

Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit Report

Edmonds School District No. 15

For the period September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022

Published July 6, 2023 Report No. 1032907



Find out what's new at SAO by scanning this code with your smartphone's camera



Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

July 6, 2023

Superintendent and Board of Directors Edmonds School District No. 15 Lynnwood, Washington

Report on Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit

Please find attached our report on Edmonds School District No. 15's financial statements and compliance with federal laws and regulations.

We are issuing this report in order to provide information on the District's financial condition.

Sincerely,

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor

Tat Macky

Olympia, WA

Americans with Disabilities

In accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, we will make this document available in alternative formats. For more information, please contact our Office at (564) 999-0950, TDD Relay at (800) 833-6388, or email our webmaster at webmaster@sao.wa.gov.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	. 4
Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs	. 6
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards1	13
ndependent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on	
nternal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With the Uniform Guidance	16
ndependent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements	20
Financial Section2	24
Corrective Action Plan for Findings Reported Under Uniform Guidance	61
About the State Auditor's Office	63

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Edmonds School District No. 15 September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

The results of our audit of Edmonds School District No. 15 are summarized below in accordance with Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

Financial Statements

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the District's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. Separately, we issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because the financial statements are prepared using a basis of accounting other than GAAP.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We noted no instances of noncompliance that were material to the financial statements of the District.

Federal Awards

Internal Control over Major Programs:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over major federal programs that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the District's compliance with requirements applicable to each of its major federal programs, with the exception of the 32.009 – COVID 19 – Emergency

Connectivity Fund Program on which we issued an adverse opinion on compliance with applicable requirements.

We reported findings that are required to be disclosed in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

Identification of Major Federal Programs

The following programs were selected as major programs in our audit of compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

<u>ALN</u>	Program or Cluster Title
32.009	COVID-19 – Emergency Connectivity Fund Program
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies
84.027	COVID-19 – Special Education Cluster (IDEA) – Special Education Grants to States
84.027	Special Education Cluster (IDEA) – Special Education Grants to States
84.173	Special Education Cluster (IDEA) – Special Education Preschool Grants
84.425	COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Fund

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs, as prescribed by the Uniform Guidance, was \$980,153.

The District qualified as a low-risk auditee under the Uniform Guidance.

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

See Finding 2022-001.

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND OUESTIONED COSTS

Edmonds School District No. 15 September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022

2022-001 The District did not have adequate internal controls for ensuring compliance with allowable activities and costs, equipment, and restricted purpose requirements.

Assistance Listing Number and Title: 32.009, COVID-19 – Emergency

Connectivity Fund Program

Federal Grantor Name: Federal Communications Commission

Federal Award/Contract Number: ECF202110250

Pass-through Entity Name: N/A
Pass-through Award/Contract Number: N/A

Known Questioned Cost Amount: \$1,726,650

Background

The Emergency Connectivity Fund (ECF) Program provides funding to meet the needs of students and school staff who would otherwise lack access to connected devices and broadband connections sufficient to engage in remote learning. This is referred to as "unmet need." In fiscal year 2022, the District spent \$1,726,650 in ECF Program funds to purchase 5,400 laptops for students.

Federal regulations require recipients to establish and maintain internal controls that ensure compliance with program requirements. These controls include understanding grant requirements and monitoring the effectiveness of established controls.

Allowable activities and costs

ECF Program recipients may only seek reimbursement for eligible devices and services provided to students and staff with unmet need. Recipients are prohibited from seeking reimbursement for eligible equipment and services used solely at the school or held for future use (i.e., warehousing).

Equipment

The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) requires ECF Program recipients to maintain inventories of the devices and services they have purchased with program funds. The FCC also requires the inventory records to include specific elements, such as the type of equipment or service provided, equipment make/model and serial number, name of the students or employees provided the equipment or service, dates they used the equipment or service, and more.

Restricted purpose – unmet need

When submitting applications to the FCC, schools only had to provide an estimate of their students' and staff's unmet need. However, when requesting reimbursement, the District could only request program funds for eligible equipment and services provided to students and school staff with actual unmet need.

Restricted purpose – per-location and per-user limitations

The FCC imposed per-location and per-user limitations to maximize the use of limited funds. Under the program, eligible schools could only be reimbursed for one connected device and Wi-Fi hotspot per student or school employee with unmet need, and no more than one fixed broadband connection per location, such as a student's or employee's residence.

Description of Condition

Allowable activities and costs/restricted purpose – unmet need

The District estimated unmet need for eligible equipment when it applied for ECF Program funds. However, our audit found the District's internal controls were ineffective for ensuring it documented the determination of actual unmet need and only requested reimbursement for equipment provided to students. Specifically, the District purchased laptops, based on its estimate of unmet need, and it requested reimbursement for these purchases totaling \$1,726,650. However, the District did not maintain documentation showing it provided each laptop paid with program funds to a student with an unmet need.

Equipment

The District maintains asset inventories; however, our audit found the District's internal controls were ineffective for ensuring it included all required elements necessary to demonstrate compliance with federal requirements. Specifically, for all laptops purchased with ECF Program funds, the District did not include names of the students provided or responsible for the equipment and the dates they used

it. Further, the District's inventory listing included 368 laptops listed as "location not found," and it included an additional 149 laptops that could not be reconciled to the total number of laptops purchased with program funds.

Restricted purpose – per-location and per-user limitations

Our audit found the District's internal controls were ineffective for demonstrating it complied with the FCC's per-location and per-user limitations. Specifically, the District did not maintain documentation showing it monitored or had a tracking process in place to ensure it only provided one device or connection per user and location.

We consider these deficiencies in internal controls to be material weaknesses that led to material noncompliance.

This issue was not reported as a finding in the prior audit.

Cause of Condition

Allowable activities and costs/restricted purpose – unmet need

Although employees in the District's finance and information technology departments knew the program was federally funded, they were unaware of all its regulations. Further, they thought the estimate of unmet need provided during the application process was sufficient to comply with this requirement. They did not perform additional procedures to only request reimbursement for specific students who had unmet need.

Equipment

The District converted asset inventory systems during the same period as it was receiving ECF-purchased laptops. As a result, the District was unable to produce adequate documentation to demonstrate all required information was tracked throughout the audit period.

Restricted purpose – per-location and per-user limitations

Staff did not know the District could not provide more than one device per student and, therefore, did not establish a process to ensure each student would only receive one computer purchased with ECF Program funds.

Effect of Condition and Questioned Costs

Allowable activities and costs/restricted purpose - unmet need

Because the District did not have documentation supporting whether it provided eligible equipment to students with actual unmet need, it cannot demonstrate compliance with the program's requirements. Given the nature of the program and circumstances, it is likely that at least some of the equipment the District charged to the award addressed unmet needs. However, the lack of a documented assessment of students' actual unmet need means that all costs are unsupported. Since we do not have a reasonable basis for estimating how much of the District's expenditures are allowable, we are questioning all unsupported costs.

Additionally, our audit found the District purchased 900 laptops to keep in inventory for future use, which the ECF Program prohibits, and the District claimed and received reimbursement for sales tax that exceeded the actual amount paid by \$3,747.

Federal regulations require the State Auditor's Office to report known questioned costs that are greater than \$25,000 for each type of compliance requirement. We question costs when we find the District does not have adequate documentation to support expenditures.

Equipment

Without maintaining proper asset and service inventory records, as the FCC requires, the District cannot demonstrate compliance with this requirement. Because of the missing information, the District cannot effectively track the use of federally funded equipment.

Restricted purpose – per-location and per-user limitations

As noted in the allowable activities and costs section above, we are questioning the costs for these devices. Because the District did not maintain documentation, it cannot demonstrate compliance with the FCC's restrictions. Additionally, we cannot determine whether the District only provided one device per user and location.

Recommendation

We recommend the District work with the granting agency to determine audit resolution.

We further recommend the District establish and follow internal controls to ensure staff fully understand the requirements for ECF awards. Specifically, the District should:

- Request reimbursement only for eligible equipment and services provided to students with unmet need, and maintain documentation demonstrating compliance
- Maintain inventories that include all required elements to track the use of equipment paid with ECF Program funds
- Provide no more than one device per student and employee in compliance with the ECF Program's requirements

District's Response

The District does not concur with the entirety of the audit finding or the questioned costs. The District does agree 900 of the 5,400 Chromebooks were purchased with the intent to be stored for future student needs. These Chromebooks are not eligible for reimbursement and we agree that this aspect of the finding is valid. However, for the remaining 4,500 Chromebooks we believe all costs were allowable and devices were only provided to those with an unmet need.

Based on the guidance below, with the exception of the 900 Chromebooks mentioned above, we have spent all funds for allowable costs, and that those costs were reasonable and necessary for school staff and for students with unmet needs.

From the Federal Communications Commission Order FCC-CIRC21-93-043021, question 77: "We think schools are in the best position to determine whether their students and staff have devices and broadband services sufficient to meet their remote learning needs, and we recognize that they are making such decisions in the midst of a pandemic. We, therefore, will not impose any specific metrics or process requirements on those determinations."

