

## Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit Report

# **Grays Harbor Transportation Authority**

(Grays Harbor Transit)

For the period January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023

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## Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

September 19, 2024

Board of Directors Grays Harbor Transit Hoquiam, Washington

## **Report on Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit**

Please find attached our report on Grays Harbor Transit's financial statements and compliance with federal laws and regulations.

We are issuing this report in order to provide information on the Authority's financial activities and condition.

Sincerely,

Fat Marthy

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor Olympia, WA

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## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

## Grays Harbor Transit January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023

### **SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

The results of our audit of Grays Harbor Transit are summarized below in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

#### **Financial Statements**

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the Authority's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. Separately, we issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because the financial statements are prepared using a basis of accounting other than GAAP.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We noted no instances of noncompliance that were material to the financial statements of the Authority.

### **Federal Awards**

Internal Control over Major Programs:

- *Significant Deficiencies:* We reported no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over major federal programs that we consider to be significant deficiencies.
- *Material Weaknesses:* We identified no deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the Authority's compliance with requirements applicable to its major federal program.

We reported no findings that are required to be disclosed in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

## **Identification of Major Federal Programs**

The following program was selected as a major program in our audit of compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

ALN	Program or Cluster Title
20.526	Federal Transit Cluster - Buses and Bus Facilities Formula,
	Competitive, and Low or No Emissions Programs

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs, as prescribed by the Uniform Guidance, was \$750,000.

The Authority did not qualify as a low-risk auditee under the Uniform Guidance.

## **SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

None reported.

## **SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**

None reported.

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

> Grays Harbor Transit January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023

Board of Directors Grays Harbor Transit Hoquiam, Washington

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Grays Harbor Transit, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 12, 2024.

We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the Authority's financial statements in accordance with its regulatory basis of accounting. We issued an adverse opinion on the fair presentation with regard to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) because the financial statements are prepared by the Authority using accounting practices prescribed by state law and the State Auditor's *Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System* (BARS) manual described in Note 1, which is a basis of accounting other than GAAP. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

## **REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

## **REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However,

this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Tat Marthy

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor Olympia, WA September 12, 2024

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance

## Grays Harbor Transit January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023

Board of Directors Grays Harbor Transit Hoquiam, Washington

## **REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM**

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the compliance of Grays Harbor Transit, with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. *Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Authority's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023. The Authority's major federal programs are identified in the auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### **Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)* are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Authority's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Authority's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Authority's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

Performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance includes the following responsibilities:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances;
- Obtain an understanding of the Authority's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed; and
- We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## **REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or compliance over compliance is a deficiency or a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed. Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited. It also serves to disseminate information to the public as a reporting tool to help citizens assess government operations.

Fat Marchy

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor Olympia, WA September 12, 2024

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

## Grays Harbor Transit January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023

Board of Directors Grays Harbor Transit Hoquiam, Washington

## **REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **Unmodified and Adverse Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of Grays Harbor Transit, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the financial section of our report.

#### Unmodified Opinion on the Regulatory Basis of Accounting (BARS Manual)

As described in Note 1, the Authority has prepared these financial statements to meet the financial reporting requirements of state law and accounting practices prescribed by the State Auditor's *Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System* (BARS) Manual. Those accounting practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The differences in these accounting practices are also described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash and investments of Grays Harbor Transit, and its changes in cash and investments, for the year ended December 31, 2023, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

The financial statements referred to above were not intended to, and in our opinion, they do not, present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Grays Harbor Transit, as of December 31, 2023, or the changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended, because of the significance of the matter discussed below.

#### **Basis for Unmodified and Adverse Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and *Government Auditing Standards*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit unmodified and adverse opinions.

#### Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on U.S. GAAP

Auditing standards issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) require auditors to formally acknowledge when governments do not prepare their financial statements, intended for general use, in accordance with GAAP. As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by the Authority in accordance with state law using accounting practices prescribed by the BARS Manual, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of state law and the BARS Manual described in Note 1. This includes determining that the basis of accounting is acceptable for the presentation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

Performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* includes the following responsibilities:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements;
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time; and
- We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). The Schedule of Liabilities is also presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the prescribed BARS manual. These schedules are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and

certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

## OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 12, 2024 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on the tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Tat Marthy

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor Olympia, WA September 12, 2024

## FINANCIAL SECTION

## Grays Harbor Transit January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund Resources and Uses Arising from Cash Transactions – 2023 Notes to Financial Statements – 2023

### **SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION**

Schedule of Liabilities – 2023 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – 2023 Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – 2023

#### Grays Harbor Transportation Authority Fund Resources and Uses Arising from Cash Transactions For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Beginning Cash	and Investments	
308	Beginning Cash and Investments	25,086,977
388 / 588	Net Adjustments	-
Revenues		
310	Taxes	12,905,587
320	Licenses and Permits	-
330	Intergovernmental Revenues	5,371,936
340	Charges for Goods and Services	85,458
350	Fines and Penalties	-
360	Miscellaneous Revenues	1,267,970
Total Revenue	es:	19,630,951
Expenditures		
510	General Government	-
520	Public Safety	-
530	Utilities	-
540	Transportation	12,523,183
550	Natural/Economic Environment	-
560	Social Services	-
570	Culture and Recreation	-
Total Expendit	tures:	12,523,183
Excess (Defici	ency) Revenues over Expenditures:	7,107,768
Other Increases	in Fund Resources	
391-393, 596	Debt Proceeds	-
397	Transfers-In	-
385	Special or Extraordinary Items	-
381, 382, 389, 395, 398	Other Resources	13,515
Total Other Inc	creases in Fund Resources:	13,515
Other Decreases	in Fund Resources	
594-595	Capital Expenditures	3,245,648
591-593, 599	Debt Service	95,315
597	Transfers-Out	-
585	Special or Extraordinary Items	-
581, 582, 589	Other Uses	-
Total Other De	ecreases in Fund Resources:	3,340,963
Increase (Dec	crease) in Cash and Investments:	3,780,320
Ending Cash and	d Investments	
50821	Nonspendable	-
50831	Restricted	-
50841	Committed	-
50851	Assigned	28,867,297
50891	Unassigned	-
Total Ending	Cash and Investments	28,867,297

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

#### GRAYS HARBOR TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY D.B.A. GRAYS HARBOR TRANSIT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JANUARY 1, 2023 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The Grays Harbor Transportation Authority was incorporated in June 1974 and operates under the laws of the state of Washington applicable to a transportation authority entity. Grays Harbor Transportation Authority, as a public transit agency, provides accessible public transportation throughout Grays Harbor County, with regional connections to adjacent counties.

The Grays Harbor Transportation Authority reports financial activity in accordance with the *Cash Basis Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System* (BARS) Manual prescribed by the State Auditor's Office under the authority of Washington State law Chapter 43.09 RCW. This manual prescribes a financial reporting framework that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the following manner:

- Financial transactions are being reported on a cash basis of accounting as described below.
- Component units are required to be disclosed but are not included in the financial statements.
- Government-wide statements, as defined in GAAP, are not presented.
- All funds are presented, rather than a focus on major funds.
- The Schedule of Liabilities is required to be presented with the financial statements as Supplementary information.
- Supplementary information required by GAAP is not presented.
- Ending balances are not presented using the classification defined in GAAP.

#### A. <u>Fund Accounting</u>

Financial transactions of the government are reported in individual funds. Each fund uses a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its cash and investments, revenues and expenditures. The government's resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds depending on their intended purpose. Each fund is reported as a separate column in the financial statements, except for fiduciary funds, which are presented by fund types. The total column is presented as "memo only" because any interfund activities are not eliminated. The following fund types are used:

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES:

#### General Fund

This fund is the primary operating fund of the government. It accounts for all financial resources except those required or elected to be accounted for in another fund.

#### B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting and measurement focus. Revenues are recognized when cash is received, and expenses are recognized when paid.

In accordance with state law Grays Harbor Transit also recognizes expenditures paid during twenty days after the close of the fiscal year for claims incurred during the previous period.

