

Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit Report

Enumclaw School District No. 216

For the period September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022

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Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

September 5, 2023

Board of Directors Enumclaw School District No. 216 Enumclaw, Washington

Report on Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit

Please find attached our report on Enumclaw School District No. 216's financial statements and compliance with federal laws and regulations.

We are issuing this report in order to provide information on the District's financial condition.

Sincerely,

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Pat McCarthy, State Auditor Olympia, WA

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Enumclaw School District No. 216 September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

The results of our audit of Enumclaw School District No. 216 are summarized below in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

Financial Statements

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the District's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. Separately, we issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because the financial statements are prepared using a basis of accounting other than GAAP.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We noted no instances of noncompliance that were material to the financial statements of the District.

Federal Awards

Internal Control over Major Programs:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over major federal programs that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the District's compliance with requirements applicable to each of its major federal programs.

We reported findings that are required to be disclosed in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

Identification of Major Federal Programs

The following programs were selected as major programs in our audit of compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

ALN	Program or Cluster Title
84.027	COVID-19 – Special Education Cluster (IDEA) – Special Education Grants to States
84.027	Special Education Cluster (IDEA) – Special Education Grants to States
84.173	COVID-19 – Special Education Cluster (IDEA) – Special Education Preschool Grants
84.173	Special Education Cluster (IDEA) – Special Education Preschool Grants
84.425	COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Fund

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs, as prescribed by the Uniform Guidance, was \$750,000.

The District did not qualify as a low-risk auditee under the Uniform Guidance.

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

See Finding 2022-001.

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Enumclaw School District No. 216 September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022

2022-001 The District did not have adequate internal controls for ensuring compliance with federal wage rate requirements.

Assistance Listing Number and Title:	84.425, COVID-19 – Education
	Stabilization Fund
Federal Grantor Name:	U.S. Department of Education
Federal Award/Contract Number:	N/A
Pass-through Entity Name:	Office of Superintendent of
	Public Instruction
Pass-through Award/Contract Number:	COVID-19, 84.425D-0120359
	COVID-19, 84.425U-0138220
	COVID-19, 84.425U-0140071
	COVID-19, 84.425W-0459008
Known Questioned Cost Amount:	\$0
Prior Year Audit Finding:	Yes, Finding 2021-001

Background

The objectives of the Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) program are to prevent, prepare for and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic. In fiscal year 2022, the District spent \$2,138,589 in federal funding under its ESF awards. This included \$539,050 in Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) Fund subprogram (84.425D), \$1,595,258 in the American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) subprogram (84.425U), and \$4,281 in the American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief – Homeless Children and Youth (ARP-HCY) subprogram (84.425W).

Federal regulations require award recipients to establish and follow internal controls that ensure compliance with program requirements. These controls include understanding program requirements and monitoring the effectiveness of established controls.

Under federal wage rate requirements, also known as the Davis-Bacon Act, contractors and subcontractors that work on construction contracts financed with more than \$2,000 of federal money must pay laborers and mechanics wage rates that the U.S. Department of Labor considers being similar to what local workers have been paid for similar projects.

For construction contracts subject to these wage rate requirements, the District must include a provision that the contractors and subcontractors comply with those requirements and the Department of Labor's regulations. This includes a requirement for the contractor and its subcontractor to submit to the District weekly, for each week in which any contract work is performed, certified payroll reports. These reports must include a copy of the payroll and a signed statement of compliance.

Description of Condition

During the 2021-2022 school year, the District paid \$490,603 from its ESSER II and ESSER III awards to eight contractors. These contractors repaired or replaced building roofs and updated the heating, ventilation, and air conditioning systems at various buildings to improve air quality and circulation to prevent the spread of COVID-19.

Our audit found the District did not have adequate internal controls for ensuring compliance with federal prevailing wage rate requirements. We tested two contractors and their subcontractors for the audit, and we found the District did not collect weekly certified payroll reports from them to confirm they paid laborers proper prevailing wages.

We consider this internal control deficiency to be a material weakness that led to material noncompliance.

Cause of Condition

While District officials were aware of state prevailing wage requirements, they were unaware of the federal requirement to obtain weekly certified payrolls because these construction projects were the first ones the District paid for with federal funds.

Effect of Condition

Without adequate internal controls that ensure it collects all weekly certified payroll reports, the District cannot demonstrate it complied with federal wage rate requirements. The District could also be liable for paying any additional wages if the contractors and subcontractors did not pay prevailing wage rates to laborers working on the contracts.

During the 2021-2022 school year, the District was required to collect certified payroll reports from eight contractors. We sampled two of these contractors and found the District did not obtain any of the 23 total weekly certified payroll reports. The District subsequently collected all weekly certified payrolls.

Recommendation

We recommend the District develop internal controls that ensure compliance with federal prevailing wage rate requirements. This should include implementing an effective monitoring process to collect and review all weekly certified payroll reports timely from contractors and subcontractors.

District's Response

This repeat finding was the result of timing. Prior year's 2020-2021 finding was discovered around the final quarter of the audited year 2021-2022. Due to its timing, it is not possible to go back and correct the whole fiscal year because the requirement needs to be completed in real time weekly. The District concurs with the description and cause of condition as presented by the State Auditor up until May 2022. May 2022 is the date when we implemented our corrective action plan.

In its investigation of this matter prior to May 2022, the District learned there was an additional required step of weekly certified payroll collection for federally funded projects beyond those of our previously established practices. The district's use of federal funds (ESSER funding) for capital projects is a new and uncommon practice that has only recently been an option. For these construction projects (HVAC, roofing, etc.) we were initially under the impression that KCDA, our purchasing cooperative and direct vendor for the projects, maintained responsibility for wage verifications and oversight for these projects. In addition, our normal process for verifying wages and proper payment through Labor and Industries was thought to be a further safeguard in this area. However, due to the specific requirements of the Davis-Bacon Act, we understand that weekly certified payroll collection is a responsibility of the school district for any federally funded construction contracts in excess of \$2,000. As such, we have already implemented corrective action steps to ensure compliance with federal regulations. We have examined our current practice and have identified a process to resolve the certified payroll collection issue. We are collecting all certified payroll reports for federally funded projects on a weekly basis to include printing, date-stamping, and filing the certified payroll reports or electronically downloading and filing the certified payroll reports for review and verification of wages.

Auditor's Remarks

We appreciate the District's commitment to resolving the issue. We will review the condition during our next audit.

Applicable Laws and Regulations

Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), section 516, Audit findings, establishes reporting requirements for audit findings.

Title 2 CFR Part 200, Uniform Guidance, section 303, Internal controls, describes the requirements for auditees to maintain internal controls over federal programs and comply with federal program requirements.

The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants defines significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in its *Codification of Statements on Auditing Standards*, section 935, Compliance Audits, paragraph 11.

Title 29 CFR, Section 3.3 – Weekly statement with respect to payment of wages, and Section 3.4 – Submission of weekly statements and the preservation and inspection of weekly payroll records, establishes requirements for contractor or subcontractor submission of weekly certified payroll reports.

Title 29 CFR, Section 5.5 – *Contract provisions and related matters* establishes the requirements for the contracting officer to insert in full in any contract in excess of \$2,000 which is entered into for the actual construction, alteration and/or repair, including painting and decorating, of a public building or public work, or building or work financed in whole or in part with federal funds the clauses listed, which includes but is not limited to the minimum wages to be paid and payrolls and basic records to be maintained (submission of weekly certified payrolls).



Enumclaw School District 2929 McDougall Avenue Enumclaw, Washington 98022 (360) 802-7100

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SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Enumclaw School District No. 216 September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022

This schedule presents the status of findings reported in prior audit periods.

Report Ref. No.:	Finding Ref. No.:	Assistance Listing
1030921	2021-001	Number(s):
		84.425
me and Granting	Pass-Through Agen	cy Name:
	Office of Superintend	lent of Public Instruction
Stabilization Fund,		
ducation		
	1030921 me and Granting Stabilization Fund,	10309212021-001me and GrantingPass-Through AgeneStabilization Fund,Office of Superintend

Finding Caption:

The District did not have adequate internal controls for ensuring compliance with Davis-Bacon Act (prevailing wage rate) requirements.

Background:

During the 2020-2021 school year, the District paid \$658,502 from its ESSER II award to 11 contractors to repair and replace the roof at two schools, update HVAC controls in seven schools, and replace wet and rotting insulation to improve air quality and circulation to prevent the spread of COVID-19. Additionally, the District used its ESSER II award to replace faulty and broken bathroom sinks to allow for safe and consistent use of sinks for hand washing. Our audit found the District did not have adequate internal controls for ensuring compliance with federal prevailing wage rate requirements. Specifically, the District did not collect weekly certified payroll reports from the contractors to confirm they paid laborers proper prevailing wages. We consider this deficiency in internal controls to be a material weakness, which led to material noncompliance. The issue was not reported as a finding in the prior audit.

