

Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

April 7, 2025

Board of Commissioners Housing Authority of the City of Renton Renton, Washington

Contracted CPA Firm's Audit Report on Financial Statements and Federal Single Audit

We have reviewed the audit report issued by a certified public accounting (CPA) firm on the financial statements and compliance with federal grant requirements of the Housing Authority of the City of Renton for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. The Housing Authority contracted with the CPA firm for this audit and requested that we accept it in lieu of performing our own audit.

Based on this review, we have accepted this report in lieu of the audit required by RCW 43.09.260. The Office of the Washington State Auditor did not audit the accompanying financial statements or the Housing Authority of the City of Renton's compliance with federal grant agreements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion on those financial statements or on compliance.

This report is being published on the Office of the Washington State Auditor website as a matter of public record.

Sincerely,

Pat McCarthy, State Auditor

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Olympia, WA

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Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

Year Ended December 31, 2022





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List of Principal Officials

The following table lists the Board Members as of December 31, 2022:

Commissioner (County Appointed)	C. Lester Domingos
Commissioner (County Appointed)	Jeremy Bishop
Commissioner (City Appointed)	Brian Griffith
Commissioner (City Appointed)	Greg Garcia
Commissioner (City Appointed)	Linda Dukelow

In addition to the above Commissioners, the Administrator of Housing Authority of the City of Renton is Michael Bishop, who serves as the Executive Director.

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Governing Body of Housing Authority of the City of Renton

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OPINION

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and aggregate discretely presented component units Housing Authority of the City of Renton (the Authority), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and aggregate discretely presented component units of the Authority as of December 31, 2022, and the changes in its financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the following discretely presented component units: (1) Sunset Oaks, LLLP; (2) Golden Cedars, LLLP; (3) Renton Crest, LLLP; and (4) Sunset Court, LLLP.

Collectively, these entities represent 100 percent, 100 percent, and 100 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those financial statements, which were prepared in accordance with *Accounting Standards Codification* as issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for discretely presented component units, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

The financial statements of the discretely presented component units were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

(1) Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit; (2) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; (3) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed; (4) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements; (5) Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and pension schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Costs Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

In addition, the accompanying combining schedules, are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

That information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. That information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain other procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, that information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 10, 2024, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

September 10, 2024

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The Housing Authority of the City of Renton ("the Authority") management's discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Authority's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the Authority's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), and (d) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current Fiscal Year's (FY) activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Authority's net position decreased by -\$1,471,869 or -3.02% during 2022 due to a decrease in operating funding. The Authority also had a decrease in overall revenue which contributed to the decrease in Net Position. Since the Authority engages only in business-type activities, the decrease is in the category of business-type net position. Net Position were \$47.26 million and \$48.74 million for FY 2022 and FY 2021 respectively.

The business-type activity revenue increased by \$891,230 or 3.81% during FY 2022. The primary reason for the decrease in revenue was due to gain or loss on sale of fixed assets prior year. Total revenue was \$24.3 million and \$23.41 million for FY 2022 and FY 2021 respectively.

The total expenses of all Authority programs increased by \$2,960,715 or 12.98%. Primary reasons for increases in expense were attributable to increased maintenance and housing assistance payments. Total expenses were \$25.77 million and \$22.81 million for FY 2022 and FY 2021 respectively.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This is a different presentation of the Authority's financial statements. The following graphic outlining these changes is provided for your review:

MD&A

~ Management's Discussion and Analysis ~

Basic Financial Statements

~ Authority-Wide Financial Statements ~ ~ Notes to Financial Statements ~

Other Required Supplementary Information

~ Required Supplementary Information ~

The primary focus of the Authority's financial statement (summarized fund-type information) has been discarded. The new and clearly preferable focus is on the consolidated business type basis. This consolidates all programs into a combined statement of Net Position. This method is easier for the end user to analyze and to understand.

Authority-Wide Financial Statements

The Authority-wide financial statements (see Tables 1 thru 6) are designed to be corporate- like in that all business type activities are consolidated into columns which add to a total for the entire Authority.

These Statements include a <u>Statement of Net Position</u>, which is similar to a Balance Sheet. The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources for the Authority. The statement is presented in the format where assets, minus liabilities, equal "Net Position," formerly known as equity. Assets and liabilities are presented in order of liquidity and are classified as "Current" (convertible into cash within one year), and "non-current."

The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the "<u>Unrestricted</u>" section) is designed to represent the net available liquid (non-capital) assets, net of liabilities, for the entire Authority. Net Position (formerly equity) is reported in three broad categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u>: This component of Net Position consists of all Capital Assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u>: This component of Net Position consists of restricted assets, when constraints are placed on the asset by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, etc.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u>: Consists of Net Position that do not meet the definition of "Net Investment in Capital Assets" or "Restricted".

The Authority-wide financial statements also include a <u>Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position</u> (similar to an Income Statement). This Statement includes Operating Revenues, such as rental income, Operating Expenses, such as administrative, utilities, and maintenance, and depreciation, and Non-Operating Revenue and Expenses, such as grant revenue, investment income and interest expense.

The focus of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position is the "Change in Net Position," which is similar to Net Income or Loss.

Finally, a <u>Statement of Cash Flows</u> is included, which discloses net cash provided by, or used for operating activities, non-capital financing activities, capital and related financing activities, and investing activities.

Consolidated Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the consolidated Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The focus is now on a consolidated balance rather than the individual fund types or programs. The Authority consists of exclusively Enterprise Funds. Enterprise funds utilize the full accrual basis of accounting. The Enterprise method of accounting is similar to accounting utilized by the private sector accounting.

Many of the programs maintained by the Authority are required by the Department of Housing and Urban Development. Others are segregated to enhance accountability and control.

The Authority's Programs

Public Housing Program – Under the Conventional Public Housing Program, the Authority rents units that it owns to low-income households. The Conventional Public Housing Program is operated under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD, and HUD provides Operating Subsidy and Capital Grant funding to enable the PHA to provide the housing at a rent that is based upon 30% of household income after deductions. The Conventional Public Housing Program also includes the Capital Fund Program, which is the primary funding source for physical and management improvements to the Authority's properties.

Housing Choice Voucher – The section 8 Housing Payments Program provides rental supplements to the owners of existing private housing who rent to qualified individuals. The Authority processes all applicants for the Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program, places approved applicants in housing, and pays the owner of the private housing a monthly rental supplement. Under the conditions of an annual contributions contract, HUD reimburses the Authority for the rental supplements and the administrative cost of managing the program, up to a per unit limit established in the annual contributions contract.

AUTHORITY-WIDE STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position compared to prior year. The Authority is engaged only in Business-Type Activities.

Housing Authority of the City of Renton Combined Statement of Net Position TABLE I

Account Descriptions		2022	2021	Total Change	% Change
Current Assets	\$	23,714,263	26,686,949	(2,972,686)	-11.14%
Capital Assets		66,144,391	69,164,073	(3,019,682)	-4.37%
Non Current Assets		19,357,588	18,030,529	1,327,059	7.36%
Deferred outflow Pension		841,981	267,648	574,333	214.59%
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	110,058,223	114,149,199	(4,090,976)	-3.58%
	_			_	
Current Liabilities	\$	1,929,127	2,100,225	(171,098)	-8.15%
Noncurrent Liabilities		60,139,214	60,798,519	(659,305)	-1.08%
Deferred inflows Pension	_	725,269	2,513,973	(1,788,704)	-71.15%
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	\$	62,793,610	65,412,717	(2,619,107)	-4.00%
	•	0.240.406	40 204 200	(4.054.402)	10.05%
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	8,340,196	10,291,298	(1,951,102)	-18.96%
Restricted Net Position		972,541	2,551,847	(1,579,306)	61.89%
Unrestricted Net Position	_	37,951,876	35,893,337	2,058,539	5.74%
Total Net Position	\$_	47,264,613	48,736,482	(1,471,869)	-3.02%
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
& Net Position	\$_	110,058,223	114,149,199	(4,090,976)	-3.58%

Major Factors Affecting the Statement of Net Position

Current assets decreased by -\$2.972 million or -11.14% due to the reduction of overall cash position of the Housing Authority from new acquisitions.

