corporation organized pursuant to Title 28A of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) for the purposes of providing public school services to students in grades K–12. Oversight responsibility for the District's operations is vested with the independently elected board of directors. Management of the District is appointed by and is accountable to the board of directors. Fiscal responsibility, including budget authority and the power to set fees, levy property taxes, and issue debt consistent with provisions of state statutes, also rests with the board of directors.

The District presents governmental fund financial statements and related notes on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington*, issued jointly by the State Auditor's Office and the Superintendent of Public Instruction by the authority of RCW 43.09.200, RCW 28A.505.140, RCW 28A.505.010(1) and RCW 28A.505.020. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

- (1) Districtwide statements, as defined in GAAP, are not presented.
- (2) A Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is presented as supplementary information.
- (3) Supplementary information required by GAAP is not presented.
- (4) Property Taxes collected after the end of the fiscal period are not considered available for revenue accrual as described below.

Fund Accounting

Financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds Each fund uses a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures (or expenses) as appropriate. All funds are considered major funds. The various funds in the report are grouped into governmental (and fiduciary) funds as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

This fund is used to account for all expendable financial resources, except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the principle of having as few funds as are necessary, activities such as food services, maintenance, data processing, printing, and student transportation are included in the General Fund.

Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for financial resources that are to be used for the construction or acquisition of major capital assets. There are two funds that are considered to be of the capital projects fund type: the Capital Projects Fund and the Transportation Vehicle Fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for resources set aside for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets such as land and buildings.

<u>Transportation Vehicle Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for the purchase, major repair, rebuilding, and debt service expenditures that relate to pupil transportation equipment.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of matured general long-term debt principal and interest.

Special Revenue Fund

In Washington state, the only allowable special revenue fund for school districts is the Associated Student Body (ASB) Fund. This fund is accounted for in the District's financial statements as the financial resources legally belong to the District. As a special revenue fund, amounts within the ASB Fund may only be used for those purposes that relate to the operation of the Associated Student Body of the District.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and fund financial statement presentation

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered "measurable" if the amount of the transaction can be readily determined. Revenues are considered "available" when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Categorical program claims and inter-district billings are measurable and available and are accrued. Property taxes not collected by the fiscal year end are measurable and recorded as a receivable, however the receivable is not considered available revenue and is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt which are recorded when due. Purchases of capital assets are expensed during the year of acquisition. For federal grants, the recognition of expenditures is dependent on the obligation date. (Obligation means a purchase order has been issued, contracts have been awarded, or goods and/or services have been received.)

Budgets

Chapter 28A.505 RCW and Chapter 392-123 Washington Administrative Code (WAC) mandate school district budget policies and procedures. The board adopts annual appropriated budgets for all governmental funds. These budgets are appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.

Budgets are adopted on the same modified accrual basis as used for financial reporting. Fund balance is budgeted as available resources and, under statute, may not be negative, unless the District enters into binding conditions with state oversight pursuant to RCW 28A.505.110.

The government's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

The District receives state funding for specific categorical education-related programs. Amounts that are received for these programs that are not used in the current fiscal year may be carried forward into the subsequent fiscal year, where they may be used only for the same purpose as they were originally received. When the District has such carryover, those funds are expended before any amounts received in the current year are expended.

Additionally, the District has other restrictions placed on its financial resources. When expenditures are recorded for purposes for which a restriction or commitment of fund balance is available, those funds that are restricted or committed to that purpose are considered first before any unrestricted or unassigned amounts are expended.

The government's fund balance classifications policies and procedures.

The District classifies ending fund balance for its governmental funds into five categories.

Nonspendable Fund Balance

The amounts reported as Nonspendable are resources of the District that are not in spendable format. They are either non-liquid resources such as inventory or prepaid items, or the resources are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance

Amounts that are reported as Restricted are those resources of the District that have had a legal restriction placed on their use either from statute, WAC, or other legal requirements that are beyond the control of the board of directors. Restricted fund balance includes anticipated recovery of revenues that have been received but are restricted as to their usage.

Committed Fund Balance

Amounts that are reported as Committed are those resources of the District that have had a limitation placed upon their usage by formal action of the District's board of directors. Commitments are made either through a formal adopted board resolution or are related to a school board policy. Commitments may only be changed when the resources are used for the intended purpose or the limitation is removed by a subsequent formal action of the board of directors.

Assigned Fund Balance

In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Assigned are those resources that the District has set aside for specific purposes. These accounts reflect tentative management plans for future financial resource use such as the replacement of equipment or the assignment of resources for contingencies. Assignments reduce the amount reported as Unassigned Fund Balance, but may not reduce that balance below zero.