Status of Con	rrective Action: (cl	neck one)	
⊠ Fully	\Box Partially	□ Not Corrected	\Box Finding is considered no
Corrected	Corrected		longer valid
Corrective A	ction Taken:		

The District is responsible for ensuring that contractors and subcontractors working on construction contracts in excess of \$2,000, when using federal funds, pay laborers and mechanics prevailing wages. The prevailing wage requirements specify that the District is required to collect weekly certified payroll reports from contractor and subcontractors, which include copies of their payroll and signed "Statement of Compliance." These requirements are part of the Davis-Bacon Act (Title 29 CFR, Section 3.3, Section 3.4 and Section 5.5).

The District concurs that it did not have fully established processes in place to collect certified payroll reports on a weekly basis as required by the Davis-Bacon Act. Based on a review of our internal processes, we have identified the following corrective actions: A point-person within the district (currently our Facilities and Operations Secretary) will be responsible for downloading and/or printing the certified payroll reports and signed "statement of compliance" through the Department of Labor and Industries secure access portal each week to review/verify the wages paid.

- 1) The certified payroll report will be date-stamped and signed or downloaded to an electronic file each week.
- 2) The certified payroll report will be filed internally either hard-copy or electronically.

The District believes these corrective actions will put the necessary checks and balances in place to ensure consistent compliance with this requirement.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Enumclaw School District No. 216 September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022

Board of Directors Enumclaw School District No. 216 Enumclaw, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Enumclaw School District No. 216, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 28, 2023.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the District's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. We issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because, as described in Note 1, the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* does not require the District to prepare the government-wide statements presenting the financial position and changes in financial position of its governmental activities as required by GAAP. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of the variances between the basis of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However,

this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

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Pat McCarthy, State Auditor Olympia, WA August 28, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance

Enumclaw School District No. 216 September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022

Board of Directors Enumclaw School District No. 216 Enumclaw, Washington

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the compliance of Enumclaw School District No. 216, with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. *Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)* are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

Performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance includes the following responsibilities:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances;
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed; and

• We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2022-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or compliance over compliance is a deficiency or a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance over compliance is a deficiency over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed. Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2022-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

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Pat McCarthy, State Auditor Olympia, WA August 28, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Enumclaw School District No. 216 September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022

Board of Directors Enumclaw School District No. 216 Enumclaw, Washington

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Unmodified and Adverse Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of Enumclaw School District No. 216, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements as listed in the financial section of our report.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting (Accounting Manual)

As described in Note 1 the District has prepared these financial statements to meet the financial reporting requirements of state law and the accounting practices prescribed by the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* (Accounting Manual). Those accounting practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The differences in these accounting practices are also described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the regulatory basis financial position of Enumclaw School District No. 216, as of the year ended August 31, 2022, and the regulatory basis of changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, on the basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

The financial statements referred to above were not intended to, and in our opinion they do not, present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Enumclaw School District No. 216, as of August 31, 2022, or the changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended, because of the significance of the matter discussed below.

Basis for Unmodified and Adverse Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and *Governmental Auditing Standards*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unmodified and adverse audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

Auditing standards issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) require auditors to formally acknowledge when governments do not prepare their financial statements, intended for general use, in accordance with GAAP. As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the government-wide financial statements are prepared by the District in accordance with state law using accounting practices prescribed by the Accounting Manual, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of state law and the Accounting Manual described in Note 1. This includes determining that the basis of accounting is acceptable for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

Performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* includes the following responsibilities:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements;
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time; and
- We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). The Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is also presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the prescribed Accounting Manual. These schedules are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 28, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Pat McCarthy, State Auditor Olympia, WA August 28, 2023

Enumclaw School District No. 216 September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds – 2022
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds – 2022
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds – 2022
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds – 2022
Notes to Financial Statements – 2022

SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities – 2022 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – 2022 Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – 2022

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,962,019.76	963,938.25	1,859,976.54	3,602,638.93	708,520.86	0.00	12,097,094.34
Minus Warrants Outstanding	-1,139,927.75	-25,024.42	0.00	-391,518.75	0.00	0.00	-1,556,470.92
Taxes Receivable	4,479,785.16		2,109,914.87	850,628.63	0.00		7,440,328.66
Due From Other Funds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Due From Other Governmental Units	736,890.04	0.00	0.00	129,166.00	0.00	0.00	866,056.04
Accounts Receivable	389,538.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	389,538.28
Interfund Loans Receivable	0.00			0.00			0.00
Accrued Interest Receivable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Inventory	3,575.99	0.00		0.00			3,575.99
Prepaid Items	427,125.98	21,540.10			0.00	0.00	448,666.08
Investments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Investments/Cash With Trustee	00.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Investments-Deferred Compensation	0.00			0.00			0.00
Self-Insurance Security Deposit	0.00						0.00
TOTAL ASSETS	9,859,007.46	960,453.93	3,969,891.41	4,190,914.81	708,520.86	0.00	19,688,788.47
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Other	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES	9,859,007.46	960,453.93	3,969,891.41	4,190,914.81	708,520.86	0.00	19,688,788.47
Accounts Payable	81,661.36	1.77	32,266.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	113,929.86
Contracts Payable Current	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Accrued Interest Payable			00.00				0.00

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No.	
District	
School	
Enumclaw	

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

August 31, 2022

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
Accrued Salaries	0.00	0.00		00.00			0.00
Anticipation Notes Payable	0.00		0.00	00.00	0.00		0.00
LIABILITIES:							
Payroll Deductions and Taxes Payable	26,388.24	-41.86		0.00			26,346.38
Due To Other Governmental Units	74,321.87	6,157.35		1,890.44	7,765.14	00.00	90,134.80
Deferred Compensation Payable	0.00			0.00			0.00
Estimated Employee Benefits Payable	0.00						0.00
Due To Other Funds	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interfund Loans Payable	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
Deposits	0.00	0.00		0.00			0.00
Unearned Revenue	151,440.39	129,092.97	0.00	2,881.67	0.00		283,415.03
Matured Bonds Payable			0.00				0.00
Matured Bond Interest Payable			0.00				0.00
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	333,811.86	135,210.23	32,266.73	4,772.11	7,765.14	0.00	513,826.07
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable Revenue	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes Receivable	4,479,785.16		2,109,914.87	850,628.63	0.00		7,440,328.66
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4,479,785.16	0.00	2,109,914.87	850,628.63	0.00	0.00	7,440,328.66
FUND BALANCE:							
Nonspendable Fund Balance	430,701.97	21,540.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	452,242.07
Restricted Fund Balance	547,000.00	803,703.60	1,827,709.81	2,838,779.55	700,755.72	00.0	6,717,948.68
Committed Fund Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	317,062.10	0.00	00.0	317,062.10
Assigned Fund Balance	3,950,000.00	0.00	0.00	179,672.42	0.00	0.00	4,129,672.42

Enumclaw School District No. 216

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

August 31, 2022

Total	117,708.47	11,734,633.74	19,688,788.47
Permanent Fund	0.00	0.00	00.00
Transportation Vehicle Fund	0.00	700,755.72	708,520.86
Capital Projects Fund	0.00	3,335,514.07	4,190,914.81
Debt Service Fund	0.00	1,827,709.81	3,969,891.41
ASB Fund	0.00	825,243.70	960,453.93
General Fund	117,708.47	5,045,410.44	9,859,007.46
	Unassigned Fund Balance	TOTAL FUND BALANCE	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE

Stal	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended August 31, 2022	Expenditures, a For the Year	itures, and Changes in Fun the Year Ended August 31,	1	Governmental Funds		
	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
REVENUES:							
Local	9,564,685.34	599,259.86	4,602,634.44	3,554,516.77	3,512.38		18,324,608.79
State	51,603,404.32		20,669.05	8,409.31	487,088.10		52,119,570.78
Federal	6,483,942.53		0.00	0.00	0.00		6,483,942.53
Other	78,726.78			0.00	0.00	0.00	78,726.78
TOTAL REVENUES	67,730,758.97	599,259.86	4,623,303.49	3,562,926.08	490,600.48	0.00	77,006,848.88
EXPENDITURES:							
CURRENT :							
Regular Instruction	33,794,992.82						33,794,992.82
Special Education	10,548,859.30						10,548,859.30
Vocational Education	3,960,630.04						3,960,630.04
Skill Center	0.00						0.00
Compensatory Programs	2,644,754.77						2,644,754.77
Other Instructional Programs	174,510.80						174,510.80
Federal Stimulus COVID-19	1,781,897.22						1,781,897.22
Community Services	892,072.13						892,072.13
Support Services	14,425,237.02						14,425,237.02
Student Activities/Other		518,047.64				0.00	518,047.64
CAPITAL OUTLAY:							
Sites				6,529,929.32			6,529,929.32
Building				369,018.19			369,018.19
Equipment				1,272,219.13			1,272,219.13
Instructional Technology				644,094.41			644,094.41
Energy				0.00			0.00
Transportation Equipment					438,640.38		438,640.38
Sales and Lease				0.00			0.00
Other	1,058,402.35						1,058,402.35
DEBT SERVICE:							
Principal	0.00		2,290,000.00	0.00	00.00		2,290,000.00