#### C. <u>Cash and Investments</u>

See Note 3, Deposits and Investments.

#### D. Capital Assets

Capital assets are assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of 1 year. Capital assets and inventory are recorded as capital expenditures when purchased.

#### E. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Compensated absences are absences for which employees will be paid, such as vacation and sick leave. The authority records leave for compensated absences as an expense when paid.

All employees who work at least 90 hours per month accumulate sick leave at a rate of 8 hours per month. Employees are not permitted to accumulate in excess 1,296 hours. Sick leave is expensed as it is used.

Upon separation of employment, under non-disciplinary circumstances and with at least five (5) years of employment with employer, each employee shall be paid for all accumulated sick leave at the following rates.

Accrued Sick Leave	Cash out rate
0 to 900	1 to 3 for hours 1 to 900
901 to 1296	1 to 2 for hours 1 to 1296

The following is a recap of the vacation policies covering union and non-union employees:

SCHEDULE A					
	Operator, Maintenance & CSR - Represented				
Years of Annual Vacation Hours Job Position Service					
0-2	80	All positions represented by contract			
3 - 6	120				
7 - 9	144				
10 - 14	160				
15 - 19	216				
20+	240				

SCHEDULE B				
	Dispatch/F	Field Supervisors		
Years of Service	Annual Vacation Hours	Job Position		
0-2	80			
3 - 6	120			
7 - 9	144			
10 - 12	160			
13 - 15	184			
16 - 18	200			
19	216			
20 +	240			

	SCHEDULE C				
	Administrative- Non	-Represented			
Years of Service	Annual Vacation Hours	Job Position			
1 - 2	120	AGM/Finance Manager			
3 - 4	136	Grant, Procurement & Planning Manager			
5 - 6	144	Accounting Specialist			
7 - 9	152	Administrative Assistant			
10 - 12	176	IT Manager			
13 - 14	184	Human Resources Supervisor			
15 - 16	200	HR Administrative Coordinator			
17 - 19	208	Marketing, Communication & Outreach			
20	240	Payroll Administrator			
25	280				

SCHEDULE D						
0	Operations/Maintenance-Non-Represented					
Years of Service	Annual Vacation Hours	Job Position				
1 - 2	120					
3 - 4	136	Operations Manager				
5 - 6	144	Assistant Operations Manager				
7 - 9	152	Operations Adminstrative Coordinator				
10 - 12	176	Facilities Maintenance Supervisor				
13 - 14	184	Maintenance Manager				
15 - 16	200	Safety & Training Manager				
17 - 19	208					
20	240					
25	280					

Employees are not permitted to carry past their anniversary date (hire date) more than one-half of the current years' accrual. Total accrued vacation leave is limited to a maximum of 38 days (300 hours). Vacation leave is paid at a rate equal to the rate of pay at the time the leave is taken, not the rate of pay at the time the vacation is accrued.

Effective January 1, 2024, an employee's vacation leave bank shall not exceed 320 hours, as of the day prior to the employee's anniversary hire date. Any accrued vacation leave exceeding the 320-hour maximum shall be forfeited.

#### **NOTE 2- BUDGET COMPLIANCE**

Grays Harbor Transit adopts an annual appropriated budget. This budget is appropriated at the fund level. The budget constitutes the legal authority for expenditures at the level. Annual appropriations for this fund lapse at the fiscal year end.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted on the same basis of accounting as used for financial reporting.

The appropriation and actual expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Appropriation	Expenditures	Variance
\$ 19,930,880	\$ 15,864,146	\$ 4,066,734

Budgeted amounts are authorized to be transferred between departments within any fund/object classes within departments; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a fund, or that affect the number of authorized employee positions, salary ranges, hours, or other conditions of employment must be approved by the Grays Harbor Transportation Authority Board.

#### NOTE 3– DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Investments are reported at face value. Deposits and investments by type at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Type of Deposit or Investment	
Bank deposits	\$ 681,025
County Treasurer deposits	3,179,929
Local Government Investment Pool	 25,006,343
	\$ 28,867,296

It is Grays Harbor Transit's policy to invest all temporary cash surpluses.

