



Office of the Washington State Auditor  
Pat McCarthy

# Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit Report

## City of Stevenson

For the period January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023

*Published August 15, 2024*

Report No. 1035333



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**Office of the Washington State Auditor  
Pat McCarthy**

August 15, 2024

Mayor and City Council  
City of Stevenson  
Stevenson, Washington

**Report on Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit**

Please find attached our report on the City of Stevenson's financial statements and compliance with federal laws and regulations.

We are issuing this report in order to provide information on the City's financial activities and condition.

Sincerely,

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor  
Olympia, WA

***Americans with Disabilities***

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# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

## City of Stevenson January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023

### SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR’S RESULTS

The results of our audit of the City of Stevenson are summarized below in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

#### Financial Statements

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the City’s financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. Separately, we issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because the financial statements are prepared using a basis of accounting other than GAAP.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We noted no instances of noncompliance that were material to the financial statements of the City.

#### Federal Awards

Internal Control over Major Programs:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over major federal programs that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the City’s compliance with requirements applicable to its major federal program.

We reported no findings that are required to be disclosed in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

## Identification of Major Federal Programs

The following program was selected as a major program in our audit of compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

<u>ALN</u>	<u>Program or Cluster Title</u>
66.202	Congressionally Mandated Projects

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs, as prescribed by the Uniform Guidance, was \$750,000.

The City did not qualify as a low-risk auditee under the Uniform Guidance.

## SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

## SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

#### City of Stevenson January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023

Mayor and City Council  
City of Stevenson  
Stevenson, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the City of Stevenson, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 5, 2024.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the City's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. We issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because the financial statements are prepared by the City using accounting practices prescribed by state law and the State Auditor's *Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System* (BARS) Manual described in Note 1, which is a basis of accounting other than GAAP. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

## **REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this

report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Pat McCarthy". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor

Olympia, WA

August 5, 2024



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance

**City of Stevenson**  
**January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023**

Mayor and City Council  
City of Stevenson  
Stevenson, Washington

### **REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM**

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the compliance of the City of Stevenson, with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. *Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023. The City's major federal programs are identified in the auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### **Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)* are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on

compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

Performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance includes the following responsibilities:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances;
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed; and

- We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## **REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed. Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other

purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Pat McCarthy". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor

Olympia, WA

August 5, 2024

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### City of Stevenson January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023

Mayor and City Council  
City of Stevenson  
Stevenson, Washington

## REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Unmodified and Adverse Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Stevenson, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the financial section of our report.

### Unmodified Opinion on the Regulatory Basis of Accounting (BARS Manual)

As described in Note 1, the City has prepared these financial statements to meet the financial reporting requirements of state law and accounting practices prescribed by the State Auditor's *Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System* (BARS) Manual. Those accounting practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The differences in these accounting practices are also described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash and investments of the City of Stevenson, and its changes in cash and investments, for the year ended December 31, 2023, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

### Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

The financial statements referred to above were not intended to, and in our opinion, they do not, present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City of Stevenson, as of December 31, 2023, or the changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended, because of the significance of the matter discussed below.

## **Basis for Unmodified and Adverse Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and *Government Auditing Standards*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit unmodified and adverse opinions.

## **Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP**

Auditing standards issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) require auditors to formally acknowledge when governments do not prepare their financial statements, intended for general use, in accordance with GAAP. As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by the City in accordance with state law using accounting practices prescribed by the BARS Manual, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

## **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of state law and the BARS Manual described in Note 1. This includes determining that the basis of accounting is acceptable for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and

*Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

Performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* includes the following responsibilities:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements;
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time; and
- We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). The Schedule of Liabilities is also presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the prescribed BARS Manual. These schedules are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and

certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

## **OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 5, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on the tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Pat McCarthy, State Auditor

Olympia, WA

August 5, 2024



**City of Stevenson  
January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Fund Resources and Uses Arising from Cash Transactions – 2023  
Fiduciary Fund Resources and Uses Arising from Cash Transactions – 2023  
Notes to Financial Statements – 2023

**SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION**

Schedule of Liabilities – 2023  
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – 2023  
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – 2023

**City of Stevenson**  
**Fund Resources and Uses Arising from Cash Transactions**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2023**