In other governmental funds, Assigned fund balance represents a positive ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered. These resources are only available for expenditure in that fund and may not be used in any other fund without formal action by the District's board of directors and as allowed by statute.

The Superintendent and Business Manager are the only persons who have the authority to create Assignments of fund balance.

Unassigned Fund Balance

In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Unassigned are those net spendable resources of the District that are not otherwise Restricted, Committed, or Assigned, and may be used for any purpose within the General Fund.

In other governmental funds, Unassigned fund balance represents a deficit ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered.

A negative Unassigned fund balance means that the legal restrictions and formal commitments of the District exceed its currently available resources.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All of the District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The consumption method of inventory is used, which charges inventory as an expenditure when it is consumed. A portion

of fund balance, representing inventory, is considered Nonspendable. USDA commodity inventory consists of food donated by the United States Department of Agriculture. It is valued at the prices paid by the USDA for the commodities.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

All of the District's bank balances are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC).

Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) securities, certificates, notes, bonds, short-term securities, or other obligations of the United States, and (2) deposits in any state bank or trust company, national banking association, stock savings bank, mutual savings bank, savings and loan association, and any branch bank engaged in banking in the state in accordance with RCW 30.04.300 if the institution has been approved by the Public Deposit Protection Commission to hold public deposits and has segregated eligible collateral having a value of not less than its maximum liability.

The Skagit County Treasurer is the *ex officio* treasurer for the District and holds all accounts of the District. The District directs the County Treasurer to invest those financial resources of the District that the District has determined are not needed to meet the current financial obligations of the District.

The District's deposits and certificates of deposit are mostly covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC).

The district's participation in the Skagit County Investment Pool is voluntary and the pool does not have a credit rating. The district reports its investment in the pool at the fair value amount, which is the same as the value of the pool per share. The fair value of the district's investment in the pool is measured using a net asset value (NAV) as determined by the pool. The pool maintains a weighted average maturity of 44.

All of the District's investments during the year and at year-end were insured or registered and held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

Washington State statutes authorize the district to invest in the following types of securities:

- Certificates, notes, or bonds of the United States, its agencies, or any corporation wholly owned by the government of the United States,
- Obligations of government-sponsored corporations which are eligible as collateral for advances to member banks as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System,
- Bankers' acceptances purchased on the secondary market,

- Repurchase agreements for securities listed in the three items above, provided that the transaction is structured so that the public treasurer obtains control over the underlying securities,
- Investment deposits with qualified public depositories,
- Washington State Local Government Investment Pool, and
- County Treasurer Investment Pools.

The District's investments as of August 31, 2020, are as follows:

	Conway's own	Investments held by Conway as an agent for other	
— (1) (1	-		T ()
Type of Investment	investments	organizations	Total
County Treasurer's	\$2,544,328		\$2,544,328
Investment Pool			
Total	\$2,544,328		\$2,544,328

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

COVID-19 Pandemic

In February 2020, Governor Inslee declared a state of emergency in response to the spread of a deadly new virus. In the weeks following the declaration, precautionary measures to slow the spread of the virus were ordered. These measures included closing schools, canceling public events, limiting gathering sizes, and requiring people to stay home unless they were leaving for an essential function. On April 6, 2020, the Governor closed all public and private K–12 school buildings throughout the remainder of the 2019–20 school year. The school district, however, continued to operate, educating students using continuous learning models.

Many of the precautionary measures put in place during the 2019–20 school year remain in effect; and are affecting the district for the 2020–21 school year in new ways.

The district is using a hybrid model to begin the 2020–21 school year, with grades K-2 on campus and grades 3-8 operating under distance learning instruction. As a result, there is limited on-campus activity, and many of the district's support staff including para-educators, food service staff, and bus drivers have been laid off or had their hours significantly reduced. The district plans to add grades to on-campus learning incrementally, starting with adding grades 3-4 in late October, grades 5-6 in late November, and grades 7-8 in January.

The length of time these measures will be in place, and the full extent of the financial impact on the school district, is unknown at this time.

NOTE 4: PENSION PLANS

General Information

The Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the state of Washington, prepares a stand-alone annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each pension plan. The pension plan's basic financial statement is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The measurement date of the pension plans is June 30. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The school district is reporting the net pension liability in the notes and on the Schedule of Long-term Liabilities calculated as the district's proportionate allocation percentage multiplied by the total plan collective net pension liability. The DRS total collective net pension liabilities for the pension plans school districts participate in are shown here.

