

Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit Report

Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410

For the period September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023

Published June 17, 2024 Report No. 1034979



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Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

June 17, 2024

Superintendent and Board of Directors Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410 Snoqualmie, Washington

Report on Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit

Please find attached our report on Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410's financial statements and compliance with federal laws and regulations.

We are issuing this report in order to provide information on the District's financial activities and condition.

Sincerely,

Fat Marthy

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor Olympia, WA

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410 September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

The results of our audit of Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410 are summarized below in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

Financial Statements

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the District's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. Separately, we issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because the financial statements are prepared using a basis of accounting other than GAAP.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We noted no instances of noncompliance that were material to the financial statements of the District.

Federal Awards

Internal Control over Major Programs:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over major federal programs that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the District's compliance with requirements applicable to each of its major federal programs.

We reported findings that are required to be disclosed in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

Identification of Major Federal Programs

The following programs were selected as major programs in our audit of compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

ALN	Program or Cluster Title
84.027	Special Education Cluster (IDEA) – Special Education Grants to States
84.027	COVID -19 – Special Education Cluster (IDEA) – Special Education Grants to States
84.173	Special Education Cluster (IDEA) – Special Education Preschool Grants
84.173	COVID -19 – Special Education Cluster (IDEA) – Special Education Preschool Grants
84.425	COVID -19 – Education Stabilization Fund

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs, as prescribed by the Uniform Guidance, was \$750,000.

The District did not qualify as a low-risk auditee under the Uniform Guidance.

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

See Finding 2023-001.

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410 September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023

2023-001 The District did not have adequate internal controls for ensuring compliance with procurement requirements for the Special Education program.

Assistance Listing Number and Title:	 84.027 Special Education – Grants to States 84.027 COVID-19 Special Education – Grants to States 84.173 Special Education – Preschool Grants
	84.173 COVID-19 Special Education – Preschool Grants
Federal Grantor Name:	U.S. Department of Education
Federal Award/Contract Number:	N/A
Pass-through Entity Name:	Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI)
Pass-through Award/Contract	84.027A 0307771, 84.173A
Number:	0367163, GT-00628, 84.027X
	0312299, 84.173X 0371269
Known Questioned Cost Amount:	\$0
Prior Year Audit Finding:	Yes, Finding 2022-001

Background

The objective of the Special Education program is to ensure students with disabilities receive a free and appropriate public education. The program has specifically designed instruction addressing the unique needs of each eligible

student. During fiscal year 2023, the District spent \$1,874,916 in federal funds through its Special Education program.

When using federal funds to purchase goods and services, governments must apply the more restrictive of federal, state or local policies by obtaining quotes or following a competitive bidding process, depending on the estimated cost of the purchase. Governments must also keep documentation supporting the procurement method they used. The District's policy conforms to federal requirements for personal services, which requires price or rate quotations from a reasonable number (for example, more than one) of qualified sources for services costing between \$10,000 and \$250,000.

Federal regulations require recipients to establish and maintain internal controls that ensure compliance with program requirements. These controls include understanding program requirements and monitoring the effectiveness of established controls.

Description of Condition

During our audit, we found the District did not follow its policy for documenting and obtaining price or rate quotations from a reasonable number of qualified sources for services costing between \$10,000 and \$250,000. Specifically, the District procured special education services from six personal service contractors and charged \$246,484 to the award for these services without obtaining price or rate quotations from a reasonable number of qualified sources, as federal regulations and District policy require.

We consider this deficiency in internal controls to be a material weakness that led to material noncompliance.

Cause of Condition

When soliciting quotes, the District requested quotes from three vendors and received responses from vendors stating they lacked available staffing to perform the requested services. The District misinterpreted the requirement and considered the responses as valid quotes. Additionally, the District did not attempt to obtain quotes from other sources to ensure it has obtained more than one quote for each personal service.

Effect of Condition

Without obtaining a reasonable number of quotes, the District cannot demonstrate it received the best price for the services it purchased. Additionally, the District

cannot demonstrate that it complied with federal regulations for procuring goods and services.

Recommendation

We recommend the District:

- Dedicate the necessary time and resources to ensuring all staff responsible for procuring goods and services are fully familiar with federal procurement requirements and District policy
- Follow its procurement policy and federal regulations when procuring personal services and purchases with federal funds

District's Response

The District notes that in the instances of noncompliance, the vendor responses affirming no available staffing (incorrectly counted as a quote) could have been used as evidence of one of the four allowable circumstances of noncompetitive procurement: after solicitation of a number of sources, competition is determined inadequate. As such, the likely outcome of the procurement would have been the same, although the process to get to that conclusion needs to be corrected.

The District will make that correction going forward. When vendors respond to quote solicitations with no available staffing, the District will change internal practices and either continue to solicit additional quotes from additional vendors who do have available staffing or will evaluate the procurement using the noncompetitive procurement guidelines outlined in the Uniform Guidance.

Auditor's Remarks

We appreciate the District's commitment to resolve this finding and thank the District for its cooperation and assistance during the audit. We will review the corrective action taken during our next regular audit.

Applicable Laws and Regulations

Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), section 516, Audit findings, establishes reporting requirements for audit findings.

Title 2 CFR Part 200, Uniform Guidance, section 303, Internal controls, describes the requirements for auditees to maintain internal controls over federal programs and comply with federal program requirements.

The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants defines significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in its *Codification of Statements on Auditing Standards*, section 935, Compliance Audits, paragraph 11.

Title 2 CFR 200, Uniform Guidance, section 319, Competition, establishes the requirement that all procurement transactions with Federal funds be conducted in a manner providing full and open competition consistent with standards of this section.

Title 2 CFR Part 200, Section 320 – Methods of procurement to be followed, describes each allowable procurement method.



SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410 September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023

This schedule presents the status of findings reported in prior audit periods.

Audit Period:	Repor	rt Ref. No.:	Finding Ref. No.:	ALN(s):
September 1, 2021	10333	25	2022-001	84.027 and 84.173
through August 31, 20	22			
Federal Program Na	me and Gra	nting Agency:	Pass-Through Age	ncy Name:
U.S. Department of Ec	lucation		Office of Superinter	ident of Public
			Instruction (OSPI)	
Finding Caption: The	District did	not have adequat	e internal controls for	ensuring compliance
with procurement requ	irements for	the Special Educ	cation program	
Background:				
number of qualified so the District procured s and charged \$189,261 from a reasonable nu require.	pecial educa to the award mber of qua	tion services fro for these services llified sources, a	m seven professional s without obtaining pr	services contractors ice or rate quotations
Status of Corrective	Action: (che	ck one)		
\Box Fully \boxtimes Pa	artially	□ Not Correc	□ Finding	g is considered no
Corrected Corre	ected		longer val	id
Corrective Action Ta	ken:			
The district provided of controls are being fold implemented.		0 0 0		

Audit Period:	Report Reference	Finding Ref. No.:	ALN(s):		
September 1, 2021	No.: 1033325	2022-002	84.425		
through August 31, 2022					
Federal Program Name a	nd Granting Agency:	Pass-Through Agend	cy Name:		
U.S. Department of Educat	ion	Office of Superintend Instruction (OSPI)	ent of Public		
Finding Caption: The District did not have internal controls for ensuring compliance with					
federal wage rate requirements.					
Background: The District did not have adequate internal controls for ensuring compliance with prevailing wage rate requirements. Specifically, the District did not collect and review all weekly certified payroll reports from the contractor and subcontractor to confirm they paid laborers proper prevailing wages.					
Status of Corrective Action	on: (check one)				
☑ Fully□ PartialCorrectedCorrected	Not Corrected				
Corrective Action Takens					
Corrective action taken: Corrective action was implemented after the prior year audit and no new expenditures have occurred since that time related to federally funded public works projects.					