		<b>Total for All Funds (Memo Only)</b>	<b>001 General Expense Fund</b>	<b>100 Street Fund</b>	<b>103 Tourism Promo &amp; Develop Fund</b>
<b>Beginning Cash and Investments</b>					
308	Beginning Cash and Investments	6,238,748	3,824,673	76,060	1,104,607
388 / 588	Net Adjustments	-	-	-	-
<b>Revenues</b>					
310	Taxes	2,371,107	1,108,954	516,001	695,621
320	Licenses and Permits	14,665	11,474	2,126	-
330	Intergovernmental Revenues	2,614,855	142,857	102,074	-
340	Charges for Goods and Services	2,803,510	335,614	-	-
350	Fines and Penalties	6,909	6,909	-	-
360	Miscellaneous Revenues	451,081	125,537	1,663	42,948
Total Revenues:		<u>8,262,127</u>	<u>1,731,345</u>	<u>621,864</u>	<u>738,569</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>					
510	General Government	505,459	505,459	-	-
520	Public Safety	358,344	358,344	-	-
530	Utilities	1,958,371	-	-	-
540	Transportation	898,622	-	712,055	-
550	Natural/Economic Environment	354,446	354,446	-	-
560	Social Services	20,454	20,217	237	-
570	Culture and Recreation	479,431	51,441	-	424,397
Total Expenditures:		<u>4,575,127</u>	<u>1,289,907</u>	<u>712,292</u>	<u>424,397</u>
Excess (Deficiency) Revenues over Expenditures:		<u>3,687,000</u>	<u>441,438</u>	<u>(90,428)</u>	<u>314,172</u>
<b>Other Increases in Fund Resources</b>					
391-393, 596	Debt Proceeds	5,802,852	-	-	-
397	Transfers-In	138,618	-	135,000	-
385	Special or Extraordinary Items	-	-	-	-
381, 382, 389, 395, 398	Other Resources	5,370	-	-	-
Total Other Increases in Fund Resources:		<u>5,946,840</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>135,000</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Other Decreases in Fund Resources</b>					
594-595	Capital Expenditures	8,405,332	2,359	38,745	31,059
591-593, 599	Debt Service	145,045	-	-	-
597	Transfers-Out	138,618	135,000	-	3,618
585	Special or Extraordinary Items	-	-	-	-
581, 582, 589	Other Uses	1,440	1,440	-	-
Total Other Decreases in Fund Resources:		<u>8,690,435</u>	<u>138,799</u>	<u>38,745</u>	<u>34,677</u>
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments:</b>		<b><u>943,405</u></b>	<b><u>302,639</u></b>	<b><u>5,827</u></b>	<b><u>279,495</u></b>
<b>Ending Cash and Investments</b>					
50821	Nonspendable	-	-	-	-
50831	Restricted	2,164,342	349,448	-	1,384,100
50841	Committed	10,246	-	-	-
50851	Assigned	3,611,912	2,279,976	81,887	-
50891	Unassigned	1,395,655	1,497,887	-	-
<b>Total Ending Cash and Investments</b>		<b><u>7,182,155</u></b>	<b><u>4,127,311</u></b>	<b><u>81,887</u></b>	<b><u>1,384,100</u></b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

**City of Stevenson**  
**Fund Resources and Uses Arising from Cash Transactions**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2023**

		<b>105 Affordable Housing Fund</b>	<b>107 HEALing SCARS Fund</b>	<b>300 Capital Improvement Fund</b>	<b>312 Columbia Ave</b>
<b>Beginning Cash and Investments</b>					
308	Beginning Cash and Investments	12,435	10,191	210,191	(63,287)
388 / 588	Net Adjustments	-	-	-	-
<b>Revenues</b>					
310	Taxes	4,942	-	45,589	-
320	Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-
330	Intergovernmental Revenues	-	-	-	125,994
340	Charges for Goods and Services	-	-	-	-
350	Fines and Penalties	-	-	-	-
360	Miscellaneous Revenues	79	56	9,251	-
Total Revenues:		<u>5,021</u>	<u>56</u>	<u>54,840</u>	<u>125,994</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>					
510	General Government	-	-	-	-
520	Public Safety	-	-	-	-
530	Utilities	-	-	-	-
540	Transportation	-	-	-	-
550	Natural/Economic Environment	-	-	-	-
560	Social Services	-	-	-	-
570	Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures:		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Excess (Deficiency) Revenues over Expenditures:		<u>5,021</u>	<u>56</u>	<u>54,840</u>	<u>125,994</u>
<b>Other Increases in Fund Resources</b>					
391-393, 596	Debt Proceeds	-	-	-	-
397	Transfers-In	-	-	-	-
385	Special or Extraordinary Items	-	-	-	-
381, 382, 389, 395, 398	Other Resources	-	-	-	-
Total Other Increases in Fund Resources:		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Other Decreases in Fund Resources</b>					
594-595	Capital Expenditures	-	-	-	82,327
591-593, 599	Debt Service	-	-	-	-
597	Transfers-Out	-	-	-	-
585	Special or Extraordinary Items	-	-	-	-
581, 582, 589	Other Uses	-	-	-	-
Total Other Decreases in Fund Resources:		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>82,327</u>
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments:</b>		<b><u>5,021</u></b>	<b><u>56</u></b>	<b><u>54,840</u></b>	<b><u>43,667</u></b>
<b>Ending Cash and Investments</b>					
50821	Nonspendable	-	-	-	-
50831	Restricted	17,456	-	265,031	-
50841	Committed	-	10,246	-	-
50851	Assigned	-	-	-	-
50891	Unassigned	-	-	-	(19,620)
<b>Total Ending Cash and Investments</b>		<b><u>17,456</u></b>	<b><u>10,246</u></b>	<b><u>265,031</u></b>	<b><u>(19,620)</u></b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