Per the FCC guidance above, Districts were allowed to determine whether students had unmet needs, and for the Edmonds School District, this meant addressing instances where the device was too old or too slow to function properly in a remote learning environment or where a student was required to share a device with others needing to access remote learning. Student-owned devices are not guaranteed to have the appropriate level of security, including web filtering to prevent malicious

content which is a requirement of the FCC in order to comply with Children's Internet Protection Act and be eligible for eRate funding. It is primarily for this reason that the district does not consider a student with a non-district computer as having their learning needs met. In addition to this, the district could not access personally-owned devices to provide answers and support to the thousands of technical questions and issues students faced during remote learning. Based on these experiences, unmet need was defined broadly, but within allowed parameters.

Devices for remote learning could also be used at school. During the pandemic in Washington state we experienced times when classrooms, schools and or districts were closed by health department and state regulations because of outbreaks. Districts had to be prepared to support remote learning each day with constantly changing guidance on who was allowed to be in-person. Throughout the 2021-2022 and 2022-2023 school years, each of our students in all grades was expected to take their Chromebook home on a nightly basis, in order to be adequately prepared to pivot to remote learning, should they be directed to do so.

SAO did not apply any reasonable measure to reduce questioned costs but did state they know some of the costs are reasonable, while still choosing to question all costs. We believe that is out of alignment with the FCC guidance.

The State Auditor's Office indicated that "... the District did not maintain documentation showing it monitored or had a tracking process in place to ensure it only provided one device or connection per user and location." We disagree. We looked up each student in the Skyward data system prior to issuing a Chromebook, to confirm that the previously assigned device was three years old or more, and to ensure that each student only received a single district-issued Chromebook. The device provided was recorded in the system under the student's account. The data systems used by the district to track Chromebook assignments do so in real-time. As such, were unable to go backwards in time to the specific date requested by the auditors.

The district will work with the FCC to resolve this finding. The district will determine, in consultation with the FCC, any impacts to funds received in the current year (2022-2023). In the future, the District will request further clarifications on direct federal award requirements that do not have clear guidance at the time of award or will not accept the awarded funds.

Auditor's Remarks

The State Auditor's Office is sympathetic to the significant challenges the District faced during the COVID-19 pandemic, and deeply respects its commitment to student learning despite these challenges. SAO knows that in many cases, governments across Washington received significant pandemic-era federal funds without also receiving clear guidance on how to use them. Then, and now, SAO continues to advocate for clear, timely guidance from federal agencies to make sure Washington governments are not put in a difficult position at audit time.

However, when auditing federal programs of any kind, governments must provide documentation to substantiate that they met the award requirements. As is our practice and audit standards require, we will review the status of this finding during our next audit. We value our partnership with the District in striving for transparency in public service.

Applicable Laws and Regulations

Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), section 516, Audit findings, establishes reporting requirements for audit findings.

Title 2 CFR Part 200, Uniform Guidance, section 303 Internal controls, describes the requirements for auditees to maintain internal controls over federal programs and comply with federal program requirements.

The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants defines significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in its *Codification of Statements on Auditing Standards*, section 935, Compliance Audits, paragraph 11.

Title 47 CFR Part 54, *Universal Service*, Subpart Q, Emergency Connectivity Fund, describes the ECF Program requirements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Edmonds School District No. 15 September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022

Board of Directors Edmonds School District No. 15 Lynnwood, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Edmonds School District No. 15, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2023.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the District's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. We issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because, as described in Note 1, the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* does not require the District to prepare the government-wide statements presenting the financial position and changes in financial position of its governmental activities as required by GAAP. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We noted certain other matters that we have reported to the management of the District in a separate letter dated June 29, 2023.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However,

this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor

Tat Macky

Olympia, WA

June 29, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance

Edmonds School District No. 15 September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022

Board of Directors Edmonds School District No. 15 Lynnwood, Washington

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the compliance of Edmonds School District No. 15, with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Adverse Opinion on 32.009 – COVID-19-Emergency Connectivity Fund Program

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the District did not comply, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on 32.009 – COVID-19 – Emergency Connectivity Fund Program for the year ended August 31, 2022.

Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Major Federal Programs

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its other major federal programs identified in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended August 31, 2022.

Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and unmodified opinions on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on 32.009 – COVID-19-Emergency Connectivity Fund Program

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the District did not comply with the requirements regarding 32.009 – COVID-19 – Emergency Connectivity Fund Program as described in finding number 2022-001 for allowable activities and costs, equipment and restricted purposes requirements. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion for the District to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

Performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance includes the following responsibilities:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the
 compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we
 considered necessary in the circumstances;
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to
 test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform
 Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed; and
- We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a

combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed. Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2022-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor

Tat Michy

Olympia, WA

June 29, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Edmonds School District No. 15 September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022

Board of Directors Edmonds School District No. 15 Lynnwood, Washington

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Unmodified and Adverse Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of Edmonds School District No. 15, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements as listed in the financial section of our report.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting (Accounting Manual)

As described in Note 1 the District has prepared these financial statements to meet the financial reporting requirements of state law and the accounting practices prescribed by the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* (Accounting Manual). Those accounting practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The differences in these accounting practices are also described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the regulatory basis financial position of Edmonds School District No. 15, as of the year ended August 31, 2022, and the regulatory basis of changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, on the basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

The financial statements referred to above were not intended to, and in our opinion they do not, present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Edmonds School District No. 15, as of August 31, 2022, or the changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended, because of the significance of the matter discussed below.

Basis for Unmodified and Adverse Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and *Governmental Auditing Standards*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unmodified and adverse audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

Auditing standards issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) require auditors to formally acknowledge when governments do not prepare their financial statements, intended for general use, in accordance with GAAP. As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the government-wide financial statements are prepared by the District in accordance with state law using accounting practices prescribed by the Accounting Manual, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Matters of Emphasis

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2022, the District adopted new accounting guidance for presentation and disclosure of leases as required by the Accounting Manual. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of state law and the Accounting Manual described in Note 1. This includes determining that the basis of accounting is acceptable for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

Performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* includes the following responsibilities:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements;
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time; and
- We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). The Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is also presented for

purposes of additional analysis, as required by the prescribed Accounting Manual. These schedules are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 29, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor

Tat Muchy

Olympia, WA

June 29, 2023

FINANCIAL SECTION

Edmonds School District No. 15 September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds – 2022 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds – 2022

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – 2022 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position –2022 Notes to Financial Statements – 2022

SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – 2022 Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – 2022

Edmonds School District No. 015
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
August 31, 2022

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	14,979,274.17	148,981.65	109,273.72	481,229.84	1,875,966.27	00.00	17,594,725.65
Minus Warrants Outstanding	-7,747,099.21	-4,433.86	00.0	-103,717.88	00.00	00.00	-7,855,250.95
Taxes Receivable	26,938,017.64		7,658,265.20	25,187,585.81	00.00		59,783,868.65
Due From Other Funds	731,488.88	00.00	00.0	1,846,354.17	00.00	00.00	2,577,843.05
Due From Other Governmental Units	9,869,328.03	00.0	00.0	00.00	00.00	0.00	273,725.36
Accounts Receivable	510,277.36	00.00	00.0	35,823,155.67	00.00	00.00	45,929,035.70
Interfund Loans Receivable	00.00			00.0			00.0
Accrued Interest Receivable	7,425.82	1,414.44	00.0	21,640.96	141.44	0.00	30,622.66
Inventory	953,569.11	00.00		00.00			953,569.11
Prepaid Items	1,302,550.20	56,371.97			00.00	00.00	1,358,922.17
Investments	22,354,815.60	1,664,478.89	9,724,903.02	43,950,440.03	3,548,298.29	00.00	81,242,935.83
Investments/Cash With Trustee	00.00		0.00	00.00	00.0	0.00	0.00
Investments-Deferred Compensation	00.0			00.00			0.00
Self-Insurance Security Deposit	00.0						0.00
TOTAL ASSETS	69,899,647.60	1,866,813.09	17,492,441.94	107,206,688.60	5,424,406.00	00.00	201,889,997.23
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Other	00.0	00.0	0.00	00.00	00.0	0.00	00.0
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	00.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	00.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES	69,899,647.60	1,866,813.09	17,492,441.94	107,206,688.60	5,424,406.00	00.00	201,889,997.23
Accounts Payable	2,452,799.40	17,772.69	00.0	6,518,959.70	429,927.11	00.00	9,419,458.90
Contracts Payable Current	00.00	00.00		00.0	00.00	00.0	00.00
Accrued Interest Payable			00.0				00.0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Edmonds School District No. 015

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

August 31, 2022

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
Accrued Salaries	1,539,254.44	00.00		00.00			1,539,254.44
Anticipation Notes Payable	00.0		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
LIABILITIES:							
Payroll Deductions and Taxes Payable	6,667,448.46	00.0		00.0			6,667,448.46
Due To Other Governmental Units	181,055.80	6,589.37		00.0	00.0	0.00	187,645.17
Deferred Compensation Payable	00.00			00.0			0.00
Estimated Employee Benefits Payable	933,052.48						933,052.48
Due To Other Funds	1,847,354.17	9,409.14	00.00	722,079.74	00.00	00.00	2,578,843.05
Interfund Loans Payable	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
Deposits	19,388.27	00.0		00.00			19,388.27
Unearned Revenue	195,451.91	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00		195,451.91
Matured Bonds Payable			00.00				00.00
Matured Bond Interest Payable			00.0				0.00
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	00.0		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	13,835,804.93	33,771.20	00.00	7,241,039.44	429,927.11	00.00	21,540,542.68
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable Revenue	471,819.62	112,730.57	00.00	34,890,542.33	00.00	00.00	35,475,092.52
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes Receivable	26,938,017.64		7,658,265.20	25,187,585.81	0.00		59,783,868.65
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	27,409,837.26	112,730.57	7,658,265.20	60,078,128.14	00.0	00.0	95,258,961.17
FUND BALANCE:							
Nonspendable Fund Balance	2,256,119.31	56,371.97	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	2,312,491.28
Restricted Fund Balance	3,138,483.26	1,663,939.35	9,834,176.74	14,987,017.80	4,994,478.89	00.00	34,618,096.04
Committed Fund Balance	00.0	00.0	00.00	24,900,503.22	00.00	00.00	24,900,503.22
Assigned Fund Balance	4,671,291.00	00.0	00.00	00.0	00.0	00.00	4,671,291.00