The Collective Net Pension Liability

The collective net pension liabilities for the pension plans districts participated in are reported in the following tables:

The Collective Net Pension Liability as of June 30, 2020						
	Total Pension Liability	Plan fiduciary net position	Participating employers' net pension liability	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		
PERS 1	\$11,256,796,000	\$7,726,256,000	\$3,530,540,000	68.64%		
SERS 2/3	\$7,043,384,000	\$6,511,420,000	\$531,964,000	92.45%		
TRS 1	\$8,179,362,000	\$5,770,576,000	\$2,408,786,000	70.55%		
TRS 2/3	\$18,559,021,000	\$17,023,040,000	\$1,535,981,000	91.72%		

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS ACFR. Copies of the report may be obtained by contacting the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, P.O. Box 48380, Olympia, WA 98504-8380; or online at <u>Annual Financial Reports</u> or <u>http://www.drs.wa.gov./administrations/annual-report</u>.

Membership Participation

Substantially all school district full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following three contributory, multi-employer, cost-sharing statewide retirement systems managed by DRS: Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and School Employees' Retirement System (SERS).

Plan	Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	Active Plan Members
PERS 1	44,359	310	1,181
SERS 2	11,112	6,274	28,943
SERS 3	11,200	9,064	36,772
TRS 1	31,777	92	263
TRS 2	6,201	2,808	22,980
TRS 3	15,316	8,279	56,593

Membership participation by retirement plan as of June 30, 2020, was as follows:

Membership & Plan Benefits

Certificated employees are members of TRS. Classified employees are members of PERS (if Plan 1) or SERS. Plan 1 under the TRS and PERS programs are defined benefit pension plans whose members joined the system on or before September 30, 1977. TRS 1 and PERS 1 are closed to new entrants.

TRS Plan Information

TRS was established in 1938, and its retirement provisions are contained in RCW Chapters 41.34 and 41.32. TRS is a cost-sharing multi-employer retirement system comprised of three separate plans for membership purposes: Plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans and Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. TRS eligibility for membership requires service as a certificated, public school employee working in an instructional, administrative or supervisory capacity.

TRS is comprised of three separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 1, Plan 2/3, and Plan 3. Plan 1 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 1 members. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of the plan. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

TRS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. TRS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC), for each year of service credit, up to a maximum of 60 percent, divided by twelve. The AFC is the total earnable compensation for the two consecutive highest-paid fiscal years, divided by two. Members are eligible for retirement at any age after 30 years of service, or at the age of 60 with five years of service, or at the age of 55 with 25 years of service. Other benefits include temporary and permanent disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

TRS Plan 2/3 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC) per year of service for Plan 2 members and one percent of AFC for Plan 3 members. The AFC is the monthly average of the 60 consecutive highest-paid service credit months. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for normal retirement at the age of 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. TRS Plan 2/3 members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. TRS Plan 2/3 members who have 30 or more years of service credit, were hired prior to May 1, 2013, and are at least 55 years old, can retire under one of two provisions: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules. TRS Plan 2/3 members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. TRS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

PERS Plan Information

PERS was established in 1947, and its retirement benefit provisions are contained in RCW Chapters 41.34 and 41.40. PERS is a cost-sharing, multi-employer retirement system. PERS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. PERS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. The AFC is the average of the member's 24 highest consecutive service months. Members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or at age 60 with at least five years of service.

Members retiring from inactive status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits. PERS Plan 1 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

SERS Plan Information

SERS was established by the legislature in 1998, and the plan became effective in 2000. SERS retirement benefit provisions are established in RCW Chapters 41.34 and 41.35. SERS is a cost-sharing, multiemployer retirement system comprised of two separate plans for membership purposes. SERS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan and SERS Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. SERS members include classified employees of school districts and educational service districts.

SERS is reported as two separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 2/3 and Plan 3. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

SERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service for Plan 2 and one percent of AFC for Plan 3. The AFC is the monthly average of the member's 60 highest-paid consecutive service months before retirement, termination or death. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. SERS members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. SERS members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions, if hired prior to May 2, 2013: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules. SERS members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. SERS retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost- of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

Plan Contributions

The employer contribution rates for PERS, TRS, and SERS (Plans 1, 2, and 3) and the TRS and SERS Plan 2 employee contribution rates are established by the Pension Funding Council based upon the rates set by the Legislature. Employers do not contribute to the defined contribution portions of TRS Plan 3 or SERS Plan 3. Under current law the employer must contribute 100 percent of the employer-required contribution. The employee contribution rate for Plan 1 in PERS and TRS is set by statute at six percent and does not vary from year to year.