**City of Stevenson**  
**Fund Resources and Uses Arising from Cash Transactions**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2023**

		<b>313 Park Plaza Fund</b>	<b>400 Water/Sewer Fund</b>	<b>500 Equipment Service Fund</b>
<b>Beginning Cash and Investments</b>				
308	Beginning Cash and Investments	-	906,311	157,567
388 / 588	Net Adjustments	-	-	-
<b>Revenues</b>				
310	Taxes	-	-	-
320	Licenses and Permits	-	1,065	-
330	Intergovernmental Revenues	-	2,243,930	-
340	Charges for Goods and Services	-	2,262,813	205,083
350	Fines and Penalties	-	-	-
360	Miscellaneous Revenues	-	268,284	3,263
Total Revenues:		-	4,776,092	208,346
<b>Expenditures</b>				
510	General Government	-	-	-
520	Public Safety	-	-	-
530	Utilities	-	1,958,371	-
540	Transportation	-	-	186,567
550	Natural/Economic Environment	-	-	-
560	Social Services	-	-	-
570	Culture and Recreation	3,593	-	-
Total Expenditures:		3,593	1,958,371	186,567
Excess (Deficiency) Revenues over Expenditures:		(3,593)	2,817,721	21,779
<b>Other Increases in Fund Resources</b>				
391-393, 596	Debt Proceeds	-	5,802,852	-
397	Transfers-In	3,618	-	-
385	Special or Extraordinary Items	-	-	-
381, 382, 389, 395, 398	Other Resources	-	-	5,370
Total Other Increases in Fund Resources:		3,618	5,802,852	5,370
<b>Other Decreases in Fund Resources</b>				
594-595	Capital Expenditures	82,637	8,067,914	100,291
591-593, 599	Debt Service	-	145,045	-
597	Transfers-Out	-	-	-
585	Special or Extraordinary Items	-	-	-
581, 582, 589	Other Uses	-	-	-
Total Other Decreases in Fund Resources:		82,637	8,212,959	100,291
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments:</b>		<b>(82,612)</b>	<b>407,614</b>	<b>(73,142)</b>
<b>Ending Cash and Investments</b>				
50821	Nonspendable	-	-	-
50831	Restricted	-	148,307	-
50841	Committed	-	-	-
50851	Assigned	-	1,165,623	84,426
50891	Unassigned	(82,612)	-	-
<b>Total Ending Cash and Investments</b>		<b>(82,612)</b>	<b>1,313,930</b>	<b>84,426</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

**City of Stevenson**  
**Fiduciary Fund Resources and Uses Arising from Cash Transactions**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2023**

		<b>Custodial</b>
308	Beginning Cash and Investments	-
388 & 588	Net Adjustments	-
310-390	Additions	4,669
510-590	Deductions	4,669
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments:	-
508	Ending Cash and Investments	-

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.*

**City of Stevenson**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2023**

**Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The City of Stevenson was incorporated on December 2, 1907 and operates under the laws of the state of Washington applicable to a non-charter code City with a mayor-council form of government. The City is a general-purpose local government and provides public safety, fire prevention, street maintenance, planning, parks maintenance, water and sewer, municipal court, health and social services and general administrative services.

The City reports financial activity in accordance with the *Cash Basis Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System* (BARS) Manual prescribed by the State Auditor's Office under the authority of Washington State law, Chapter 43.09 RCW. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

- Financial transactions are recognized on a cash basis of accounting as described below.
- Government-wide statements, as defined in GAAP, are not presented.
- All funds are presented, rather than a focus on major funds.
- The *Schedule of Liabilities* is required to be presented with the financial statements as supplementary information.
- Supplementary information required by GAAP is not presented.
- Ending balances are presented using classifications that are similar to the ending balance classification in GAAP.

A. Fund Accounting

Financial transactions of the government are reported in individual funds. Each fund uses a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its cash and investments, revenues and expenditures. The government's resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds depending on their intended purpose. Each fund is reported as a separate column in the financial statements, except for fiduciary funds, which are presented by fund types. The total column is presented as "memo only" because any interfund activities are not eliminated. The following fund types are used:

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES:

General Fund

This fund is the primary operating fund of the government. It accounts for all financial resources except those required or elected to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes of the government. The City uses four Special Revenue Funds: A Street Fund, a Tourism Promotion Fund (Lodging tax fund), an Affordable Housing Fund, and a HEALing SCARS Fund.

Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for financial resources which are restricted, committed, or assigned for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or other capital assets. The City uses one primary Capital Projects Fund with separate capital projects funds for each major project.

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES:

### Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that provide goods or services to the general public and are supported primarily through user charges. The City uses one Enterprise Fund, the combined Water/Sewer Fund.

### Internal Service Funds

These funds account for operations that provide goods or services to other departments or funds of the government on a cost reimbursement basis. The City uses one Internal Service Fund, the Equipment Service Fund.

### FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES:

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as a custodian on behalf of others.

### Custodial Funds

These funds are used to account assets that the government holds on behalf of others in a custodial capacity. The City uses one Custodial Fund for Municipal Court Activities which are passed through to the state or other agencies.

### B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting and measurement focus. Revenues are recognized when cash is received, and expenditures are recognized when paid.

In accordance with state law the City also recognizes expenditures paid during twenty days after the close of the fiscal year for claims incurred during the previous period.

### C. Cash and Investments

See Note 3 - *Deposits and Investments*.

### D. Capital Assets

Capital assets are assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets and inventory are recorded as capital expenditures when purchased.

### E. Compensated Absences

Vacation leave may be accumulated up to 30 days and is payable upon separation or retirement. Sick leave may be accumulated up to 1,440 hours. Upon separation after 25 years or retirement employees do receive payment for unused sick leave at the rate of 25% of the total remaining balance. Payments are recognized as expenditures when paid.

### F. Long-Term Debt

See Note 6 – *Long Term Debt*.

### G. Restricted and Committed Portion of Ending Cash and Investments

Beginning and Ending Cash and Investments are reported as restricted or committed when it is subject to restrictions on use imposed by external parties or due to internal commitments established by City Council. When expenditures that meet restrictions are incurred, the City intends to use the most restricted resources first.

Restrictions and commitments of Ending Cash and Investments consist of:

- General Fund – The primary source of revenue is America Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds, reserved in accordance with the Act, followed by unclaimed property, which is reserved in accordance with RCW 63.29 and a private pass-through grant for the Park Plaza Project.
- Tourism Promotion Fund – The primary source of revenue is lodging tax receipts, which are reserved for tourism promotion activities per state law (RCW 67.28.1816)
- Affordable Housing Fund – The primary source of revenue is the sales tax credit authorized in 2019 by SHB 1406, which is reserved for affordable housing activities per state law (RCW 82.14.540)
- Capital Improvement Fund – The primary source of revenue is the Real Estate Excise Tax (REET), which is reserved for certain types of capital improvements per state law (RCW 82.46.010)
- HEALing SCARS Fund – The primary sources of revenue for this fund are environmental mitigation donations, which were authorized in the 2022 budget in anticipation of the commitment established by Stevenson Resolution 2023-402 adopted on January 19<sup>th</sup>, 2023.
- Water/Sewer Fund – Balances required as part of USDA loans the City has incurred.

**Note 2 - Budget Compliance**

The City adopts annual appropriated budgets for 14 funds, for a total of 9 funds when rolled up. These budgets are appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Annual appropriations for these funds lapse at the fiscal year end.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted on the same basis of accounting as used for financial reporting.

The appropriated and actual expenditures for the legally adopted budgets were as follow:

Fund/Department	Final Appropriated Amount	Actual Expenditures	Variance
001 - General Expense Fund	1,852,728.99	1,428,703.44	424,025.55
100 - Street Fund	983,494.56	751,036.82	232,457.74
103-Tourism Promo& Develop Fund	714,628.27	459,075.37	255,552.90
300 - Capital Improvement	25,000.00	0.00	25,000.00
311 - First Street	25,000.00	0.00	25,000.00
312 - Columbia Ave	82,329.77	82,326.87	2.90
313 – Park Plaza Fund	100,000.00	86,230.28	13,769.72
400 - Water/Sewer Fund			
Water/Sewer Fund	2,666,293.21	2,443,838.90	222,454.31
Wastewater System	13,886,930.00	7,727,485.91	6,159,444.09
Total 400 - Water/Sewer	16,553,223.21	10,171,324.81	6,381,898.40
500 - Equipment Service	275,834.23	286,856.69	(11,022.46)

Budgeted amounts are authorized to be transferred between departments within any fund/object classes within departments; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a fund, or that affect the number of authorized employee positions, salary ranges, hours, or other conditions of employment must be approved by the City’s legislative body.



For reporting purposes, the Water System Improvements Fund was rolled into the Water/Sewer Fund.

Interfund activity between managerial funds for transactions such as transfers and loans has been eliminated in the consolidation of the financials.

The Equipment Services exceeded budgeted expenses due to costs associated with December repairs to the Vac Truck caused by a blown tire.