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Edmonds School District No. 015

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

August 31, 2022

Total	18,588,111.84	85,090,493.38	201,889,997.23
Permanent Fund	00.00	0.00	00.00
Transportation Vehicle Fund	00.00	4,994,478.89	5,424,406.00
Capital Projects Fund	00.00	39,887,521.02	107,206,688.60
Debt Service Fund	00.00	9,834,176.74	17,492,441.94
ASB Fund	00.00	1,720,311.32	1,866,813.09
General Fund	18,588,111.84	28,654,005.41	69,899,647.60
	Unassigned Fund Balance	TOTAL FUND BALANCE	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Edmonds School District No. 015

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
REVENUES:							
Local	58,493,105.68	1,398,752.58	19,557,850.07	42,429,497.65	20,561.58		121,899,767.56
State	257,104,185.05		00.00	00.00	1,874,645.68		258,978,830.73
Federal	35,660,427.81		00.00	1,726,650.00	00.00		37,387,077.81
Other	5,499,655.84			80,000.00	00.00	00.00	5,579,655.84
TOTAL REVENUES	356,757,374.38	1,398,752.58	19,557,850.07	44,236,147.65	1,895,207.26	00.00	423,845,331.94
EXPENDITURES:							
CURRENT:							
Regular Instruction	184,744,479.45						184,744,479.45
Special Education	52,930,311.14						52,930,311.14
Vocational Education	10,607,623.38						10,607,623.38
Skill Center	00.00						00.00
Compensatory Programs	16,427,526.92						16,427,526.92
Other Instructional Programs	16,387,043.07						16,387,043.07
Federal Stimulus COVID-19	16,532,013.86						16,532,013.86
Community Services	1,389,094.23						1,389,094.23
Support Services	60,980,905.01						60,980,905.01
Student Activities/Other		1,452,932.79				00.0	1,452,932.79
CAPITAL OUTLAY:							
Sites				4,885,863.95			4,885,863.95
Building				40,927,938.92			40,927,938.92
Equipment				525,151.21			525,151.21
Instructional Technology				14,772,836.62			14,772,836.62
Energy				00.00			00.00
Transportation Equipment					571,718.93		571,718.93
Sales and Lease				30,742.78			30,742.78
Other	2,136,802.04						2,136,802.04
DEBT SERVICE:							
Principal	224,113.44		14,315,000.00	00.0	00.0		14,539,113.44

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Edmonds School District No. 015

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
Interest and Other Charges	64,204.80		9,598,500.00	295,710.37	00.00		9,958,415.17
Bond/Levy Issuance				00.00	00.00		00.00
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	362,424,117.34	1,452,932.79	23,913,500.00	61,438,243.85	571,718.93	00.00	449,800,512.91
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-5,666,742.96	-54,180.21	-4,355,649.93	-17,202,096.20	1,323,488.33	00.00	-25,955,180.97
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Bond Sales & Refunding Bond Sales	00.0		00.00	0.00	00.0		0.00
Long-Term Financing	1,498,911.11			00.00	00.00		1,498,911.11
Transfers In	3,088,305.00		175,000.00	00.00	00.00		3,263,305.00
Transfers Out (GL 536)	00.00		00.00	-3,263,305.01	00.00	00.00	-3,263,305.01
Other Financing Uses (GL 535)	00.00		00.00	00.00	00.00		00.0
Other	24,853.75		00.00	00.00	00.00		24,853.75
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	4,612,069.86		175,000.00	-3,263,305.01	00.00	00.00	1,523,764.85
EXCESS OF REVENUES/OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	-1,054,673.10	-54,180.21	-4,180,649.93	-20,465,401.21	1,323,488.33	00.00	-24,431,416.12
BEGINNING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	29,708,678.51	1,774,491.53	14,014,826.67	60,352,922.23	3,670,990.56	00.00	109,521,909.50
Prior Year(s) Corrections or Restatements	00.0	00.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00
ENDING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	28,654,005.41	1,720,311.32	9,834,176.74	39,887,521.02	4,994,478.89	00.00	85,090,493.38

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Edmonds School District No. 015 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

August 31, 2022

Private

		3
	Custodial Funds	Purpose Trust
ASSETS:		
Imprest Cash	3,200.00	00.00
Cash On Hand	500.00	00.00
Cash On Deposit with Cty Treas	19,418.34	00.00
Minus Warrants Outstanding	-700.00	00.00
Due From Other Governmental Units	1,000.00	0.00
Accounts Receivable	00.0	00.00
Accrued Interest Receivable	00.0	00.0
Investments	00.0	00.0
Investments/Cash With Trustee	00.0	00.0
Other Assets	00.0	00.0
Capital Assets, Land	00.0	00.0
Capital Assets, Buildings	00.00	00.00
Capital Assets, Equipment	00.00	00.00
Accum Depreciation, Buildings	00.0	00.0
Accum Depreciation, Equipment	00.00	00.0
TOTAL ASSETS	23,418.34	00.00
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts Payable	266.08	00.00
Due To Other Governmental Units	00.00	00.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	266.08	0.00
NET POSITION:		
Restricted for:		
Restricted For Intact Trust Principal	00.00	00.00

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Restricted for Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments - CF Restricted for Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments - PPT $\,$

Restricted For Other Purposes

TOTAL NET POSITION

0.00

0.00

23,152.26

23,152.26

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Edmonds School District No. 015

For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

Private Purpose Trust

Custodial Funds

0.00 0.00 0.00 00.00 0.00 0.00

00.0

10,000.00 200.00 22,952.26

10,000.00

00.0

23,152.26

ADDITIONS:		
Contributions:		
Private Donations	10,200.00	00.00
Employer		00.0
Members		00.00
Other	00.0	00.0
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS	10,200.00	00.00
Investment Income:		
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value	00.00	00.00
Interest and Dividends	00.0	00.0
Less Investment Expenses	00.0	00.0
Net Investment Income	00.0	00.0
Other Additions:		
Rent or Lease Revenue	00.0	00.00
Total Other Additions	00.00	00.00
TOTAL ADDITIONS	10,200.00	00.00
DEDUCTIONS:		
Benefits		00.00
Refund of Contributions	00.0	00.0
Administrative Expenses	00.0	00.0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Prior Year(s) Corrections or Restatements

NET POSITION--ENDING

Net Position - Beginning Balance

Net Increase (Decrease)

TOTAL DEDUCTIONS

Other

Scholarships

EDMONDS SCHOOL DISTRICT #15

Notes to the Financial Statements

September 1, 2021 Through August 31, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Edmonds School District (District) is a municipal corporation organized pursuant to Title 28A of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) for the purposes of providing public school services to students in grades K–12. Oversight responsibility for the District's operations is vested with the independently elected board of directors. Management of the District is appointed by and is accountable to the board of directors. Fiscal responsibility, including budget authority and the power to set fees, levy property taxes, and issue debt consistent with provisions of state statutes, also rests with the board of directors.

The District presents governmental fund financial statements and related notes on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington*, issued jointly by the State Auditor's Office and the Superintendent of Public Instruction by the authority of RCW 43.09.200, RCW 28A.505.140, RCW 28A.505.010(1) and RCW 28A.505.020. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

- (1) Districtwide statements, as defined in GAAP, are not presented.
- (2) A Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is presented as supplementary information.
- (3) Supplementary information required by GAAP is not presented.
- (4) Property Taxes collected after the end of the fiscal period are not considered available for revenue accrual as described below.

Fund Accounting

Financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds Each fund uses a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures (or expenses) as appropriate. All funds are considered major funds. The various funds in the report are grouped into governmental (and fiduciary) funds as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

This fund is used to account for all expendable financial resources, except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the principle of having as few funds as are necessary, activities such as food services, maintenance, data processing, printing, and student transportation are included in the General Fund.

Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for financial resources that are to be used for the construction or acquisition of major capital assets. There are two funds that are considered to be of the capital projects fund type: the Capital Projects Fund and the Transportation Vehicle Fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for resources set aside for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets such as land and buildings.

<u>Transportation Vehicle Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for the purchase, major repair, rebuilding, and debt service expenditures that relate to pupil transportation equipment.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of matured general long-term debt principal and interest.

Special Revenue Fund

In Washington state, the only allowable special revenue fund for school districts is the Associated Student Body (ASB) Fund. This fund is accounted for in the District's financial statements as the financial resources legally belong to the District. As a special revenue fund, amounts within the ASB Fund may only be used for those purposes that relate to the operation of the Associated Student Body of the District.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include pension and other employee benefit trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds, and are used to account for assets that are held by the District in a fiduciary capacity.