The employer and employee contribution rates for the PERS plan were effective as of July 1, 2019. SERS and TRS contribution rates are effective as of September 1, 2019. All plans will not have a contribution rate change until September 1, 2020. The pension plan contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for fiscal year 2020 are listed below:

Pension Contribution Rates from September 01, 2019 to August 31, 2020					
	Employer	Employee			
PERS Plan 1	12.86%	6.00%			
TRS Plan 1	15.51%	6.00%			
TRS Plan 2/3	15.51%	7.77%	*/**		
SERS Plan 2/3	13.19%	8.25%	*/**		
Note: The Employer rates include .0018 DRS administrative expense.					
* – TRS and SERS Plan 3 Employee Contribution Variable from 5% to 15% based on rate selected by the employee member.					
** – TRS and SERS Plan 2/3 Employer Contributio	ns for defined benefit p	ortion only.			

The School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)

At June 30, 2020, the school district reported a total liability of \$1,920,578 for its proportionate shares of the individual plans' collective net pension liability. Proportion of net pension liability is based on annual contributions for each of the employers participating in the DRS administered plans. At June 30, 2020, the district's proportionate share of each plan's net pension liability is reported below:

June 30, 2020	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
District's Annual Contributions	\$41,048	\$70,173	\$212,364	\$217,401
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$199,963	\$172,627	\$974,077	\$573,910

At June 30, 2020, the school district's percentage of the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability was as follows and the change in the allocation percentage from the prior period is illustrated below.

Allocation percentages	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Current year share of the Net Pension Liability	0.005664%	0.032451%	0.040438%	0.037364%
Prior year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.005993%	0.034716%	0.042177%	0.039803%
Net difference percentage	-0.000329%	-0.002265%	-0.001738%	-0.001718%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities for TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1 and SERS 2/3 were determined by actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, with the results rolled forward to June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75% total economic inflation, 3.50% salary inflation			
Salary increases	In addition to the base 3.50% salary inflation assumption, sala			
	are also expected to grow by promotions and longevity.			
Investment rate of return	7.40%			

Mortality Rates

Mortality rates used in the plans were developed using the Society of Actuaries' Pub.H-2010 Mortality rates, which vary by member status as the base table. OSA applies age offsets for each system to better tailor the mortality rates to the demographics of each plan. OSA applied the long-term MP-2017 generational improvement scale to project mortality rates for every year after the 2010 base table. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of the 2013–2018 Demographic Experience Study Report and the 2019 Economic Experience Study. Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2019 actuarial valuation report.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

OSA selected a 7.40% long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments using a building-block method. In selecting the assumptions, OSA reviewed the historical experience data, considered the historical conditions that produced past annual investment returns, and considered Capital Market Assumptions (CMAs) and simulated expected investment returns the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB) provided.

The CMAs contain three pieces of information for each class of assets the WSIB currently invest in:

- Expected annual return
- Standard deviation of the annual return
- Correlations between the annual returns of each asset class with every other asset class

WSIB uses the CMAs and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns over various time horizons. The expected future rates of return are developed by the WSIB for each major asset class. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1, and SERS 2/3				
Asset Class	Target	Long-term Expected Real		
	Allocation	Rate of Return		
Fixed Income	20.00%	2.20%		
Tangible Assets	7.00%	5.10%		
Real Estate	18.00%	5.80%		
Global Equity	32.00%	6.30%		
Private Equity	23.00%	9.30%		

The inflation component used to create the above table is 2.20 percent, and represents WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.40 percent. To determine the discount rate, an asset sufficiency test was completed to test whether the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Based on the assumptions described in the DRS ACFR Certification Letter, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.40 percent on pension plan investments was applied to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Conway School District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability (NPL) calculated using the discount rate of 7.40 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.40 percent) or one percentage-point higher (8.40 percent) than the current rate. Amounts are calculated using the school district's specific allocation percentage, by plan, to determine the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate					
	1% Decrease (6.40%)	Current Discount Rate (7.40%)	1% Increase (8.40%)		
PERS 1 NPL	\$4,422,202,000	\$3,530,540,000	\$2,752,919,000		
Allocation Percentage	0.005664%	0.005664%	0.005664%		
Proportionate Share of NPL	\$250,465	\$199,963	\$155,920		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate					
	1% Decrease (6.40%)	Current Discount Rate (7.40%)	1% Increase (8.40%)		
SERS 2/3 NPL	\$1,517,879,000	\$531,964,000	(\$283,583,000)		
Allocation Percentage	0.032451%	0.032451%	0.032451%		
Proportionate Share of NPL	\$492,566	\$172,627	\$(92,025)		
TRS 1 NPL	\$3,051,911,000	\$2,408,786,000	\$1,847,550,000		
Allocation Percentage	0.040438%	0.040438%	0.040438%		
Proportionate Share of NPL	\$1,234,147	\$974,077	\$747,121		
TRS 2/3 NPL	\$4,526,645,000	\$1,535,981,000	(\$903,643,000)		
Allocation Percentage	0.037364%	0.037364%	0.037364%		
Proportionate Share of NPL	\$1,691,354	\$573,910	\$(337,641)		