#### Investments in the State Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)

Grays Harbor Transit is a voluntary participant in the Local Government Investment Pool, an external investment pool operated by the Washington State Treasurer. The pool is not rated and not registered with the SEC. Rather, oversight is provided by the State Finance Committee in accordance with Chapter 43.250 RCW. Investments in the LGIP are reported at amortized cost, which is the same as the value of the pool per share. The LGIP does not impose any restrictions on participant withdrawals.

The Office of the State Treasurer prepares a stand-alone financial report for the pool. A copy of the report is available from the Office of the State Treasurer, PO Box 40200, Olympia, Washington 98504-0200, online at www.tre.wa.gov.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in event of a failure of a depository financial institution, Grays Harbor Transit would not be able to recover deposits or would not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Grays Harbor Transit's deposits and certificates of deposit are mostly covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC).

All investments are insured, registered or held by the Grays Harbor County Treasurer or its agent in the Grays Harbor Transit's name.

#### NOTE 4 – Leases

During the year ended 2023, Grays Harbor Transit adopted guidance for the presentation and disclosure of leases, as required by the BARS manual. This requirement resulted in the addition of a lease liability reported on the Schedule of Liabilities.

Grays Harbor Transit leases space for equipment within a communications building and/or space on a communications tower(s) from Grays Harbor County. The lease began in January of 2021 and will end December of 2025, with an option to renegotiate for an additional five years. The first year (2021) lease payment was \$12,398., and for each year thereafter there are subsequent increases of 1.5%. Early termination option must be given 90 days prior to the effective date, and rent will be prorated to the date of termination.

Grays Harbor Transit leases office space at 343 W Wishkah St, Aberdeen WA from Grenville/317, LLC for \$6,650 per month under a 5-year lease agreement which began May 1, 2020, and ends April 30, 2025.

Grays Harbor Transit has the option for two extended 5-year terms, with an 8.75% increase for each extended term. It is expected that Grays Harbor Transit will enter into an extended lease agreement.

Grays Harbor Transit leases a Sharp MX 5050 copier from Aberdeen Office Equipment which began June 2020 and ends August 2023, with purchase option at end of term. GHT purchased the copier at the end of the lease in 2023.

Grays Harbor Transit leases a Pitney Bowes postage meter for \$263 every quarter. The lease began December 30, 2018, and ends March 30, 2023. Grays Harbor Transit entered into a new lease for a postage meter in the amount of \$266 every quarter starting April 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2027.

The total amount paid for leases in 2023 was \$95,236. As of December 31, 2023, the future lease payments are as follows:

Year ended December 31	Total
2024	93,829
2025	99,261
2026	87,847
2027	87,315
2028	86,783
2029	86,783
2030	21,696
Total	563,513

#### NOTE 5 - Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

During the year ended December 31, 2023, Grays Harbor Transit adopted guidance for the presentation and disclosure of Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA), as required by the BARS manual. This requirement resulted in the addition of a subscription liability reported on the Schedule of Liabilities.

Grays Harbor Transit makes annual subscription payments to Criteria Corp. for Human Resource software, with a 4-year total of \$8,900. The SBITA contract began on August 17, 2022, as a 2-year agreement, with renewal based only on mutual acceptance. On August 7, 2023, Grays Harbor Transit agreed to a new 2-year contract that covers the period of August 17, 2024, through August 16, 2026, at \$2,350 per year.

Grays Harbor Transit makes annual subscription payments to NEOGOV for Human Resource software, with a 3-year total of \$23,283.80. The SBITA contract began on November 7, 2022, and ends on November 6, 2025. There was no offer of extension options.

Grays Harbor Transit makes subscription payments of \$1,061.99 per month to RingCentral for communications software. The SBITA contract began on August 28, 2023, and ends August 27, 2026, and includes the option to extend the contract for another 3 years.

The total amount paid for SBITAs in 2023 was \$22,870. As of December 31, 2023, the future SBITA payments are as follows:

Year ended December 31	Total
2024	25,002
2025	15,094
Total	40,096

#### **NOTE 6- PENSION PLANS**

#### State Sponsored Pension Plans

Substantially all full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in the following statewide retirement systems administered by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), under cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans, PERS 1, and PERS 2/3.