Private-Purpose Trust Fund

This fund is used to account for resources that are legally held in trust by the District. The trust agreement details whether principal and interest may both be spent, or whether only interest may be spent. Money from a Private-Purpose Trust Fund may not be used to support the District's programs, and may be used to benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Custodial Funds

These funds are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others in a purely custodial capacity.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and fund financial statement presentation

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered "measurable" if the amount of the transaction can be readily determined. Revenues are considered "available" when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Categorical program claims and interdistrict billings are measurable and available and are accrued. Property taxes not collected by the fiscal year end are measurable and recorded as a receivable, however the receivable is not considered available revenue and is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt which are recorded when due. Purchases of capital assets are expensed during the year of acquisition. For federal grants, the recognition of expenditures is dependent on the obligation date. (Obligation means a purchase order has been issued, contracts have been awarded, or goods and/or services have been received.)

Budgets

Chapter 28A.505 RCW and Chapter 392-123 Washington Administrative Code (WAC) mandate school district budget policies and procedures. The board adopts annual appropriated budgets for all governmental funds. These budgets are appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.

Budgets are adopted on the same modified accrual basis as used for financial reporting. Fund balance is budgeted as available resources and, under statute, may not be negative, unless the District enters into binding conditions with state oversight pursuant to RCW 28A.505.110.

The government's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

The District receives state funding for specific categorical education-related programs. Amounts that are received for these programs that are not used in the current fiscal year may be carried forward into the subsequent fiscal year, where they may be used only for the same purpose as they were originally received. When the District has such carryover, those funds are expended before any amounts received in the current year are expended.

Additionally, the District has other restrictions placed on its financial resources. When expenditures are recorded for purposes for which a restriction or commitment of fund balance is available, those funds that are restricted or committed to that purpose are considered first before any unrestricted or unassigned amounts are expended.

The government's fund balance classifications policies and procedures.

The District classifies ending fund balance for its governmental funds into five categories.

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u>. The amounts reported as Nonspendable are resources of the District that are not in spendable format. They are either non-liquid resources such as inventory or prepaid items, or the resources are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Restricted are those resources of the District that have had a legal restriction placed on their use either from statute, WAC, or other legal requirements that are beyond the control of the board of directors. Restricted fund balance includes anticipated recovery of revenues that have been received but are restricted as to their usage.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Committed are those resources of the District that have had a limitation placed upon their usage by formal action of the District's board of directors. Commitments are made either through a formal adopted board resolution or are related to a school board policy. Commitments may only be changed when the resources are used for the intended purpose or the limitation is removed by a subsequent formal action of the board of directors.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u>. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Assigned are those resources that the District has set aside for specific purposes. These accounts reflect tentative management plans for future financial resource use such as the replacement of equipment or the assignment of resources for contingencies. Assignments reduce the amount reported as Unassigned Fund Balance, but may not reduce that balance below zero.

In other governmental funds, Assigned fund balance represents a positive ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered. These resources are only available for expenditure in that fund and may not be used in any other fund without formal action by the District's board of directors and as allowed by statute.

The Superintendent is the only person who has the authority to create Assignments of fund balance.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Unassigned are those net spendable resources of the District that are not otherwise Restricted, Committed, or Assigned, and may be used for any purpose within the General Fund.

In other governmental funds, Unassigned fund balance represents a deficit ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered.

A negative Unassigned fund balance means that the legal restrictions and formal commitments of the District exceed its currently available resources.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All of the District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the weighted average method. The consumption method of inventory is used, which charges inventory as an expenditure when it is consumed. A portion of fund balance, representing inventory, is considered Nonspendable. USDA commodity inventory consists of food donated by the United States Department of Agriculture. It is valued at the prices paid by the USDA for the commodities.

Accounting and Reporting Changes

Leases

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the district implemented guidance for the presentation and disclosures of leases, as required by the School District Accounting Manual. These changes were in response to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87.

As a result, the impact to the district of the adoption of the new lease requirements includes:

- Lease receivables and Deferred Inflows for leases where the District is a lessor are presented on the Balance Sheet.
- Beginning balances for lease liabilities presented on the Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities have been restated to reflect implementation of these requirements.

Information regarding the District's leases are presented in the Leases note, as applicable.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Snohomish County Treasurer is the *ex officio* treasurer for the District and holds all accounts of the District. The District directs the County Treasurer to invest those financial resources of the District that the District has determined are not needed to meet the current financial obligations of the District.

The district's deposits and certificates of deposit are mostly covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC).

The district's participation in the Snohomish County investment pool is voluntary and the pool does not have a credit rating. The district reports its investment in the pool at the Par value amount. The pool maintains a weighted average maturity of 1.99 years.

All of the District's investments during the year and at year-end were insured or registered and held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

Washington State statutes authorize the district to invest in the following types of securities:

- Certificates, notes, or bonds of the United States, its agencies, or any corporation wholly owned by the government of the United States,
- Obligations of government-sponsored corporations which are eligible as collateral for advances to member banks as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System,
- Bankers' acceptances purchased on the secondary market,
- Repurchase agreements for securities listed in the three items above, provided that the transaction is structured so that the public treasurer obtains control over the underlying securities,
- Investment deposits with qualified public depositories,
- Washington State Local Government Investment Pool, and
- County Treasurer Investment Pools.

The District's investments as of August 31, 2022, are as follows:

Type of Investment	(District's) own investments	Investments held by (district) as an agent for other organizations	Total
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	59,593,542	-	59,593,542
County Treasurer's Investment Pool	21,649,394	-	21,649,394
Total	\$81,242,936	-	\$81,242,936

The District is a participant in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The LGIP was authorized by Chapter 294, Laws of 1986, and is managed and operated by the Washington State Treasurer. The State Finance Committee is the administrator of the statute that created the LGIP and adopts rules. The State Treasurer is responsible for establishing the investment policy for the LGIP and reviews the policy annually; proposed changes are reviewed by the LGIP Advisory Committee.

The LGIP is an unrated external investment pool. Investments in the Pool are reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. The Pool is invested in manner that meets the maturity, quality, diversification, and liquidity requirements set forth by generally accepted accounting principles for external investment pools that elect to measure, for financial reporting purposes, investments at amortized cost. The Pool does not have any legally binding guarantees of share values.

The Pool does not impose liquidity fees or redemption gates on participant withdrawals. It is the policy of the Pool to permit participants to withdraw their investments on a daily basis; therefore, the District's investment balance in the Pool is equal to fair value. Fair value is measured using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the pool can access at the measurement date (Level 1 Inputs). Observable markets include exchange markets, dealer markets, brokered markets and principal-to-principal markets.

The Office of the State Treasurer prepares a stand-alone LGIP financial report. A copy of the report is available from the Office of the State Treasurer, PO Box 40200, Olympia, Washington 98504-0200, online at http://www.tre.wa.gov.

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

COVID-19 Pandemic

In February 2020, Governor Inslee declared a state of emergency in response to the spread of a deadly new virus. In the weeks following the declaration, precautionary measures to slow the spread of the virus were ordered. These measures included closing schools, canceling public events, limiting gathering sizes, and requiring people to stay home unless they were leaving for an essential function. On April 6, 2020, the Governor closed all public and private K–12 school buildings throughout the remainder of the 2019–20 school year.

The District started the 2020-21 school year with a remote learning model, but switched to hybrid learning by the spring of 2021. For 2021-22, the District returned to in-person learning for all students, but provided an online option for students and families who wanted to continue in a remote model (Edmonds Online Academy). The District discontinued the online academy for the 2022-2023 school year.

The District experienced decreasing enrollment in the 2020-21 and 2021-22 school years. The District continues to see a slight decline in enrollment into the 2022-23 school year.

The District is still utilizing Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Funds (ESSER) to mitigate the impacts of the pandemic, including for additional health and safety measures. These funds are available to the District through September 2024.

NOTE 4: PENSION PLANS

General Information

The Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the state of Washington, prepares a stand-alone annual comprehensive financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each pension plan. The pension plan's basic financial statement is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The measurement date of the pension plans is June 30. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The school district is reporting the net pension liability in the notes and on the Schedule of Long-term Liabilities calculated as the district's proportionate allocation percentage multiplied by the total plan collective net pension liability. The DRS total collective net pension liabilities for the pension plans school districts participate in are shown here.

The Collective Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The collective net pension liability or asset for the pension plans districts participated in are reported in the following tables

The Collective Net Pension Liability or (Asset) as of June 30, 2022					
	Total Pension Liability	Plan fiduciary net position	Participating employers' net pension liability or (Asset)	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	
PERS 1	11,877,621,000	9,093,254,000	2,784,367,000	76.56%	
SERS 2/3	8,478,821,000	8,747,471,000	(268,650,000)	103.17%	
TRS 1	8,739,146,000	6,837,316,000	1,901,830,000	78.24%	
TRS 2/3	22,946,845,000	23,143,631,000	(196,786,000)	100.86%	

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS report. Copies of the report may be obtained by contacting the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, P.O. Box 48380, Olympia, WA 98504-8380; or online at Annual Financial Reports or http://www.drs.wa.gov./administrations/annual-report.

Membership Participation

Substantially all school district full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following three contributory, multi-employer, cost-sharing statewide retirement systems managed by DRS: Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and School Employees' Retirement System (SERS).