NOTE 5: ANNUAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATIONS

The state, through the Health Care Authority (HCA), administers a defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan that is not administered through a qualifying trust. The Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB), created within the HCA, is authorized to design benefits and determine the terms and conditions of employee and retired employee participation and coverage, including establishment of eligibility criteria for both active and retired employees. Benefits purchased by PEBB include medical, dental, life insurance and long-term disability insurance.

Employers participating in the PEBB plan include the state of Washington (which includes general government agencies and higher education institutions), political subdivisions and tribal governments. Additionally, the PEBB plan is available to the retirees of K–12 school districts and ESDs. The District's retirees (approximately 21) are eligible to participate in the PEBB plan under this arrangement.

Eligibility

District members are eligible for retiree medical benefits after becoming eligible for service retirement pension benefits (either reduced or full pension benefits) under Plan 2 or 3 of TRS or SERS.

Former members who are entitled to a deferred vested pension benefit are not eligible to receive medical and life insurance benefits after pension benefit commencement. Survivors of covered members who die are eligible for medical benefits.

Medical Benefits

Upon retirement, members are permitted to receive medical benefits. Retirees pay the following monthly rates for pre-65 medical coverage for 2020.

Members not eligible for Medicare				
(or enrolled in Part A only) Type of Coverage			ge	
Descriptions	Employee	Employee & Spouse	Full Family	
Kaiser Permanente NW Classic	\$715.66	\$1,426.75	\$1,959.20	
Kaiser Permanente NW CDHP	\$608.85	\$1,206.99	\$1,611.85	
Kaiser Permanente WA Classic	\$752.15	\$1,499.24	\$2,059.55	
Kaiser Permanente WA CDHP	\$610.16	\$1,210.10	\$1,616.32	
Kaiser Permanente WA Sound Choice	\$618.49	\$1,231.92	\$1,692.00	
Kaiser Permanente WA Value	\$675.71	\$1,346.36	\$1,849.35	
UMP Classic	\$679.72	\$1,354.37	\$1,860.37	
UMP CDHP	\$608.35	\$1,206.48	\$1,611.34	
UMP Plus-Puget Sound High Value Network	\$644.97	\$1,284.88	\$1,764.82	
UMP Plus-UW Medicine Accountable Care Network	\$644.97	\$1,284.88	\$1,764.82	

Retirees enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B receive an explicit subsidy in the form of reduced premiums on Medicare supplemental plans. Retirees pay the following monthly rates.

Employee & Spouse ¹ \$342.75	Full Family ¹ \$875.70
	\$875.70
\$344.04	N/A
N/A	\$904.36
N/A	\$804.11
N/A	\$847.03
\$636.02	\$1,142.01
	N/A

Note 1: Employee–Spouse and Full Family with two Medicare eligible subscribers.

Funding Policy

The funding policy is based upon the pay-as-you go financing.

The School Employee Benefits Board (SEBB) collects benefit premiums from all school district entities for covered employees. The premium includes a fee, established in state law. The purpose of this fee is to cover the impact of the subsidized rate of health care benefits for school retirees who elect to purchase their health care benefits through the state Health Care Authority PEBB plan. For the fiscal year 2019–20, SEBB was required to collect for the HCA \$69.56 per month per eligible employee to support the program. This amount is set forth in the state's operating budget and is subject to change on an annual basis. This amount is not actuarially determined and is not placed in a trust to pay the obligations for post-employment health care benefits.

The District has no control over the benefits offered to retirees, the rates charged to retirees, nor the fee paid to the Health Care Authority. The District does not determine its annual required contribution, nor the net other post-employment benefit obligation associated with this plan. These amounts are not shown on the financial statements.

For further information on the results of the actuarial valuation of the employer provided subsidies associated with the state's PEBB plan, refer to the <u>Office of the State Actuary</u>.

The plan does not issue a separate report; however, additional information is included in the State of Washington Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which is available on the <u>OFM</u> website.