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410 September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023

Superintendent and Board of Directors Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410 Snoqualmie, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 6, 2024.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the District's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. We issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because, as described in Note 1, the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* does not require the District to prepare the government-wide statements presenting the financial position and changes in financial position of its governmental activities as required by GAAP. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of the variances between the basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However,

this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Tat Marthy

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor Olympia, WA June 6, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance

Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410 September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023

Superintendent and Board of Directors Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410 Snoqualmie, Washington

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the compliance of Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410, with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. *Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)* are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on

compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

Performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance includes the following responsibilities:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances;
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed; and

• We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2023-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or compliance over compliance is a deficiency or million over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed. Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2023-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Tat Marthy

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor Olympia, WA June 6, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410 September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023

Superintendent and Board of Directors Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410 Snoqualmie, Washington

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Unmodified and Adverse Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the financial section of our report.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting (Accounting Manual)

As described in Note 1 the District has prepared these financial statements to meet the financial reporting requirements of state law and the accounting practices prescribed by the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington* (Accounting Manual). Those accounting practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The differences in these accounting practices are also described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the regulatory basis financial position of Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410, as of the year ended August 31, 2023, and the regulatory basis of changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, on the basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

The financial statements referred to above were not intended to, and in our opinion they do not, present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410, as of August 31, 2023, or the changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended, because of the significance of the matter discussed below.

Basis for Unmodified and Adverse Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and *Governmental Auditing Standards*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unmodified and adverse audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

Auditing standards issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) require auditors to formally acknowledge when governments do not prepare their financial statements, intended for general use, in accordance with GAAP. As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the government-wide financial statements are prepared by the District in accordance with state law using accounting practices prescribed by the Accounting Manual, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive

Matters of Emphasis

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2023, the District adopted new accounting guidance for presentation and disclosure for Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA) as required by the Accounting Manual. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of state law and the Accounting Manual described in Note 1. This includes determining that the basis of accounting is acceptable for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

Performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* includes the following responsibilities:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements;
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time; and
- We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). The Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is also presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the prescribed Accounting Manual. These schedules are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 6, 2024 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Tat Marthy

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor Olympia, WA June 6, 2024

FINANCIAL SECTION

Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410 September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds – 2023
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds – 2023
Notes to the Financial Statements – 2023

SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities – 2023 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – 2023 Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – 2023

410
No.
District
School
Valley
Snoqualmie

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

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	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	11,207,128.15	618,741.57	8,623,771.73	27,380,540.28	1,776,243.84	0.00	49,606,425.57
Minus Warrants Outstanding	-2,947,980.18	-10,607.31	0.00	-8,706.56	-353,572.18	0.00	-3,320,866.23
Taxes Receivable	9,930,646.36		8,856,486.92	3,852,720.59	0.00		22,639,853.87
Due From Other Funds	1,718,109.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,718,109.50
Due From Other Governmental Units	1,093,546.25	0.00	0.00	10,246,056.80	0.00	0.00	11,339,603.05
Accounts Receivable	129,289.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	129,289.80
Interfund Loans Receivable	0.00			0.00			0.00
Accrued Interest Receivable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Inventory	33,250.90	0.00		87,060.11			120,311.01
Prepaid Items	808,638.86	0.00			0.00	0.00	808,638.86
Investments	1,211.39	197.08	1,297.10	4,859.35	421.62	0.00	7,986.54
Investments/Cash With Trustee	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Investments-Deferred Compensation	0.00			0.00			0.00
Self-Insurance Security Deposit	0.00						0.00
TOTAL ASSETS	21,973,841.03	608,331.34	17,481,555.75	41,562,530.57	1,423,093.28	0.00	83,049,351.97
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Other	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES	21,973,841.03	608,331.34	17,481,555.75	41,562,530.57	1,423,093.28	0.00	83,049,351.97
Accounts Payable	509,230.17	18,739.70	0.00	130,875.69	0.00	0.00	658,845.56
Contracts Payable Current	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Accrued Interest Payable			0.00				0.00

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No.
District
School
Valley
Snoqualmie

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

August 31, 2023

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
Accrued Salaries	38,697.75	0.00		0.00			38,697.75
Anticipation Notes Payable	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
LIABILITIES:							
Payroll Deductions and Taxes Payable	51,340.35	0.00		0.00			51,340.35
Due To Other Governmental Units	9,544.54	77.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	9,621.54
Deferred Compensation Payable	0.00			0.00			0.00
Estimated Employee Benefits Payable	0.00						0.00
Due To Other Funds	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,718,109.50	0.00	0.00	1,718,109.50
Interfund Loans Payable	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
Deposits	0.00	0.00		0.00			0.00
Unearned Revenue	4,050.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		4,050.00
Matured Bonds Payable			0.00				0.00
Matured Bond Interest Payable			0.00				0.00
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	612,862.81	18,816.70	0.00	1,848,985.19	0.00	0.00	2,480,664.70
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable Revenue	354,926.60	71,743.00	0.00	10,258,045.54	0.00	0.00	10,684,715.14
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes Receivable	9,930,646.36		8,856,486.92	3,852,720.59	0.00		22,639,853.87
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	10,285,572.96	71,743.00	8,856,486.92	14,110,766.13	0.00	0.00	33,324,569.01
FUND BALANCE:							
Nonspendable Fund Balance	841,889.76	0.00	0.00	87,060.11	0.00	0.00	928,949.87
Restricted Fund Balance	609,953.44	517,771.64	8,625,068.83	16,123,173.36	1,423,093.28	0.00	27,299,060.55
Committed Fund Balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	8,309,619.19	0.00	0.00	8,309,619.19
Assigned Fund Balance	9,623,562.06	0.00	0.00	1,082,926.59	0.00	0.00	10,706,488.65

Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

August 31, 2023

Total	0.00	47,244,118.26	83,049,351.97
Permanent Fund	0.00	0.00	00.0
Transportation Vehicle Fund	0.00	1,423,093.28	1,423,093.28
Capital Projects Fund	0.00	25,602,779.25	41,562,530.57
Debt Service Fund	0.00	8,625,068.83	17,481,555.75
ASB Fund	0.00	517,771.64	608,331.34
General Fund	0.00	11,075,405.26	21,973,841.03
	Unassigned Fund Balance	TOTAL FUND BALANCE	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE

410
No.
District
School
Valley
Snoqualmie

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
REVENUES:							
Local	22,124,677.45	951,352.99	21,397,672.07	7,318,616.54	18,535.15		51,810,854.20
State	90,510,844.90		32,087.07	972,993.52	905,278.93		92,421,204.42
Federal	5,252,781.96		0.00	0.00	0.00		5,252,781.96
Other	296,670.01			0.00	0.00	0.00	296,670.01
TOTAL REVENUES	118,184,974.32	951,352.99	21,429,759.14	8,291,610.06	923,814.08	0.00	149,781,510.59
EXPENDITURES:							
CURRENT :							
Regular Instruction	70,727,490.01						70,727,490.01
Special Education	17,084,590.25						17,084,590.25
Vocational Education	4,669,899.34						4,669,899.34
Skill Center	0.00						0.00
Compensatory Programs	2,263,270.58						2,263,270.58
Other Instructional Programs	1,085,594.71						1,085,594.71
Federal Stimulus COVID-19	1,881,580.92						1,881,580.92
Community Services	497,638.31						497,638.31
Support Services	25,095,446.55						25,095,446.55
Student Activities/Other		968,650.20				0.00	968,650.20
CAPITAL OUTLAY:							
Sites				871,751.57			871,751.57
Building				3,607,606.65			3,607,606.65
Equipment				87,346.08			87,346.08
Instructional Technology				1,715,489.72			1,715,489.72
Energy				13,827.11	0.00		13,827.11
Transportation Equipment					353,572.18		353,572.18
Sales and Lease				0.00			0.00
Other	179,163.32						179,163.32
DEBT SERVICE:							
Principal	0.00		15,260,000.00	0.00	0.00		15,260,000.00

Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
Interest and Other Charges	5,350.00		9,456,189.08	0.00	0.00		9,461,539.08
Bond/Levy Issuance				0.00	0.00		0.00
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	123,490,023.99	968,650.20	24,716,189.08	6,296,021.13	353,572.18	0.00	155,824,456.58
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-5,305,049.67	-17,297.21	-3,286,429.94	1,995,588.93	570,241.90	0.00	-6,042,945.99
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Bond Sales & Refunding Bond Sales	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
Long-Term Financing	0.00			0.00	0.00		0.00
Transfers In	3,832,472.33		0.00	0.00	0.00		3,832,472.33
Transfers Out (GL 536)	0.00		0.00	-3,832,472.33	0.00	0.00	-3,832,472.33
Other Financing Uses (GL 535)	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
Other	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	3,832,472.33		00.00	-3,832,472.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
EXCESS OF REVENUES/OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	-1,472,577.34	-17,297.21	-3,286,429.94	-1,836,883.40	570,241.90	0.00	-6,042,945.99
BEGINNING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	12,547,982.60	535,068.85	11,911,498.77	27,439,662.65	852,851.38	00.00	53,287,064.25
Prior Year(s) Corrections or Restatements	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ENDING TOTAL FUND BALANCE	11,075,405.26	517,771.64	8,625,068.83	25,602,779.25	1,423,093.28	0.00	47,244,118.26

SNOQUALMIE VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements September 1, 2022 Through August 31, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Snoqualmie Valley School District is a municipal corporation organized pursuant to Title 28A of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) for the purposes of providing public school services to students in grades K–12. Oversight responsibility for the District's operations is vested with the independently elected board of directors. Management of the District is appointed by and is accountable to the board of directors. Fiscal responsibility, including budget authority and the power to set fees, levy property taxes, and issue debt consistent with provisions of state statutes, also rests with the board of directors.

The District presents governmental fund financial statements and related notes on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the *Accounting Manual for Public School Districts in the State of Washington*, issued jointly by the State Auditor's Office and the Superintendent of Public Instruction by the authority of RCW 43.09.200, RCW 28A.505.140, RCW 28A.505.010(1) and RCW 28A.505.020. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

- (1) Districtwide statements, as defined in GAAP, are not presented.
- (2) A Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities is presented as supplementary information.
- (3) Supplementary information required by GAAP is not presented.
- (4) Property Taxes collected after the end of the fiscal period are not considered available for revenue accrual as described below.

Fund Accounting

Financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds Each fund uses a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures (or expenses) as appropriate. All funds are considered major funds. The various funds in the report are grouped into governmental funds as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

This fund is used to account for all expendable financial resources, except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the principle of having as few funds as are necessary, activities such as food services, maintenance, data processing, printing, and student transportation are included in the General Fund.

Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for financial resources that are to be used for the construction or acquisition of major capital assets. There are two funds that are considered to be of the capital projects fund type: the Capital Projects Fund and the Transportation Vehicle Fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for resources set aside for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets such as land and buildings.

<u>Transportation Vehicle Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for the purchase, major repair, rebuilding, and debt service expenditures that relate to pupil transportation equipment.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of matured general long-term debt principal and interest.

Special Revenue Fund

In Washington state, the only allowable special revenue fund for school districts is the Associated Student Body (ASB) Fund. This fund is accounted for in the District's financial statements as the financial resources legally belong to the District. As a special revenue fund, amounts within the ASB Fund may only be used for those purposes that relate to the operation of the Associated Student Body of the District.

Permanent Funds

These funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted such that only earnings, and not principal, may be expended. Amounts in the Permanent Fund may only be spent in support of the District's programs and may not be used to the benefit of any individual.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and fund financial statement presentation

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered "measurable" if the amount of the transaction can be readily determined. Revenues are considered "available" when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Categorical program claims and interdistrict billings are measurable and are accrued. Property taxes not collected by the fiscal year end are

measurable and recorded as a receivable, however the receivable is not considered available revenue and is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt which are recorded when due. Purchases of capital assets are expensed during the year of acquisition. For federal grants, the recognition of expenditures is dependent on the obligation date. (Obligation means a purchase order has been issued, contracts have been awarded, or goods and/or services have been received.)

Budgets

Chapter 28A.505 RCW and Chapter 392-123 Washington Administrative Code (WAC) mandate school district budget policies and procedures. The board adopts annual appropriated budgets for all governmental funds. These budgets are appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.

Budgets are adopted on the same modified accrual basis as used for financial reporting. Fund balance is budgeted as available resources and, under statute, may not be negative, unless the District enters into binding conditions with state oversight pursuant to RCW 28A.505.110.

The government's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

The District receives state funding for specific categorical education-related programs. Amounts that are received for these programs that are not used in the current fiscal year may be carried forward into the subsequent fiscal year, where they may be used only for the same purpose as they were originally received. When the District has such carryover, those funds are expended before any amounts received in the current year are expended.

Additionally, the District has other restrictions placed on its financial resources. When expenditures are recorded for purposes for which a restriction or commitment of fund balance is available, those funds that are restricted or committed to that purpose are considered first before any unrestricted or unassigned amounts are expended.

The government's fund balance classifications policies and procedures.

The District classifies ending fund balance for its governmental funds into five categories.

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u>. The amounts reported as Nonspendable are resources of the District that are not in spendable format. They are either non-liquid resources such as inventory or prepaid items, or the resources are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Restricted are those resources of the District that have had a legal restriction placed on their use either from statute, WAC, or other legal requirements that are beyond the control of the board of directors. Restricted fund balance includes anticipated recovery of revenues that have been received but are restricted as to their usage.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u>. Amounts that are reported as Committed are those resources of the District that have had a limitation placed upon their usage by formal action of the District's board of directors. Commitments are made either through a formal adopted board resolution or are related to a school board policy. Commitments may only be changed when the resources are used for the intended purpose or the limitation is removed by a subsequent formal action of the board of directors.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u>. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Assigned are those resources that the District has set aside for specific purposes. These accounts reflect tentative management plans for future financial resource use such as the replacement of equipment or the assignment of resources for contingencies. Assignments reduce the amount reported as Unassigned Fund Balance, but may not reduce that balance below zero.

In other governmental funds, Assigned fund balance represents a positive ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered. These resources are only available for expenditure in that fund and may not be used in any other fund without formal action by the District's board of directors and as allowed by statute.

The Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent are the only persons who have the authority to create Assignments of fund balance.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>. In the General Fund, amounts that are reported as Unassigned are those net spendable resources of the District that are not otherwise Restricted, Committed, or Assigned, and may be used for any purpose within the General Fund.

In other governmental funds, Unassigned fund balance represents a deficit ending spendable fund balance once all restrictions and commitments are considered.

A negative Unassigned fund balance means that the legal restrictions and formal commitments of the District exceed its currently available resources.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All of the District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables and Payables

All receivables and payables are expected to be collected within one year.

Capitalization Threshold for Leases and Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

The District follows the modified accrual basis of accounting in its treatment of leases and SBITAs. Agreements are evaluated regarding the lease term, payments, and discount rates as well as materiality to the District's financial position. The District's capitalization threshold for recognition of leases and SBITAs is \$350,000. Arrangements that are considered short term or do not meet capitalization thresholds are treated as revenues and expenditures in the current year.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The consumption method of inventory is used, which charges inventory as an expenditure when it is consumed. A portion of fund balance, representing inventory, is considered Nonspendable. Such reserves for inventory indicate that a portion of net current assets is set aside to replace or increase the inventory. USDA commodity inventory consists of food donated by the United States Department of Agriculture. It is valued at the prices paid by the USDA for the commodities.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

For the year ended August 31, 2023, the district implemented guidance for the presentation and disclosures of Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA), as required by the School District Accounting Manual. These changes were in response to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96. The District implemented the changes to the School District Accounting Manual with no significant impact on financial reporting.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The King County Treasurer is the *ex officio* treasurer for the District and holds all accounts of the District. The District directs the County Treasurer to invest those financial resources of the District that the District has determined are not needed to meet the current financial obligations of the District.