Membership participation by retirement plan as of June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Plan	Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	Active Plan Members
PERS 1	41,154	196	632
SERS 2	13,480	7,186	33,622
SERS 3	13,819	9,896	31,861
TRS 1	29,731	63	111
TRS 2	7,026	3,428	27,202
TRS 3	18,956	8,681	54,336

Membership & Plan Benefits

Certificated employees are members of TRS. Classified employees are members of PERS (if Plan 1) or SERS. Plan 1 under the TRS and PERS programs are defined benefit pension plans whose members joined the system on or before September 30, 1977. TRS 1 and PERS 1 are closed to new entrants.

TRS Plan Information

TRS was established in 1938, and its retirement provisions are contained in RCW Chapters 41.34 and 41.32. TRS is a cost-sharing multi-employer retirement system comprised of three separate plans for membership purposes: Plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans and Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. TRS eligibility for membership requires service as a certificated, public school employee working in an instructional, administrative or supervisory capacity.

TRS is comprised of three separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 1, Plan 2/3, and Plan 3. Plan 1 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 1 members. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of the plan. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

TRS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. TRS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC), for each year of service credit, up to a maximum of 60 percent, divided by twelve. The AFC is the total earnable compensation for the two consecutive highest-paid fiscal years, divided by two. Members are eligible for retirement at any age after 30 years of service, or at the age of 60 with five years of service, or at the age of 55 with 25 years of service. Other benefits include temporary and permanent disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

TRS Plan 2/3 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC) per year of service for Plan 2 members and

one percent of AFC for Plan 3 members. The AFC is the monthly average of the 60 consecutive highest-paid service credit months. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for normal retirement at the age of 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. TRS Plan 2/3 members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. TRS Plan 2/3 members who have 30 or more years of service credit, were hired prior to May 1, 2013, and are at least 55 years old, can retire under one of two provisions: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules. TRS Plan 2/3 members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. TRS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

PERS Plan Information

PERS was established in 1947, and its retirement benefit provisions are contained in RCW Chapters 41.34 and 41.40. PERS is a cost-sharing, multi-employer retirement system. PERS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. PERS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. The AFC is the average of the member's 24 highest consecutive service months. Members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or at age 60 with at least five years of service.

Members retiring from inactive status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits. PERS Plan 1 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

SERS Plan Information

SERS was established by the legislature in 1998, and the plan became effective in 2000. SERS retirement benefit provisions are established in RCW Chapters 41.34 and 41.35. SERS is a cost-sharing, multiemployer retirement system comprised of two separate plans for membership purposes. SERS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan and SERS Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. SERS members include classified employees of school districts and educational service districts.

SERS is reported as two separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 2/3 and Plan 3. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit

portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

SERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service for Plan 2 and one percent of AFC for Plan 3. The AFC is the monthly average of the member's 60 highest-paid consecutive service months before retirement, termination or death. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. SERS members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. SERS members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions, if hired prior to May 2, 2013: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules. SERS members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. SERS retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost- of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

Plan Contributions

The employer contribution rates for PERS, TRS, and SERS (Plans 1, 2, and 3) and the TRS and SERS Plan 2 employee contribution rates are established by the Pension Funding Council based upon the rates set by the Legislature. The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under chapters 41.34 and 41.40 RCW for PERS, 41.34 and 41.35 RCW for SERS, and 41.32 and 41.34 RCW for TRS. Employers do not contribute to the defined contribution portions of TRS Plan 3 or SERS Plan 3. Under current law the employer must contribute 100 percent of the employer-required contribution. The employee contribution rate for Plan 1 in PERS and TRS is set by statute at six percent and does not vary from year to year.

The employer and employee contribution rates for all plans were effective as of September 1, 2021. PERS contribution rates changed on July 1, 2021. Contribution rates for TRS and SERS plans changed on September 1, 2021. The pension plan contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for fiscal year 2022 are listed below:

	From this date	Through this date	Member rate	Employer rate	
PERS 1	7/1/2021	8/31/2022	6.00%	10.25%	
TRS 1	9/1/2021	8/31/2022	6.00%	14.42%	
TRS 2	9/1/2021	8/31/2022	8.05%	14.42%	
TRS 3	9/1/2021	8/31/2022	*	14.42%	**
SERS 2	9/1/2021	8/31/2022	7.76%	11.65%	
SERS 3	9/1/2021	8/31/2022	*	11.65%	**

Note: The Employer rates include .0018 DRS administrative expense.

The School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

At June 30, 2022, the school district reported a total liability of \$49,216,171 for its proportionate shares of the individual plans' collective net pension liability and the district reported a total asset of \$9,113,465 for its proportionate shares of the individual plans' net pension assets. Proportions of net pension amounts are based on annual contributions for each of the employers participating in the DRS administered plans. At June 30, 2022 the district's proportionate share of each plan's net pension liability is reported below:

June 30, 2022	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
District's Annual Contributions	\$2,067,939	\$4,138,582	\$10,744,463	\$13,475,423
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$9,395,094	\$(4,967,581)	\$39,821,076	\$(4,145,885)

At June 30, 2022, the school district's percentage of the proportionate share of the collective net pension amount was as follows and the change in the allocation percentage from the prior period is illustrated below.

Change in Proportionate Shares	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Current year proportionate share	0.337423%	1.849090%	2.093829%	2.106799%
Prior year proportionate share	0.301994%	1.809915%	2.146227%	2.142464%
Net difference percentage	0.035429%	0.039175%	-0.052398%	-0.035665%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities for TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1 and SERS 2/3 were determined by actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, with the results rolled forward to June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75% total economic inflation, 3.25% salary inflation
Salary increases	In addition to the base 3.25% salary inflation assumption, salaries are also
	expected to grow by promotions and longevity.
Investment rate of return	7.00%

^{* –} TRS and SERS Plan 3 Employee Contribution Variable from 5% to 15% based on rate selected by the employee member.

^{** –} TRS and SERS Plan 2/3 Employer Contributions for defined benefit portion only.

Mortality Rates

Mortality rates used in the plans were developed using the Society of Actuaries' Pub.H-2010 Mortality rates, which vary by member status as the base table. OSA applies age offsets for each system to better tailor the mortality rates to the demographics of each plan. OSA applied the long-term MP-2017 generational improvement scale to project mortality rates for every year after the 2010 base table. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of the 2013–2018 Demographic Experience Study Report and the 2021 Economic Experience Study. Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2021 actuarial valuation report.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

OSA selected a 7.00% long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments using a building-block method. In selecting the assumptions, OSA reviewed the historical experience data, considered the historical conditions that produced past annual investment returns, and considered Capital Market Assumptions (CMAs) and simulated expected investment returns the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB) provided.

The CMAs contain three pieces of information for each class of assets the WSIB currently invest in:

- Expected annual return
- Standard deviation of the annual return
- Correlations between the annual returns of each asset class with every other asset class

WSIB uses the CMAs and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns over various time horizons.

The expected future rates of return are developed by the WSIB for each major asset class.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1, and SERS 2/3				
Asset Class Target Allocation		% Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Fixed Income	20.00%	1.50%		
Tangible Assets	7.00%	4.70%		
Real Estate	18.00%	5.40%		
Global Equity	32.00%	5.90%		
Private Equity	23.00%	8.90%		

The inflation component used to create the above table is 2.20% and represents WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. To determine the discount rate, an asset sufficiency test was completed to test whether the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Based on the assumptions described in the DRS Certification Letter, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.00% on pension plan investments was applied to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The following table presents the Edmonds School District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability or asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability or asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.00%) or one percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate. Amounts are calculated using the school district's specific allocation percentage, by plan, to determine the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability or asset.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability or Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate				
	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)	
PERS 1	\$3,719,876,000	\$2,784,367,000	\$1,967,887,000	
Allocation Percentage	0.337423%	0.337423%	0.337423%	
Proportionate Share	\$12,551,717	\$9,395,094	\$6,640,103	
SERS 2/3	\$929,172,000	(\$268,650,000)	(\$1,255,926,000)	
Allocation Percentage	1.849090%	1.849090%	1.849090%	
Proportionate Share	\$17,181,227	(\$4,967,581)	(\$23,223,203)	
TRS 1	\$2,582,448,000	\$1,901,830,000	\$1,306,883,000	
Allocation Percentage	2.093829%	2.093829%	2.093829%	
Proportionate Share	\$54,072,056	\$39,821,076	\$27,363,901	
TRS 2/3	3,565,129,000	(196,786,000)	(3,255,167,000)	
Allocation Percentage	2.106799%	2.106799%	2.106799%	
Proportionate Share	\$75,110,090	(\$4,145,885)	(\$68,579,815)	

NOTE 5: ANNUAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATIONS

The state, through the Health Care Authority (HCA), administers a defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan that is not administered through a qualifying trust. The Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB), created within the HCA, is authorized to design benefits, and determine the terms and conditions of employee and retired employee participation and coverage, including establishment of eligibility criteria for both active and retired employees. Benefits purchased by PEBB include medical, dental, life insurance and long-term disability insurance.

The relationship between the PEBB OPEB plan and its member employers and their employees and retirees is not formalized in a contract or plan document. Rather, the benefits are provided in accordance with a substantive plan. A substantive plan is one, which the employers and plan members understand the plan terms. This understanding is based on communications between the HCA, employers and plan members, and historical pattern of practice with regards to sharing of benefit costs.