Capital assets decreased by -\$3,019 million or -4.37% due to reduction of construction in progress and normal deprecation of capital assets.

Current liabilities decreased by -\$171,098.

Noncurrent liabilities decreased by -\$659,305.

Deferred inflows pension decreased by -\$1.788 million due to the reduction in long term and highly compensated staff.

Net Position decreased by -\$1,471,869 or -3.02%

Table II presents details on the change in Unrestricted Net Position

Housing Authority of the City of Renton Change in Net Position Table II

Net Position	12/31/21	48,736,482
Net Income (Loss	·)	(1,471,869)
Net Position	12/31/22	47,264,613

While the results of operations are a significant measure of the Authority's activities, the analysis of the changes in Net Position provides a clearer change in financial well-being.

The following schedule compares the revenues and expenses for the current and previous fiscal year. The Authority is engaged only in Business-Type Activities.

Housing Authority of the City of Renton Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position TABLE III

Account Description	2022	2021	Total Change	% Change
Tenant Revenue	2,390,834	1,718,482	672,352	39.12%
Operating grants, and subsidies	9,028,742	8,662,497	366,245	4.23%
Investment Income	2,957,031	119,340	2,837,691	2377.82%
Gain (losses) on disposition of assets	13,025	1,367,903	(1,354,878)	-99.05%
Other Revenue	9,913,353	11,543,533	(1,630,180)	-14.12%
Total Revenue	24,302,985	23,411,755	891,230	3.81%
Administration	3,537,344	2,392,414	1,144,930	47.86%
Tenant Services	120,778	252,253	(131,475)	-52.12%
Utilities	167,306	146,353	20,953	14.32%
Ordinary maintenance and operations	2,214,394	1,236,086	978,308	79.15%
Insurance	129,823	83,031	46,792	56.35%
Other General	76,231	103,173	(26,942)	-26.11%
Housing Assistance Payments	17,394,664	15,423,677	1,970,987	12.78%
Interest on Notes Payable	1,057,463	2,100,468	(1,043,005)	-49.66%
Depreciation	1,076,851	1,076,684	167	0.02%
Total Expenses	25,774,854	22,814,139	2,960,715	12.98%
Change in Net Position	(1,471,869)	597,616	(2,069,485)	346.29%
Special Items (Gain/Loss)	-	(8,850,000)	8,850,000	100.00%
Prior Period Restatements		(27,707,186)	27,707,186	100.00%
Beginning Net Position	48,736,482	84,696,052	(35,959,570)	-42.46%
Ending Net Position	47,264,613	48,736,482	(1,471,869)	-3.02%

December 31, 2022

MAJOR FACTORS AFFECTING THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

Total revenue increased by \$891,230 or 3.81% during fiscal year 2022.

Tenant revenue increased by \$672,352 or 39.12% due to higher paying residents moving in and less vacancies.

Operating subsidies increased by \$366,245 or 4.23% slight increases in funding levels from Operating Grants and HAP Funding.

Investment income increased by \$2,837,691 or 2,377.82% due to an increase in notes receivables related to properties converted to RAD.

Other income decreased by -\$1,630,180 or -14.21% due to the decrease in Port In HAP.

In fiscal year 2022 the total expenses increased by \$2,960,715 or 12.98%.

Administrative expenses increased by \$1,144,930 or 47.86% due to increases in administrative salaries and benefits.

Tenant services decreased by -\$131,475 or -52.12% due to decreases in resident participation of services provided by the housing authority.

Utilities expenses increased by \$20,953 or 14.32% due to increases in consumption and rates for electricity.

Ordinary Maintenance and operations increased by \$978,308 or 79.15% due to increases in contract costs and materials.

Insurance expenses increased by \$46,792 or 56.35% due to the overall increase in premiums in the industry.

Other general expenses decreased by -\$26,942 or -26.11%.

Housing assistance payments increased by \$1,970,987 due to the increased cost of HAP and overall leasing of units.

Capital Assets

As of year-end, the Authority had \$66.144 million invested in a variety of capital assets as reflected in the following schedule, which represents a net decrease (addition, deductions, and depreciation) of -\$3,019,682 from the end of last fiscal year, in which the reduction of Construction in progress decreased by -\$1,945,431 or -95.15% which was a major contributing factor in the overall reduction.

The following reconciliation summarizes the change in Capital Assets.

Housing Authority of the City of Renton Combined Statement of Capital Assets TABLE IV

Account Descriptions	2022	2021	Total Change	% Change
Land	17,313,935	17,313,935	-	0.00%
Buildings & improvements	53,353,000	53,365,400	(12,400)	-0.02%
Equipment and furnishings	770,195	755,195	15,000	1.99%
Construction in progress	99,074	2,044,505	(1,945,431)	-95.15%
	71,536,204	73,479,035	(1,942,831)	-2.64%
Accumulated Depreciation	(5,391,813)	(4,314,962)	(1,076,851)	24.96%
Total Capital Assets	66,144,391	69,164,073	(3,019,682)	-4.37%

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Significant economic factors affecting the Authority are as follows:

Federal funding of the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Local labor supply and demand, which can affect salary and wage rates.

Local inflationary, recessionary and employment trends, which can affect resident incomes and therefore the amount of rental income.

Inflationary pressure on utility rates, supplies, and other costs.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

The individual to be contacted regarding this report is Michael S. Bishop, Chief Executive Officer, Renton Housing Authority, at (425) 226-1850, x 223. Specific requests may be submitted by mail to Mr. Bishop at 2900 NE 10th St., Renton, WA 98056.

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	BUSINESS ACTIVITIES	DISCRETE COMPONENTS
Operating cash	\$ 19,222,388	\$ 10,698,067
Restricted cash	848,466	66,843
Total cash and equivalents	20,070,854	10,764,910
Net accounts receivable	3,493,657	863,366
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	149,752	281,123
Total current assets	23,714,263	11,909,399
Capital assets, at cost		
Land	17,313,935	8,511,778
Construction-in-progress	99,074	-
Buildings and improvements	53,353,000	212,214,269
Equipment and furnishings	770,195	6,665,769
Total acquisition costs	71,536,204	227,391,816
Less: accumulated depreciation	(5,391,813)	(25,735,120)
Net capital assets	66,144,391	201,656,696
Leases receivable	609,753	-
Long-term accrued interest receivable	2,870,777	-
Investment in joint ventures and partnerships	25,310	-
Net pension asset	303,983	-
Other long-term assets	15,547,765	4,641,569
Total non-current assets	85,501,979	206,298,265
Total assets	109,216,242	218,207,664
Deferred outflows related to pension	841,981	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	841,981	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$110,058,223	\$218,207,664