The State Legislature establishes, and amends, laws pertaining to the creation and administration of all public retirement systems.

The Department of Retirement Systems, a department within the primary government of the State of Washington, issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each plan.

The DRS ACFR may be downloaded from the DRS website at <u>www.drs.wa.gov</u>.

At June 30, 2023 the Transit's proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities (assets), was as follows:

	Ε	mployer	Allocation	Liability
Plan	Cor	tributions	Percentage	 (Asset)
PERS 1	\$	219,613	0.032228%	735,679
<b>PERS 2/3</b>		366,263	0.041658%	(1,707,429)
	\$	585,876		\$ (971,750)

#### Defined Contribution Pension Plans

Grays Harbor Transportation Authority Choose to enroll in a Deferred compensation 457b plan administered by Nationwide Retirement Solutions and Deferred Compensation Program (DCP) administered by Washington State Department of Retirement Systems that provides optional retirement savings. Traditional 457b plan (pre-tax) and Designated Roth (after-tax) options are available. Grays Harbor Transportation Authority will match the amount applicable as negotiated in an employment contract and withhold from the employee's paycheck monthly deductions authorized by the employee. Under the current employment contract Grays Harbor Transportation Authority agrees to match an employee's pretaxed deferred compensation contribution 100% up to a maximum of five percent of the annual salary. Grays Harbor Transportation Authority contributed \$7,826. to the plans for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### NOTE 7 – OPEB PLANS

Grays Harbor Transportation Authority is a participating employer in the state's Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB) program, a defined benefit plan administered by the Washington State Health Care Authority. The plan provides medical benefits for public employees and retirees and their dependents on a pay-as-you-go basis. The plan provides OPEB benefits through both explicit and implicit subsidies. The explicit subsidy is a set dollar amount that lowers the monthly premium paid by members over the age of 65 enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B. PEBB determines the amount of the explicit subsidy annually. The implicit subsidy results from the inclusion of active and non-Medicare eligible retirees in the same pool when determining premiums. There is an implicit subsidy from active employees since the premiums paid by retirees are lower than they would have been if the retirees were insured separately. Grays Harbor Transportation Authority had 90 active plan members and 34 retired plan members as of December 31, 2023. As of December 31, 2023, Grays Harbor Transportation Authority's total OPEB liability was \$4,234,934 calculated using the alternative measurement method tool provided by SAO. Grays Harbor Transportation Authority contributed \$1,505,250 to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT

Grays Harbor Transportation Authority is a member of the Washington State Transit Insurance Pool (WSTIP). WSTIP is a 25-member governmental risk pool located in Olympia, Washington. WSTIP supplies Grays Harbor Transportation Authority auto liability, general liability, public officials' liability coverage, all risk property coverage, auto physical damage coverage, boiler and machinery coverage, employee fidelity/crime coverage, and cyber liability coverage.

At the end of 2023, Grays Harbor Transportation Authority retained a\$25 million for its all-risk property coverage which includes auto physical damage. Grays Harbor Transportation Authority has a \$5,000 deductible for public official's liability coverage and has no deductible for general and auto liability risks covered by WSTIP.

WSTIP was formed by Interlocal Agreement on January 1, 1989, pursuant to Chapters 48.61 and 39.34 RCW. The purpose for forming WSTIP was to provide member transit agencies joint self-insurance, joint purchasing of insurance and joint contracting for hiring of personnel to provide risk management, claims handling, and administrative services. Transit agencies joining WSTIP must remain members for a minimum of 36 months. Members may withdraw after that time by giving six-month's written notice and at the end of the fiscal year. Any member who withdraws will not be allowed to rejoin for a period of 36 months.

Transit authorities applying for membership in WSTIP may do so on approval of a simple majority vote of the WSTIP Board of Directors. Underwriting and rate-setting policies have been established after consultation with actuaries. WSTIP members are subject to a supplemental assessment in the event of deficiencies. If WSTIP's assets were to be exhausted, members would be responsible for WSTIP's liabilities. WSTIP is regulated by the Washington State Risk Manager and audited annually by the Washington State Auditor.