Employers participating in the plan include the state of Washington (which includes general government agencies and higher education institutions), political subdivisions and tribal governments. Additionally, the PEBB plan is available to the retirees of the K–12 school districts and ESDs. The District's retirees (approximately 1,491) are eligible to participate in the PEBB plan under this arrangement.

Eligibility

District members are eligible for retiree medical benefits after becoming eligible for service retirement pension benefits (either reduced or full pension benefits) Under PERS 1, 2, 3; TRS 1, 2, or 3; or SERS 2 and 3 plans.

Former members who are entitled to a deferred vested pension benefit are not eligible to receive medical and life insurance benefits after pension benefit commencement. Survivors of covered members who die are eligible for medical benefits.

Medical Benefits

Upon retirement, members are permitted to receive medical benefits. Retirees pay the following monthly rates for pre-65 medical coverage for 2022.

Members not eligible for Medicare				
(or enrolled in Part A only)		Type of Coverage		
Descriptions	Employee	Employee & Spouse	Full Family	
Kaiser Permanente NW Classic	\$768.23	\$1,531.47	\$2,103.90	
Kaiser Permanente NW CDHP	\$643.88	\$1,277.21	\$1,708.47	
Kaiser Permanente WA Classic	\$813.24	\$1,621.48	\$2,227.66	
Kaiser Permanente WA CDHP	\$641.39	\$1,272.99	\$1,702.94	
Kaiser Permanente WA Sound Choice	\$659.19	\$1,313.37	\$1,804.01	
Kaiser Permanente WA Value	\$721.89	\$1,438.79	\$1,976.46	
UMP Classic	\$718.68	\$1,432.35	\$1,967.61	
UMP Select	\$647.73	\$1,290.45	\$1,772.50	
UMP CDHP	\$638.69	\$1,270.29	\$1,700.24	
UMP Plus-Puget Sound High Value Network	\$687.13	\$1,369.26	\$1,880.86	
UMP Plus-UW Medicine Accountable Care Network	\$687.13	\$1,369.26	\$1,880.86	

Retirees enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B receive an explicit subsidy in the form of reduced premiums on Medicare supplemental plans. Retirees pay the following monthly rates.

Members enrolled in Part A and B of Medicare		Type of Coverage		
Descriptions	<u>Employee</u>	Employee & Spouse ¹	Full Family ¹	
Kaiser Permanente NW Senior Advantage	\$172.79	\$340.58	\$913.01	
Kaiser Permanente WA Medicare Plan	\$175.69	\$346.39	N/A	
Kaiser Permanente WA Classic	N/A	N/A	\$952.57	
Kaiser Permanente WA Sound Choice	N/A	N/A	\$837.03	
Kaiser Permanente WA Value	N/A	N/A	\$884.06	
UMP Classic	\$364.87	\$724.74	\$1,260.00	
Note 1: Employee–Spouse and Full Family with two Medicare eligible subscribers.				

Funding Policy

The School Employees Benefits Board (SEBB) Program administers health insurance and other benefits to all employees in school districts and charter schools, and union-represented employees of educational service districts in Washington. The SEBB studies, designs, and approves comprehensive and cost-effective insurance benefit plans for school employees and establishes eligibility criteria for participation in these plans. The SEB Board is separate and independent from the Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB).

The funding policy is based upon pay-as-you go financing.

The SEBB collects benefit premiums from all school district entities for covered employees. The premium includes a fee, established in state law. The purpose of this fee is to cover the impact of the subsidized rate of health care benefits for school retirees who elect to purchase their health care benefits through the state Health Care Authority PEBB plan. The amount collected is set forth in the state's operating budget and is subject to change on an annual basis. This amount is not actuarially determined and is not placed in a trust to pay the obligations for post-employment health care benefits.

For the fiscal year 2021-22, the Edmonds School District paid \$35,066,843 in total to HCA-SEBB.

The District has no control over the benefits offered to retirees, the rates charged to retirees, nor the fee paid to the Health Care Authority. The District does not determine its annual required contribution, nor the net other post-employment benefit obligation associated with this plan. These amounts are not shown on the financial statements.

For further information on the results of the actuarial valuation of the employer provided subsidies associated with the state's PEBB plan, refer to the Office of the State Actuary.

The plan does not issue a separate report; however, additional information is included in the State of Washington Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is available on the OFM website.

NOTE 6: LEASES

In July of 2019, the District entered into a 5-year lease (with 3 one-year options to extend) with Wave Business to provide 44 fiber optic connections between district locations. As of August 31, 2022, the principal and interest requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year ended August 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	236,755	64,205	300,960
2024	250,110	50,850	300,960
2025	264,218	36,742	300,960
2026	279,122	21,838	300,960
2027	244,592	6,208	250,800
Total	1,274,798	179,842	1,454,640

Changes in lease liabilities are presented in the accompanying Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities.

Lease of Capital Assets (owned by the District)

The District leases property to tenants not currently needed by the District for program service delivery. A brief description of leasing arrangements are as follows:

Ground Leases:

The District retains ownership of the property formerly occupied by Lynnwood High School. Since relocating Lynnwood High School to a new property, the District has entered into two ground leases:

Costco – Effective December 2014, the District entered into an agreement with Cypress Equities and Costco to lease a portion of the former Lynnwood High School property. The lease term is 30 years, with 6 successive 10-year renewal periods, and one successive 9-year renewal period. Wakefield – Effective January 2020, the District entered into an agreement with Wakefield Alderwood, LLC, who has subsequently subleased a portion of the property to Home Depot. Wakefield constructed multi-family housing on the remainder of the property. The term of this agreement is 99 years, expiring in 2118.

Cell Tower Leases:

The District owns the property where the Meadowdale Playfields are located. The District has entered into lease agreements with three cellular carriers to attach their equipment to existing light poles and ground mounted cabinets.

Lease income for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022 is detailed below:

	Lease Income
Ground Leases:	
Costco	68,540
Wakefield	247,563
Cell Tower Leases:	
Sprint / Clearwire	33,015
Verizon	33,014
T-Mobile	26,889
Total Lease Income	\$409,021

NOTE 7: OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

The District has active construction projects as of August 31, 2022:

Project	Project Authorization Amount	Expended as of 8/31/22	Additional Local Funds Committed
Various Small Capital Improvements - 2016 Levy	\$5,305,000	\$2,091,866	\$3,213,134
Various Small Capital Improvements - 2020 Levy	17,150,000	9,638,589	7,511,411
New Spruce Elem (1054) Phase II	43,300,000	34,136,184	9,163,816
New Oak Heights Elem (1030)	70,000,000	1,082,501	68,917,499
Various Small Capital Improvements - 2021 Levy	3,750,000	18,945	3,731,055
Various Small Capital Improvements - Local Funds 5000	550,000	307,548	242,452
Total	\$140,055,000	\$47,275,632	\$92,779,368

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of moneys are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances lapse at the end of the fiscal year and may be re-encumbered the following year. The following encumbrance amounts were re-encumbered by fund on September 1, 2022:

Fund	Amount
General	\$1,198,804
ASB Fund	\$75,521
Capital Projects Fund	\$28,041,084

NOTE 8: REQUIRED DISCLOSURES ABOUT CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's capital assets are insured in the amount of \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 2022. In the opinion of the District's insurance consultant, the amount is sufficient to adequately fund replacement of the District's assets.

NOTE 9: LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-Term Debt

The accompanying Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities provides more details of the outstanding debt and liabilities of the district and summarizes the district's debt transactions for year ended August 31, 2022.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022:

Governmental activities	Balance at Sept. 1, 2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance at Aug. 31, 2022	Due within One Year
Voter Approved General Obligation Bonds	\$207,470,000	\$0	\$14,315,000	\$193,155,000	\$8,035,000
Limited General Obligation Bond	\$20,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$20,000,000	\$1,750,000
Total	\$227,470,000	\$0	\$14,315,000	\$213,155,000	\$9,785,000

Long-term debt at August 31, 2022, are comprised of the following individual issues:

Issue Name	Amount Authorized	Annual Installments	Final Maturity	Interest Rate(s)	Amount Outstanding
General Obli	gation Bonds				
2014	\$150,000,000	\$2,650,000 - \$19,635,000	12/1/2033	4.00 - 5.00%	\$126,465,000
2015	\$22,115,000	\$2,210,000 - \$2,915,000	12/1/2028	4.00 - 5.00%	\$17,925,000
2016	\$57,015,000	\$1,950,000 - \$9,600,000	12/1/2035	3.50 - 5.00%	\$48,765,000
Limited Gen	eral Obligation Bond				
2021	\$20,000,000	\$1,750,000 - \$6,220,000	12/1/2026	0.99%	\$20,000,000
Total	\$249,130,000				\$213,155,000

Debt service requirements on long-term debt as of August 31, 2022, are as follows:

	Bon	ıds	
Years Ending August 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	9,785,000	9,054,188	18,839,188
2024	11,920,000	8,616,796	3,616,796 20,536,796
2025	14,015,000	8,131,617	22,146,617
2026	16,190,000	7,603,923	23,793,923
2027	18,410,000		
2028–2032	80,535,000	24,783,388	105,318,388
2033–2036	62,300,000	4,437,925	66,737,925
Total	213,155,000	69,673,600	282,828,600

At August 31, 2022, the District had \$9,834,177 available in the Debt Service Fund to service the general obligation bonds.