**Note 3 – Deposits and Investments**

Investments are reported at original cost. Deposits and investments by type at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Type of deposit or investment	City’s own deposits and investments	Total
Bank deposits	\$1,898,495	\$1,898,495
Local Government Investment Pool	2,671,323	2,671,323
U.S. Government securities	2,612,336	2,612,336
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$7,182,154</b>	<b>\$7,182,154</b>

It is the City’s policy to invest all temporary cash surpluses. The interest on these investments is prorated to the various funds.

Investments in the State Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Government Investment Pool, an external investment pool operated by the Washington State Treasurer. The pool is not rated and not registered with the SEC. Rather, oversight is provided by the State Finance Committee in accordance with Chapter 43.250 RCW. Investments in the LGIP are reported at amortized cost, which is the same as the value of the pool per share. The LGIP does not impose any restrictions on participant withdrawals.

The Office of the State Treasurer prepares a stand-alone financial report for the pool. A copy of the report is available from the Office of the State Treasurer, PO Box 40200, Olympia, Washington 98504-0200, online at [www.tre.wa.gov](http://www.tre.wa.gov).

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the City would not be able to recover deposits or would not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The City’s deposits and certificates of deposit are mostly covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC).

All investments are insured, registered or held by the City or its agent in the government’s name.

Intergovernmental Loans

In March of 2022, the City loaned the Stevenson Community Pool District \$40,000 to be paid back over two years at 2% interest. On December 15, 2022, the City forgave \$25,000 of this loan. On 12/26/23 the remaining balance of this loan was paid off in full.

**Note 4 – Environmental and Certain Asset Retirement Liabilities**

The City owns 1 well located on city owned property. The life of the well is perpetual due to its use as an emergency water source on an intermittent basis. There are currently no decommissioning requirements.

**Note 5 – Leases**

After a thorough review, the City has determined it does not have any lease activity to disclose for 2023.

**Note 6 – Long-Term Debt** *(formerly Debt Service Requirements)*

The accompanying Schedule of Liabilities provides more details of the outstanding debt and liabilities of the city and summarizes the city’s debt transactions for year ended December 31, 2023.

The debt service requirements for revenue bonds, public works and private loans are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	116,217	19,367	135,585
2025	118,556	17,263	135,820
2026	120,955	15,106	136,061
2027	100,142	12,895	113,037
2028	102,666	10,743	113,409
2029 – 2033	324,046	30,178	354,224
2034 - 2038	221,078	13,409	234,487
2039 - 2043	143,647	2,545	146,192
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$1,247,307</b>	<b>\$121,506</b>	<b>\$1,368,815</b>

The city also has a loan for the construction of Wastewater System Upgrades through the Washington State Department of Ecology it will be drawing on through 2024. The total loan of \$10,301,371 contains \$931,946 of forgivable principal. Through 2023, the city has drawn \$8,451,761 against the loan. The term of the loan is 30 years at 1.5% interest.

The debt service requirements for this loan at this time are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	0	0	0
2025	224,953	100,749	325,702
2026	228,340	98,039	326,379
2027	231,778	95,289	327,067
2028	235,268	92,497	327,765
2029 – 2033	1,230,552	419,115	1,649,667

2034 - 2038	1,326,022	342,740	1,668,762
2038 - 2043	1,428,898	260,439	1,689,337
2044 - 2048	1,539,755	171,753	1,711,508
2049 - 2053	1,659,214	76,187	1,735,401
2054 - 2058	346,981	3,127	350,108
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$8,451,761</b>	<b>\$1,659,935</b>	<b>\$10,111,696</b>

The city has also secured a loan through USDA Rural Development it will be drawing on through 2024. The loan is in the amount of \$873,000 towards wastewater collection system improvements. As of 2023, the city has drawn \$253,680 against the loan. The term of the loan is 40 years at 1.375% interest. This project is expected to be completed in 2024.

The debt service requirements for this loan at this time are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	0	0	0
2025	4,811	3,484	8,295
2026	4,878	3,418	8,295
2027	4,945	3,350	8,295
2028	5,014	3,282	8,295
2029 – 2033	26,129	15,347	41,476
2034 - 2038	27,989	13,487	41,476
2039 - 2043	29,981	11,495	41,476
2044 - 2048	32,115	9,361	41,476
2049 - 2053	34,401	7,075	41,476
2054 - 2058	36,850	4,626	41,476
2059 - 2063	39,473	2,003	41,476
2064 - 2068	7,094	69	7,165
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$253,680</b>	<b>\$76,998</b>	<b>\$330,677</b>

The city has also secured a loan for the construction of Water and Sewer Utility Improvements along Cascade Ave through the Washington State Public Works Board it will begin drawing on in 2024. The total loan of \$1,902,300 will have an interest rate of 1.38% and a loan term of 20 years.