WSTIP utilizes a combination of self-insurance, reinsurance and excess insurance to provide the limits noted in the summary below. Carriers include Government Entities Mutual, Munich Reinsurance of America, Hallmark Specialty Insurance Company, and Allied World Assurance Company for the liability

lines; Evanston and The Burlington Insurance Company for auto physical damage; American International Group Inc (AIG)/National Union Fire Insurance for the crime policy; and Beazley Cyber Services for the cyber liability policy. The excess property carrier for all risk property and boiler and machinery is Alliant Property Insurance Program provided by Alliant Insurance Services

Grays Harbor Transportation Authority has not presented any claims to WSTIP in the last year that exceeded its current coverage limits through WSTIP. Here is a summary of coverage provided in 2023:

RISK / EXPOSURE		COVERAGE	DEDUCTIBLE
GENERAL LIABILITY: Bodily Injury & Property Damage Personal Injury & Advertising Injury	\$25 million	Per occurrence	\$0
Contractual Liability			
Personal Injury and Advertising Injury	\$25 million	Per offense	\$0
Contractual liability	\$25 million	Per occurrence	\$0
Vanpool Driver Medical Expense Protection	\$35,000	Per occurrence	\$0
Underinsured Motorist Coverage (by mode)	\$60,000	Per occurrence	\$0
Permissive Use of a Member-Owned Motor Vehicle	\$100,000 for property damage and \$300,000 for bodily injury	Per occurrence	\$0
Endorsement 1: COMMUNICABLE DISEASE	\$500,000	Per occurrence	\$0
LIABILITY:			
Annual aggregate for all Members or	¢0		
Additional Covered Parties	\$2 million		
PUBLIC OFFICIALS LIABILITY	\$25 million	Per occurrence and aggregate	\$5,000
Endorsement 1: VIOLATIONS OF WAGE & HOUR LAWS	\$250,000	Per occurrence	\$25,000
Annual aggregate per Member	\$250,000		
PROPERTY COVERAGE All perils subject to the following sublimits:	\$500 million	Per occurrence, all perils and insureds/ members combined	\$5,000
Flood zones A & V – annual aggregate	\$10 million	Per occurrence, annual aggregate	\$500,000
All flood zones except A & V – annual	\$50 million	Per occurrence,	\$500,000

aggregate		annual aggregate	
Earthquake, volcanic eruption, landslide, and mine subsidence	\$35 million	Per occurrence, annual aggregate	5% subject to \$500,000 minimum per occurrence per unit
AUTO PHYSICAL DAMAGE Auto Physical Damage (below \$250,000 in value)	Fair market value		\$5,000
Auto Physical Damage for all vehicles valued over \$250,000 and less than 10 years old	Replacement Cost	Limited to \$1.5 million any one vehicle	\$5,000
BOILER AND MACHINERY	\$100 million		\$250,000 or \$350,000 depending on size of boiler
<b>CRIME / PUBLIC EMPLOYEE</b> <b>DISHONESTY</b> including faithful performance. Also includes:	\$2 million	Per occurrence	\$10,000
Employee theft	\$2 million	Per occurrence	\$10,000
Forgery or alteration	\$2 million	Per occurrence	\$10,000
Inside the premises – theft of money and securities	\$2 million	Per occurrence	\$10,000
Inside the premises – robbery or safe burglary of other property	\$2 million	Per occurrence	\$10,000
Outside premises	\$2 million	Per occurrence	\$10,000
Computer fraud	\$2 million	Per occurrence	\$10,000
Funds Transfer Fraud	\$2 million	Per occurrence	\$10,000
Money orders and counterfeit money	\$2 million	Per occurrence	\$10,000

CYBER LIABILITY INSURANCE		Coverage	Deductible
Annual Policy and Program Aggregate Limit	\$45 million		
of Liability for all policy holders (not just			
WSTIP members)			
Insured/Member Annual Aggregate Limit of	\$2 million		\$5,000
Liability			
BREACH RESPONSE COSTS	\$500,000	Aggregate for each	
		insured/member	