NOTE 10: INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The following table depicts interfund transfer activity:

Transferred From (Fund) 535 or 536	Transferred To (Fund) 965 9900 or 9901	Amount	Description
Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	\$175,000	LGO Debt Servicing
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	\$3,088,305	Reimbursable Technology Expenditures

NOTE 11: ENTITY RISK MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

In July of 1993, the District joined together with other school districts in the state to form the Washington Schools Risk Management Pool (WSRMP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for property and liability. The District pays an annual premium to the pool for its general insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of the WSRMP provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$1,000 of property damage and \$50,000 of liability for each insured event.

District Self-Insured Workers' Compensation Program

Beginning in July 1991, the District began covering all claims out of its General Fund. The District currently reports all of its risk management activities in its General Fund. Claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not recorded.

The District self-insures workers' compensation (industrial insurance) claims that do not exceed \$600,000. It reinsures claims of \$600,000 or more. After approval by the Washington State Department of Labor and Industries, the District pays the claim of each eligible employee. The District charged itself assessed rates per hour worked of 0.5923 (9/1/21 – 4/30/22) and .3500 (5/1/2022 – 8/31/2022). This results in a monthly credit to GL 639. As claims are paid, GL 639 is debited. During fiscal year 2021-22, the District paid \$2,370,311 in workers' compensation benefits. As of August 31, 2021, and August 31, 2022, the District's industrial compensation liabilities were estimated to be \$830,078 and \$1,007,297 respectively. This represents a change of \$177,219.

Unemployment Insurance

In 2021-2022, the District made payments of \$320,606 to the unemployment insurance pool administered by the local Educational Service District 189 on behalf of several local school districts. The District's reserve in this pool is sufficient to pay all known and pending claims. This fund was established in January 1978 and is operated for the District's benefits in lieu of the District having to make monthly premium payments to the state of Washington for unemployment insurance beneficiaries as they occur and minimizes the District's cost for this program. The District's favorable net experience as of August 31, 2022, was \$1,754,698.

NOTE 12: PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax revenues are collected as the result of special levies passed by the voters in the District. Taxes are levied on January 1. The taxpayer has the obligation of paying all taxes on April 30 or one-half then and one-half on October 31. Typically, slightly more than half of the collections are made on the April 30 date. The tax collections occurring after the end of the fiscal period are unavailable for revenue accrual. Therefore, the fall portion of property taxes is not accrued as revenue. Instead, the property taxes due after the end of the fiscal period are recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

Tax Abatements

Snohomish County independently has entered into agreements that affect the levy rate assessed by the District:

Tax Abatement Program	Total Amount of Taxes Abated
Multiple Unit Dwelling Exemption	\$307,294

NOTE 13: JOINT VENTURES AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The District is a member of the King County Director's Association (KCDA). KCDA is a purchasing cooperative designed to pool the member districts' purchasing power. The board authorized joining the association by passing Resolution 74-156 dated June 17, 1974, and has remained in the joint venture ever since. The District's current equity of \$262,991 is the accumulation of the annual assignment of KCDA's operating surplus based upon the percentage derived from KCDA's total sales to the District compared to all other districts applied against paid administrative fees. The District may withdraw from the joint venture and will receive its equity in ten annual allocations of merchandise or 15 annual payments.

NOTE 14: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate.

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund
Nonspendable Fund Balance					
Inventory and Prepaid Items	\$2,256,119	\$56,372			
Restricted Fund Balance					
For Fund Purpose		\$1,663,939			\$4,994,479
For Carryover of Restricted Revenues	\$1,380,999				
For Carryover of Food Service Revenue	\$1,022,762				
For Debt Service				\$9,834,177	
For Self-Insurance	\$734,722				
Restricted from Bond Proceeds			\$17,084		
Restricted from State Proceeds			\$3,258,162		
Restricted from Other Proceeds			\$11,711,772		
Committed Fund Balance					
Committed from Levy			\$24,850,503		
Proceeds			\$24,650,505		
Other Commitments			\$50,000		
Assigned Fund Balance					
Other Purposes	\$4,671,291				
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$18,588,112				

The board of directors has established a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund to provide for financial stability and contingencies within the District. The policy is that the District shall maintain fund balance of 4% of total expenditures in the General Fund for the ending fiscal period. Portions of fund balance that are set aside for the purpose of meeting this policy are recorded on the financial statements as a part of Unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 15: DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION AND OPEB PLANS

457 Plan – Deferred Compensation Plan

District employees have the option of participating in a deferred compensation plan as defined in §457 of the Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the state deferred compensation plan, or the District. The District does not make employer contributions to the plan.

403(b) Plan – Tax Sheltered Annuity (TSA)

The District offers a tax deferred annuity plan for its employees. The plan permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years under elective deferrals (employee contribution

The District complies with IRS regulations that require school districts to have a written plan to include participating investment companies, types of investments, loans, transfers, and various requirements. The plan is administered by the District. Plan assets are assets of the District employees, not the school district, and are therefore not reflected on the financial statements.

Voluntary Employees' Benefits Association (VEBA)

VEBA Trust is a non-profit, multiple employee voluntary employees' beneficiary association authorized under Internal Revenue Code 501(c)(g). The Trust is managed by a board of trustees appointed by the Association of Washington School Principals, Washington Association of School Administrators, and Washington Association of School Business Officials. The Trust provides health reimbursement plan for employees and eligible dependents. The plan can be used to reimburse employees for qualified health expenses during employment and after retirement. The terms of the collective bargaining agreements specify the district's employer contribution rate of \$50 per month, per eligible member of the Edmonds Education Association and Edmonds School District Association of Office Personnel. Plan assets are assets of the District employees, not the school district, and are therefore not reflected on the financial statements. For the year ended August 31, 2022 the District made \$950,150 in employer contributions to the plan.

NOTE 16: TERMINATION BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Employees earn sick leave at a rate of 12 days per year up to a maximum of one contract year.

Under the provisions of RCW 28A.400.210, sick leave accumulated by District employees is reimbursed at death or retirement at the rate of one day for each four days of accrued leave, limited to 180 accrued days. This chapter also provides for an annual buyout of an amount up to the maximum annual accumulation of 12 days. For buyout purposes, employees may accumulate such leave to a maximum of 192 days, including the annual accumulation, as of December 31 of each year.

These expenditures are recorded when paid, except termination sick leave that is accrued upon death, retirement, or upon termination provided the employee is at least 55 years of age and has sufficient years of service. Vested sick leave was computed using the-vesting method.

Edmonds School District No. 015 Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

	Beginning Outstanding Debt September 1,	Amount Issued /	Amount Redeemed /	Ending Outstanding Debt	Amount Due
Description	2021	Increased	Decreased	August 31, 2022	Within One Year
Voted Debt					
Voted Bonds	207,470,000.00	00.00	14,315,000.00	193,155,000.00	8,035,000.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds Issued in Lieu of Bonds	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	0.00
Non-Voted Debt and Liabilities					
Non-Voted Bonds	20,000,000.00	00.0	00.00	20,000,000.00	1,750,000.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00
Leases	1,498,911.00	00.00	224,113.44	1,274,797.56	236,755.20
Contracts Payable	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Claims & Judgements	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Compensated Absences	7,341,364.76	1,892,936.42	1,226,230.61	8,008,070.57	735,000.00
Long-Term Notes	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Anticipation Notes Payable	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Lines of Credit	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00
Other Non-Voted Debt	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00
Other Liabilities					
Non-Voted Notes Not Recorded as Debt	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00
Net Pension Liabilities:					
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 1	14,450,506.00	25,370,571.00	00.00	39,821,077.00	
Net Pension Liabilities TRS $2/3$	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	
Net Pension Liabilities SERS 2/3	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	
Net Pension Liabilities PERS 1	3,688,055.00	5,707,039.00	00.00	9,395,094.00	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	254,448,836.76	32,970,546.42	15,765,344.05	271,654,039.13	10,756,755.20

Other postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) liabilities are not presented in the Schedule of Long Term Liabilities.