The district's deposits and certificates of deposit are mostly covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC).

The district's participation in the King County investment pool is voluntary and the pool does not have a credit rating. The district reports its investment in the pool at the fair value amount, which is not the same as the value of the pool per share. The fair value of the district's investment in the pool is measured using a net asset value (NAV) as determined by the pool.

All of the District's investments during the year and at year-end were insured or registered and held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

Washington State statutes authorize the district to invest in the following types of securities:

- Certificates, notes, or bonds of the United States, its agencies, or any corporation wholly owned by the government of the United States,
- Obligations of government-sponsored corporations which are eligible as collateral for advances to member banks as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System,
- Bankers' acceptances purchased on the secondary market,
- Repurchase agreements for securities listed in the three items above, provided that the transaction is structured so that the public treasurer obtains control over the underlying securities,
- Investment deposits with qualified public depositories,
- Washington State Local Government Investment Pool, and
- County Treasurer Investment Pools.

As of August 31, 2023, the district had the following investments:

Investment Type	
King County Investment Pool	\$60,405,328
County Impaired Investment Pool	\$8,039
Total	\$60,413,367

Impaired Investments. As of August 31, 2023, all impaired commercial paper investments have completed enforcement events. The King County impaired investment pool (Impaired Pool) held one commercial paper asset where the Impaired Pool accepted an exchange offer and is receiving the cash flows from the investment's underlying securities. The District's share of the impaired investment pool principal is \$16,025 and the district's fair value of these investments is \$8,039.

Interest Rate Risk. As of August 31, 2023, the Pool's average duration was 0.64 years. As a means of limiting its exposure to rising interest rates, securities purchased in the Pool must have a final maturity, or weighted average life, no longer than five years. While the Pool's market value is calculated on a monthly basis, unrealized gains and losses are not distributed to participants. The Pool distributes earnings monthly using an amortized cost methodology.

Credit Risk. As of August 31, 2023, the district's investment in the Pool was not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO). In compliance with state statutes,

Pool policies authorize investments in U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. agency securities and mortgage-backed securities, corporate notes (rated at least "A"), municipal securities (rated at least "A" by two NRSROs), commercial paper (rated at least the equivalent of "A-1"), certificates of deposits issued by qualified public depositaries, repurchase agreements, and the Local Government Investment Pool managed by the Washington State Treasurer's office. The County provided the following information regarding the District's investment losses in the pool as described above, and potential maximum losses on impaired investments as of August 31, 2023.

Impaired Investments by Fund	Maximum Exposure on Impaired Investments	Unrealized Loss Exposure Based on Fair Value as of 8-31-23	Net Fair Value of 8-31-23 (maximum exposure less unrealized loss exposure)
General	\$2,431	\$1,211	\$1,219
Transportation Vehicle	\$846	\$422	\$424
Capital Projects	\$9,750	\$4,859	\$4,891
ASB	\$395	\$197	\$198
Debt Service	\$2,603	\$1,297	\$1,306
Total	\$16,025	\$7,986	\$8,038

NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Arbitrage Rebate

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 requires the District to rebate the earnings on the investment of bond and revenue anticipation note proceeds, in excess of their yield, to the federal government. This requirement is effective for the District's 5 bond issue(s) after September 1, 1986, currently totaling \$203,240,000 as of August 31. Of the rebate, 90 percent is due and payable five years from the date bonds were issued and at five-year intervals thereafter. The remaining 10 percent is payable 60 days after they are retired. Because positive arbitrage can be offset against negative arbitrage, the rebatable amount fluctuates each year and may or may not be owed at the payment intervals. Because of the uncertainty of having to make this payment, the District is contingently liable for arbitrage rebate. The District does not owe any arbitrage rebate as of August 31, 2023.

NOTE 4: PENSION PLANS

General Information

The Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the state of Washington, prepares a stand-alone annual comprehensive financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for

each pension plan. The pension plan's basic financial statement is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The measurement date of the pension plans is June 30. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The school district is reporting the net pension liability in the notes and on the Schedule of Long-term Liabilities calculated as the district's proportionate allocation percentage multiplied by the total plan collective net pension liability. The DRS total collective net pension liabilities for the pension plans school districts participate in are shown here.

The Collective Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The Collective Net Pension Liability or (Asset) as of June 30, 2023 (in \$)						
			Participating	Plan fiduciary net		
	Total Pension	Plan fiduciary	employers' net	position as a		
	Liability	net position	pension liability or	percentage of the total		
			(Asset)	pension liability		
PERS 1	11,508,253,000	9,225,521,000	2,282,732,000	80.16%		
SERS 2/3	9,283,864,000	9,427,008,000	(143,144,000)	101.54%		
TRS 1	8,491,576,000	7,225,059,000	1,266,517,000	85.09%		
TRS 2/3	24,937,867,000	25,060,682,000	(122,815,000)	100.49%		

The collective net pension liability or asset for the pension plans districts participated in are reported in the following tables:

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS report. Copies of the report may be obtained by contacting the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, P.O. Box 48380, Olympia, WA 98504-8380; or online at <u>Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports</u> or http://www.drs.wa.gov.

Membership Participation

Substantially all school district full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following three contributory, multi-employer, cost-sharing statewide retirement systems managed by DRS: Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and School Employees' Retirement System (SERS).

Membership & Plan Benefits

Certificated employees are members of TRS. Classified employees are members of PERS (if Plan 1) or SERS. Plan 1 under the TRS and PERS programs are defined benefit pension plans whose

members joined the system on or before September 30, 1977. TRS 1 and PERS 1 are closed to new entrants.

TRS Plan Information

TRS was established in 1938, and its retirement provisions are contained in RCW Chapters 41.34 and 41.32. TRS eligibility for membership requires service as a certificated, public-school employee working in an instructional, administrative, or supervisory capacity. TRS is a cost-sharing multi-employer retirement system comprised of three separate plans for membership purposes: Plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans and Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component.

TRS is comprised of three separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 1, Plan 2/3, and Plan 3. Plan 1 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 1 members. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of the plan. Therefore, Plan 2/3 a single plan for accounting purposes.

TRS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are calculated using 2% of the member's Average Final Compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service – up to a maximum of 60%. AFC is the average of the member's two consecutive highest-paid fiscal years.

Members are eligible for retirement at any age after 30 years of service, or at the age of 60 with five years of service, or at the age of 55 with 25 years of service. Other benefits include temporary and permanent disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA).

TRS Plan 2/3 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits for Plan 2 aer calculated using 2% of the member's Average Final Compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. Retirement defined benefits for Plan 3 are calculated using 1% of AFC times the member's years of service. AFC is the monthly average of the member's 60 consecutive hightes-paid service credit months. TRS Plan 2/3 has no cap on years of service credit.

Members are eligible for normal retirement at the age of 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. TRS Plan 2/3 members, who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit. The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age, for each year before age 65. TRS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit.

Other TRS Plan 2/3 benefits include a Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3% annually.

Annuities purchased with plan 3 defined contributions that are invested within the WSIB TAP are considered defined benefits. Plan 3 WSIB TAP annuities are actuarially reduced if a survivor benefit is chosen and TAP annuities include a COLA of 3% annually. TRS Plan 3 defined contribution benefits are totally dependent on employee contributions and investment earnings on those contributions. Members are eligible to withdraw their defined contribution upon separation. Members have multiple withdrawal options, including purchase of an annuity.