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	BUSINESS ACTIVITIES	DISCRETE COMPONENTS	
Accounts payable	\$ 811,388	\$ 42,987	
Unearned revenues	121,883	979,747	
Deposits held in trust, contra	85,437	280,017	
Other current liabilities	254,250	18,244,751	
Accrued wages payable	74,411	19,597	
Accrued vacations payable, current portion	77,975	-	
Debt, current portion	503,783	-	
Lease obligations, current portion		1,050	
Total current liabilities	1,929,127	19,568,149	
Accrued vacations payable, net of current	90,471	-	
Long-term accrued interest payable	314,661	10,540,059	
Debt, net of current	57,300,412	148,420,719	
Lease obligations, net of current	-	570,081	
Other long-term lia bilities	2,433,670	5,150	
Total non-current liabilities	60,139,214	159,536,009	
Total liabilities	62,068,341	179,104,158	
Deferred inflows related to pension	725,269		
Total deferred inflows of resources	725,269	-	
Net investment in capital assets	8,340,196	52,664,846	
Restricted net position	972,541	-	
Unrestricted net position	37,951,876	(13,561,340)	
Total net position	47,264,613	39,103,506	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$110,058,223	\$218,207,664	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Year Ended December 31, 2022

	BUSINESS ACTIVITIES	DISCRETE COMPONENTS
Tenant rental revenue, net of collection losses \$	2,390,834	\$ 9,168,008
Operating grants and subsidies	9,028,742	-
Other revenue	9,913,353	1,417,498
Total operating revenues	21,332,929	10,585,506
Administrative	3,537,344	2,235,354
Tenant services	120,778	2,233,334
Utilities	167,306	527,790
Ordinary maintenance and operations	2,214,394	1,503,083
Insurance premiums	129,823	422,237
Other general expenses	76,231	722,063
Housing Assistance Payments	17,394,664	-
Depreciation	1,076,851	7,546,643
Total operating expenses	24,717,391	12,957,170
Operating income (loss)	(3,384,462)	(2,371,664)
Investmentincome	2,957,031	4,690
Gains (losses) on disposition of assets	13,025	-
Interest expense	(1,057,463)	(4,403,433)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,912,593	(4,398,743)
Income (loss) before contributions and other items	(1,471,869)	(6,770,407)
Net intercompany transfers	-	-
Special items gains (losses)	-	-
Capital contributions		
Change in Net Position \$	(1,471,869)	\$ (6,770,407)
Net position, beginning of year \$	48,736,482	\$ 45,897,937
Change in net position	(1,471,869)	(6,770,407)
Prior-period restatements	-	(24,024)
	47,264,613	\$ 39,103,506

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2022

	BUSINESS ACTIVITIES
Cash receipts from tenants	\$ 2,118,754
Cash receipts from grants	9,253,350
Cash payments for Housing Assistance Payments	(17,394,664)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(3,604,139)
Cash payments for wages and benefits	(2,889,760)
Other cash payments and receipts	9,336,975
Net cash from operating activities	(3,179,484)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	1,955,856
Payments of interest	(1,069,802)
Payments of debt issuance costs	-
Proceeds from additional borrowings	(1,068,580)
Net cash from capital and related financing activities	(182,526)
Receipts of interest on cash deposits	86,254
Receipts of interest on notes receivable	22
Net cash from investing activities	86,276
Net change in cash and equivalents	(3,275,734)
Cash at beginning of period	23,346,588
Cash at End of Period	\$ 20,070,854
Reconciliation of cash to the statement of net position:	
Cash and equivalents - operating	\$ 19,222,388
Restricted cash and equivalents	848,466
Total Cash and Equivalents	\$ 20,070,854

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2022

	BUSINESS ACTIVITIES
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash	
from operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (3,384,462)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	
net cash from operating activities:	
Depreciation	1,076,851
Pension	(447,667)
Subscription amortizations	(371,642)
Realized and unrealized gains/losses on investments	(10)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	(260,830)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(42,240)
Accounts payable	628,179
Accrued wages and benefits	(164,304)
Deposits held in trust, contra	2,801
Unearned revenues	5,831
Other liabilities	(221,991)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$ (3,179,484)

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 01 - NATURE OF BUSINESS AND ORGANIZATION

The Housing Authority of the City of Renton (Authority, we, us, our) was incorporated in 1941 as a municipal corporation that derives its powers from Washington State (State) Law as reflected in the Revised Code of Washington (RCW), Chapter 35.82.

The Authority was created for the acquisition, development, modernization, operation, and administration of affordable housing programs. The primary purpose of the Authority is to provide safe, decent, sanitary, and affordable housing to low-income and elderly families in the City of Renton, Washington, and to operate its housing programs in accordance with federal and State laws and regulations.

Commissioners of the Authority are appointed by the Mayor of the City of Renton. The Board consists of five commissioners.

Under the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) has direct responsibility for administering low-income housing programs in the United States. Accordingly, HUD has contracted with us to administer certain HUD funds.

Our primary operations are comprised of the Housing Choice Voucher Program. The Housing Choice Voucher Program is designed to aid very low-income families in obtaining decent, safe, and sanitary rental housing. We administer contracts with independent landlords that own property and rent that property to families that have applied for housing assistance. We subsidize the family's rent through a Housing Assistance Payment made to the landlord. The program is administered under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD. HUD provides Annual Contributions Funding to enable us to structure a lease that sets the participants' rent at 30% of household income.

Reporting Entity

As described in GASB Statement No. 34, paragraph 134, the Authority is considered a primary government and meets the definition of a special purpose government (SPG). The Authority is a legally separate entity that is engaged in only business-type activities. Business-type activities are defined as activities that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. SPGs engaged only in business-type activities are required to present only the financial statements required for proprietary funds, which includes Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), basic financial statements, and Required Supplemental Information (RSI). All inter-program activities have been eliminated in these financial statements.

We are an independent agency, with operations separate from those of City of Renton (City). Our obligations, including loans through direct borrowing or the sale of bonds, are not obligations of the City. The City provides us no funding. Additionally, the City do not hold title to any of our assets, nor does it have any right to our surpluses. The City do not have the ability to exercise influence over our daily operations or approve our budgets.

Management applied the criteria of GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34, and GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 to determine whether the component units should be reported as blended or discretely presented component units. The criteria included whether the Authority appoints the voting majority of the governing board, there is a financial benefit/burden relationship, the Authority is able to impose its will, the component unit is fiscally dependent on the Authority, the component unit's governing body is substantially the same as the Authority, and management of the Authority have operational responsibility for the activities of the component unit. These criteria were used to determine the following:

Discrete Component Units - Reports for discrete component units are issued under a separate cover. They may be obtained at the Housing Authority of the City of Renton, PO Box 2316, Renton, WA 98056.

Notes to Financial Statements

Sunset Court, LLLP. - This is a legally separate entity formed January 2017, in Washington State as a limited liability limited partnership between the Authority (General Partner), RBC-Sunset Court, LLC (Investment Limited Partner), and RBC Tax Manager II, Inc (Special Limited Partner). The purpose of this partnership is to develop and manage the 50-unit project Sunset Court Apartments. The Project qualifies for the federal low-income housing tax credit program as described in Internal Revenue Code Section 42. This partnership is reported as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, in the accompanying audited financial statements.

Golden Cedars, LLLP. - This is a legally separate entity formed January 2017, in Washington State as a limited liability limited partnership between the Authority (General Partner), RBC-Golden Cedars, LLC (Investment Limited Partner), and RBC Tax Manager II, Inc (Special Limited Partner). The purpose of this partnership is to develop and manage the 369-unit multifamily apartments in a total of seven (7) buildings in three scattered sites. The Project qualifies for the federal low-income housing tax credit program as described in Internal Revenue Code Section 42. This partnership is reported as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, in the accompanying audited financial statements.

Renton Crest, LLLP. - This is a legally separate entity formed January 2017, in Washington State as a limited liability limited partnership between the Authority (General Partner) and U.S. Bancorp Community Development Corporation (Limited Partner). The purpose of this partnership is to develop and manage the 274 unit multifamily apartments in a total of twenty-five (25) buildings in six scattered sites. The Project qualifies for the federal low-income housing tax credit program as described in Internal Revenue Code Section 42. This partnership is reported as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, in the accompanying audited financial statements.