Assets Pledged as Collateral for Debt

The following debt is secured by assets that are pledged as collateral:

Debt	Asset
2020 Opus Loan	City Water Meters

**Note 7 – Pension Plans**

A. State Sponsored Pension Plans

Substantially all City’s full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in the following statewide retirement systems administered by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS),

under cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans PERS.

The State Legislature establishes, and amends, laws pertaining to the creation and administration of all public retirement systems.

The Department of Retirement Systems, a department within the primary government of the State of Washington, issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each plan. The DRS ACFR may be obtained by writing to:

Department of Retirement Systems  
 Communications Unit  
 P.O. Box 48380  
 Olympia, WA 98540-8380

Also, the DRS ACFR may be downloaded from the DRS website at [www.drs.wa.gov](http://www.drs.wa.gov).

The City also participates in the Volunteer Fire Fighters’ and Reserve Officers’ Relief and Pension Fund (VFFRPF) administered by the State Board for Volunteer Fire Fighters and Reserve Officers. Detailed information about the plan is included in the State of Washington ACFR available from the Office of Financial Management website at [www.ofm.wa.gov](http://www.ofm.wa.gov).

At June 30, 2023 (the measurement date of the plans), the City’s proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities, as reported on the Schedule of Liabilities, was as follows:

Plan	Employer Contributions	Allocation %	Liability (Asset)
PERS 1	\$37,068	0.005440%	\$124,181
PERS 2/3	\$61,603	0.007007%	(\$287,195)
VFFRPF	\$ 390	0.22%	(\$44,634)

Only the net pension liabilities are reported on the Schedule of Liabilities.

**Note 8 - Property Tax**

The county treasurer acts as an agent to collect property tax levied in the county for all taxing authorities. Collections are distributed after the end of each month.

Property Tax Calendar	
January 1	Tax is levied and becomes an enforceable lien against the properties.
February 14	Tax bills are mailed.
April 30	First of two equal installment payments are due.
May 31	Assessed value of property established for next year’s levy at 100 percent of market value.
October 31	Second installment is due.

Property tax revenues are recognized when cash is received by City. Delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible because a lien affixes to the property after tax is levied.

The City's regular levy for the year 2023 was \$1.55132540 per \$1,000 on an assessed valuation of \$353,292,275 for a total regular levy of \$548,071.

## **Note 9 – Risk Management**

The City of Stevenson is a member of the Washington Cities Insurance Authority (WCIA). Utilizing Chapter 48.62 RCW (self-insurance regulation) and Chapter 39.34 RCW (Interlocal Cooperation Act), nine cities originally formed WCIA on January 1, 1981. WCIA was created for the purpose of providing a pooling mechanism for jointly purchasing insurance, jointly self-insuring, and / or jointly contracting for risk management services. WCIA has a total of 169 members.

New members initially contract for a three-year term, and thereafter automatically renew on an annual basis. A one-year withdrawal notice is required before membership can be terminated. Termination does not relieve a former member from its unresolved loss history incurred during membership.

Liability coverage is written on an occurrence basis, without deductibles. Coverage includes general, automobile, police, errors or omissions, stop gap, employment practices, prior wrongful acts, and employee benefits liability. Limits are \$4 million per occurrence in the self-insured layer, and \$16 million in limits above the self-insured layer is provided by reinsurance. Total limits are \$20 million per occurrence subject to aggregates and sublimits. The Board of Directors determines the limits and terms of coverage annually. All Members are provided a separate cyber risk policy and premises pollution liability coverage group purchased by WCIA. The cyber risk policy provides coverage and separate limits for security & privacy, event management, and cyber extortion, with limits up to \$1 million and subject to member deductibles, sublimits, and a \$5 million pool aggregate. Premises pollution liability provides Members with a \$2 million incident limit and \$10 million pool aggregate subject to a \$100,000 per incident Member deductible.

Insurance for property, automobile physical damage, fidelity, inland marine, and equipment breakdown coverage are purchased on a group basis. Various deductibles apply by type of coverage. Property coverage is self-funded from the members' deductible to \$1,000,000, for all perils other than flood and earthquake, and insured above that to \$400 million per occurrence subject to aggregates and sublimits. Automobile physical damage coverage is self-funded from the members' deductible to \$250,000 and insured above that to \$100 million per occurrence subject to aggregates and sublimits.

In-house services include risk management consultation, loss control field services, and claims and litigation administration. WCIA contracts for certain claims investigations, consultants for personnel and land use issues, insurance brokerage, actuarial, and lobbyist services.

WCIA is fully funded by its members, who make annual assessments on a prospectively rated basis, as determined by an outside, independent actuary. The assessment covers loss, loss adjustment, reinsurance and other administrative expenses. As outlined in the interlocal, WCIA retains the right to additionally assess the membership for any funding shortfall.