PERS Plan Information

PERS was established in 1947, and its retirement benefit provisions are contained in Chapters 41.34 and 41.40 RCW. PERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement system. PERS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 2% times the member's Average Final Compensation (AFC) times the member's years of services. AFC is the average of the member's 24 highest consecutive service months. Members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or at age 60 with at least five years of service.

PERS Plan 1 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced is a survivor benefit is chosen. Members retiring from inactive status before age 65 may also receive actuarially reduced benefits. Other benefits include an optional Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA).

SERS Plan Information

SERS was established by the legislature in 1998, and the plan became effective in 2000. SERS retirement benefit provisions are established in Chapters 41.34 and 41.35 RCW. SERS members include classified employees of school districts and educational service districts. SERS is a cost-sharing, multiemployer retirement system comprised of two separate plans for membership purposes. SERS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan and SERS Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component.

Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 defined benefit plan may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is a single plan for accounting purposes.

SERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits for Plan 2 are calculated as 2% times the member's Average Final Compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. Defined benefits for Plan 3 are calculated using 1% times the member's AFC times the member's years of service. AFC is the monthly average of the member's 60 consecutive highest-paid service credit months.

Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at age 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. SERS members who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit. The benefit is reduced by a factor that varies according to age for each year before age 65.

SERS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced if a survivor benefit is chosen.

Other SERS Plan 2/3 benefits include a Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3% annually.

SERS 3 defined contributions benefits are totally dependent on employee contributions and the investment earnings on those contributions. Annuities purchased with plan 3 defined contributions that are invested within the WSIB TAP are considered defined benefits. Plan 3 WSIB TAP annuities are actuarially reduced if a survivor benefit is chosen and TAP annuities include a 3% annually.

Plan Contributions

The employer contribution rates for PERS, TRS, and SERS (Plans 1, 2, and 3) and the TRS and SERS Plan 2 employee contribution rates are established by the Pension Funding Council based upon the rates set by the Legislature. The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under state statue in accordance with Chapters 41.40 and 41.45 RCW for PERS, Chapters 41.35 and 41.45 RCW for SERS, and Chapters 41.32 and 41.45 RCW for TRS. Employers do not contribute to the defined contribution portions of TRS Plan 3 or SERS Plan 3. Under current law the employer must contribute 100 percent of the employer-required contribution. The employee contribution rate for Plan 1 in PERS and TRS is set by statute at six percent and does not vary from year to year.

The employer and employee contribution rates for all plans were effective as of September 1, 2022. PERS contribution rates changed on July 1, 2023. The pension plan contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for fiscal year 2023 are listed below:

	From this date	Through this date	Member rate	Employer rate	
PERS 1	7/1/2022	6/30/2023	6.00%	10.39%	
PERS 1	7/1/2023	8/31/2023	6.00%	9.39%	
SERS 2	9/1/2022	8/31/2023	7.76%	11.79%	
SERS 3	9/1/2022	8/31/2023	*	11.79%	**
TRS 1	9/1/2022	8/31/2023	6.00%	14.69%	
TRS 2	9/1/2022	8/31/2023	8.05%	14.69%	

	From this date	Through this date	Member rate	Employer rate			
TRS 3	9/1/2022	8/31/2023	*	14.69%	**		
	Note: The Employer rates include .0018 DRS administrative expense.						
* – TRS and SERS Plan 3 Employee Contribution Variable from 5% to 15% based on rate selected by the employee member.							
** – 1	** – TRS and SERS Plan 2/3 Employer Contributions for defined benefit portion only.						

The School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

At June 30, 2023, the school district reported a total liability of \$10,843,807 for its proportionate shares of the individual plans' collective net pension liability and \$1,590,002 for its proportionate shares of net pension assets. Proportions of net pension amounts are based on annual contributions for each of the employers participating in the DRS administered plans. At June 30, 2023 the district's proportionate share of each plan's net pension liability is reported below:

June 30, 2023	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
District's Annual Contributions	\$616,837	\$1,254,467	\$3,740,487	\$4,703,602
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$2,066,342	(\$736,299)	\$8,777,465	(\$853,703)

At June 30, 2023, the school district's percentage of the proportionate share of the collective net pension amount was as follows and the change in the allocation percentage from the prior period is illustrated below.

Change in Proportionate Shares	PERS 1	SERS 2/3	TRS 1	TRS 2/3
Current year proportionate share	0.090521%	0.514376%	0.693040%	0.695113%
Prior year proportionate share	0.073813%	0.404362%	0.580629%	0.580829%
Net difference percentage	0.016707%	0.110014%	0.112411%	0.114284%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities for TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1 and SERS 2/3 were determined by actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, with the results rolled forward to June 30, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75% total economic inflation, 3.25% salary inflation
Salary increases	In addition to the base 3.25% salary inflation assumption, salaries are
	also expected to grow by promotions and longevity.
Investment rate of return	7.00%

Mortality Rates

Mortality rates used in the plans were developed using the Society of Actuaries' Pub.H-2010 Mortality rates, which vary by member status as the base table. OSA applies age offsets for each system to better tailor the mortality rates to the demographics of each plan. OSA applied the long-term MP-2017 generational improvement scale to project mortality rates for every year after the 2010 base table. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of the 2013–2018 Demographic Experience Study Report and the 2021 Economic Experience Study. Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2022 actuarial valuation report.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

OSA selected a 7.00% long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments using a building-block method. In selecting the assumptions, OSA reviewed the historical experience data, considered the historical conditions that produced past annual investment returns, and considered Capital Market Assumptions (CMAs) and simulated expected investment returns the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB) provided.

The CMAs contain three pieces of information for each class of assets the WSIB currently invest in:

- Expected annual return
- Standard deviation of the annual return
- Correlations between the annual returns of each asset class with every other asset class

WSIB uses the CMAs and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns over various time horizons.

The expected future rates of return are developed by the WSIB for each major asset class.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

TRS 1, TRS 2/3, PERS 1, and SERS 2/3					
Asset Class	Target Allocation	% Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return			
Fixed Income	20.00%	1.50%			
Tangible Assets	7.00%	4.70%			
Real Estate	18.00%	5.40%			
Global Equity	32.00%	5.90%			
Private Equity	23.00%	8.90%			

The inflation component used to create the above table is 2.20% and represents WSIB's long-term estimate of broad economic inflation consistent with their 2021 CMAs.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. To determine the discount rate, an asset sufficiency test was completed to test whether the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Based on the assumptions described in the DRS Certification Letter, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.00% on pension plan investments was applied to determine the total pension liability or (asset).

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The following table presents the Snoqualmie Valley School District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability or asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability or asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate. Amounts are calculated using the school district's specific allocation percentage, by plan, to determine the proportionate share of the collective net pension liability or asset.

		Current Discount		
	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)	
PERS 1	\$3,189,149,000	\$2,282,732,000	\$1,491,643,000	
Allocation Percentage	0.090521%	0.090521%	0.090521%	
Proportionate Share	\$2,886,836	\$2,066,342	\$1,350,244	
SERS 2/3	\$1,168,408,000	(\$1,143,144,000)	(\$1,224,160,000)	
Allocation Percentage	0.514376%	0.514376%	0.514376%	
Proportionate Share	\$6,010,012	(\$736,299)	(\$6,296,787)	
			1	
TRS 1	\$1,927,853,000	\$1,266,517,000	\$688,424,000	
Allocation Percentage	0.693040%	0.693040%	0.693040%	
Proportionate Share	\$13,360,785	\$8,777,465	\$4,771,051	
TRS 2/3	3,965,509,000	(122,815,000)	(3,446,561,000)	
Allocation Percentage	0.695113%	0.695113%	0.695113%	
Proportionate Share	\$27,564,780	(\$853,703)	(\$23,957,503)	

NOTE 5: ANNUAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATIONS

The state, through the Health Care Authority (HCA), administers a defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan that is not administered through a qualifying trust. The Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB), created within the HCA, is authorized to design benefits, and determine the terms and conditions of employee and retired employee participation and coverage, including establishment of eligibility criteria for both active and retired employees. Benefits purchased by PEBB include medical, dental, life insurance and long-term disability insurance.