		(limit is increased to
		\$1 million if Beazley
		Nominated Service
		Providers are used)
		Providers are used)
FIRST PARTY LOSS		
Business Interruption	\$750,000	A (11.1)
Resulting from Security Breach	\$750,000	Aggregate limit
Resulting from System Failure	\$500,000	Aggregate limit
Dependent Business Loss		
Resulting from Security Breach	\$750,000	Aggregate limit
Resulting from System Failure	\$100,000	Aggregate limit
Cyber Extortion Loss	\$750,000	Aggregate limit
Data Recovery Costs	\$750,000	Aggregate limit
LIABILITY		
Data & Network Liability	\$2 million	Aggregate limit
Regulatory defense and penalties	\$2 million	Aggregate limit
Payment Card Liabilities & Costs	\$2 million	Aggregate limit
Media Liability	\$2 million	Aggregate limit
eCRIME		
Fraudulent Instruction	\$75,000	Aggregate limit
Funds Transfer Fraud	\$75,000	Aggregate limit
Telephone Fraud	\$75,000	Aggregate limit
	4,0,000	
CRIMINAL REWARD	\$25,000	Limit
	\$23,000	
COVERAGE ENDORSEMENTS		
Reputation Loss	\$100,000	Limit of Liability
Claims Preparation Costs for Reputation Loss		
Claims Only	\$50,000	Limit of Liability
Computer Hardware Replacement Costs	\$100,000	Limit of Liability
Invoice Manipulation	\$100,000	Limit of Liability
Cryptojacking	\$25,000	Limit of Liability

#### **Underground Storage Tank – Pollution Liability Insurance Policy**

The following members <u>should</u> include this description of the Underground Storage Tank - Pollution Liability Insurance Policy: Clallam, Community, Grays Harbor, Intercity, Kitsap, Link, Pacific, Valley. Limits and deductibles are the same for all Members.

#### **Underground Storage Tank – Pollution Liability Insurance Policy**

Grays Harbor Transportation Authority purchases an Underground Storage Tank – Pollution Liability insurance policy. The policy term is October 1 and renews annually. The carrier for the 2021-2022 policy term was Mid-Continent Casualty Company. The carrier for the 2021-2022 policy term is Mid-Continent

Casualty Company. Insurance provisions on each policy was essentially the same. The insuring agreement has coverage parts for bodily injury and property damage liability, government mandated cleanup costs liability, and defense and claims handling expenses. The limit of coverage is \$1 million per environmental incident with a \$1 million aggregate and a \$500,000 limit on defense per environmental incident. Grays Harbor Transportation Authority has a \$25,000 deductible per environmental incident. Tanks must be listed to be covered.

#### **Covered Locations Pollution Liability Insurance Policy**

Grays Harbor Transportation Authority purchases a Covered Locations Pollution Liability insurance policy. The policy term is from April 4, 2021 to April 4, 2024. The carrier is Beazley Eclipse. The insuring agreement has coverage parts for covered location pollution liability coverage – new pollution conditions, covered location pollution liability coverage – new pollution pollution liability, and non-owned disposal site pollution liability. The policy covers cleanup costs, damages, and claims expenses. The limit of coverage is \$5 million each pollution condition – includes claims expenses with a \$5 million aggregate including claims expenses. Grays Harbor Transportation Authority has a \$100,000 deductible per pollution condition. Locations must be listed to be covered.

#### **NOTE 9 – CONTINGENCIES AND LITIGATION**

In the opinion of management, the Grays Harbor Transportation Authority's insurance policies are adequate to pay all known or pending claims.