An investment committee, using investment brokers, produces additional revenue by investment of WCIA's assets in financial instruments which comply with all State guidelines.

A Board of Directors governs WCIA, which is comprised of one designated representative from each member. The Board elects an Executive Committee and appoints a Treasurer to provide general policy direction for the organization. The WCIA Executive Director reports to the Executive Committee and is responsible for conducting the day-to-day operations of WCIA.

## **Note 10 – Health & Welfare**

The City of Stevenson is a member of the Association of Washington Cities Employee Benefit Trust Health Care Program (AWC Trust HCP). Chapter 48.62 RCW provides that two or more local government entities may, by Interlocal agreement under Chapter 39.34 RCW, form together or join a pool or organization for the joint purchasing of insurance, and/or joint self-insurance, to the same extent that they may individually purchase insurance, or self-insure.

An agreement to form a pooling arrangement was made pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 39.34 RCW, the Interlocal Cooperation Act. The AWC Trust HCP was formed on January 1, 2014 when participating cities, towns, and non-city entities of the AWC Employee Benefit Trust in the State of Washington joined together by signing an Interlocal Governmental Agreement to jointly self-insure certain health benefit plans and programs for participating employees, their covered dependents and other beneficiaries through a designated account within the Trust.

As of December 31, 2023, 264 cities/towns/non-city entities participate and have enrollment in the AWC Trust HCP.

The AWC Trust HCP allows members to establish a program of joint insurance and provides health and welfare services to all participating members.

In April 2020, the Board of Trustees adopted a large employer policy, requiring newly enrolling groups with 600 or more employees to submit medical claims experience data in order to receive a quote for medical coverage. Outside of this, the AWC Trust HCP pools claims without regard to individual member experience. The pool is actuarially rated each year with the assumption of projected claims run-out for all current members.

The AWC Trust HCP includes medical, dental and vision insurance through the following carriers: Kaiser Foundation Health Plan of Washington, Kaiser Foundation Health Plan of Washington Options, Inc., Regence BlueShield, Asuris Northwest Health, Delta Dental of Washington, Willamette Dental Group, and Vision Service Plan. Eligible members are cities and towns within the state of Washington. Non-city entities (public agency, public corporation, intergovernmental agency, or political subdivision within the state of Washington) are eligible to apply for coverage into the AWC Trust HCP, submitting application to the Board of Trustees for review as required in the Trust Agreement.

Participating employers pay monthly premiums to the AWC Trust HCP. The AWC Trust HCP is responsible for payment of all covered claims. In 2023, the AWC Trust HCP purchased medical stop loss insurance for Regence/Asuris and Kaiser plans at an Individual Stop Loss (ISL) of \$2 million through United States Fire Insurance Company. The aggregate policy is for 200% of expected medical claims.

Participating employers contract to remain in the AWC Trust HCP for a minimum of three years. Participating employers with over 250 employees must provide written notice of termination of all coverage a minimum of 12 months in advance of the termination date, and participating employers with under 250 employees must provide written notice of termination of all coverage a minimum of 6 months in advance of termination date. When all coverage is being terminated, termination will only occur on December 31. Participating employers terminating a group or line of coverage must notify the AWC Trust HCP a minimum of 60 days prior to termination. A participating employer's termination will not obligate that member to past debts, or further contributions to the AWC Trust HCP. Similarly, the terminating member forfeits all rights and interest to the AWC Trust HCP Account.

The operations of the Health Care Program are managed by the Board of Trustees or its delegates. The Board of Trustees is comprised of four regionally elected officials from Trust member cities or towns, the

Employee Benefit Advisory Committee Chair and Vice Chair, and two appointed individuals from the AWC Board of Directors, who are from Trust member cities or towns. The Trustees or its appointed delegates review and analyze Health Care Program related matters and make operational decisions regarding premium contributions, reserves, plan options and benefits in compliance with Chapter 48.62 RCW. The Board of Trustees has decision authority consistent with the Trust Agreement, Health Care Program policies, Chapter 48.62 RCW and Chapter 200-110-WAC.

The accounting records of the AWC Trust HCP are maintained in accordance with methods prescribed by the State Auditor's office under the authority of Chapter 43.09 RCW. The AWC Trust HCP also follows applicable accounting standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). In 2018, the retiree medical plan subsidy was eliminated, and is noted as such in the report for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2018. Year-end financial reporting is done on an accrual basis and submitted to the Office of the State Auditor as required by Chapter 200-110 WAC. The audit report for the AWC Trust HCP is available from the Washington State Auditor's office.

### **Note 11 – Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)**

During the year ended 12/31/23, the City of Stevenson adopted guidance for the presentation and disclosure of Subscription Based Technology Arrangements (SBITA), as required by the BARS manual. This requirement resulted in a thorough review of all IT related contracts to determine if any were required to be reported as per the BARS manual. The result of this review determined there were no IT contracts during 2023 meeting the requirements of being reported in this report.