The relationship between the PEBB OPEB plan and its member employers and their employees and retirees is not formalized in a contract or plan document. Rather, the benefits are provided in accordance with a substantive plan. A substantive plan is one, which the employers and plan members understand the plan terms. This understanding is based on communications between the HCA, employers and plan members, and historical pattern of practice with regards to sharing of benefit costs.

Employers participating in the plan include the state of Washington (which includes general government agencies and higher education institutions), political subdivisions and tribal governments. Additionally, the PEBB plan is available to the retirees of the K–12 school districts and ESDs. The District's retirees approximately 192 are eligible to participate in the PEBB plan under this arrangement.

<u>Eligibility</u>

District members are eligible for retiree medical benefits after becoming eligible for service retirement pension benefits (either reduced or full pension benefits) Under PERS 1, 2, 3; TRS 1, 2, or 3; or SERS 2 and 3 plans.

Former members who are entitled to a deferred vested pension benefit are not eligible to receive medical and life insurance benefits after pension benefit commencement. Survivors of covered members who die are eligible for medical benefits.

Medical Benefits

Upon retirement, members are permitted to receive medical benefits. Retirees pay the following monthly rates for pre-65 medical coverage for 2023.

Members not eligible for Medicare						
(or enrolled in Part A only)	Type of Coverage					
Descriptions	Employee	Employee & Spouse	Full Family			
Kaiser Permanente NW Classic	\$841.77	\$1,678.60	\$2,306.22			
Kaiser Permanente NW CDHP	\$700.40	\$1394.80	\$1,870.59			
Kaiser Permanente WA Classic	\$836.57	\$1,668.20	\$2,291.92			
Kaiser Permanente WA CDHP	\$699.88	\$1,393.04	\$1,869.16			
Kaiser Permanente WA Sound Choice	\$715.63	\$1,426.32	\$1,959.34			
Kaiser Permanente WA Value	\$764.09	\$1,523.24	\$2,092.60			
UMP Classic	\$805.36	\$1,605.78	\$2,206.10			
UMP Select	\$729.13	\$1,453.32	\$1,996.46			
UMP CDHP	\$704.42	\$1,402.12	\$1,881.65			
UMP Plus-Puget Sound High Value Network	\$766.95	\$1,528.96	\$2,100.47			
UMP Plus-UW Medicine Accountable Care Network	\$766.95	\$1,528.96	\$2,100.47			

Retirees enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B receive an explicit subsidy in the form of reduced premiums on Medicare supplemental plans. Retirees pay the following monthly rates.

Members enrolled in Part A and B of Medicare	Type of Coverage				
Descriptions	<u>Employee</u>	<u>Employee</u> <u>& Spouse¹</u>	Full Family ¹		
Kaiser Permanente NW Senior Advantage	\$176.13	\$347.32	\$974.94		
Kaiser Permanente WA Medicare Plan	\$174.59	\$344.24	N/A		
Kaiser Permanente WA Classic	N/A	N/A	\$967.96		
Kaiser Permanente WA Sound Choice	N/A	N/A	\$877.26		
Kaiser Permanente WA Value	N/A	N/A	\$913.60		
UMP Classic	\$438.34	\$871.74	\$1,472.06		

Funding Policy

The School Employees Benefits Board (SEBB) Program administers health insurance and other benefits to all employees in school districts and charter schools, and union-represented employees of educational service districts in Washington. The SEBB studies, designs, and approves comprehensive and cost-effective insurance benefit plans for school employees and establishes eligibility criteria for participation in these plans. The SEB Board is separate and independent from the Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB). The funding policy is based upon pay-as-you-go financing.

The SEBB collects benefit premiums from all school district entities for covered employees. The premium includes a fee, established in state law. The purpose of this fee is to cover the impact of the subsidized rate of health care benefits for school retirees who elect to purchase their health care benefits through the state Health Care Authority PEBB plan. The amount collected is set forth in the state's operating budget and is subject to change on an annual basis. This amount is not actuarially determined and is not placed in a trust to pay the obligations for post-employment health care benefits.

For the fiscal year 2022-23, the Snoqualmie Valley School District paid \$12,160,646 in total to HCA-SEBB.

The District has no control over the benefits offered to retirees, the rates charged to retirees, nor the fee paid to the Health Care Authority. The District does not determine its annual required contribution, nor the net other post-employment benefit obligation associated with this plan. These amounts are not shown on the financial statements.

For further information on the results of the actuarial valuation of the employer provided subsidies associated with the state's PEBB plan, refer to the <u>Office of the State Actuary</u>. The plan does not issue a separate report; however, additional information is included in the State of Washington Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is available on the <u>OFM</u> website

NOTE 6: OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

	Initial Project	Expended as	Additional Local	Additional State
Project	Authorization	of	Funds	Funds
	Amount	8/31/23	Committed	Committed
Mount Si High School	\$188,200,000	\$223,130,321	\$9,765,215	\$21,306,671
Timber Ridge Elementary	\$35,000,000	\$31,141,565		
Existing Systems	\$21,195,700	\$13,577,584	\$2,713,219	\$1,088,965
Improvement/Replacement				
Total	\$244,395,700	\$267,849,471	\$12,478,434	\$22,395,636

The District has active construction projects as of August 31, 2023:

Additional local funds include impact fees, interest earnings on bonds, residual amounts from prior bond authorizations and donations. Technology levy funds and other departmental general funds were also committed to certain projects to provide enhancements beyond the initial scope proposed at the time of the bond authorization. Additional State funds include matching funds that were granted based on enrollment growth and replacement and/or renovation of aging buildings.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances lapse at the end of the fiscal year and may be reencumbered the following year. The following encumbrance amounts were re-encumbered by fund on September 1, 2023:

Fund	Amount
General	\$466,145
ASB Fund	\$0
Capital Projects Fund	\$12,826,655
Transportation Vehicle Fund	\$0

NOTE 7: REQUIRED DISCLOSURES ABOUT CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's capital assets are insured in the amount of \$290,114,816 for fiscal year 2023. In the opinion of the District's insurance consultant, the amount is sufficient to adequately fund replacement of the District's assets.

NOTE 8: LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023:

Governmental activities	Balance at Sept. 1, 2022	Increases	Decreases	Balance at Aug. 31, 2023	Due within One Year
General Obligation	\$218,500,000	\$0	\$15,260,000	\$203,240,000	\$9,100,000
Bonds					
Total	\$218,500,000	\$0	\$15,260,000	\$203,240,000	\$9,100,000

Long-term debt at August 31, 2023, is comprised of the following individual issues:

Issue Name	Amount	Annual	Final	Interest	Amount
Issue Name	Authorized	Installments	Maturity	Rate(s)	Outstanding
General Obligation Bonds					
UTGO, 2012	\$9,300,000		12/1/24	3.00%	\$6,080,000
UTGO, 2015	\$113,405,000		12/1/34	5.00%	\$92,990,000
UTGO, 2017	\$112,860,000		12/1/37	4.00%	\$95,760,000
UTGO, 2019	\$22,370,000		12/1/36	4.00%	\$8,410,000
Total	\$257,935,000				\$203,240,000

Debt service requirements on long-term debt as of August 31, 2023, are as follows:

	Bor	nds
Years Ending August 31	Principal	Interest
2024	\$9,100,000	\$8,953,469
2025	\$10,270,000	\$8,554,925
2026	\$11,075,000	\$8,065,850
2027	\$12,015,000	\$7,488,600
2028-2033	\$88,190,000	\$31,654,613
2034-2038	\$72,590,000	\$6,008,600
Total	\$203,240,000	\$70,726,056

At August 31, 2023, the District had \$8,625,069 available in the Debt Service Fund to service the general obligation bonds.