Edmonds School District No. 15 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

Expenditures

					- Apoliaitai oo			
Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	ALN Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
Child Nutrition Cluster								
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	582,824	•	582,824	•	Ŋ
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	227WAWA3N10 99	8,374,923	•	8,374,923	•	
		Total Chile	al Child Nutrition Cluster:	8,957,747	•	8,957,747		
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION, FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION	COVID 19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009		1	1,726,650	1,726,650	•	
NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION (via University of Washington)	Mathematical and Physical Sciences	47.049	DRL-1907471 AM003	89,210	1	89,210	1	23
NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION (via University of Washington)	Mathematical and Physical Sciences	47.049	UWSC13152	24,165	ı	24,165	ı	23
			Total ALN 47.049:	113,375	•	113,375	1	
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, OFPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	270576	7,100	•	7,100	1	23
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, OFPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	204069	2,250,868	1	2,250,868	ı	2346

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Edmonds School District No. 15 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

						Expenditures			
	Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	ALN Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
	OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, OFPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	270937	23,706	'	23,706	1	23
	OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, OFPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	270274	103,516	1	103,516	1	23
				Total ALN 84.010:	2,385,190	 •	2,385,190		
	Special Education Cluster (IDEA) OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF	Special Education Grants to States	84.027	307486	4,042,229	•	4,042,229	•	2346
	(via OSPI) OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF	Special Education Grants to States	84.027	338453	166,004		166,004	•	2346
	(via OSPI) OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	COVID 19 - Special Education Grants to States	84.027	312150	960,186	1	960,186	ı	23
				Total ALN 84.027:	5,168,419		5,168,419	1	
Page	OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	366860	126,051	1	126,051		23

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Edmonds School District No. 15 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

			I	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Expenditures		1	
Federal Program	- 1	ALN Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
Special Education Preschool Grants	ω	84.173	388037	3,615	1	3,615	1	23
			Total ALN 84.173:	129,666	•	129,666	1	
Total Special			Education Cluster (IDEA):	5,298,085	•	5,298,085	•	
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States		84.048	174866	125,337		125,337		23
Indian Education Grants to Local Educational Agencies		84.060		•	17,402	17,402	•	234
English Language Acquisition State Grants		84.365	403063	148,173		148,173	•	23
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	ω	84.367	525389	303,368	•	303,368	•	23
School Improvement Grants	w	84.377	225406	4,441	•	4,441	•	23
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	ω	84.424	431132	180,343	1	180,343	r	23

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Edmonds School District No. 15 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

			1		Expenditures			
Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	ALN Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	84.425U 137044	1,329,824	' '	1,329,824	'	23
EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	84.425U 138004	4,100,039	•	4,100,039	•	23
EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	84.425D 120412	7,806,618	•	7,806,618	•	23
EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	84.425D 120236	6,080	•	6,080	•	23
EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	84.425U 712197	31,542	•	31,542	•	7
EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	84.425U 140010	86,862	•	86,862	•	23
EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	84.425U 140607	9,253	•	9,253	•	23
EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	84.425W 459531	8,225	•	8,225	•	23
EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	84.425D 142222	2,851	•	2,851	•	23
			Total ALN 84.425:	13,384,294	•	13,384,294	1	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Edmonds School District No. 15 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

			From Dage	Expenditures		Dagget through	
Federal Program	ALN Number	Other Award Number	Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	rassed tillough to Subrecipients	Note
COVID 19 - Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036		'	27,374	27,374	1	0
ĭ	Fotal Federal A	_ Total Federal Awards Expended:	30,900,353	1,771,426	32,671,779	•	

Edmonds School District 2021-2022 SEFA Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

NOTE 1—BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared on the same basis of accounting as the Edmonds School District's financial statements. The Edmonds School District uses the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures represent only the federally funded portions of the program. District records should be consulted to determine amounts expended or matched from non-federal sources.

NOTE 2—FEDERAL DE MINIMIS INDIRECT RATE

The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3—FEDERAL INDIRECT RATE

The Edmonds School District has an allowable federal restricted rate of 2.85% and an allowable federal unrestricted rate of 10.38%. The District used an indirect percentage ranging between 2.00% - 10.38% for this program.

NOTE 4—PROGRAM COSTS/MATCHING CONTRIBUTIONS

The amounts shown as current year expenses represent only the federal grant portion of the program costs. Entire program costs, including the Edmonds School District's local matching share, may be more than shown. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in the OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 5—NONCASH AWARDS

The amount of food commodities reported on the schedule is the value of commodities distributed by the Edmonds School District during the current year and priced as prescribed by the USDA.

NOTE 6—SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAMS

The Edmonds School District operates a "schoolwide program" in twelve elementary buildings. Using federal funding, schoolwide programs are designed to upgrade an entire educational program within a school for all students, rather than limit services to certain targeted students. The following federal program amounts were expended by the Edmonds School District in its schoolwide program: Title I (84.010) \$1,968,819.35; Special Ed State Grants (84.027) \$954,212.83.

Business and Finance

20420 68th Ave. W., Lynnwood, WA 98036 425-431-7000 Phone 425-431-7006 Fax Lydia Sellie, CPA Executive Director

Serving Brier, Edmonds, Lynnwood, Mountlake Terrace, Woodway, and portions of Snohomish County

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR FINDINGS REPORTED UNDER UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Edmonds School District No. 15 September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022

This schedule presents the corrective action planned by the District for findings reported in this report in accordance with Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

Finding ref number:	Finding caption:
2022-001	The District did not have adequate internal controls for ensuring
	compliance with allowable activities and costs, equipment, and restricted purpose requirements.

Name, address, and telephone of District contact person:

Manuel Juzon, Business Operations Coordinator

20420 68th Avenue W.

Lynnwood, WA 98036-7400

(425) 431 7051

Corrective action the auditee plans to take in response to the finding:

The District does not concur with the entirety of the audit finding or the questioned costs. The District does agree 900 of the 5,400 Chromebooks were purchased with the intent to be stored for future student needs. These Chromebooks are not eligible for reimbursement and we agree that this aspect of the finding is valid. However, for the remaining 4,500 Chromebooks we believe all costs were allowable and devices were only provided to those with an unmet need.

Based on the guidance below, with the exception of the 900 Chromebooks mentioned above, we have spent all funds for allowable costs, and that those costs were reasonable and necessary for school staff and for students with unmet needs.

From the Federal Communications Commission Order FCC-CIRC21-93-043021, question 77: "We think schools are in the best position to determine whether their students and staff have devices and broadband services sufficient to meet their remote learning needs, and we recognize that they are making such decisions in the midst of a pandemic. We, therefore, will not impose any specific metrics or process requirements on those determinations."

Per the FCC guidance above, Districts were allowed to determine whether students had unmet needs, and for the Edmonds School District, this meant addressing instances where the device was too old or too slow to function properly in a remote learning environment or where a student was required to share a device with others needing to access remote learning. Student-owned devices are not guaranteed to have the appropriate level of security, including web filtering to prevent malicious content which is a requirement of the FCC in order to comply with Children's Internet Protection Act and be eligible for eRate funding. It is primarily for this reason that the district does not consider a student with a non-district computer as having their learning needs met. In addition to this, the district could not access personally-owned devices to provide answers and support to the thousands of technical questions and issues students faced during remote learning. Based on these experiences, unmet need was defined broadly, but within allowed parameters.

Devices for remote learning could also be used at school. During the pandemic in Washington State we experienced times when classrooms, schools and or districts were closed by health department and state regulations because of outbreaks. Districts had to be prepared to support remote learning each day with constantly changing guidance on who was allowed to be inperson. Throughout the 2021-2022 and 2022-2023 school years, each of our students in all grades was expected to take their Chromebook home on a nightly basis, in order to be adequately prepared to pivot to remote learning, should they be directed to do so.

SAO did not apply any reasonable measure to reduce questioned costs but did state they know some of the costs are reasonable, while still choosing to question all costs. We believe that is out of alignment with the FCC guidance.

The State Auditor's Office indicated that ". . . the District did not maintain documentation showing it monitored or had a tracking process in place to ensure it only provided one device or connection per user and location." We disagree. We looked up each student in the Skyward data system prior to issuing a Chromebook, to confirm that the previously assigned device was three years old or more, and to ensure that each student only received a single district-issued Chromebook. The device provided was recorded in the system under the student's account. The data systems used by the district to track Chromebook assignments do so in real-time. As such, were unable to go backwards in time to the specific date requested by the auditors.

The district will work with the FCC to resolve this finding. The district will determine, in consultation with the FCC, any impacts to funds received in the current year (2022-2023). In the future, the District will request further clarifications on direct federal award requirements that do not have clear guidance at the time of award or will not accept the awarded funds.

Anticipated date to complete the corrective action:

Upon consultation with the Federal Communications Commission regarding the audit finding for this federal award.

ABOUT THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

The State Auditor's Office is established in the Washington State Constitution and is part of the executive branch of state government. The State Auditor is elected by the people of Washington and serves four-year terms.

We work with state agencies, local governments and the public to achieve our vision of increasing trust in government by helping governments work better and deliver higher value.

In fulfilling our mission to provide citizens with independent and transparent examinations of how state and local governments use public funds, we hold ourselves to those same standards by continually improving our audit quality and operational efficiency, and by developing highly engaged and committed employees.

As an agency, the State Auditor's Office has the independence necessary to objectively perform audits, attestation engagements and investigations. Our work is designed to comply with professional standards as well as to satisfy the requirements of federal, state and local laws. The Office also has an extensive quality control program and undergoes regular external peer review to ensure our work meets the highest possible standards of accuracy, objectivity and clarity.

Our audits look at financial information and compliance with federal, state and local laws for all local governments, including schools, and all state agencies, including institutions of higher education. In addition, we conduct performance audits and cybersecurity audits of state agencies and local governments, as well as state whistleblower, fraud and citizen hotline investigations.

The results of our work are available to everyone through the more than 2,000 reports we publish each year on our website, www.sao.wa.gov. Additionally, we share regular news and other information via an email subscription service and social media channels.

We take our role as partners in accountability seriously. The Office provides training and technical assistance to governments both directly and through partnerships with other governmental support organizations.

Stay connected at sao.wa.gov

- Find your audit team
- Request public records
- Search BARS Manuals (<u>GAAP</u> and <u>cash</u>), and find <u>reporting templates</u>
- Learn about our <u>training workshops</u> and on-demand videos
- Discover which governments serve you
 enter an address on our map
- Explore public financial data with the Financial Intelligence Tool

Other ways to stay in touch

- Main telephone: (564) 999-0950
- Toll-free Citizen Hotline: (866) 902-3900
- Email: webmaster@sao.wa.gov