Sunset Oaks, LLLP. - This is a legally separate entity formed September 2018, in Washington State as a limited liability limited partnership between the Authority (General Partner), RBC-Sunset Oaks, LLC (Investment Limited Partner), and RBC Tax Manager II, Inc (Special Limited Partner). The purpose of this partnership is to develop and manage the 60-unit project Sunset Oaks Apartments. The Project qualifies for the federal low-income housing tax credit program as described in Internal Revenue Code Section 42. This partnership is reported as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, in the accompanying audited financial statements.

NOTE 02 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accrual Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting with an economic resources measurement focus. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. As permitted by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the Authority has elected to apply all relevant Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

The Authority distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from grant agreements, providing services, and producing and delivering goods in connection with the ongoing principal operations. The principal operating revenues of the Authority include program specific grants, rental income from tenants of the various housing projects. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits at financial institutions, investments in Money Market funds, Local Government Investment Pool with the State of Washington Treasury and Certificates of Deposit. All of the Authority's investments are reported at fair value.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash consists of cash and investments that are held in trust, reserves, and escrows, as well as other cash and investments that are restricted for specific purposes.

Accounts Receivable from Tenants

Accounts receivable consists of all amounts earned at year end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts are based upon historical trends and periodic aging of accounts receivable. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, revenues in proprietary funds should be reported as net of all related allowances, which include amounts pertaining to uncollectible accounts. Therefore, the increase and decrease in the estimate of uncollectible accounts should be reported net of revenue instead of bad debt expense. The Authority's bad debt expense charged against revenue was \$- for the year ended December 31, 2022.

<u>Accounts Receivable from HUD and Other Governments</u>

The amounts reported as accounts receivable from HUD or due from other governments represent reimbursable costs or grant subsidies earned that have not been received as of year-end; these amounts are considered fully collectible.

Inventory

Inventory is expensed when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation of exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations utilizing the straight-line method. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the Statement of Net Position. The estimated useful lives for each major class of depreciable fixed assets are as follows: building 40 years, site and building improvements 15 years, vehicles, computers and other equipment 5 years.

Impairment of Capital Assets

The Authority reviews its capital assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that there has been a decline in service utility that is large in magnitude and outside of the normal life cycle of the capital asset being evaluated. As of December 31, 2022, there has been no impairment of the capital assets.

Tenant Security Deposits

Security deposits consist of amounts held in trust with the Authority for tenants to secure apartment leases.

Provision for Uncollectible Notes

A note receivable is considered impaired when, based on current information, it is probable that all amounts of principal and interest due will not be collected according to the terms of the note agreement. Uncollectible notes are charged to the allowance account in the period such determination is made.

Currently, an allowance for the total balance of notes receivable has been made.

Notes to Financial Statements

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are absences for which employees will be paid, e.g., sick leave, vacation, and other approved leave. In accordance with GASB Statement No.16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, we accrue the liability for those absences for which the employee has earned the rights to the benefits. Accrued amounts are based on the current salary rates. Full-time, permanent employees are granted vacation and sick leave benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the Authority. Vacation and sick pay is recorded as an expense and related liability in the year earned by employees. Our policy provides that at termination or retirement, employees with the required length of service may receive cash payment for all unused vacation up to 30 days plus the amount accrued during the employee's last year of employment, and up to 960 hours of unused sick leave calculated at 50%.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenues consist of rental payments made by tenants in advance of their due date, and/or rental subsidies received in advance of the period earned.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension liability resulted from Authority contributions to the employee pension plan subsequent to the measurement date of the actuarial valuation for the pension plan, the difference between actual and expected, the effect of changes in actuarial assumptions, and the effect of the Authority's change in proportion. The deferred outflows related to the net pension liability will be deferred and amortized as detailed in Note 9 to the financial statements.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The deferred inflow of resources related to the net pension liability results from and the difference between actual and expected experience and difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, the effect of changes in actuarial assumptions, the change in the Authority's proportionate share of pension contributions and the effect of the change in the Authority's proportion. These amounts are deferred and amortized as detailed in Note 9 to the financial statements.

Leasing Activities

We are the lessor of dwelling units to eligible residents. The rents under the leases are determined generally by the residents' income as adjusted for eligible deductions regulated by HUD, although the residents may opt for a flat rent. Leases may be cancelled at any time or renewed annually. We may cancel the leases only for a cause. Revenues associated with these leases are reported in the accompanying financial statements and related schedules within dwelling rent revenue.

Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Authority's Washington State Department of Retirement (DRS) plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by DRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Pension plan investments are reported at fair value.

Internal Activity and Balances

All transfers, intercompany charges and other interfund activity balances have been eliminated from the basic financial statements in accordance with GASB pronouncements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Income Taxes

We are not subject to federal or state income taxes.

Investment Policy

The Authority's investment policies require that all investments be made in accordance with the stated objectives of capital preservation, optimum liquidity, and return, while conforming to all applicable statutes and regulations.

Fair Value

GASB Statement No. 72, establishes a three-level hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value as follows: Level 1 inputs – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that a government can access at the measurement date; Level 2 inputs – inputs other than quoted priced included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and Level 3 Inputs – unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

The Authority has no investments stated at fair value.

Investments Authorized by US Department of Housing and Urban Development

All deposits of the Authority are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured in accordance with HUD regulations. The annual contribution contract authorizes the Authority to invest in the following types of securities: Obligations of the Federal Government which are backed by the full faith and credit of the Federal Government; Obligations of any agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government if the payment of interest and principal on such obligations is fully guaranteed by the Federal Government; and Obligations of the Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Banks, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Bank for Cooperatives, and the Federal Land Banks which mature no later than 18 months after the date of purchase.

Investment in State Investment Pool

The Authority invests a portion of its funds with the Washington State Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) managed by the State Treasurer's office. The investments in this pool comprise repurchase agreements, government securities, and Certificates of Deposit. The LGIP operates in a manner consistent with the Security and Exchange Commission's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. As such, the LGIP uses amortized cost to approximate fair value.

The LGIP has a minimum transaction amount for both deposits and withdrawals of \$5,000. There is no maximum transaction amount, but the LGIP requests at least one day advance notice for any transaction in the amount of \$10 million or more. For transactions less than \$10 million, LGIP requires notification the same business day and transactions are limited to one transaction each business day.

The Office of the State Treasurer prepares a standalone LGIP financial report. A copy of the report is available online at http://www.tre.wa.gov.

Subsequent Events

We have evaluated subsequent events through September 10, 2024, the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 03 - RESTRICTED CASH

The following schedule presents the breakdown of restricted cash as of year-end:

Emergency Housing Voucher advance funding	\$	94,471
Tenant security deposits		85,437
Restricted cash with offsetting liabilities	_	179,908
Cash balances associated with the EHV HAP equity		-
Cash balances associated with the MSV HAP equity	_	
Restricted cash reflected in restricted net position		668,558
Total Restricted Cash and Equivalents	\$	848,466
NOTE 04 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		
Accounts receivable as of year-end were comprised of the following:		
Receivables from other housing authorities for port-in HAP	\$	326,158
Receivables from HUD		752,883
Receivables from other governments		77,164
5		,
Tenant receivables		88,689
Fraud recovery receivables		-
Other receivables		2,248,763
		<u> </u>
Net Accounts Receivable	\$	3,493,657
	-	

NOTE 05 - INVESTMENTS IN PARTNERSHIPS AND JOINT VENTURES

The Authority has an equity interest in Golden Cedars, LLLP (0.009%), Renton Crest, LLLP (0.01%), Sunset Oaks, LLLP (0.009%), and Sunset Court, LLLP (0.009%). The balance of this investment is reported on the accompanying statement of net position for those equity interest is \$25,310 as of December 31, 2022.