### **Note 12 – Significant Obligation**

On July 6, 2017 the City of Stevenson was put under an Administrative Order related to the operation of its Wastewater Treatment Plant. The Order required construction of improvements to the Plant. The City received a notice of compliance for the Administrative Order on January 5, 2023 as Plant construction began on May 13, 2022 and will be substantially complete on December 3rd, 2024. The current contractual obligation for the construction totals \$13,514,312. The City has received a loan through the Department of Ecology in the amount of \$10,301,371, with \$931,946 in forgivable principal, and an EPA Community Grant in the amount of \$2,500,000. The sewer rates and system development charges have increased, and will continue to do so, in order to meet the increased debt obligations. The City has completed a rate study and is moving forward with implementing its recommendations.

**City of Stevenson  
Schedule of Liabilities  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023**

ID. No.	Description	Due Date	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
<b>Revenue and Other (non G.O.) Debt/Liabilities</b>						
263.88	PWTF Loan, Water System Upgrade	6/1/2026	93,094	-	23,274	69,820
252.11	USDA RD Loan, Sewer Outfall	12/20/2033	271,485	-	25,378	246,107
263.84	DOE SRF Loan, Design	12/30/2041	779,902	-	34,087	745,815
263.92	SMART Water Lease	4/1/2030	215,841	-	30,276	185,565
263.84	DOE WWTP SRF Loan	12/31/2055	2,741,848	5,709,913	-	8,451,761
263.62	USDA RD Loan, Coll. Sys. Improv.	12/31/2065	160,742	92,938	-	253,680
264.30	State Retirement System		134,374	-	10,193	124,181
259.12	Sick Leave Buyout		1,493	-	1,475	18
259.12	Vacation Accrual		45,365	7,474	-	52,839
<b>Total Revenue and Other (non G.O.) Debt/Liabilities:</b>			<b>4,444,144</b>	<b>5,810,325</b>	<b>124,683</b>	<b>10,129,786</b>
<b>Total Liabilities:</b>			<b>4,444,144</b>	<b>5,810,325</b>	<b>124,683</b>	<b>10,129,786</b>



**City of Stevenson**  
**Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2023**

Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	ALN Number	Other Award Number	Expenditures			Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
				From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total		
RURAL UTILITIES SERVICE, AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF	Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	10.760	-	92,938	92,938	-	1,2,3	
<b>Economic Development Cluster</b>								
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION, COMMERCE, DEPARTMENT OF	Economic Adjustment Assistance	11.307	-	180,365	180,365	-	1,2,3	
	<b>Total Economic Development Cluster:</b>		-	<b>180,365</b>	<b>180,365</b>	-		
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY, ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY	Congressional Mandated Projects	66.202	-	2,500,000	2,500,000	-	1,2,3	
	<b>Total Federal Awards Expended:</b>		-	<b>2,773,303</b>	<b>2,773,303</b>	-		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

City of Stevenson

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 1 – Basis of Accounting

This Schedule is prepared on the same basis of accounting as the City's financial statements. The City uses the cash basis of accounting as described in the Cash Basis Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System (BARS) manual published by the State Auditor's Office.

Note 2 – Federal De Minimis Indirect Cost Rate

The City has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3 – Program Costs

The amounts shown as current year expenditures represent only the federal award portion of the program costs. Entire program costs, including the city's portion, are more than shown. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

## ABOUT THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE

The State Auditor's Office is established in the Washington State Constitution and is part of the executive branch of state government. The State Auditor is elected by the people of Washington and serves four-year terms.

We work with state agencies, local governments and the public to achieve our vision of increasing trust in government by helping governments work better and deliver higher value.

In fulfilling our mission to provide citizens with independent and transparent examinations of how state and local governments use public funds, we hold ourselves to those same standards by continually improving our audit quality and operational efficiency, and by developing highly engaged and committed employees.

As an agency, the State Auditor's Office has the independence necessary to objectively perform audits, attestation engagements and investigations. Our work is designed to comply with professional standards as well as to satisfy the requirements of federal, state and local laws. The Office also has an extensive quality control program and undergoes regular external peer review to ensure our work meets the highest possible standards of accuracy, objectivity and clarity.

Our audits look at financial information and compliance with federal, state and local laws for all local governments, including schools, and all state agencies, including institutions of higher education. In addition, we conduct performance audits and cybersecurity audits of state agencies and local governments, as well as state whistleblower, fraud and citizen hotline investigations.

The results of our work are available to everyone through the more than 2,000 reports we publish each year on our website, [www.sao.wa.gov](http://www.sao.wa.gov). Additionally, we share regular news and other information via an email subscription service and social media channels.

We take our role as partners in accountability seriously. The Office provides training and technical assistance to governments both directly and through partnerships with other governmental support organizations.

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