NOTE 9: INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The following table depicts interfund transfer activity:

Transferred From (Fund) 535 or 536	Transferred To (Fund) 965 9900 or 9901	Amount	Description
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	\$3,832,472	Technology Levy costs paid out of General Fund

NOTE 10: ENTITY RISK MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

The Snoqualmie Valley School District is a member of Schools Insurance Association of Washington (SIAW). Chapter 48.62 RCW authorizes the governing body of any one or more governmental entities to form together into or join a program or organization for the joint purchasing of insurance, and/or joint self-insuring, and/or joint hiring or contracting for risk management services to the same extent that they may individually purchase insurance, self-insure, or contract for risk management services. An agreement to form a pooling arrangement was made pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 39.34 RCW, the Interlocal Cooperation Act. The program was formed on September 1, 1995, when seven mid-sized school districts in the state of Washington joined together by signing an Interlocal Agreement to pool their self-insured losses and jointly purchase insurance and administrative services. Membership as of August 31, 2023 includes 37 school districts.

The program allows members to jointly purchase insurance coverage and provide related services, such as administration, risk management, claims administration, etc. Coverage

for Wrongful Acts Liability, Miscellaneous Professional Liability, and Employee Benefit Liability is on a claims-made basis. All other coverages are on an occurrence basis. The program provides the following forms of group-purchased insurance coverage for its members: Property, Earthquake, General Liability, Auto Liability, Equipment Breakdown, Crime, Wrongful Acts Liability, and Cyber Liability.

The program acquires Liability insurance through their administrator, Clear Risk Solutions, which is subject to a per-occurrence Self-Insured Retention (SIR) of \$500,000. Members are responsible for a standard deductible of \$5,000 for each claim (some member deductibles vary), while the program is responsible for the \$500,000 SIR. Insurance carriers cover insured losses over \$505,000 to the limits of each policy. Since the program is a cooperative program, there is a joint liability among the participating members towards the sharing of the \$500,000 SIR. The program also purchases a Stop Loss Policy with an attachment point of \$9,695,600, which is fully funded in its annual budget.

Property insurance is subject to a per-occurrence SIR of \$500,000. Members are responsible for a \$10,000 deductible for each claim (some member deductibles vary), while the program is responsible for the \$500,000 SIR. Insurance carriers cover insured losses over \$510,000 to the limits of each policy. Equipment Breakdown insurance is subject to a per-occurrence deductible of \$10,000. Members are responsible for the deductible amount of each claim.

Privacy, Security, and Technology (Cyber) insurance is subject to a per-occurrence SIR of \$250,000. Members are responsible for a \$25,000 deductible for each claim, while the program is responsible for the remaining \$225,000 SIR.

Members contract to remain in the program for one year and must give notice before December 31 to terminate participation the following September 1. Renewal of the Interlocal Agreement occurs automatically each year. Even after termination, a member is still responsible for contributions to the program for any unresolved, unreported, and in-process claims for the period they were a signatory to the Interlocal Agreement.

The program is fully funded by its member participants. Claims are filed by members with Clear Risk Solutions, which has been contracted to perform program administration, claims adjustment and administration, and loss prevention for the program. Fees paid to the third-party administrator under this arrangement for the year ending August 31, 2023, were \$3,297,083.

A board of directors, consisting of eight members, is selected by the membership from the east and west side of the state and is responsible for conducting the business affairs of the program. The board of directors has contracted with Clear Risk Solutions to perform day-to-day administration of the program. This program has no employees.

NOTE 11: PROPERTY TAXES

Property tax revenues are collected as the result of special levies passed by the voters in the District. Taxes are levied on January 1. The taxpayer has the obligation of paying all taxes on April 30 or one-half then and one-half on October 31. Typically, slightly more than half of the collections are made on the April 30 date. The tax collections occurring after the end of the fiscal period are unavailable for revenue accrual. Therefore, the fall portion of property taxes is not accrued as revenue. Instead, the property taxes due after the end of the fiscal period are recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

NOTE 12: JOINT VENTURES AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The District is a member of the King County Director's Association (KCDA). KCDA is a purchasing cooperative designed to pool the member districts' purchasing power. The board authorized joining the association by passing Resolution on April 22, 1974, and has remained in the joint venture ever since. The District's current equity of \$88,556 is the accumulation of the annual assignment of KCDA's operating surplus based upon the percentage derived from KCDA's total sales to the District compared to all other districts applied against paid administrative fees. The District may withdraw from the joint venture and will receive its equity in ten annual allocations of merchandise or 15 annual payments.

NOTE 13: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund
Nonspendable Fund Balance					
Inventory and Prepaid Items	\$841,890				
Restricted Fund Balance					
For Other Items	\$284,261				
For Fund Purpose		\$517,772			\$1,423,093
For Carryover of Restricted Revenues	\$325,692				
For Debt Service				\$8,625,069	
Restricted from Bond Proceeds			\$16,681		
Restricted from State Proceeds			\$16,106,490		

The District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate.

	General Fund	ASB Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Transportation Vehicle Fund
Committed Fund Balance					
Committed from Levy Proceeds			\$8,309,619		
Assigned Fund Balance					
Contingencies	\$3,540,169				
Other Purposes	\$6,083,393				
Fund Purposes			\$1,082,927		
Unassigned Fund Balance					

NOTE 14: DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION AND OPEB PLANS

457 Plan – Deferred Compensation Plan

District employees have the option of participating in a deferred compensation plan as defined in §457 of the Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the state deferred compensation plan, or the District. The District does not make employer contributions to the plan.

403(b) Plan – Tax Sheltered Annuity (TSA)

The District offers a tax deferred annuity plan for its employees. The plan permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years under two types of deferrals: elective deferrals (employee contribution) and non-elective contribution (employer matching).

The District complies with IRS regulations that require school districts to have a written plan to include participating investment companies, types of investments, loans, transfers, and various requirements. The plan is administered by. Plan assets are assets of the District employees, not the school district, and are therefore not reflected on the financial statements. For the year ended August 31, 2023, the District made \$0 in discretionary and/or matching employer contributions to the plan and had a \$0 liability for contributions at year end.

Voluntary Employees' Benefits Association (VEBA)

VEBA Trust is a non-profit, multiple employee voluntary employees' beneficiary association authorized under Internal Revenue Code 501(c)(g). The Trust is managed by a board of trustees appointed by the Association of Washington School Principals, Washington Association of School Administrators, and Washington Association of School Business Officials. The Trust provides health reimbursement plan for employees and eligible dependents. The plan can be used to reimburse employees for qualified health expenses during employment and after retirement. The terms of the collective bargaining arrangements specify the district's employer contribution rate of 25%. Plan assets are assets of the District employees, not the school district, and are therefore not reflected on the financial statements. For the year ended August 31, 2023 the District made \$0 in matching employer contributions to the plan.

NOTE 15: TERMINATION BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Employees earn sick leave at a rate of 12 days per year up to a maximum of one contract year.

Under the provisions of RCW 28A.400.210, sick leave accumulated by District employees is reimbursed at death or retirement at the rate of one day for each four days of accrued leave, limited to 180 accrued days. This chapter also provides for an annual buyout of an amount up to the maximum annual accumulation of 12 days. For buyout purposes, employees may accumulate such leave to a maximum of 192 days, including the annual accumulation, as of December 31 of each year.

These expenditures are recorded when paid, except termination sick leave that is accrued upon death, retirement, or upon termination provided the employee is at least 55 years of age and has sufficient years of service. Vested sick leave was computed using the termination payment method/vesting method.