NOTE 6: COMMITMENTS UNDER LEASES

Lessor	Amount	Annual Installment	Final Installment Date	Interest Rate	Balance
Lease-Purchase Commitments					
GE – Copiers Wells	\$72,362	\$15,105	08/2023		\$42,469
Fargo					
August 31, 2021		\$15,535			\$26,934
August 31, 2022		\$15,105			\$11,829
August 31, 2023		\$11,829			\$0
Total Lease-Purchase Commitments					

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020, the District had incurred additional long-term debt as follows:

NOTE 7: REQUIRED DISCLOSURES ABOUT CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's capital assets are insured in the amount of \$15,863,800 for fiscal year 2019-2020. In the opinion of the District's insurance consultant, the amount is sufficient to adequately fund replacement of the District's assets.

NOTE 8: LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020:

Governmental activities	Balance at Sept. 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Balance at Aug. 31, 2020	Due within One Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$7,915,000		\$350,000	\$7,565,000	\$365,000
Total	\$7,915,000		\$350,000	\$7,565,000	\$365,000

Long-term debt at August 31, 2020, is comprised of the following individual issue:

Issue Name	Amount Authorized	Annual Installments	Final Maturity	Interest Rate(s)	Amount Outstanding
General Obligation Bonds					
Issued June 11, 2013	\$9,030,000	25	12/01/2037	2.625% – 4%	\$7,565,000
Total	\$9,030,000	25			\$7,565,000

Debt service requirements on long-term debt as of August 31, 2020, are as follows:

	Во	nds	
Years Ending August 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$365,000	\$243,219	\$608,219
2022	\$385,000	\$231,969	\$616,969
2023	\$410,000	\$220,044	\$630,044
2024	\$430,000	\$207,444	\$637,444
2025	\$455,000	\$193,600	\$648,600
2026-2030	\$1,690,000	\$806,334	\$2,496,334
2031-2035	\$2,215,000	\$469,825	\$2,684,825
2036-2038	\$1,615,000	\$86,394	\$1,701,394
Total	\$7,565,000	\$2,458,829	\$10,023,829

At August 31, 2020, the District had <u>\$508,768</u> available in the Debt Service Fund to service the general obligation bonds.

NOTE 9: INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Transferred From	Transferred To (Fund)	Amount	Description
Capital Projects	General Fund	\$66,443	Tech Levy expenditures
– Tech Levy			made in General Fund;
			transfer funds from Tech
			Levy deposited in the
Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	\$100,000	State Forest revenue received
			in Debt Service Fund
			transferred to Capital Projects

The following table depicts interfund transfer activity:

NOTE 10: ENTITY RISK MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The district is a member of the Washington Schools Risk Management Pool (WSRMP). Chapter 48.62 RCW authorizes the governing body of any one or more governmental entities to form together into or join a pool or organization for the joint purchasing of insurance, and/or joint self-insuring, and/or joint hiring or contracting for risk management services to the same extent that they may individually purchase insurance, self-insure, or hire or contract for risk management services. An agreement to form a pooling arrangement was made pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 39.34 RCW, the Interlocal Cooperation Act. WSRMP was formed in 1986 when educational service districts and school districts in the state of Washington joined by signing the Cooperative Risk Management Pool Account Agreement (Account Agreement) to pool their self-insured losses and jointly purchase insurance and administrative services. Over 90 school and educational service districts have joined WSRMP.

WSRMP allows members to jointly purchase insurance coverage, establish a plan of selfinsurance, and provide related services, such as risk management. WSRMP provides the following coverages for its members: property, liability, vehicle, school board liability, crime, employment practices, errors and omissions, equipment breakdown, cyber security, terrorism, and stop gap liability.

Members make an annual contribution to fund WSRMP. WSRMP purchases reinsurance and excess insurance from unrelated carriers subject to a per-occurrence self-insured retention of \$1 million for property risk \$1.5M for liability risk shared by WSRMP. Reinsurance or Excess carriers cover losses over the self-insured retention to the maximum limits of each policy. Members are responsible for varied deductibles for auto and property claims. Since WSRMP is a cooperative program, there is a joint liability among the participating members.

Members contract to remain in WSRMP for a minimum of three years and must give notice three years before terminating participation. The Account Agreement is renewed automatically each year after the initial three-year period. Even after termination, a member is still responsible for their share of contributions to WSRMP for any unresolved, unreported, and in-process claims for the period in which they were a signatory to the Account Agreement.