Enumclaw School District No. 216

		For the Year	For the Year Ended August 31, 2022	., 2022			
	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
Interest and Other Charges	0.00		2,691,500.00	0.00	0.00		2,691,500.00
Bond/Levy Issuance				0.00	0.00		0.00
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	69,281,356.45	518,047.64	4,981,500.00	8,815,261.05	438,640.38	0.00	84,034,805.52
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-1,550,597.48	81,212.22	-358,196.51	-5,252,334.97	51,960.10	0.00	-7,027,956.64
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Bond Sales & Refunding Bond Sales	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
Long-Term Financing	0.00			0.00	0.00		0.00
Transfers In	0.00		00.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
Transfers Out (GL 536)	0.00		00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Financing Uses (GL 535)	0.00		00.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
Other	2,474.30		0.00	0.00	0.00		2,474.30
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	2,474.30		00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,474.30
EXCESS OF REVENUES/OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	-1,548,123.18	81,212.22	-358,196.51	-5,252,334.97	51,960.10	0.00	-7,025,482.34
BEGINNING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	6,593,533.62	744,031.48	2,185,906.32	8,587,849.04	648,795.62	0.00	18,760,116.08
Prior Year(s) Corrections or Restatements	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ENDING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	5,045,410.44	825,243.70	1,827,709.81	3,335,514.07	700,755.72	0.00	11,734,633.74

Enumclaw School District No. 216

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

August 31, 2022		
	Custodial Funds	Private Purpose Trust
ASSETS:		
Imprest Cash	0.00	0.00
Cash On Hand	0.00	0.00
Cash On Deposit with Cty Treas	0.00	982,236.26
Minus Warrants Outstanding	0.00	-15,400.00
Due From Other Governmental Units	0.00	0.00
Accounts Receivable	0.00	0.00
Accrued Interest Receivable	0.00	0.00
Investments	0.00	-2,311.74
Investments/Cash With Trustee	0.00	0.00
Other Assets	0.00	0.00
Capital Assets, Land	0.00	0.00
Capital Assets, Buildings	0.00	0.00
Capital Assets, Equipment	0.00	0.00
Accum Depreciation, Buildings	0.00	0.00
Accum Depreciation, Equipment	0.00	0.00
TOTAL ASSETS	0.00	964,524.52
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts Payable	0.00	0.00
Due To Other Governmental Units	0.00	0.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	0.00	0.00
NET POSITION:		
Restricted for:		
Restricted For Intact Trust Principal	0.00	173,521.97
Restricted for Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments - CF	0.00	
Restricted for Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments - PPT		0.00
Restricted For Other Purposes	0.00	791,002.55
TOTAL NET POSITION	0.00	964,524.52

Enumclaw School District No. 216 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

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Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

	Custodial Funds	Private Purpose Trust
ADDITIONS:		
Contributions:		
Private Donations	0.00	5,500.00
Employer		0.00
Members		0.00
Other	0.00	0.00
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS	0.00	5,500.00
Investment Income:		
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value	0.00	0.00
Interest and Dividends	0.00	6,246.34
Less Investment Expenses	0.00	0.00
Net Investment Income	0.00	6,246.34
Other Additions:		
Rent or Lease Revenue	0.00	0.00
Total Other Additions	0.00	0.00
TOTAL ADDITIONS	0.00	11,746.34
DEDUCTIONS:		
Benefits		0.00
Refund of Contributions	0.00	0.00
Administrative Expenses	0.00	0.00
Scholarships	0.00	
Other	0.00	31,800.00
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	0.00	31,800.00
Net Increase (Decrease)	0.00	-20,053.66
Net Position - Beginning Balance	984,578.18	0.00
Prior Year(s) Corrections or Restatements	-984,578.18	984,578.18
NET POSITION ENDING	0.00	964,524.52

Enumclaw School District Notes to the Financial Statements September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Enumclaw School District is a municipal corporation organized pursuant to Title 28A of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) for the purposes of providing public school services to students in grades K–12. Oversight responsibility for the District's operations is vested with the independently elected board of directors. Management of the District is appointed by and is accountable to the board of directors. Fiscal responsibility, including budget authority and the power to set fees, levy property taxes, and issue debt consistent with provisions of state statutes, also rests with the board of directors.

The District presents governmental fund financial statements and related notes on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington*, issued jointly by the State Auditor's Office and the Superintendent of Public Instruction by the authority of RCW 43.09.200, RCW 28A.505.140, RCW 28A.505.010(1) and RCW 28A.505.020. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

- (1) Districtwide statements, as defined in GAAP, are not presented.
- (2) A Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is presented as supplementary information.
- (3) Supplementary information required by GAAP is not presented.
- (4) Property Taxes collected after the end of the fiscal period are not considered available for revenue accrual as described below.

Fund Accounting

Financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds. Each fund uses a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures as appropriate. All funds are considered major funds. The various funds in the report are grouped into governmental and fiduciary funds as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

This fund is used to account for all expendable financial resources, except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the principle of having as few funds as are necessary, activities such as food services, maintenance, data processing, printing, and student transportation are included in the General Fund.

Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for financial resources that are to be used for the construction or acquisition of major capital assets. There are two funds that are considered to be of the capital projects fund type: the Capital Projects Fund and the Transportation Vehicle Fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for resources set aside for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets such as land and buildings.

<u>Transportation Vehicle Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for the purchase, major repair, rebuilding, and debt service expenditures that relate to pupil transportation equipment.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of matured general long-term debt principal and interest.

Special Revenue Fund

In Washington State, the only allowable special revenue fund for school districts is the Associated Student Body (ASB) Fund. This fund is accounted for in the District's financial statements as the financial resources legally belong to the District. As a special revenue fund, amounts within the ASB Fund may only be used for those purposes that relate to the operation of the Associated Student Body of the District.

Permanent Funds

These funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted such that only earnings, and not principal, may be expended. Amounts in the Permanent Fund may only be spent in support of the District's programs and may not be used to the benefit of any individual.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include pension and other employee benefit trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds, and are used to account for assets that are held in trust by the District in a fiduciary capacity.

Private-Purpose Trust Fund

This fund is used to account for resources that are legally held in trust by the District. The trust agreement details whether principal and interest may both be spent, or whether only interest may be spent. Money from a Private-Purpose Trust Fund may not be used to support the District's programs, and may be used to benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Fund

This fund is used to account for resources to be held for the members and beneficiaries of a pension plan or other employee benefit plans.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and fund financial statement presentation

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered "measurable" if the amount of the transaction can be readily determined. Revenues are considered "available" when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Categorical program claims and inter-district billings are measurable and available and are accrued. Property taxes not collected by the fiscal year end are measurable and recorded as a receivable, however the receivable is not considered available revenue and is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt which are recorded when due. Purchases of capital assets are expensed during the year of acquisition. For federal grants, the recognition of expenditures is dependent on the obligation date. (Obligation means a purchase order has been issued, contracts have been awarded, or goods and/or services have been received.)

Budgets

Chapter 28A.505 RCW and Chapter 392-123 Washington Administrative Code (WAC) mandate school district budget policies and procedures. The board adopts annual appropriated budgets for all governmental funds. These budgets are appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.

Budgets are adopted on the same modified accrual basis as used for financial reporting. Fund balance is budgeted as available resources and, under statute, may not be negative, unless the District enters into binding conditions with state oversight pursuant to RCW 28A.505.110.

The government's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

The District receives state funding for specific categorical education-related programs. Amounts that are received for these programs that are not used in the current fiscal year may be carried forward into the subsequent fiscal year, where they may be used only for the same purpose as they were originally received. When the District has such carryover, those funds are expended before any amounts received in the current year are expended.

Additionally, the District has other restrictions placed on its financial resources. When expenditures are recorded for purposes for which a restriction or commitment of fund balance is available, those funds that are restricted or committed to that purpose are considered first before any unrestricted or unassigned amounts are expended.

The government's fund balance classifications policies and procedures.

The District classifies ending fund balance for its governmental funds into five categories.