Vacation pay, including benefits, that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as expenditures and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

410	
No.	
District	
School	
Valley	
Snoqualmie	

Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities

For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

Description	Beginning Outstanding Debt September 1, 2022	Amount Issued / Increased	Amount Redeemed / Decreased	Ending Outstanding Debt August 31, 2023	Amount Due Within One Year
Voted Debt					
Voted Bonds	218,500,000.00	0.00	15,260,000.00	203,240,000.00	9,100,000.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds Issued in Lieu of Bonds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Non-Voted Debt and Liabilities					
Non-Voted Bonds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LOCAL Program Proceeds	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Leases	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Contracts Payable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Claims & Judgements	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Compensated Absences	2,023,489.03	1,844,478.19	1,527,757.53	2,340,209.69	530,657.68
Long-Term Notes	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Anticipation Notes Payable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Lines of Credit	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Non-Voted Debt	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Liabilities					
Non-Voted Notes Not Recorded as Debt	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net Pension Liabilities:					
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 1	11,042,573.00	0.00	2,265,108.00	8,777,465.00	
Net Pension Liabilities TRS 2/3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Net Pension Liabilities SERS 2/3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Net Pension Liabilities PERS 1	2,055,234.00	11,108.00	0.00	2,066,342.00	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	233,621,296.03	1,855,586.19	19,052,865.53	216,424,016.69	9,630,657.68

Other postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) liabilities are not presented in the Schedule of Long Term Liabilities.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410 For the Year Ended August 31, 2023 Expenditures

ל. ל Note Passed through Subrecipients 9 47,860 29,800 856,518 365,895 115,793 525,799 214,926 904,378 336,095 Total . From Direct Awards 29,800 47,860 214,926 856,518 115,793 525,799 904,378 365,895 336,095 From Pass-Through Awards Total ALN 10.555: **Total Child Nutrition Cluster:** Total ALN 84.010: Other Award Number 84.010A 0271514 GT-00181 ΑN AN ΑN ₹Z Number 10.555 10.555 ALN 10.553 10.555 84.010 84.010 National School Lunch National School Lunch National School Lunch Educational Agencies Educational Agencies Federal Program Title I Grants to Local Title I Grants to Local School Breakfast Program Program Program Program Decial Education Cluster (IDEA) EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND (Pass-Through Agency) SECONDARY EDUCATION, SECONDARY EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI) SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI) DEPARTMENT OF (via WA DEPARTMENT OF (via WA SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, Federal Agency FOOD AND NUTRITION FOOD AND NUTRITION FOOD AND NUTRITION FOOD AND NUTRITION **Child Nutrition Cluster** (via WA OSPI) (via WA OSPI) (IdSO (IdSO

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Expenditures

Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	ALN Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Special Education Grants to States	84.027	84.027A 0307771	1,279,201		1,279,201		~
OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Special Education Grants to States	84.027	GT-00628	291,977	1	291,977	ı	~
OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	COVID 19 - Special Education Grants to States	84.027	84.027X 0312299	278,621	ı	278,621	ı	~
			Total ALN 84.027:	1,849,799	•	1,849,799	•	
OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	84.173A 0367163	5,809	1	5,809	ı	~
OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATIVE SERVICES, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	COVID 19 - Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	84.173X 0371269	19,308	ı	19,308	ı	~
			Total ALN 84.173:	25,117	•	25,117	-	
	Total Sp	ecial Educa	Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA):	1,874,916	• •	1,874,916	1	
Office of Career, Technical, and Mult Education, EDUCATION, ②EPARTMENT OF (via WA ②SPI)	Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	0176094	28,976	ı	28,976	ı	1,2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Expenditures

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

Expenditures

Federal Agency		ALN	Other Award	From Pass- Through	From Direct	F	Passed through to	
(Pass-Inrougn Agency)	гедега Ргодгат	Number	Number	Awards	Awards	I OTAI	subrecipients	NOTE
EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	84.425U 0137269	740,261		740,261		~
EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	84.425D 0143121	5,208		5,208		~
EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF, EDUCATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via WA OSPI)	COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	84.425D 0144559	15,068		15,068		~
			Total ALN 84.425:	1,877,001	1	1,877,001	ı	
Medicaid Cluster								
CENTERS FOR MEDICARE AND MEDICAID SERVICES, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, DEPARTMENT OF (via HCA)	Medical Assistance Program	93.778	AIN	2,074		2,074		~
		Tota	Total Medicaid Cluster:	2,074	ı	2,074	1	
	F	otal Federal	Total Federal Awards Expended:	5,250,724		5,250,724	1	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Snoqualmie Valley School District

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended August 31, 2023

Note 1 – <u>Basis of Accounting</u>

This Schedule is prepared on the same basis of accounting as the Snoqualmie Valley School District financial statement. The Snoqualmie Valley School District uses the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures represent only the federally funded portions of the program. District records should be consulted to determine amounts expended or matched from non-federal sources.

Note 2 - Federal De Minimis Indirect Rate

The Snoqualmie Valley School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost. Rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. The Snoqualmie Valley School District used the Federal restricted rate of 3.32%

The amount expended includes \$2,409.35 claimed as an indirect cost recovery using an approved Indirect cost rate of .0332 percent.

Note 5 - Noncash Awards

The amount of commodities reported on the Schedule is the value of commodities distributed by the Snoqualmie Valley School District during the current year and priced as prescribed by the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction.



CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR FINDINGS REPORTED UNDER UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Snoqualmie Valley School District No. 410 September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023

This schedule presents the corrective action planned by the District for findings reported in this report in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

Finding ref	Finding caption:	
number:	The District did not have adequate internal controls for ensuring	
2023-001	compliance with procurement requirements for the Special Education	
	program.	
Name, address, and telephone of District person:		
Ryan Stokes, Assistant Superintendent PO		
Box 400		
Snoqualmie, WA 98065		
(425) 831-8012		
Corrective action the auditee plans to take in response to the finding:		
The District notes that in the instances of noncompliance, the vendor responses affirming no available staffing (incorrectly counted as a guote) could have been used as avidence of one of the		

The District notes that in the instances of noncompliance, the vendor responses affirming no available staffing (incorrectly counted as a quote) could have been used as evidence of one of the four allowable circumstances of noncompetitive procurement: after solicitation of a number of sources, competition is determined inadequate. As such, the likely outcome of the procurement would have been the same, although the process to get to that conclusion needs to be corrected.

The District will make that correction going forward. When vendors respond to quote solicitations with no available staffing, the District will change internal practices and either continue to solicit additional quotes from additional vendors who do have available staffing or will evaluate the procurement using the noncompetitive procurement guidelines outlined in the Uniform Guidance.

Anticipated date to complete the corrective action: 6/1/2024

ABOUT THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

The State Auditor's Office is established in the Washington State Constitution and is part of the executive branch of state government. The State Auditor is elected by the people of Washington and serves four-year terms.

We work with state agencies, local governments and the public to achieve our vision of increasing trust in government by helping governments work better and deliver higher value.

In fulfilling our mission to provide citizens with independent and transparent examinations of how state and local governments use public funds, we hold ourselves to those same standards by continually improving our audit quality and operational efficiency, and by developing highly engaged and committed employees.

As an agency, the State Auditor's Office has the independence necessary to objectively perform audits, attestation engagements and investigations. Our work is designed to comply with professional standards as well as to satisfy the requirements of federal, state and local laws. The Office also has an extensive quality control program and undergoes regular external peer review to ensure our work meets the highest possible standards of accuracy, objectivity and clarity.

Our audits look at financial information and compliance with federal, state and local laws for all local governments, including schools, and all state agencies, including institutions of higher education. In addition, we conduct performance audits and cybersecurity audits of state agencies and local governments, as well as state whistleblower, fraud and citizen hotline investigations.

The results of our work are available to everyone through the more than 2,000 reports we publish each year on our website, <u>www.sao.wa.gov</u>. Additionally, we share regular news and other information via an email subscription service and social media channels.

We take our role as partners in accountability seriously. The Office provides training and technical assistance to governments both directly and through partnerships with other governmental support organizations.

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