WSRMP is fully funded by its member participants and is governed by a board of directors that consists of one designated representative from each participating member. An executive board is elected at the annual meeting and is responsible for overseeing the business affairs of WSRMP.

Conway School District	
Total Insured Value for FY 2019-20	\$ 15,863,800
Fully accrued Contribution for FY 2019-20	\$ 56,547

Washington Schools Risk Management Pool

Purpose	To provide risk sharing and related services to member school districts.
Participants	79 school districts, 6 educational service districts, and 5 interlocal cooperatives.
Governing Board	16 member Executive Board.
FY 2019-20 Confidence Level	92.5%

Condensed Financial Information (Most recent financials available)

		August 31, 2020 *
Total Assets	\$	87,024,798
Total Liabilities		62,425,627
Ending Net Position	\$	24,599,171
Total Revenues Total Expenses OPERATING INCOME / (LOSS)	\$	60,839,900 57,558,797 3,281,102
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	<u>\$</u>	3,281,102

* Unaudited

NOTE 11: PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax revenues are collected as the result of special levies passed by the voters in the District. Taxes are levied on January 1. The taxpayer has the obligation of paying all taxes on April 30 or one-half then and one-half on October 31. Typically, slightly more than half of the collections are made on the April 30 date. The tax collections occurring after the end of the fiscal period are unavailable for revenue accrual. Therefore, the fall portion of property taxes is not accrued as revenue. Instead, the property taxes due after the end of the fiscal period are recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

The district has not entered into any tax abatement programs.

NOTE 12: JOINT VENTURES AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The District is a member of the King County Director's Association (KCDA). KCDA is a purchasing cooperative designed to pool the member districts' purchasing power. The board authorized joining the association by passing a Resolution dated April 1, 1974, and has remained in the joint venture ever since. The District's current equity of \$7,837.95 is the accumulation of the annual assignment of KCDA's operating surplus based upon the percentage derived from KCDA's total sales to the District compared to all other districts applied against paid administrative fees. The District may withdraw from the joint venture and will receive its equity in ten annual allocations of merchandise or 15 annual payments.

NOTE 13: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund
Nonspendable Fund Balance					
Inventory and Prepaid Items					
Restricted Fund Balance					
For Other Items					
For Fund Purpose		\$18,523			\$109,785
For Carryover of Restricted Revenues	\$2,647				
For Skill Centers					
For Carryover of Food Service Revenue					

The District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate.

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund
For Debt Service	\$42,469			\$301,056	
For Arbitrage Rebate					
For Self-Insurance					
For Uninsured Risks					
Restricted from Bond Proceeds					
Committed from Levy Proceeds			\$118,361		
Restricted from State Proceeds					
Restricted from Federal Proceeds					
Restricted from Other Proceeds					
Restricted from Impact Fee Proceeds					
Restricted from Mitigation Fee Proceeds					
Restricted from Undistributed Proceeds					
Committed Fund Balance					
For Economic Stabilization					
Other Commitments					
Assigned Fund Balance					
Contingencies	\$100,000				
Other Capital Projects					
Other Purposes					
Fund Purposes			\$227,366	\$207,712	
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$1,532,989				

The board of directors has established a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund to provide for financial stability and contingencies within the District. The policy is that the District shall maintain 12% of budgeted expenditures. Portions of fund balance that are set aside for the purpose of meeting this policy are recorded on the financial statements as a part of Unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 14: DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION

457 Plan – Deferred Compensation Plan

District employees have the option of participating in a deferred compensation plan as defined in §457 of the Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the state deferred compensation plan, or the District. The District does not make employer contributions to the plan.

403(b) Plan – Tax Sheltered Annuity (TSA)

The District offers a tax deferred annuity plan for its employees. The plan permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years under elective deferrals (employee contributions). The District does not make employer contributions to the plan.

The District complies with IRS regulations that require school districts to have a written plan to include participating investment companies, types of investments, loans, transfers, and various requirements. The plan is administered by TSA Consulting. Plan assets are assets of the District employees, not the school district, and are therefore not reflected on the financial statements.

NOTE 15: TERMINATION BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Employees earn sick leave at a rate of 12 days per year up to a maximum of one contract year.

Under the provisions of RCW 28A.400.210, sick leave accumulated by District employees is reimbursed at death or retirement at the rate of one day for each four days of accrued leave, limited to 180 accrued days. This chapter also provides for an annual buyout of an amount up to the maximum annual accumulation of 12 days. For buyout purposes, employees may accumulate such leave to a maximum of 192 days, including the annual accumulation, as of December 31 of each year.