NOTE 06 - NOTES RECEIVABLE

Notes receivable as of year-end were comprised of the following:

	Date of Note(s); Interest Rate(s); Maturity	Amount of Original Note(s)	Principal
Golden Cedars LLLP*	2017; 2.64% -3.25%; 2067	\$ 47,000,000	\$ 47,000,000
Renton Crest LLLP*	2019 - 2021; 2.89%; 2069	41,882,798	41,882,798
Sunset Court LLLP*	2017; 3.75%; 2067	5,000,000	4,753,883
Sunset Oak LLLP*	2020; 6.75%; 2062	6,500,000 \$100,382,798	50,000 93,686,681
Allowance for amounts not expected	to be collected		(93,686,681)
Net Notes with Discrete Componen	t Units		\$ -

^{*}Notes are considered impaired, it is probable that all amounts of principal and/or interest due will not be collected according to the terms of the note agreement. Therefore an allowance has been deemed necessary.

NOTE 07 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of the land, structures and equipment for the year is as follows:

	12/31/21	Additions	Deletions	12/31/22
Non-Depreciable				
Land	\$ 17,313,935	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,313,935
Construction in process	2,044,505		(1,945,431)	99,074
	19,358,440		(1,945,431)	17,413,009
Depreciable				
Buildings and improvements	53,365,400	-	(12,400)	53,353,000
Equipment and furnishings	755,195	15,000		770,195
	54,120,595	15,000 (12,400)		54,123,195
Total acquisition costs	73,479,035	15,000	(1,957,831)	71,536,204
Accumulated depreciation	(4,314,962)	(1,076,851)		(5,391,813)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 69,164,073	\$ (1,061,851)	\$ (1,957,831)	\$ 66,144,391

Construction-in-progress as of December 31, 2022, was comprised primarily of pre-development and development costs for the Sunset Gardens property that is qualified as an low-income housing tax credit project.

NOTE 08 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in long-term liabilities are summarized below:

	12/31/21	Additions	Reductions	12/31/22
Miscellaneous Other Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 2,459,686 \$ 2,459,686	\$ - \$ -	\$ (26,016) \$ (26,016)	\$ 2,433,670 \$ 2,433,670
Compensated absences	\$ 263,049	\$ -	\$ (172,578)	\$ 90,471
Direct borrowings	\$ 57,748,784	\$ -	\$ (448,372)	\$ 57,300,412
Accrued interest payable	\$ 327,000	\$ -	\$ (12,339)	\$ 314,661

Notes from Direct Borrowings:

Notes from direct borrowings were comprised of the following as of year-end:

	Principal	Interest Payable
Banner Bank loan, in the original amount of \$1,950,000 issued 2014, bears variable interest (currently 4.05%), with monthly required payments of \$10,490. The loan matures August 2024, and is secured by the Rolling Hills Townhomes.	\$ 1,522,778	\$ -
HOME loan with King County, in the original amount of \$1,950,000 issued 2011, bears 1% simple interest, with annual required payments of \$5,000 (starting 2013). The loan is subject to a 50 year affordability period, maturing December 2063, and is secured by the Glenwood Townhomes.	1,950,000	142,661
HOME loan with King County, in the original amount of \$950,000 issued 2014, bears 1% simple interest, with annual required payments of \$30,000 (starting 2045). The loan is subject to a 50 year affordability period, maturing December 2064, and is secured by the Kirkland Avenue Townhomes.	950,000	76,000
Washington Department of Commerce loan, in the original amount of \$328,000 issued 7/1/1991, bears no interest, with quarterly required payments of principal of \$4,100. The loan is subject to an affordability period and is secured by 44 Local Apartments.	1,200,000	96,000
Total Direct Borrowings	\$ 5,622,778	\$ 314,661

Notes to Financial Statements

Notes from Bonds:

Notes from bonds were comprised of the following as of year-end:

2021; July 14, 2021;

Multifamily Housing Revenue Bond Variable (0.03% -1.85%); 2036 \$ 26,000,000 \$
Multifamily Tax-Exempt 2021; July 14, 2021;

Mortgage-Backed Bond 0.03% -1.85%; 2036 26,181,417
Total Bonds \$ 52,181,417 \$ -

Expected payments of principal and interest due in future years are as follows for the years ending December 31:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 503,783	\$ 653,679	\$ 1,157,462
2024	506,341	682,591	1,188,932
2025	1,869,787	668,315	2,538,102
2026	481,887	699,386	1,181,273
2027	497,052	743,212	1,240,264
2028-2032	2,725,762	4,210,094	6,935,856
2033-2037	47,119,583	3,481,524	50,601,107
2038-2042	-	163,484	163,484
2043-2047	-	167,232	167,232
2048-2052	-	155,950	155,950
2053-2057	49,693	142,226	191,919
2058-2062	203,201	127,802	331,003
2063-2067	3,847,106	791,900	4,639,006
	\$ 57,804,195	\$ 12,687,395	\$ 70,491,590

NOTE 09 - PENSION PLAN

The Authority participates in a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan, specifically the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), through DRS which covers substantially all regular full-time employees of the Authority. DRS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities with the State of Washington and reports information to the Authority in accordance with reporting standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

As of December 31, 2022, the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability, pension expense and deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources for the above plan is as follows:

	Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Pension Expense (Credit)
DRS	\$ (303,983)	\$ 841,981	\$ 725,269	\$ (638,634)

Notes to Financial Statements

Comprehensive Plan Information

Information regarding the following items for the Plan is publicly available in a separate comprehensive annual financial report. A copy of the DRS annual financial report may be online at https:// www.drs.wa.gov/.

Plan description and benefits provided;

Contribution rates;

Actuarial methods and assumptions; and

Plan asset target allocations and expected returns.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At December 31, 2022, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	178,377	\$	16,297
Effect of changes in assumptions		401,251		105,062
Effect of changes in proportionate share		117,436		2,743
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		-		601,167
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		144,917		_
	\$	841,981	\$	725,269

The deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability next year.

The deferred inflows of resources and outflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2023	\$ (28,205)
2024	-
2025	-
2026	-
2027	-
Thereafter	 -
	\$ (28,205)

Changes of Assumptions

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
DRS	\$ 1,455,875	\$ (303,983)	\$ (1,713,914)

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 10 - NET POSITION

Net investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of year-end:

Land	\$ 17,313,935
Construction in progress	99,074
Buildings and improvements	53,353,000
Equipment and furnishings	770,195
Less:	
Accumulated depreciation	(5,391,813)
Short-term capital debt obligations	(503,783)
Long-term capital debt obligations	 (57,300,412)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 8,340,196
Restricted net position was comprised of the following as of year-end:	
Restricted cash and equivalents	\$ 848,466
Net pension asset	303,983
Less:	
Tenant security deposit, contra	(85,437)
Emergency Housing Voucher advance funding	 (94,471)
Restricted Net Position	\$ 972,541

NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Government Examinations

We have received funds from Federal grant programs. It is possible that at some future date, it may be determined that we were not in compliance with applicable grant requirements. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although we do not expect such disallowed amounts, if any, to materially affect the financial statements.

Construction Contracts

During the normal course of business, the Authority is engaged in various construction contracts for rehabilitation and modernization of various properties owned by the Authority.