<u>Non-spendable Fund Balance</u>. The amounts reported as Non-spendable are resources of the District that are not in spendable format. They are either non-liquid resources such as inventory or prepaid items, or the resources are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Restricted are those resources of the District that have had a legal restriction placed on their use either from statute, WAC, or other legal requirements that are beyond the control of the board of directors. Restricted fund balance includes anticipated recovery of revenues that have been received but are restricted as to their usage.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Committed are those resources of the District that have had a limitation placed upon their usage by formal action of the District's board of directors. Commitments are made either through a formal adopted board resolution or are related to a school board policy. Commitments may only be changed when the resources are used for the intended purpose or the limitation is removed by a subsequent formal action of the board of directors.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u>. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Assigned are those resources that the District has set aside for specific purposes. These accounts reflect tentative management plans for future financial resource use such as the replacement of equipment or the assignment of resources for contingencies. Assignments reduce the amount reported as Unassigned Fund Balance, but may not reduce that balance below zero.

In other governmental funds, Assigned fund balance represents a positive ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered. These resources are only available for expenditure in that fund and may not be used in any other fund without formal action by the District's board of directors and as allowed by statute.

The Superintendent and the Director of Business are the only persons who have the authority to create Assignments of fund balance.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Unassigned are those net spendable resources of the District that are not otherwise Restricted, Committed, or Assigned, and may be used for any purpose within the General Fund.

In other governmental funds, Unassigned fund balance represents a deficit ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered.

A negative Unassigned fund balance means that the legal restrictions and formal commitments of the District exceed its currently available resources.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All of the District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables and Payables (5)

All receivables and payables are expected to be collected within on year.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The consumption method of inventory is used, which charges inventory as an expenditure when it is consumed. A portion of fund balance, representing inventory, is considered Non-spendable. Such reserves for inventory indicate that a portion of net current assets is set aside to replace or increase the inventory. USDA commodity inventory consists of food donated by the United States Department of Agriculture. It is valued at the prices paid by the USDA for the commodities.

Accounting and Reporting Changes

Leases

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the district implemented guidance for the presentation and disclosures of leases, as required by the School District Accounting Manual. These changes were in response to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87.

As a result, the impact to the district of the adoption of the new lease requirements includes:

• Beginning balances for lease liabilities presented on the Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities have been updated to reflect implementation of these requirements.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

All of the District's bank balances are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC).

Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) securities, certificates, notes, bonds, short-term securities, or other obligations of the United States, and (2) deposits in any state bank or trust company, national banking association, stock savings bank, mutual savings bank, savings and loan association, and any branch bank engaged in banking in the state in accordance with RCW 30.04.300 if the institution has been approved by the Public Deposit Protection Commission to hold public deposits and has segregated eligible collateral having a value of not less than its maximum liability.

The King County Treasurer is the *ex officio* treasurer for the District and holds all accounts of the District. The District directs the King County Treasurer to invest those financial resources of the District that the District has determined are not needed to meet the current financial obligations of the District.

The district's deposits and certificates of deposit are mostly covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC).

The district's participation in the King County Investment Pool is voluntary and the pool does not have a credit rating. The district reports its investment in the pool at the fair value amount, which is [not] the same as the value of the pool per share. The fair value of the district's investment in the pool is measured using a net asset value (NAV) as determined by the pool. The pool maintains a weighted average maturity of no longer than five years.

All of the District's investments during the year and at year-end were insured or registered and held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

Washington State statutes authorize the district to invest in the following types of securities:

- Certificates, notes, or bonds of the United States, its agencies, or any corporation wholly owned by the government of the United States,
- Obligations of government-sponsored corporations which are eligible as collateral for advances to member banks as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System,
- Bankers' acceptances purchased on the secondary market,
- Repurchase agreements for securities listed in the three items above, provided that the transaction is structured so that the public treasurer obtains control over the underlying securities,
- Investment deposits with qualified public depositories,
- Washington State Local Government Investment Pool, and
- County Treasurer Investment Pools.

The District's investments as of August 31, 2022, are as follows:

Type of Investment	(District's) own investments	Investments held by (district) as an agent for other organizations	Total
State Treasurer's Investment Pool			
County Treasurer's Investment Pool	13,175,107.63		13,175,107.63
U.S. Government Securities			
Other:			
Total	13,175,107.63		13,175,107.63

Impaired Investments with King County.

The District's participation in the King County Investment Pool is voluntary. As of August 31, 2022, all impaired commercial paper investments have completed enforcement events. The King County impaired investment pool (Impaired Pool) held one commercial paper asset where the Impaired Pool accepted an exchange offer and is receiving the cash flows from the investment's underlying securities. The District's share of the impaired investment pool principal is \$5,805.31 and the district's fair value of these investments is \$3,401.76.

The Districts impaired investments are listed by fund:

FUND #	FUND DESCRIPTION	Exp Imp	kimum Loss osure on aired estments	Loss Base Valu	ealized s Exposure ed on Fair ue as of 1/2022	as	t Fair Value of 1/2022
62160010	ENUMCLAW SD 216 GENERAL	\$	3,347.48	\$	1,385.94	\$	1,961.54
62161060	ENUMCLAW SD 216 VEHICLE TRANS	\$	406.27	\$	168.20	\$	238.06
62163010	ENUMCLAW SD 216 CAPITAL PROJ	\$	81.14	\$	33.60	\$	47.55
62166090	ENUMCLAW SD 216 ASB DEPOSIT	\$	302.37	\$	125.19	\$	177.18
62166100	ENUMCLAW SD 216 TRUST & AGENCY	\$	111.82	\$	46.30	\$	65.52
62168510	ENUMCLAW SD 216 GO BOND	\$	1,556.22	\$	644.32	\$	<u>911.91</u>
		\$	5,805.31	\$	2,403.55	\$	3,401.76

Interest Rate Risk.

As of August 31, 2022, the Pool's average duration was 1.09 years. As a means of limiting its exposure to rising interest rates, securities purchased in the Pool must have a final maturity, or weighted average life, no longer than five years. While the Pool's market value is calculated on a monthly basis, unrealized gains and losses are not distributed to participants. The Pool distributes earnings monthly using an amortized cost methodology.

Credit Risk.

As of August 31, 2022, the district's investment in the Pool was not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO). In compliance with state statutes, Pool policies authorize investments in U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. agency securities and mortgage-backed securities, corporate notes (rated at least "A"), municipal securities (rated at least "A" by two NRSROs)), commercial paper (rated at least the equivalent of "A-1"), certificates of deposits issued by qualified public depositaries, repurchase agreements, and the Local Government Investment Pool managed by the Washington State Treasurer's office.

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

COVID-19 Pandemic

In February 2020, Governor Inslee declared a state of emergency in response to the spread of a deadly new virus. In the weeks following the declaration, precautionary measures to slow the spread of the virus were ordered. These measures included closing schools, canceling public events, limiting gathering sizes, and requiring people to stay home unless they were leaving for an essential function. On April 6, 2020, the Governor closed all public and private K–12 school buildings throughout the remainder of the 2019–20 school year and continuing through the 2020-21 school year. The school district, however, continues to operate, educating students using continuous learning models.

Many of the precautionary measures put in place during the 2019–20 school year remain in effect; and are affecting the district for the 2022-2023 school year in new ways.

The direct and indirect impacts of operations of the district are summarized below:

- The child nutrition program generates revenues that pay for salaries, benefits, materials, supplies, and commodities. We received subsidized revenues as all served meals generate reimbursable revenue through the end of the 2021-2022 school year. Recent price increases for commodities, supplies, and materials have raised our overall food service costs significantly. At this time, we returned to food service operations being funded through local revenues for the 2022-2023 school year, and anticipate this will improve our child nutrition revenue going forward.
- The district experienced significant enrollment decline at the beginning of the pandemic when schools transitioned to remote learning. On January 1st, 2021 (2020-2021 school year) we were 238 students below budget. While we were hopeful that the 2021-2022 school year would bring the return of nearly all of these students, continued masking and COVID protocols likely caused our enrollment numbers to return at a much slower rate than anticipated. We remained 55 students below budget as of January 1st, 2022. This had a significant impact on revenues for the school year 2021-2022. When budgeting for 2022-2023 school year, we took a more conservative approach based on this trend and now as of January 1st, 2023 we are 101 students above budget. However, we anticipate student counts to not remain as high for the remainder of the year.
- As of March 2020, the district ceased all facility reservations. Only a limited number of facility reservations were taken in 2021-2022 and therefore, our rental fees were still impacted. We fully opened facility reservations in 2022-2023.
- The district continues to see a decline in local revenues due to a reduction in athletic and activity opportunities over the past two years. The district has collected fees for athletics and participation at a reduced rate.
- As recovery efforts focused on academic and social-emotional learning continue, the district will be offering intervention opportunities during the school year and during the summer. We anticipate offering these supports for students during the summer of 2023 and beyond.
- We anticipate a significant loss of revenue for the 2024 school year based on the ESSER Cliff and losing our regionalization experience factor of 0.04.

The length of time these measures will be in place, and the full extent of the financial impact on the school district, is unknown at this time.