#### Grays Harbor Transportation Authority Schedule of Liabilities For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

ID. No.	Description	Due Date	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Revenue	and Other (non G.O.) Debt/Liabilitie	es				
263.57	Criteria Corp Employment Screening HR Service	8/16/2026	2,200	4,700	2,200	4,700
263.57	NEOGOV HR Management Software	11/6/2025	17,834	-	7,926	9,908
263.57	Ring Central Cloud Based Communication System	8/27/2026	38,232	-	12,744	25,488
263.57	Communication Site Lease	12/31/2025	38,896	-	12,773	26,123
263.57	Building Lease	4/30/2030	613,463	-	79,800	533,663
263.52	Sharp MX-5050 Copier	9/30/2023	1,601	-	1,601	-
263.57	Pitney Bowes Postage Meter	4/20/2027	4,789	-	1,062	3,727
264.30	Net Pension		806,575	-	70,896	735,679
259.12	Compensated Absences		792,466	-	96,178	696,288
264.40	OPEB		4,774,434	-	539,500	4,234,934
	Total Revenue and Oth De	er (non G.O.) bt/Liabilities:	7,090,490	4,700	824,680	6,270,510
	Tot	al Liabilities:	7,090,490	4,700	824,680	6,270,510

Expenditures

			1		-			
Federal Agency (Pass-Through Agency)	Federal Program	ALN Number	Other Award Number	From Pass- Through Awards	From Direct Awards	Total	Passed through to Subrecipients	Note
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via Federal Transportation/Via WSDOT)	Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program	20.509	PTD0537	1,485,556		1,485,556	·	1,2&3
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via Federal Transportation/Via WSDOT)	Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program	20.509	PTD0326	393,900		393,900		1,2&3
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via Federal Transportation/Via WSDOT)	Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program	20.509	PTD0649	105,573		105,573		1,2&3
			Total ALN 20.509:	1,985,029	     	1,985,029	1	
Federal Transit Cluster								
FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION, TRANSPORTATION, DEPARTMENT OF (via Federal Transportation/Via WSDOT)	Buses and Bus Facilities Formula, Competitive, and Low or No Emissions Programs	20.526	РТD0327	1,330,589		1,330,589		1,2&3
		Total Fed∉	Total Federal Transit Cluster:	1,330,589		1,330,589		
	-	Total Federal	Total Federal Awards Expended:	3,315,618	I	3,315,618		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

### GRAYS HARBOR TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JANUARY 1, 2023 THRU DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### NOTE 1 – BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule is prepared on the same basis of accounting as the transit's financial statements. The transit uses the cash basis of accounting.

#### NOTE 2 – FEDERAL INDIRECT COST RATE

Grays Harbor Transportation Authority has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. The amount expended includes \$ 357,956 claimed as an indirect cost recovery using an approved indirect cost rate of 22 percent.

#### NOTE 3 – PROGRAM COSTS

The amounts shown as current year expenditures represent only federal portion of the program costs. Actual program costs, including the transit's portion, may be more than shown.

## **ABOUT THE STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE**

The State Auditor's Office is established in the Washington State Constitution and is part of the executive branch of state government. The State Auditor is elected by the people of Washington and serves four-year terms.

We work with state agencies, local governments and the public to achieve our vision of increasing trust in government by helping governments work better and deliver higher value.

In fulfilling our mission to provide citizens with independent and transparent examinations of how state and local governments use public funds, we hold ourselves to those same standards by continually improving our audit quality and operational efficiency, and by developing highly engaged and committed employees.

As an agency, the State Auditor's Office has the independence necessary to objectively perform audits, attestation engagements and investigations. Our work is designed to comply with professional standards as well as to satisfy the requirements of federal, state and local laws. The Office also has an extensive quality control program and undergoes regular external peer review to ensure our work meets the highest possible standards of accuracy, objectivity and clarity.

Our audits look at financial information and compliance with federal, state and local laws for all local governments, including schools, and all state agencies, including institutions of higher education. In addition, we conduct performance audits and cybersecurity audits of state agencies and local governments, as well as state whistleblower, fraud and citizen hotline investigations.

The results of our work are available to everyone through the more than 2,000 reports we publish each year on our website, <u>www.sao.wa.gov</u>. Additionally, we share regular news and other information via an email subscription service and social media channels.

We take our role as partners in accountability seriously. The Office provides training and technical assistance to governments both directly and through partnerships with other governmental support organizations.

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