NOTE 12 - BUSINESS RISK AND CONCENTRATIONS

Risk Management

We are exposed to all common perils associated with the ownership and rental of real estate properties. A risk management program has been established to minimize loss occurrence and to transfer risk through various levels of insurance. Property, casualty, employee dishonesty and public official's liability forms are used to cover the respective perils. Insurance for these perils are underwritten by a housing authority insurance pool: Housing Authority Risk Retention Pool (HARRP).

Notes to Financial Statements

HARRP is an unincorporated association organized under the intergovernmental cooperation laws of the States of Washington, Oregon, California, and Nevada, to manage the self-insurance program of housing authorities and community development cooperatives.

Also, commercial carriers insure all other common perils such as business, auto, flood (where applicable), and other miscellaneous policies.

Concentration – Major Contributor

For the year ended December 31, 2022, approximately 38% of operating revenues reflected in the financial statements are from HUD. The Authority operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the Authority are subject to the administrative directives, rules, and regulations of federal, state and local regulatory agencies, including, but not limited to HUD. Such administrative directives, rules and regulations are subject to change by an act of Congress, or an administrative change mandated by HUD. Such changes may occur with little notice or inadequate funding to pay for the related costs and the additional administrative burden to comply with the changes.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Our policy is to manage this exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investments portfolio.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. It is our policy to follow the HUD regulations by only having direct investments and investments through mutual funds to direct obligations, guaranteed obligations, or obligations of the agencies of the United States of America.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, our deposits may not be returned. Our policy for custodial credit risk requires collateral to be held in our name by its agent or by the bank's trust department.

Deposits

Bank deposits are held with financial institutions and are entirely insured or collateralized. All deposits in excess of the FDIC insurance limit of \$250,000 are covered by the Public Deposit Protection Commission of the State of Washington, which is a multiple financial institution collateral pool, established under RCW Chapter 39.58. All deposits are either insured or registered and held by the Authority or its agent in the Authority's name.

NOTE 13 - RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Sunset Oaks, LLLP, Golden Cedars, LLLP, Renton Crest, LLLP, and Sunset Court, LLLP are managed by the Authority who is the General Partner. The Authority had the following related party transactions with the Partnerships:

<u>Developer Fees Receivable</u>

Pursuant to the various Development Agreements with the Partnerships, the Authority earned development fees for services relating to the development of the various Projects. The unpaid development fees are unsecured. As of December 31, 2022, the outstanding balance of the development fees receivable was \$15,547,765.

Notes to Financial Statements

Management Fees

Pursuant to the Partnership Agreements, the Authority earns partnership management and property management fees. The fees accrue, without interest, and are payable from available cash flow as further defined in the Partnership Agreements. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the fees charged were \$113,343.

Operational Advances

As part of the operational management of the Partnerships, the Authority will at times cover the cost of certain expenses and then receive reimbursement from the Partnerships at a later date. As of yearend the Authority had advanced the Partnerships \$-.

Note Receivables

See Note 06 for detail on notes receivable from discrete component units. In addition, the Authority is reporting \$10,091,894 in accrued interest receivable on those notes as of December 31, 2022, all of which has an offsetting allowance as the amounts are unlikely to be collected.

Pension Schedules (Required Supplemental Information – Unaudited)

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS

Measurement Date June 30:	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,497,308	\$ 1,985,315	\$ 2,445,028	\$ 1,922,354	\$ 1,390,487
Proportion of pension liability (asset) - PERS 1 Proportion of pension liability (asset) - PERS 2/3	0.019598% 0.025233%				0.020919% 0.026721%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability - PERS 1 Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	61.19%	59.10%	57.03%	61.24%	63.22%
total pension liability - PERS 2/3	93.29%	89.20%	85.82%	90.97%	95.77%
Covered payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability as	\$ 2,193,971	\$ 2,326,624	\$ 2,506,936	\$ 2,650,234	\$ 2,791,676
a percentage of covered payroll	68.25%	85.33%	97.53%	72.54%	49.81%
Measurement Date June 30:	2019	2020	2021	2022	
Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,075,213	\$ 1,061,094	\$ (2,219,353)	\$ (303,983)	
Proportion of pension liability (asset) - PERS 1 Proportion of pension liability (asset) - PERS 2/3	0.021082% 0.027234%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability - PERS 1 Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	67.12%	66.64%	88.74%	76.56%	
total pension liability - PERS 2/3	97.77%	97.22%	120.29%	106.73%	
Covered payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability as	\$ 2,579,766	\$ 2,979,088	\$ 2,799,006	\$ 1,523,140	
a percentage of covered payroll	41.68%	35.62%	n/a	n/a	

Pension Schedules (Required Supplemental Information – Unaudited)

SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN'S CONTRIBUTIONS

	2016	2017	2018
105,380	\$ 121,619	\$ 134,382	\$ 143,529
105,380	\$ 121,619	\$ 134,382	\$ 143,529
-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 2,326,624 4.53%			\$ 2,791,676 5.14%
	5 105,380 - 5 2,326,624	\$ 105,380 \$ 121,619 \$ - \$ -	\$ 105,380 \$ 121,619 \$ 134,382 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 2,326,624 \$ 2,506,936 \$ 2,650,234

Reporting Date December 31:	2019	2020	2021	2022
Contractually required contribution	\$ 154,579	\$ 142,811	\$ 203,871	\$ 156,675
Actual contributions made to plan(s)	\$ 154,579	\$ 142,811	\$ 203,871	\$ 156,675
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 2,579,766	\$ 2,979,088	\$ 2,799,006	\$ 1,523,140
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	5.99%	4.79%	7.28%	10.29%

NOTES TO PENSION SCHEDULES

Changes in Benefits

There were no changes to benefit terms for pension plans.

Changes in Assumptions:

In 2015, the assumptions were as follows: economic inflation rate was 3%, salary inflation rate was 3.75%, discount rate was 7.5%, mortality rates used were based on the RP–2000 Combined Health Table and Combined Disabled Table and projected using 100% Scale BB, and assumptions were based on the results of the Office of the State Actuaries' (OSA) 200–2012 Experience Study.

In 2018, the assumptions were changed for the following: economic inflation rate was 2.75%, salary inflation rate was 3.5%, and the discount rate was 7.4%.

In 2020, mortality rates used were based on PubG.H-2010 table and projected using long-term rates of the MP-2017 generational improvement scale and the assumption for the Experience Study used was changed to the OSA's 2013-2018 Experience Study Report and 2019 Economic Experience Study.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended December 31, 2022

Program Title	Assistance Listing Number(s)	Cluster Title	Award Type	Pass- Through No.	Expenditures	Amounts Passed Through to Sub- Recipients
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	HVC	Direct		\$ 8,440,709	\$ -
Emergency Housing Vouchers	14.871	HVC	Direct		98,830	-
Mainstream Vouchers	14.879	HVC	Direct		390,295	-
Emergency Rental Assistance Payments	21.023		Indirect	[1]	73,863	-
Emergency Rental Assistance Payments	21.023		Indirect	[2]	10,000	-
Total Federal Financial Assistance					\$ 9,013,697	\$ -
Federal Grantor:						Expenditures
US Department of Housing and Urban Developmen	it					\$ 8,929,834
US Department of Treasury						83,863
Total Federal Financial Assistance						\$ 9,013,697
Cluster Title:						Expenditures
Housing Voucher Cluster						\$ 8,929,834
Award Type:						Expenditures
Direct						\$ 8,929,834
Indirect						83,863
Total Federal Financial Assistance						\$ 9,013,697

Pass-Through Identifying No. Disclosure:

- [1] City of Renton
- [2] Kings County

NOTE 01 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal awards activity of the Authority under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of our operations, it is not intended to and does not present our financial position, changes in net positions, or cash flows.