NOTE 4: PENSION PLANS

General Information

The Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the state of Washington, prepares a stand-alone annual comprehensive financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each pension plan. The pension plan's basic financial statement is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The measurement date of the pension plans is June 30. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The school district is reporting the net pension liability in the notes and on the Schedule of Longterm Liabilities calculated as the district's proportionate allocation percentage multiplied by the total plan collective net pension liability. The DRS total collective net pension liabilities for the pension plans school districts participate in are shown here.

The Collective Net Pension Liability or (Asset)

The Collectiv	The Collective Net Pension Liability or (Asset) as of June 30, 2022					
	Total Pension Liability	Plan fiduciary net position	Participating employers' net pension liability or (Asset)	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		
PERS 1	11,877,621,000	9,093,254,000	2,784,367,000	76.56%		
SERS 2/3	8,478,821,000	8,747,471,000	(268,650,000)	103.17%		
TRS 1	8,739,146,000	6,837,316,000	1,901,830,000	78.24%		
TRS 2/3	22,946,845,000	23,143,631,000	(196,786,000)	100.86%		

The collective net pension liability or asset for the pension plans districts participated in are reported in the following tables.

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS report. Copies of the report may be obtained by contacting the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, P.O. Box 48380, Olympia, WA 98504-8380; or online at Annual Financial Reports or http://www.drs.wa.gov./administrations/annual-report.

Membership Participation

Substantially all school district full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following three contributory, multi-employer, cost-sharing statewide retirement systems managed by DRS: Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and School Employees' Retirement System (SERS).

Membership participation by retirement plan as of June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Plan	Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	Active Plan Members
PERS 1	41,154	196	632
SERS 2	13,480	7,186	33,622
SERS 3	13,819	9,896	31,861
TRS 1	29,731	63	111
TRS 2	7,026	3,428	27,202
TRS 3	18,956	8,681	54,336

Membership & Plan Benefits

Certificated employees are members of TRS. Classified employees are members of PERS (if Plan 1) or SERS. Plan 1 under the TRS and PERS programs are defined benefit pension plans whose members joined the system on or before September 30, 1977. TRS 1 and PERS 1 are closed to new entrants.

TRS Plan Information

TRS was established in 1938, and its retirement provisions are contained in RCW Chapters 41.34 and 41.32. TRS is a cost-sharing multi-employer retirement system comprised of three separate plans for membership purposes: Plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans and Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. TRS eligibility for membership requires service as a certificated, public school employee working in an instructional, administrative or supervisory capacity.

TRS is comprised of three separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 1, Plan 2/3, and Plan 3. Plan 1 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 1 members. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All

assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of the plan. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

TRS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. TRS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC), for each year of service credit, up to a maximum of 60 percent, divided by twelve. The AFC is the total earnable compensation for the two consecutive highest-paid fiscal years, divided by two. Members are eligible for retirement at any age after 30 years of service, or at the age of 60 with five years of service, or at the age of 55 with 25 years of service. Other benefits include temporary and permanent disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

TRS Plan 2/3 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC) per year of service for Plan 2 members and one percent of AFC for Plan 3 members. The AFC is the monthly average of the 60 consecutive highest-paid service credit months. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for normal retirement at the age of 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. TRS Plan 2/3 members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. TRS Plan 2/3 members who have 30 or more years of service credit, were hired prior to May 1, 2013, and are at least 55 years old, can retire under one of two provisions: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules. TRS Plan 2/3 members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. TRS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

PERS Plan Information

PERS was established in 1947, and its retirement benefit provisions are contained in RCW Chapters 41.34 and 41.40. PERS is a cost-sharing, multi-employer retirement system. PERS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. PERS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. The AFC is the average of the member's 24 highest consecutive service months. Members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or at age 60 with at least five years of service.

Members retiring from inactive status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits. PERS Plan 1 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

SERS Plan Information

SERS was established by the legislature in 1998, and the plan became effective in 2000. SERS retirement benefit provisions are established in RCW Chapters 41.34 and 41.35. SERS is a cost-sharing, multiemployer retirement system comprised of two separate plans for membership purposes. SERS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan and SERS Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component. SERS members include classified employees of school districts and educational service districts.

SERS is reported as two separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 2/3 and Plan 3. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

SERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service for Plan 2 and one percent of AFC for Plan 3. The AFC is the monthly average of the member's 60 highest-paid consecutive service months before retirement, termination or death. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. SERS members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit.

The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. SERS members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions, if hired prior to May 2, 2013: With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or with a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules. SERS members hired on or after May 1, 2013, have the option to retire early by accepting a

reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service. SERS retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost- of-living allowance (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

Plan Contributions

The employer contribution rates for PERS, TRS, and SERS (Plans 1, 2, and 3) and the TRS and SERS Plan 2 employee contribution rates are established by the Pension Funding Council based upon the rates set by the Legislature. The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under chapters 41.34 and 41.40 RCW for PERS, 41.34 and 41.35 RCW for SERS, and 41.32 and 41.34 RCW for TRS. Employers do not contribute to the defined contribution portions of TRS Plan 3 or SERS Plan 3. Under current law, the employer must contribute 100 percent of the employer-required contribution. The employee contribution rate for Plan 1 in PERS and TRS is set by statute at six percent and does not vary from year to year.

The employer and employee contribution rates for all plans were effective as of September 1, 2021. PERS contribution rates changed on July 1, 2021. Contribution rates for TRS and SERS plans changed on September 1, 2021. The pension plan contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for fiscal year 2022 are listed below:

From this date	Through this date	Member rate	Employer rate	
7/1/2021	8/31/2022	6.00%	10.25%	
9/1/2021	8/31/2022	6.00%	14.42%	
9/1/2021	8/31/2022	8.05%	14.42%	
9/1/2021	8/31/2022	*	14.42%	**
9/1/2021	8/31/2022	7.76%	11.65%	
9/1/2021	8/31/2022	*	11.65%	**
	7/1/2021 9/1/2021 9/1/2021 9/1/2021 9/1/2021	From this date date 7/1/2021 8/31/2022 9/1/2021 8/31/2022 9/1/2021 8/31/2022 9/1/2021 8/31/2022 9/1/2021 8/31/2022 9/1/2021 8/31/2022	From this date date Member rate 7/1/2021 8/31/2022 6.00% 9/1/2021 8/31/2022 6.00% 9/1/2021 8/31/2022 8.05% 9/1/2021 8/31/2022 * 9/1/2021 8/31/2022 *	From this date date Member rate Employer rate 7/1/2021 8/31/2022 6.00% 10.25% 9/1/2021 8/31/2022 6.00% 14.42% 9/1/2021 8/31/2022 8.05% 14.42% 9/1/2021 8/31/2022 * 14.42% 9/1/2021 8/31/2022 * 14.42% 9/1/2021 8/31/2022 * 14.42%

Note: The Employer rates include .0018 DRS administrative expense.

* – TRS and SERS Plan 3 Employee Contribution Variable from 5% to 15% based on rate selected by the employee member.

	From this date	Through this date	Member rate	Employer rate	
** – TRS and SERS Plan 2/3 Employer Contributions for defined benefit portion only.					

The School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

At June 30, 2022, the school district reported a total liability of \$8,816,974 for its proportionate shares of the individual plans' collective net pension liability and the district reported a total asset of \$1,814,296 for its proportionate shares of the individual plans collective net pension assets. The district's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability or asset is based on annual contributions for each of the employer's participating in the DRS administered plans. The District's proportionate share of each plan's collective net pension liability or asset is reported below:

June 30, 2022	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
District's Annual Contributions	459,944	926,412	1,815,163	2,282,744
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Assets)	2,089,626	(1,111,981)	6,727,348	(702,315)

At June 30, 2022, the school district's percentage of the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability or asset was as follows and in the allocation percentage from the prior period is illustrated below:

Allocation percentages	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Current year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability [or] Asset	0.075049%	0.413914%	0.353730%	0.356893%
Prior year proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	0.066780%	0.401792%	0.350414%	0.352135%
Net difference percentage	0.008268%	0.012123%	0.003316%	0.004758%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities for TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1 and SERS 2/3 were determined by actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, with the results rolled forward to June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75% total economic inflation, 3.25% salary inflation
Salary increases	In addition to the base 3.25% salary inflation assumption, salaries are
	also expected to grow by promotions and longevity.
Investment rate of return	7.00%

Mortality Rates

Mortality rates used in the plans were developed using the Society of Actuaries' Pub.H-2010 Mortality rates, which vary by member status as the base table. OSA applies age offsets for each system to better tailor the mortality rates to the demographics of each plan. OSA applied the long-term MP-2017 generational improvement scale to project mortality rates for every year after the 2010 base table. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of the 2013–2018 Demographic Experience Study Report and the 2021 Economic Experience Study. Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2021 actuarial valuation report.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

OSA selected a 7.00% long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments using a building-block method. In selecting the assumptions, OSA reviewed the historical experience data, considered the historical conditions that produced past annual investment returns, and considered Capital Market Assumptions (CMAs) and simulated expected investment returns the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB) provided.