These expenditures are recorded when paid, except termination sick leave that is accrued upon death, retirement, or upon termination provided the employee is at least 55 years of age and has sufficient years of service. Vested sick leave was computed using the termination payment method.

Vacation pay, including benefits, that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as expenditures.

No unrecorded liability exists for other employee benefits.

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No.
District
School
Conway

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities

For the Year Ended August 31, 2021

Description	Beginning Outstanding Debt September 1, 2020	Amount Issued / Increased	Amount Redeemed / Decreased	Ending Outstanding Debt August 31, 2021	Amount Due Within One Year
Voted Debt					
Voted Bonds	7,565,000.00	0.00	365,000.00	7,200,000.00	385,000.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds Issued in Lieu of Bonds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Non-Voted Debt and Liabilities					
Non-Voted Bonds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Capital Leases	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Contracts Payable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Non-Cancellable Operating Leases	42,468.50	0.00	15,534.11	26,934.39	15,105.12
Claims & Judgements	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Compensated Absences	415,236.08	0.00	37,243.44	377,992.64	75,665.70
Long-Term Notes	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Anticipation Notes Payable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Lines of Credit	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Non-Voted Debt	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Liabilities					
Non-Voted Notes Not Recorded as Debt	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net Pension Liabilities:					
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 1	974,077.00	0.00	705,026.00	269,051.00	
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 2/3	573,910.00	0.00	573,910.00	0.00	
Net Pension Liabilities SERS 2/3	172,627.00	0.00	172,627.00	0.00	
Net Pension Liabilities PERS 1	199,963.00	0.00	140,396.00	59,567.00	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	9,943,281.58	0.00	2,009,736.55	7,933,545.03	475,770.82

Other postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) liabilities are not presented in the Schedule of Long Term Liabilities.

Conway School District No. 317

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities

For the Year Ended August 31, 2020

Description	Beginning Outstanding Debt September 1, 2019	Amount Issued / Increased	Amount Redeemed / Decreased	Ending Outstanding Debt August 31, 2020	Amount Due Within One Year
Voted Debt					
Voted Bonds	7,915,000.00	0.00	350,000.00	7,565,000.00	365,000.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds Issued in Lieu of Bonds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Non-Voted Debt and Liabilities					
Non-Voted Bonds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Capital Leases	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Contracts Payable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Non-Cancellable Operating Leases	28,854.60	28,719.02	15,105.12	42,468.50	15,105.12
Claims & Judgements	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Compensated Absences	162,337.59	252,898.49	0.00	415,236.08	69,057.82
Long-Term Notes	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Anticipation Notes Payable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Lines of Credit	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Non-Voted Debt	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Liabilities					
Non-Voted Notes Not Recorded as Debt	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net Pension Liabilities:					
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 1	1,044,215.00	0.00	70,138.00	974,077.00	
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 2/3	235,486.00	338,424.00	0.00	573,910.00	
Net Pension Liabilities SERS 2/3	81,408.00	91,219.00	0.00	172,627.00	
Net Pension Liabilities PERS 1	230,447.00	0.00	30,484.00	199,963.00	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	9,697,748.19	711,260.51	465,727.12	9,943,281.58	449,162.94

ABOUT THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

The State Auditor's Office is established in the Washington State Constitution and is part of the executive branch of state government. The State Auditor is elected by the people of Washington and serves four-year terms.

We work with state agencies, local governments and the public to achieve our vision of increasing trust in government by helping governments work better and deliver higher value.

In fulfilling our mission to provide citizens with independent and transparent examinations of how state and local governments use public funds, we hold ourselves to those same standards by continually improving our audit quality and operational efficiency, and by developing highly engaged and committed employees.

As an agency, the State Auditor's Office has the independence necessary to objectively perform audits, attestation engagements and investigations. Our work is designed to comply with professional standards as well as to satisfy the requirements of federal, state and local laws. The Office also has an extensive quality control program and undergoes regular external peer review to ensure our work meets the highest possible standards of accuracy, objectivity and clarity.

Our audits look at financial information and compliance with federal, state and local laws for all local governments, including schools, and all state agencies, including institutions of higher education. In addition, we conduct performance audits and cybersecurity audits of state agencies and local governments, as well as state whistleblower, fraud and citizen hotline investigations.

The results of our work are available to everyone through the more than 2,000 reports we publish each year on our website, <u>www.sao.wa.gov</u>. Additionally, we share regular news and other information via an email subscription service and social media channels.

We take our role as partners in accountability seriously. The Office provides training and technical assistance to governments both directly and through partnerships with other governmental support organizations.

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