NOTE 02 - INDIRECT COST RATE

We have elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Condensed Combining Schedules – Discrete Components Year Ended December 31, 2022

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

	GOLDEN CEDARS LLLP	RENTON CREST LLLP	SUNSET OAKS LLLP
Cash and equivalents	\$ 6,873,551	\$ 2,696,631	\$ 544,061
Other current assets	492,995	406,974	141,114
Total current assets	7,366,546	3,103,605	685,175
Net capital assets	92,159,400	72,541,979	22,139,540
Other non-current assets	218,631	688,300	1,628,918
Total Assets	\$ 99,744,577	\$ 76,333,884	\$ 24,453,633
Current liabilities	\$ 9,118,574	\$ 7,011,716	\$ 3,056,776
Non-current liabilities	72,099,574	54,008,238	21,433,142
Total liabilities	81,218,148	61,019,954	24,489,918
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	26,277,450	21,974,332	839,540
Unrestricted	(7,751,021)	(6,660,402)	(875,825)
Total net position	18,526,429	15,313,930	(36,285)
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 99,744,577	\$ 76,333,884	\$ 24,453,633
		SUNSET COURT LLLP	TOTAL
Cash and equivalents		\$ 650,667	\$ 10,764,910
Other current assets		103,406	1,144,489
Total current assets		754,073	11,909,399
Net capital assets		14,815,777	201,656,696
Other non-current assets		2,105,720	4,641,569
Total Assets		\$ 17,675,570	\$ 218,207,664
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Total liabilities		\$ 381,083 11,995,055 12,376,138	\$ 19,568,149 159,536,009 179,104,158
Net investment in capital assets Restricted		3,573,524 -	52,664,846 -
Unrestricted		1,725,908	(13,561,340)
Total net position		5,299,432	39,103,506
Total Liabilities and Net Position		\$ 17,675,570	\$ 218,207,664

Condensed Combining Schedules – Discrete Components Year Ended December 31, 2022

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	GOLDEN CEDARS LLLP	RENTON CREST LLLP	SUNSET OAKS LLLP
Operating revenues	\$ 4,828,548	\$ 3,849,920	\$ 1,107,558
Operating expenses	6,063,489	4,482,608	1,319,187
Operating income (loss)	(1,234,941)	(632,688)	(211,629)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)	(1 909 055)	(1 726 164)	(447,554)
Income (loss) before contributions	(1,808,955)	(1,726,164)	(447,334)
and other items	(3,043,896)	(2,358,852)	(659,183)
Contributions, transfers, and other items	_	_	_
Change in Net Position	\$ (3,043,896)	\$ (2,358,852)	\$ (659,183)
Net position, beginning of year	\$ 21,570,325	\$ 17,672,782	\$ 622,898
Change in net position	(3,043,896)	(2,358,852)	(659,183)
Prior-period restatements			
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 18,526,429	\$ 15,313,930	\$ (36,285)
Operating revenues Operating expenses		\$ 799,480 1,091,886	TOTAL \$ 10,585,506 12,957,170
Operating income (loss)		(292,406)	(2,371,664)
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Income (loss) before contributions		(416,070)	(4,398,743)
and other items Contributions, transfers, and		(708,476)	(6,770,407)
other items		\$ (708,476)	\$ (6,770,407)
Change in Net Position		\$ (708,476)	\$ (6,770,407)
Net position, beginning of year		\$ 6,031,932	\$ 45,897,937
Change in net position		(708,476)	(6,770,407)
Prior-period restatements		(24,024)	(24,024)
Net Position, End of Year		\$ 5,299,432	\$ 39,103,506

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- franklin, tn 37064



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit Of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Governing Body of Housing Authority of the City of Renton

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Housing Authority of the City of Renton (the Authority), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 10, 2024.

The financial statements of the discretely presented component units were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item(s) **2022-001** that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



AUTHORITY'S RESPONSE TO FINDINGS

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Authority's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Their response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

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The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

September 10, 2024

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Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance

The Governing Body of Housing Authority of the City of Renton

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

OPINION ON EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

We have audited Housing Authority of the City of Renton's (the Authority) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Authority's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. The Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

BASIS FOR OPINION ON EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT FOR COMPLIANCE

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Authority's federal programs.



AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF COMPLIANCE

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Authority's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Authority's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

(1) Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit; (2) Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances; and (3) Obtain an understanding of the Authority's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

OTHER MATTERS

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item(s) **2022-002** and **2022-003**. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters. *Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Authority's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Authority's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item(s) 2022-002 and 2022-003, to be a significant deficiency.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as discussed above, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed. *Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Authority's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Authority's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

September 10, 2024

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Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2022

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

Financial Statements:

1.	Type of Auditor Report on the financial s	tatements:		U	nmodified	
2.	Internal control over financial reportinga. Material weakness(es) identified?b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified considered to be material weakness	d that are not	X	Yes Yes	Х	No None noted
3.	Noncompliance material to financial sta	atements?		Yes	х	No
Fed	deral Awards:					
4.	Type of auditors' report on compliance f	or major prograr	ms:	U	nmodified	
5.	Internal control over major programs:a. Material weakness(es) identified?b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified considered to be material weakness		X	Yes Yes	х	No None noted
6. Audit findings noted which are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?		Х	Yes]No	
7.	Identification of Major Programs:					
	ALN(s)		Program Nar	ne(s)		7
	Multiple	H	ousing Vouche			1
8.	The Dollar Threshold Used to Distinguish Type A and Type B Programs:			\$	750,000	_

Yes

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2022

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Finding 2022-001 Significant Audit Adjustments Due to Lack of Familiarity with Current Accounting Standards – Significant Deficiency

Criteria: In accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), it is essential for organizations to stay current with relevant accounting standards and notices, including those from the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Public and Indian Housing (PIH) Notices, and the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) accounting briefs, to ensure the accuracy and reliability of financial statements.

Condition and Context: During the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022, it was found that the auditee's accounting/finance department had not kept abreast of the latest accounting standards and best practices. This lack of knowledge led to material audit adjustments across various financial statement areas, including assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. The adjustments were required to correct material misstatements that substantially impacted the financial statements' integrity.

Cause: The material misstatements can be attributed to a combination of oversight, inadequate internal controls, and insufficient staff training within the accounting/finance department, leading to a failure in applying current and relevant accounting standards effectively.

Effect or Potential Effect: The failure to adhere to current accounting standards and best practices led to widespread misstatements, undermining the reliability and accuracy of the auditee's financial reports. These misstatements potentially affect the auditee's decision-making processes, financial planning, and compliance reporting.

Recommendation: To address these issues, it is recommended that the auditee undertake comprehensive training for its accounting and finance personnel in current accounting standards and best practices. Additionally, the auditee should consider implementing more robust internal control mechanisms to ensure compliance with these standards. Regular reviews and updates of financial policies and procedures should be instituted to reflect the latest accounting guidelines. Engaging an external consultant specializing in public housing authority accounting could further reinforce the understanding and implementation of these standards.

Responsible Official's Response: The auditee acknowledges the findings and the need for corrective action. With the recent change in management, there is a commitment to ensuring that the new accounting and finance team is adequately trained. The auditee is dedicated to overhauling its internal control systems and procedures to prevent future occurrences of similar misstatements.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2022

SECTION III -FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Finding 2022-002 Housing Voucher Cluster – Special Tests – HQS Enforcement – Noncompliance and Significant Deficiency in Internal Controls

Criteria: HUD requires that all units under the Housing Choice Vouchers Program meet specific Housing Quality Standards (HQS). In cases of failed inspections, timely re-inspections are mandatory, and if compliance is not achieved, abatement of Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) or voucher cancellation is required.