The CMAs contain three pieces of information for each class of assets the WSIB currently invest in:

- Expected annual return
- Standard deviation of the annual return
- Correlations between the annual returns of each asset class with every other asset class

WSIB uses the CMAs and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns over various time horizons.

The expected future rates of return are developed by the WSIB for each major asset class.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1, and SERS 2/3					
Asset Class	Target	% Long-term Expected Real			
	Allocation	Rate of Return			
Fixed Income	20.00%	1.50%			
Tangible Assets	7.00%	4.70%			
Real Estate	18.00%	5.40%			
Global Equity	32.00%	5.90%			
Private Equity	23.00%	8.90%			

The inflation component used to create the above table is 2.20% and represents WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. To determine the discount rate, an asset sufficiency test was completed to test whether the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Based on the assumptions described in the DRS Certification Letter, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.00% on pension plan investments was applied to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The following table presents the Enumclaw School District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability or asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability or asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.00%) or one percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate. Amounts are calculated using the school district's specific allocation percentage, by plan, to determine the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability or asset.

Sensitivity of th	e Net Pension Liability	or Asset to Changes in	n the Discount Rate
	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
PERS 1	\$3,719,876,000	\$2,784,367,000	\$1,967,887,000
Allocation Percentage	0.075049%	0.075049%	0.075049%
Proportionate Share	\$2,791,712	\$2,089,626	\$1,476,870
SERS 2/3	\$929,172,000	(\$268,650,000)	(\$1,255,926,000)
Allocation Percentage	0.413914%	0.413914%	0.413914%
Proportionate Share	\$3,845,976	(\$1,111,981)	(\$5,198,458)
TRS 1	\$2,582,448,000	\$1,901,830,000	\$1,306,883,000
Allocation Percentage	0.353730%	0.353730%	0.353730%
Proportionate Share	\$9,134,900	\$6,727,348	\$4,622,841
TRS 2/3	3,565,129,000	(196,786,000)	(3,255,167,000)
Allocation Percentage	0.356893%	0.356893%	0.356893%
Proportionate Share	\$12,723,690	(\$702,315)	(\$11,617,458)

NOTE 5: ANNUAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATIONS

The state, through the Health Care Authority (HCA), administers a defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan that is not administered through a qualifying trust. The Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB), created within the HCA, is authorized to design benefits, and determine the terms and conditions of employee and retired employee participation and coverage, including establishment of eligibility criteria for both active and retired employees. Benefits purchased by PEBB include medical, dental, life insurance and long-term disability insurance.

The relationship between the PEBB OPEB plan and its member employers and their employees and retirees is not formalized in a contract or plan document. Rather, the benefits are provided in accordance with a substantive plan. A substantive plan is one, which the employers and plan members understand the plan terms. This understanding is based on communications between the HCA, employers and plan members, and historical pattern of practice with regards to sharing of benefit costs.

Employers participating in the plan include the state of Washington (which includes general government agencies and higher education institutions), political subdivisions and tribal governments. Additionally, the PEBB plan is available to the retirees of the K–12 school districts and ESDs. The District's retirees (approximately 275) are eligible to participate in the PEBB plan under this arrangement.

Eligibility

District members are eligible for retiree medical benefits after becoming eligible for service retirement pension benefits (either reduced or full pension benefits) Under PERS 1, 2, 3; TRS 1, 2, or 3; or SERS 2 and 3 plans.

Former members who are entitled to a deferred vested pension benefit are not eligible to receive medical and life insurance benefits after pension benefit commencement. Survivors of covered members who die are eligible for medical benefits.

Medical Benefits

Upon retirement, members are permitted to receive medical benefits. Retirees pay the following monthly rates for pre-65 medical coverage for 2022.

Members not eligible for Medicare			
(or enrolled in Part A only)	Т	ype of Coverage	
Descriptions	Employee	Employee & Spouse	Full Family
Kaiser Permanente NW Classic	\$768.23	\$1,531.47	\$2,103.90
Kaiser Permanente NW CDHP	\$643.88	\$1,277.21	\$1,708.47
Kaiser Permanente WA Classic	\$813.24	\$1,621.48	\$2,227.66
Kaiser Permanente WA CDHP	\$641.39	\$1,272.99	\$1,702.94
Kaiser Permanente WA Sound Choice	\$659.19	\$1,313.37	\$1,804.01
Kaiser Permanente WA Value	\$721.89	\$1,438.79	\$1,976.46
UMP Classic	\$718.68	\$1,432.35	\$1,967.61
UMP Select	\$647.73	\$1,290.45	\$1,772.50
UMP CDHP	\$638.69	\$1,270.29	\$1,700.24
UMP Plus-Puget Sound High Value Network	\$687.13	\$1,369.26	\$1,880.86
UMP Plus-UW Medicine Accountable Care Network	\$687.13	\$1,369.26	\$1,880.86

Retirees enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B receive an explicit subsidy in the form of reduced premiums on Medicare supplemental plans. Retirees pay the following monthly rates.

Members enrolled in Part A and B of Medicare	Type of Coverage		
Descriptions	<u>Employee</u>	Employee & Spouse ¹	<u>Full</u> Family ¹
Kaiser Permanente NW Senior Advantage	\$172.79	\$340.58	\$913.01
Kaiser Permanente WA Medicare Plan	\$175.69	\$346.39	N/A
Kaiser Permanente WA Classic	N/A	N/A	\$952.57

Kaiser Permanente WA Sound Choice	N/A	N/A	\$837.03
Kaiser Permanente WA Value	N/A	N/A	\$884.06
UMP Classic	\$364.87	\$724.74	\$1,260.00

Note 1: Employee–Spouse and Full Family with two Medicare eligible subscribers.

Funding Policy

The School Employees Benefits Board (SEBB) Program administers health insurance and other benefits to all employees in school districts and charter schools, and union-represented employees of educational service districts in Washington. The SEBB studies, designs, and approves comprehensive and cost-effective insurance benefit plans for school employees and establishes eligibility criteria for participation in these plans. The School Employees Benefits Board (SEBB) is separate and independent from the Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB).

The funding policy is based upon pay-as-you go financing.

The SEBB collects benefit premiums from all school district entities for covered employees. The premium includes a fee, established in state law. The purpose of this fee is to cover the impact of the subsidized rate of health care benefits for school retirees who elect to purchase their health care benefits through the state Health Care Authority PEBB plan. The amount collected is set forth in the state's operating budget and is subject to change on an annual basis. This amount is not actuarially determined and is not placed in a trust to pay the obligations for post-employment health care benefits.

For the fiscal year 2021-22, the Enumclaw School District paid \$7,004,480.00 in total to HCA-SEBB.

The District has no control over the benefits offered to retirees, the rates charged to retirees, nor the fee paid to the Health Care Authority. The District does not determine its annual required contribution, nor the net other post-employment benefit obligation associated with this plan. These amounts are not shown on the financial statements.

For further information on the results of the actuarial valuation of the employer provided subsidies associated with the state's PEBB plan, refer to the Office of the State Actuary. The plan does not issue a separate report; however, additional information is included in the State of Washington Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is available on the OFM website

NOTE 6: OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of moneys are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances lapse at the end of the fiscal year and may be reencumbered the following year. The following encumbrance amounts were re-encumbered by fund on September 1, 2022:

Fund	Amount
General	845,558.36
ASB Fund	2,126.03
Capital Projects Fund	34,208.40
Private Purpose Trust	250.00
Transportation Vehicle Fund	82,362.69

NOTE 7: REQUIRED DISCLOSURES ABOUT CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's capital assets are insured in the amount of \$191,526,636 for fiscal year 2021-2022. In the opinion of the District's insurance consultant, the amount is sufficient to adequately fund replacement of the District's assets.

NOTE 8: LONG TERM DEBT

Long-Term Debt

Bonds payable at August 31, 2022, are comprised of the following individual issues:

Issue Name	Amount Authorized	Annual Installments	Final Maturity	Interest Rate(s)	Amount Outstanding
General Obligation					
Bonds					
2015 UTGO	63,615,000	1,505,000 -	12/2034	4.00-5.00	54,075,000
		6,205,000			
Total General Obligation	63,615,000				54,075,000
Bonds					

The following is a summary of general obligation long-term debt transactions of the District for the fiscal year(s) ended August 31, 2022:

Long-Term Debt Payable at 9/1/2021	56,365,000
New Issues	
Debt Retired	2,290,000
Long-Term Debt Payable at 8/31/2022	54,075,000
Amount Due Within One Year	2,505,000

The following is a schedule of annual requirements to amortize debt at August 31, 2022:

Years Ending August 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	2,505,000	2,571,325	5,076,325
2024	2,730,000	2,440,450	5,170,450
2025	2,975,000	2,297,825	5,272,825
2026-2030	18,790,000	9,145,100	27,935,100
2031-2035	27,075,000	3,576,875	30,651,875
Total	54,075,000	20,031,575	74,106,575

At August 31, 2022, the District had \$1,859,976.54 available in the Debt Service Fund to service the general obligation bonds.

NOTE 9: ENTITY RISK MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Washington Schools Risk Management Pool

The district is a member of the Washington Schools Risk Management Pool (WSRMP). Chapter 48.62 RCW authorizes the governing body of any one or more governmental entities to form together into or join a pool or organization for the joint purchasing of insurance, and/or joint self-insuring, and/or joint hiring or contracting for risk management services to the same extent that they may individually purchase insurance, self-insure, or hire or contract for risk management services. An agreement to form a pooling arrangement was made pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 39.34 RCW, the Inter-local Cooperation Act. WSRMP was formed in 1986 when educational service districts and school districts in the state of Washington joined together by signing the Cooperative Risk Management Pool Account Agreement to pool their self-insured losses and jointly purchase insurance and administrative services. Over 90 school and educational service districts have joined WSRMP. WSRMP allows members to jointly purchase insurance coverage, establish a plan of selfinsurance, and provide related services, such as risk management. WSRMP provides the following coverages for its members: property, liability, vehicle, school board liability, crime, employment practices, errors and omissions, equipment breakdown, cyber security, crisis/active shooter coverage, and stop gap liability.

Members make an annual contribution to fund WSRMP. WSRMP purchases reinsurance and excess insurance from unrelated carriers subject to a per-occurrence self-insured retention of \$1 million for property risk \$2M for liability risk shared by WSRMP. Reinsurance or Excess carriers cover losses over the self-insured retention to the maximum limits of each Coverage Agreement. Since the WSRMP is a cooperative program, there is a joint liability among the participating members.

Members contract to remain in WSRMP for a minimum of three years and must give notice three years before terminating participation. The Account Agreement is renewed automatically each year after the initial three-year period. Even after termination, a member is still responsible for their share of contributions to WSRMP for any unresolved, unreported, and in-process claims for the period they were a signatory to the Account Agreement.

WDRMP is fully funded by its member participants and is governed by a board of directors that consists of one designated representative from each participating member. An executive board is elected at the annual meeting and is responsible for overseeing the business affairs of WSRMP.

The Workers' Compensation Risk Pool

The district is a member of the Puget Sound Workers Compensation Trust.

The Puget Sound Workers' Compensation Trust is a self-insured pool for workers' compensation coverage. The Trust provides insurance for on-the-job injuries for 34 school districts and PSESD and their 45,000 employees in King, Pierce, Skagit, Snohomish and Whatcom counties. Services Districts receive professional claims management services to help injured workers return to the workplace. At the same time, Trust staff work with the employer to assess workplace safety and implement effective loss control programs. Participating school districts own the Trust, with all premiums building equity to help offset costs.

The Workers' Compensation Trust provides the following key services:

- Claims Service: Individualized claims management, a return-to-work program, and oneon-one contact with member districts and injured workers. Claims Consultants' caseloads are low to ensure quality customer service.
- Loss Control Services: Training and services such as on-site assessment, consultation, and assistance in implementation of safety programs; support in developing an effective accident prevention program including loss control and safety policies, procedures, and programs.

Unemployment Risk Pool

The Puget Sound Unemployment Pool provides school districts with a responsive and coordinated program of self-insurance for unemployment compensation.

Services

- Management of unemployment claim milestone events including benefit charges, refusal of work, over-payment and fraud
- Representation through review, hearing and appeal process
- Regulatory and compliance management
- In-house legal counsel
- Risk reduction training opportunities
- Management reporting

Benefits

- Dedicated team who understands unique needs of school district
- Timely responses and expert claims management
- Risk reduced for individual districts and eliminated need for large liability reserves
- Low overhead portion of operating costs covered by investment earnings
- Prompt communication of regulatory news and issues

How it Works

The Pool is governed by Trustees from each member district. An executive advisory board counsels on the management of the Pool by providing policy and procedural recommendations. Claims are managed in-house. An internal CPA is responsible for the preparation of financial statements and investment of funds.

Membership

All school districts in the Puget Sound ESD region are eligible to join Puget Sound Unemployment Pool upon approval. Fees for new members are based on the size of the district's payroll. Current members pay assessments only as required to maintain Pool Reserve Ratio. **For more information, please contact:** unemployment@psesd.org, (425) 917-7667.

Enumclaw School District's Net Position at the end of the fiscal period, August 31, 2022, was \$230,086.

NOTE 10: PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax revenues are collected as the result of special levies passed by the voters in the District. Taxes are levied on January 1. The taxpayer has the obligation of paying all taxes on April 30 or one-half then and one-half on October 31. Typically, slightly more than half of the collections are made on the April 30 date. The tax collections occurring after the end of the fiscal period are unavailable for revenue accrual. Therefore, the fall portion of property taxes is not accrued as revenue. Instead, the property taxes due after the end of the fiscal period are recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

NOTE 11: JOINT VENTURES AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The District is a member of the King County Director's Association (KCDA). KCDA is a purchasing cooperative designed to pool the member districts' purchasing power. The board authorized joining the association by passing Resolution 788 dated December 20,1999, and has remained in the joint venture ever since. The District's current equity of \$87,375.14 is the accumulation of the annual assignment of KCDA's operating surplus based upon the percentage derived from KCDA's total sales to the District compared to all other districts applied against paid administrative fees. The District may withdraw from the joint venture and will receive its equity in ten annual allocations of merchandise or 15 annual payments.

NOTE 12: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund
Nonspendable Fund Balance					
Inventory and Prepaid Items	\$430,701.97	\$21,540.10			
Restricted Fund Balance					
For Other Items	\$200,000				
For Fund Purpose		\$803,703.60			\$700,755.72
For Carryover of Restricted Revenues	\$347,000				
For Skill Centers					
For Carryover of Food					
Service Revenue					
For Debt Service				\$1,827,709.81	
For Arbitrage Rebate					
For Self-Insurance					
For Uninsured Risks					
Restricted from Bond			¢111 510 05		
Proceeds			\$411,548.95		
Restricted from State					
Proceeds					
Restricted from					
Federal Proceeds					

The District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate.

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund
Restricted from Other Proceeds			\$15,841.79		
Restricted from Impact Fee Proceeds			\$249,540.91		
Restricted from Mitigation Fee Proceeds			\$2,161,847.90		
Restricted from Undistributed Proceeds					
Committed Fund Balance					
Committed from Levy Proceeds			\$317,062.10		
For Economic Stabilization					
Other Commitments					
Assigned Fund Balance Contingencies					
Other Capital Projects	\$750,000				
Other Purposes	\$3,200,000				
Fund Purposes			\$179,672.42		
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$117,708.47				

The District does not establish a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund. The District's General Fund ending fund balance has a set aside amount to replace the turf field at Pete's stadium. The amount of fund balance that has been set aside may only be used for that purpose. It cannot be used for any other purpose of the district.

NOTE 13: TERMINATION BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Employees earn sick leave at a rate of 12 days per year up to a maximum of one contract year.

Under the provisions of RCW 28A.400.210, sick leave accumulated by District employees is reimbursed at death or retirement at the rate of one day for each four days of accrued leave, limited to 180 accrued days. This chapter also provides for an annual buyout of an amount up to the maximum annual accumulation of 12 days. For buyout purposes, employees may accumulate such leave to a maximum of 192 days, including the annual accumulation, as of December 31 of each year.

These expenditures are recorded when paid, except termination sick leave that is accrued upon death, retirement, or upon termination provided the employee is at least 55 years of age and has sufficient years of service. Vested sick leave was computed using the vesting method.

Vacation pay, including benefits, that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as expenditures and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

No unrecorded liability exists for other employee benefits.

NOTE 14: OTHER DISCLOSURES

Legal Debt Capacity

RCW 39.36.015 and RCW 39.36.020 provide that debt cannot be incurred in excess of the following percentages of the value of the taxable property of the District.

0.375%-Without a vote of the people (non-bonded debt only per RCW28A.51.010)

2.5% -With a vote of the people

5.0% -With a vote of the people, provided the indebtedness in excess of 2.5 percent is for capital outlay.

Assessed valuation of taxable properties for 2021 taxing purposes was \$4,521,849,874.