Condition: During the audit, it was noted that in eight (8) instances, a unit that failed its HQS inspection did not undergo a subsequent re-inspection or no inspection was documented. Consequently, the required abatement of HAP or cancellation of the housing voucher was not executed.

Cause: The non-compliance appears to stem from oversight or procedural lapses in the enforcement of HQS within the Housing Voucher Cluster program. This may be due to inadequate training, monitoring, or failure to adhere to established protocols.

Effect or Potential Effect: This non-compliance undermines the integrity of the Housing Choice Vouchers Program and may lead to tenants living in substandard conditions. It also represents a risk of improper use of federal funds and can impact the credibility and effectiveness of the program.

Questioned Costs: The exact monetary impact needs further investigation to determine the amount of HAP that should have been abated for the period of non-compliance.

Context: This finding represents a potentially systemic issue within the Housing Voucher Cluster program, as it was identified in eight (8) files tested out of a sample of forty (40) cases. It highlights a need for more rigorous enforcement and monitoring of HQS compliance.

Recommendations: Implement more stringent procedures for monitoring HQS compliance, including timely reinspections and enforcement of HAP abatement or voucher cancellation. Enhance training for staff involved in the HQS process to ensure a thorough understanding of compliance requirements. Establish a system of regular audits to identify and rectify lapses in HQS enforcement promptly.

Responsible Official's Response: The auditee acknowledges the deficiency in enforcing Housing Quality Standards (HQS) as highlighted in the finding. In response to this issue, the management commits to implementing a comprehensive corrective action plan.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2022

SECTION III -FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (cont.)

Finding 2022-003 AL Number and Title: Various—Housing Voucher Cluster – Reporting – Noncompliance and Significant Deficiency

Criteria: HUD regulations and federal requirements mandate timely submission of the Financial Assessment Subsystem for Public Housing Agencies (FASSPHA), the Data Collection Form (SF-SAC) for the Single Audit, and the Section Eight Management Assessment Program (SEMAP) reports. These submissions are critical for ensuring compliance, enabling oversight, and facilitating the allocation of federal funding.

Condition: It was identified during the audit that the Authority did not meet the prescribed deadlines for submitting the FASSPHA, SF-SAC, and SEMAP reports to federal agencies. This delay in reporting has been noted for the first time in the 2021 audit findings.

Cause: The failure to meet reporting deadlines can be attributed to a combination of factors, including major staff turnover, which led to a loss of institutional knowledge and expertise critical for the preparation and submission of these reports. Additionally, a change in auditor who had been instrumental in ensuring timely submissions in the past, with the new auditor becoming unreachable, further exacerbating the situation. These challenges were compounded by inefficiencies in the Authority's internal processes for report preparation and submission.

Effect or Potential Effect: The failure to submit these reports on time undermines the Authority's compliance with federal regulations, potentially affecting its eligibility for future funding and leading to reputational damage. It may also delay financial and operational decisions by HUD that depend on the analysis of these reports.

Questioned Costs: None.

Context: This lapse was identified against a backdrop of the Authority traditionally maintaining a good track record with reporting. The recent delays mark a departure from their usual compliance practices and have occurred amidst organizational changes and challenges, including staff turnover and procedural adjustments within the finance department.

Recommendation: To mitigate this issue, it is recommended that the Authority: (1) Prioritize the recruitment and training of new staff to fill critical roles, ensuring they are well-versed in HUD reporting requirements; (2) Establish a contingency plan for maintaining continuity of operations in the event of key personnel turnover or unavailability; and (3) Revise and streamline internal reporting processes to improve efficiency and reliability in meeting HUD's reporting deadlines.

Responsible Official's Response and Corrective Action Planned: Management acknowledges the audit findings and is committed to taking corrective actions.

Status of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended December 31, 2022

Financial Statement Findings:

Prior Year Findings No.	Findings Title	Status/ Current Year Finding No.
2021-001	Significant Audit Adjustments	Repeated; 2022-001

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs:

Prior Year Findings No.	Findings Title	Status/ Current Year Finding No.
2021-002	Inadequate Controls over Housing Voucher Cluster	Repeated; 2022-002
2021-003	FDS Reportion Noncompliance	Repeated; 2022-003



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CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Name of auditee: Housing Authority of the City of Renton

Name of audit firm: Smith Marion & Co. Inc

Period covered by the audit: Year ended December 31, 2022

CAP Prepared by

Name: Michael Bishop

Position: CEO

Telephone Number: (425) 226-1850

Current Findings on the Schedule of Findings, Questioned Costs, and Recommendations.

1. Finding 2022-001

a. Comments on the Finding and Each Recommendation:

We concur with the finding and agree with the recommendations.

b. Action(s) Taken or Planned on the Finding

In response to the finding, regarding significant audit adjustments due to a lack of familiarity with current accounting standards, the new management at the Authority has initiated a robust corrective action plan. Key to this plan is the comprehensive training of our accounting and finance team in the latest GASB standards, PIH Notices, and HUD accounting briefs, spearheaded by our CEO, with an anticipated completion date of September 2024. Alongside this, our CFO is tasked with revising and strengthening our internal control systems to enhance compliance, aiming to finalize these improvements by September 2024.

The new management acknowledges the lapses of the previous team and is committed to addressing these deficiencies through these measures. We will rigorously document all actions undertaken and consistently report on our progress. The goal is to ensure that our financial reporting is accurate, transparent, and in full compliance with the relevant accounting standards. This commitment underscores our dedication to maintaining the highest standards of financial integrity and reliability in our operations.



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2. Finding 2022-002

a. Comments on the Finding and Each Recommendation:

We concur with the finding and agree with the recommendations.

b. Action(s) Taken or Planned on the Finding

In response to this finding regarding non-compliance in Housing Quality Standards (HQS) enforcement, the new management team at the Authority has developed a focused corrective action plan. This plan includes comprehensive staff training on HUD regulations and HQS compliance, with a completion target of September 2024. Concurrently, our CEO will oversee the revision and implementation of enhanced HQS monitoring procedures, aiming for completion by September 2024. This involves updating inspection protocols, instituting regular internal audits for compliance, and establishing clear procedures for re-inspections, HAP abatement, and voucher cancellations.

Recognizing the oversight of the previous management, the new team is committed to rectifying these issues and ensuring ongoing compliance. We will maintain thorough documentation of all actions taken and provide regular updates on the progress. The HCV Coordinator will be responsible for ongoing compliance monitoring and reporting, ensuring that the program adheres to HUD's Housing Quality Standards and effectively serves its participants. This approach reaffirms our dedication to upholding the integrity and effectiveness of the Housing Voucher Cluster programs.

3. Finding 2022-003

a. Comments on the Finding and Each Recommendation:

Management agrees with both the finding and recommendations.

b. Action(s) Taken or Planned on the Finding

The management overseeing the process has been completely replaced to ensure a fresh perspective and unwavering dedication to implementing robust internal controls.

To address the shortcomings identified in Finding 2022-003, the Authority commits to a targeted action plan aimed at ensuring timely compliance with reporting requirements. Central to our approach is the engagement of a fee accountant, recognized for expertise in HUD reporting and public housing financial management. This specialist will be tasked with overseeing and streamlining our reporting processes. By leveraging this expertise, we aim to quickly rectify past reporting lapses and ensure future submissions are timely and compliant with HUD requirements. The new fee accountant will conduct a comprehensive review of our current reporting mechanisms, identify bottlenecks, and implement best practices tailored to our operations.

This decisive action, centered around the expertise of the newly appointed fee accountant, demonstrates our commitment to enhancing our financial management practices and aligning with HUD's reporting expectations. Through these measures, we anticipate not only meeting HUD's deadlines but also setting a new standard for operational excellence within our Authority.