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<u>With a Vote</u>

General Obligation Debt Capacity 5%	240,682,482.25
Net Outstanding Indebtedness	(759,267.35)
Bonds Outstanding, principal and interest	(74,106,575.00)
Amount Available in Taxes Receivable	2,109,914.87
Remaining Debt Capacity	\$167,926,554.77

Enumclaw School District No. 216

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities

For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

	Beginning Outstanding Debt September 1,	Amount Issued /	Amount Redeemed /	Ending Outstanding Debt	Amount Due
Description		Increased	Decreased	August 31, 2022	Within One Year
Voted Debt					
Voted Bonds	56,365,000.00	0.00	2,290,000.00	54,075,000.00	2,505,000.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds Issued in Lieu of Bonds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Non-Voted Debt and Liabilities					
Non-Voted Bonds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Leases	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Contracts Payable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Claims & Judgements	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Compensated Absences	453,030.17	322,396.25	697,120.89	78,305.53	549,146.93
Long-Term Notes	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Anticipation Notes Payable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Lines of Credit	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Non-Voted Debt	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Liabilities					
Non-Voted Notes Not Recorded as Debt	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net Pension Liabilities:					
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 1	2,359,330.00	4,368,018.00	0.00	6,727,348.00	
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 2/3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Net Pension Liabilities SERS 2/3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Net Pension Liabilities PERS 1	815,544.00	1,274,083.00	0.00	2,089,627.00	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	59,992,904.17	5,964,497.25	2,987,120.89	62,970,280.53	3,054,146.93

Other postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) liabilities are not presented in the Schedule of Long Term Liabilities.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

		1)		Expenditures			
Federal Agency	-	ALN	Other Award	From Pass- Through	From Direct	F F	Passed through	
(Pass-Inrougn Agency) Child Nutrition Cluster	reaeral Program	Number	Number	Awains	Awains	1 0141	to subrecipients	NOTE
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	School Breakfast Program	10.553	6198.03	339,046		339,046	I	
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via Commodities)	National School Lunch Program	10.555	Ν/Α	120,329		120,329		со
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	National School Lunch Program	10.555	6198.03	1,814,112	ı	1,814,112		
			Total ALN 10.555:	1,934,441	• 	1,934,441	1	
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	6198-09	13,840		13,840	I	
		Total Ch	- Total Child Nutrition Cluster:	2,287,327	 	2,287,327	'	
FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	COVID 19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	6198-10	3,063		3,063		
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster	Cluster							
Forest Service, Agriculture, Department of (via WA State Treasurer)	Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	N/A	1,413		1,413	·	
	Total Forest Sei	vice School	Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster:	1,413	' 	1,413	'	
Office of Elementary and Secondary Education, Education, Department of (via OSPI) Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	84.010A 0104040	443,703		443,703	T	7
OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	Special Education Grants to States	84.027	84.027A 0307526	868,520		868,520		N

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

Enumclaw School District No. 216

OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	Special Education Grants to States	84.027	84.027A 0338455	101,610	ı	101,610	ı	
OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	COVID 19 - Special Education Grants to States	84.027	84.027X 0312182	8,041	ı	8,041	ı	2
			Total ALN 84.027:	978,171	 `	978,171	'	
OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	84173.A 0366895	29,539	ı	29,539	ı	2
OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	COVID 19 - Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	84.173X 0371168	1,475	1	1,475	I	2
			Total ALN 84.173:	31,014	'	31,014	'	
	Total S	special Educ	Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA):	1,009,185	•	1,009,185		
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF	Indian Education Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.060		ı	24,454	24,454	ı	
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	84.196A 0457540	23,495	,	23,495	,	2
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	84.365A 0403148	32,693	,	32,693	ı	2
OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367	0525338	64,381		64,381		2
EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	84.424A 0431119	41,544	I	41,544		2
EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	84.425D /0120359	539,050		539,050		2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

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EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	84.425U/ 0138220	1,582,726		1,582,726	
EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	84.425U 0140071	12,532		12,532	
EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via OSPI)	COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	84.425W 0459008	4,281		4,281	
			Total ALN 84.425:	2,138,589	 '	2,138,589	'
SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ADMINISTRATION, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State Health Care Authoritv)	Opioid STR	93.788	Н79Т1083286	27,212		27,212	·
SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ADMINISTRATION, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA State	Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.959	B08T1083519	57,819		57,819	
		Total Feder	 Total Federal Awards Expended:	6,130,424	24,454	6,154,878	'

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Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the year ended August 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared on the same basis of accounting as Enumclaw School District's financial statements. The district uses the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures represent only the federally funded portions of the program. District records should be consulted to determine amounts expended or matched from non-federal sources.

NOTE 2 - FEDERAL DE MINIMIS INDIRECT RATE

The Enumclaw School District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. The district claimed indirect costs under this grant using its federal restricted rate of .0491 with the exception of the following: ESSER II @.2009, ESSER III @.1472 and the ARP Homeless Children and Youth Grant @ .1472.

NOTE 3 - NONCASH AWARDS

The amounts of food commodities reported on the schedule are the market value of commodities distributed by the school district during the current year. The value is determined by the USDA.

DISTRICT CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that to the best of my knowledge, the following statements are true:

- 1. We have identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards all federal assistance (financial or unfinancial) provided directly from a federal agency and passed through from other entities including, if applicable, assistance in the forms of grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, donated surplus property, food commodities and donated inventories, loans, loan guarantees, property, interest subsidies, insurance, direct appropriations, or other assistance.
- 2. Expenditures reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are supported by books, records, or other documentation that contain information pertaining to federal award authorizations, obligations, unobligated balances, assets, liabilities, expenditures and income.

Business and Operations

11/30/22

Date:



Enumclaw School District 2929 McDougall Avenue Enumclaw, Washington 98022 (360) 802-7100

Inspiring students to learn, lead and impact their community and the world.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR FINDINGS REPORTED UNDER UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Enumclaw School District No. 216 September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022

This schedule presents the corrective action planned by the District for findings reported in this report in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

Finding ref number:	Finding caption:
2022-001	The District did not have adequate internal controls for ensuring compliance with federal wage rate requirements.
Name, address, and telephone of District contact person:	
Kyle Fletcher	
2929 McDougall Avenue	

Enumclaw, WA 98022

(360) 802-7107

Corrective action the auditee plans to take in response to the finding:

The District is responsible for ensuring that contractors and subcontractors working on construction contracts in excess of \$2,000, when using federal funds, pay laborers and mechanics prevailing wages. The prevailing wage requirements specify that the District is required to collect weekly certified payroll reports from contractor and subcontractors, which include copies of their payroll and signed "Statement of Compliance." These requirements are part of the Davis-Bacon Act (Title 29 CFR, Section 3.3, Section 3.4 and Section 5.5).

The District concurs that it did not have fully established processes in place to collect certified payroll reports on a weekly basis as required by the Davis-Bacon Act until May 2022. Based on a review of our internal processes, we have identified the following corrective actions:

- 1) A point-person within the district (currently our Facilities and Operations Secretary) will be responsible for downloading and/or printing the certified payroll reports and signed "statement of compliance" through the Department of Labor and Industries secure access portal each week to review/verify the wages paid.
- 2) The certified payroll report will be date-stamped and signed or downloaded to an electronic file each week.
- *3) The certified payroll report will be filed internally either hard-copy or electronically*

We believe these corrective actions will put the necessary checks and balances in place to ensure consistent compliance with this requirement.

Anticipated date to complete the corrective action:

May/June 2022 - Conduct internal review regarding our collection of certified payroll reports for federally funded projects exceeding \$2,000.

June 2022 - Begin weekly collection of certified payroll reports, as described above, for all federally funded projects exceeding \$2,000.

Note:

The corrective action plan was already implemented on the dates above. The dates above were in the final quarter of the audited fiscal year 2021-2022. Due to the timing of discovering the prior year 2020-2021 finding, it would not be possible to go back and correct the whole fiscal year since the requirement is done in real time weekly. This resulted in the repeat finding.

ABOUT THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

The State Auditor's Office is established in the Washington State Constitution and is part of the executive branch of state government. The State Auditor is elected by the people of Washington and serves four-year terms.

We work with state agencies, local governments and the public to achieve our vision of increasing trust in government by helping governments work better and deliver higher value.

In fulfilling our mission to provide citizens with independent and transparent examinations of how state and local governments use public funds, we hold ourselves to those same standards by continually improving our audit quality and operational efficiency, and by developing highly engaged and committed employees.

As an agency, the State Auditor's Office has the independence necessary to objectively perform audits, attestation engagements and investigations. Our work is designed to comply with professional standards as well as to satisfy the requirements of federal, state and local laws. The Office also has an extensive quality control program and undergoes regular external peer review to ensure our work meets the highest possible standards of accuracy, objectivity and clarity.

Our audits look at financial information and compliance with federal, state and local laws for all local governments, including schools, and all state agencies, including institutions of higher education. In addition, we conduct performance audits and cybersecurity audits of state agencies and local governments, as well as state whistleblower, fraud and citizen hotline investigations.

The results of our work are available to everyone through the more than 2,000 reports we publish each year on our website, <u>www.sao.wa.gov</u>. Additionally, we share regular news and other information via an email subscription service and social media channels.

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- Main telephone: (564) 999-0950
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- Email: webmaster@sao.wa.gov